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THE REPORTS

OF THE

MAGICIANS AND ASTROLOGERS

OF

NINEVEH AND BABYLON.

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NINEVEH AND BABYLON

IN THE BRITISH MUSEUM.

THE ORIGINAL TEXTS, PRINTED IN CUNEIFORM CHARACTERS, EDITED WITH TRANSLATIONS, NOTES, VOCABULARY, INDEX, AND AN INTRODUCTION.

BY

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VOL. II.

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TO

FREDERICK WILLIAM WALKER, M.A.,

HIGH MASTER OF ST. PAUL'S SCHOOL,

A MARK OF GRATITUDE

FOR MUCH ENCOURAGEMENT, HELP,

AND KINDNESS.

Preface.

SINCE the year 1865, when the late Rev. Edward Hincks, one of the early pioneers of the science of Assyriology, first made known to the world the existence of Assyrian tablets inscribed with texts relating partly to astrology and partly to what we now call astronomy, students have devoted much time to the investigation of this class of documents. Prof. Jules Oppert and the late François Lenormant still further advanced our knowledge of astrological and other cognate texts in a series of learned papers, but it was not until the publication of Prof. Sayce's paper, entitled "The Astronomy and Astrology of the Babylonians," that any very considerable progress was made in this difficult branch of Assyriology. It is true that the cuneiform texts which formed the base of this work had already been published by Sir Henry Rawlinson in the third volume of the "Cuneiform Inscriptions of Western Asia," but Prof. Sayce was the first to show the general drift and meaning of their contents, and to enable us to appreciate the accuracy of the traditions of Greek and Roman writers on Babylonian astrology and astronomy.

With the view of supplementing the labours of the above mentioned scholars, I have printed in the first volume of this work, in cuneiform type, the texts of about two hundred and eighty Astrological Reports, of which only about fifty have hitherto been published. It is hoped that this mass of new material will be useful to Assyriologists, who will now, if we may judge from the descriptions of the tablets of the Kuyunjik Collection given by Dr. Bezold in his "Catalogue," have before them the texts of the complete series of the Reports found at Nineveh. In the second volume I have given transliterations of these texts, and, wherever possible, translations; where translations have been impossible, owing to breaks or the occurrence of words unknown to me, I have made no attempt to render them in English. Of the duplicate texts, about two hundred and twenty in number, the transliterations only have been given. All important variants have been added in the Notes to the translations.

It is unnecessary to insist upon the importance of the texts herein published, but it may be pointed out that the glosses and explanations of difficult phrases, which they frequently give, are of the highest value philologically, and they certainly throw considerable light on the professional methods adopted by the early Mesopotamian astrologers. Moreover, it is probable that a number of the astrological reports were written with the special object of informing the king and his people whether certain months would or would not

contain thirty days, and if this be so, we may eventually find it necessary to modify our views concerning the lengths of the various months of the Assyrian year. This point is more fully treated in the Introduction.

In conclusion, my thanks are due to Dr. E. A. Wallis Budge for his valuable help, and to Mr. L. W. King for many useful suggestions.

R. CAMPBELL THOMPSON.

London, March 1st, 1900.

Contents.

PAGE

INTRODUCTION xiii

TRANSLATIONS :—

I. WHEN THE MOON APPEARS ON THE FIRST DAY OF THE MONTH xxxiii

II. OMENS FROM THE HORNS OF THE MOON . . . xxxvi

III. WHEN THE MOON APPEARS ON THE TWENTY-EIGHTH DAY xliii

IV. WHEN THE MOON APPEARS ON THE THIRTIETH DAY xliv

V. VARIOUS OMENS FROM THE MOON. xlvii

VI. OMENS FROM HALOS li

VII. WHEN THE MOON AND SUN ARE SEEN WITH ONE ANOTHER :—

(A) ON THE TWELFTH DAY lvi

(B) ON THE THIRTEENTH DAY lvi

(C) ON THE FOURTEENTH DAY lvi

(D) ON THE FIFTEENTH DAY. lx

(E) ON THE SIXTEENTH DAY. lxi

VIII. OMENS FROM THE SUN lxiii

IX. OMENS FROM STARS lxv

X. OMENS FROM CLOUDS lxxvii

XI. OMENS FROM THE MOON'S DISAPPEARANCE . . . lxxvii

XII. OMENS FROM STORMS lxxviii

XIII. OMENS FROM THUNDER lxix

XIV. OMENS FROM EARTHQUAKES. lxxxi

XV. OMENS FROM ECLIPSES lxxxiv

XVI. OMENS FROM *AKULUTUM* xc

XVII. OMENS FROM BIRTHS xci

TRANSLITERATIONS 1–111

VOCABULARY 113–132

INDEX 133–144

LISTS 145–147

Introduction.

For more than two thousand years the records of Babylonian and Assyrian astronomy lay buried and forgotten under the ruins of Assyrian palaces, and all that was known of the subject came from a few passages in the Bible and in the works of Greek and Roman writers. To the Hebrews the sorceries of Babylon were an accursed thing, and the prophet Isaiah[1] scoffs at them in these words: "Stand now with thine enchantments, and with the multitude of thy sorceries, wherein thou hast laboured from thy youth; if so be thou shalt be able to profit, if so be thou mayest prevail. Thou art wearied in the multitude of thy counsels. Let now the astrologers, the stargazers, the monthly prognosticators, stand up, and save thee from these things that shall come upon thee." Among Greek writers Strabo[2] (died A.D. 24) asserted that the Chaldeans were skilled in astronomy and the casting of horoscopes, and Aelian[3] (3rd century A.D.) mentions the fact that both the Babylonians and Chaldeans enjoyed a reputation for possessing a knowledge of astronomy. Achilles Tatius[4] (6th century) reports the

[1] Isaiah xlvii, 12. [2] xvi, 1, 6.
[3] xxii, *ed.* Hercher, Paris.
[4] *Ex Achille Tatio Isagoge, ed.* Petav., 1.

existence of a tradition to the effect that the Egyptians mapped the heavens, and that they inscribed their knowledge on their pillars; the same tradition declared that the Chaldeans claimed the glory of this science, the foundation of which they attributed to the god Bel. For this last belief there seems to be some evidence in a statement of Berosus,[1] to the effect that the god Bel created the stars and sun and moon, and the five planets. Diodorus Siculus,[2] a contemporary of Augustus, tells us that the Babylonian priests observed the position of certain stars in order to cast horoscopes, and that they interpreted dreams and derived omens from the movement of birds and from eclipses and earthquakes. The general evidence of serious writers leads us to believe that astrology formed part of the religious system of the Babylonians, and it certainly exercised considerable influence over the minds of the dwellers between the Tigris and the Euphrates. In any case, the reputation of the Chaldeans, *i.e.*, the Babylonians and Assyrians, for possessing magical powers was so widespread, that the very name Chaldean at a comparatively early date became synonymous with magician. From Mesopotamia, by way of Greece and Rome, a certain amount of Babylonian astrology made its way among the nations of the West, and it is quite probable that many superstitions which we commonly regard as the peculiar product of Western civilisation, took their

[1] *Ancient Fragments, ed.* Cory, *p.* 28.

[2] ii, 29.

origin from those of the early dwellers on the alluvial lands of Mesopotamia.

At the time when the astrological forecasts printed in this book were composed, the district of Babylon, where they were written, was bounded on the north-west by Akkad, on the north-east by Subarti, on the south-east by Elam, and on the south-west by Aḫarrû; in other words, Babylonia was open to invasion on every side. The astrologer or the prophet who could foretell fair things for the nation, or disasters and calamities for their enemies, was a man whose words were regarded with reverence and awe. They were written down as treasures to be preserved for all time and to serve as models for the benefit of his successors in office. The soothsayer was as much a politician as the statesman, and he was not slow in using the indications of political changes to point the moral of his astrological observations. Thus the so-called astrological forecasts contain elements which it will be impossible for the modern student to explain until the complete history of the political relationship of Babylonia with her neighbours is fully known. Nothing was too great or too small to become the subject of an astrological forecast, and every event, from a national calamity such as famine or disaster to the army, down to the appearance of the humblest peasant's last born child, was seriously considered and proved to be the result of causes which had already been duly recognised.

When Assurbanipal, king of Assyria, B.C. 668-

626, added to the royal library at Nineveh, his contribution of tablets included many series of documents which related exclusively to the astrology of the ancient Babylonians, who in turn had borrowed it with modifications from the Sumerian invaders of the country. Among these must be mentioned the Series which was commonly called "The Day of Bel," and which was declared by the learned of the time to have been written in the time of the great Sargon I, king of Agade, *c.* 3800 B.C. With such ancient works as these to guide them, the profession of deducing omens from daily events reached such a pitch of importance in the last Assyrian Empire, that a system of making periodical reports came into being, and by these the king was informed of all occurrences in the heavens and on the earth, and the results of astrological studies in respect to future events. The heads of the astrological profession were men of high rank and position, and their office was hereditary (*see* Diod., II, 29). Under the chief astrologer were a number of officials who on certain occasions together addressed the king; thus Rammânu-šuma-uṣur, Nabû-mušíṣi and Ištar-šuma-iriš write together (*see* K. 5470); Rammânu-šuma-uṣur and Marduk-šakin-šumi write together (*see* KK. 1087, 1197); Rammânu-šuma-uṣur, Arad-Ía, Ištar-šuma-íriš and Akkulanu write together (*see* K. 1428); Ištar-šuma-íriš, Rammânu-šuma-uṣur and Marduk-šakin-šumi write together (*see* K. 527); and Balasî and Nabû-aḫî-íriba write together (*see* KK. 565, 569). Among other duties, it was the duty of

the astrologers to write both omen reports and letters, and certain letters mention, incidentally, facts which we should hardly expect to find in this class of document. Thus the writer of K. 167 excuses himself from setting out on a journey because the day is not favourable; the writer of K. 551 tells the story of how a fox made its way into the Royal Park of the city of Assur and took refuge in a lake, but was afterwards caught and killed; and the writer of Rm. 73 tells the king that he believes the twentieth, twenty-second and twenty-fifth days to be lucky for entering into contracts.

The variety of the information contained in these reports is best gathered from the fact that they were sent from cities so far removed from each other as Assur in the north and Erech in the south, and it can only be assumed that they were dispatched by runners or men mounted on swift horses. As reports also come from Dilbat, Kutha, Nippur and Borsippa, all cities of ancient foundation, the king was probably well acquainted with the general course of events in his empire.

Of the documents printed in this book all but three are astrological; they are written on rectangular clay tablets varying in size from $1\frac{1}{2}$ by $\frac{3}{4}$ inch to $3\frac{3}{4}$ by $2\frac{1}{4}$, and they generally bear the sender's name. They contain quotations from ancient astrological works concerning the omens, but it is interesting to note that, although the *ipsissima verba* were preserved, the interpretations were based upon more modern

lines. Thus Aḫarrû originally meant the land which lay close to Babylonia on the west, but as the Babylonian power extended the boundaries of the country, Aḫarrû became a name synonymous with Phœnicia and Palestine, and it is in this sense that it is used by the astrologers of the later kingdom. Again, Subartu originally meant a certain district in Northern Babylonia, but in later times it came to mean Assyria proper, and one astrologer, writing in Assyrian, says "We are Subartu." The astronomical reports, which we may subsequently find to have been prepared for use in some way by the astrologers, have been omitted from this volume, because they partake of the nature of letters. We may, however, call attention in passing to those which were sent by Nabûa of the city of Assur to Nineveh, for they concern the movements of the Sun and Moon. Thus in K. 603 he reports that the Sun and Moon were seen together on the fourteenth day of the month, and another report of his states that "we saw the Moon on the twenty-ninth day."

From certain passages in the astrological tablets it is easy to see that the calculation of times and seasons was one of the chief duties of the astrologer in Mesopotamia, and it seems probable that they were acquainted with some kind of machine for reckoning time. In No. 170 (*see* p. lxii) mention is made of an instrument called *abkallu šiḳla*, to which the name *Bíl-riminû-uḳarrad-Marduk* was given. Now the words *abkallu šiḳla* mean "measure-governor," and it

is probable that they indicate the existence of a kind of clock. It must not be forgotten too, that Sextus Empiricus (*Adv. Math.* 21) states that the clepsydra was known to the Chaldeans. Herodotus too, (ii, 109), says that the Greeks borrowed certain measures of time from the Babylonians, and from the tablet 83–1–18,247, *etc.*, we learn that the Babylonians actually had a time measure by which they divided the day and the night. This measure was called *Kasbu*, and contained two hours; two *kasbu* formed a watch, and three watches made up the night. These facts are proved by the report quoted above, in which we are told that in such and such a day in Nisan the day and night were balanced, there being six *kasbu* of the day and six *kasbu* of the night, the allusion being, of course, to the vernal equinox.

We know from several sources that the Assyrian year consisted of twelve months, each containing usually thirty days, and an intercalary month called the "second Adar" (the Ve'Adar of the Hebrews): the Babylonian year consisted of the same number of months, but two intercalary months, Elul and Adar, were added.

The examination of the texts edited in this volume indicates that the Assyrians, like the Babylonians, had a year composed of lunar months,[1] and it seems that the object of the astrological reports which relate to

[1] On this subject see Oppert, *Zeitschrift für Assyriologie; Bd.* XI, p. 310, *Bd.* XII, p. 97; and Lehmann, *ibid. Bd.* XI, p. 432.

the appearance of the Moon and Sun was to help to determine and foretell the length of the lunar month. If this be so, the year in common use throughout Assyria must have been lunar. The calendar assigns to each month thirty full days; the lunar month is, however, little more than twenty-nine and a half days; therefore some of the calendar months must consist of twenty-nine days only. In proof of this statement, I submit the following facts. On No. 171 (*see* p. lxii), which is a report from Balasî, we read, "When the Moon does not wait for the Sun" such and such things will happen. The prediction is followed by the words, which are clearly those of the astrologer, "It appeared on the fifteenth with the Sun." "When the Moon is not seen with the Sun on the fourteenth day of Adar" such and such things will happen. The prediction is followed by the words, which are again clearly those of the astrologer, "The day will complete Nisan." Since the Moon appeared without the Sun on the fourteenth, and with the sun on the fifteenth, the Moon and the Sun will not be in conjunction before the afternoon of the twenty-ninth day; in this case the Moon would not be visible[2] until the first day of the next month. It must be noted that when the

[2] *Cf.* on the period of the Moon's invisibility *Cuneiform Inscriptions of Western Asia*, Vol. III, *pl.* 51, l. 9, "The Moon waned on the twenty-seventh day: we watched for an eclipse of the Sun on the twenty-eight, twenty-ninth, and thirtieth days; the Moon appeared on the first day [of the next month]." In No. 240 (*see* p. lxxvi) it is also stated that the period of the Moon's invisibility may be three days. See also Jensen, *Kosmologie*, p. 30.

astrologer uses the words "this night," he does not refer to the day on which he is writing, but to the *eve* of the day, *i.e.*, last night. The words "The day will complete Nisan" refer to the thirtieth day of the month, and we know from other texts that they indicate that the month will contain thirty full days.[1] A further proof of this is that the omen concerning the appearance of the Moon on the first day is often accompanied by that for "the day in its proper length," *i.e.*, the ordinary full length day in the calendar month. Not infrequently a note is added to the effect that the day completes the month. Here we must notice in passing the use of the words *ûmu utarra*, *i.e.*, "the day turns back." The astrologer uses these words in cases where the Moon has been seen with the Sun on the fourteenth day, to indicate that the Moon will appear on the thirtieth day of the month, and therefore there will be only twenty-nine days in the next month (*see* No. 53, obv. 2, p. xliii). In certain cases where the phrase *ûmu utarra* occurs, *e.g.*, Nos. 62 and 70, the omens on the tablets relate to the moon on the thirtieth day.

An examination of No. 171 shows that this tablet was written at the end of the year in the month Adar, and that the calendar month corresponded with the lunar month, and further, since Nisan (which began the year) is the only other month mentioned, it is

[1] *Cf.* the passages:—No. 36, obv. 3 *minat arḫi . . . ûmuXXX*^{kâm} *ušal*[*lam*], No. 42, obv. 4, *ša ina* ^{arḫu} *Tašrîti ûmu ušallamma*, No. 52, obv. 1, ^{ilu} *Sin ina* ^{arḫu} *Nisanni ûmu ušaliam.*

clear that no second Adar was used in this year. If all the months had contained thirty days each, and to these an intercalary Adar had been added every six years to make up the solar year, as we should naturally expect would have been done, it would hardly be possible for the calendar month and the lunar month to correspond so exactly at the end of a year in which an intercalary month was not added. We are therefore probably right in assuming that each month did not necessarily contain thirty days, and there is evidence to show that the intercalary month was added at a period less than six years.[1] From the above it is clear that the length of the month was foretold from the appearance of the Moon and Sun on or about the fourteenth day of the month. In No. 119 the astrologer reports that the Moon was seen on the twelfth day with the Sun, and he makes use of the phrase "The Moon appears out of its time." It is interesting to note that Maimonides, in speaking of the Moon, says "When the Moon is seen on the thirtieth day, she is called the Moon seen in its time,"[2] and the same writer seems to refer to the variation in the length of the month, *i.e.*, whether it contains twenty-nine or thirty days, when he states that Marcheswan and Kislew may be either "full" or "hollow."[3]

[1] On the months containing twenty-nine and thirty days in use at Babylon in the era of the Seleucidæ, *see* Epping and Strassmaier, *Astronomiches aus Babylon*, p. 179.

[2] Kiddush Haḥodesh, *ed.* Witter, Jena, 1703, I, 4.

[3] *Op. cit.*, VIII, 5.

From various indications derived from the astrological reports, it is clear that the class of magicians who calculated the length of the months and published information concerning them formed a very important section of the Babylonian and Assyrian priesthood, and it is evident from the denunciations hurled against them by Isaiah, in whose book they are described as *môdî'îm leḫŏdašim* (Isaiah, xlvii, 13), that they occupied one of the most prominent places in the hierarchy of Babylon.

The Assyrians called the seven planets by the same names by which they were known in Babylonia, *i.e.*, *Sin* (the Moon), *Šamaš* (the Sun), *Umunpauddu* (Jupiter), *Dilbat* (Venus), *Kaimânu* (Saturn), *Gudud* (Mercury), *Muštabarrû-mûtânu* (Mars). The twelve signs of the Zodiac, which were also known to the Babylonians, are thus called :—

	Late Babylonian.[1]	Assyrian.
Aries	*Ku* (*sarikku*)	*Ínmísara.*[2]
Taurus	*Te-te*	*Gud-Anna.*[3]
Gemini	*Tuâmu*	*Tuâmu.*
Cancer	*Pulukku*	*Allul.*[4]
Leo	*Arû*	*Urgula,*[5] *Urmaḫ.*[6]
Virgo	*Širû*	*Širû, Dilgan.*[7]
Libra	*Zibanitu*	*Zibanitu.*
Scorpio	*Aḳrabu*	*Aḳrabu.*
Sagittarius	*Pa*	*Pabilsag.*[8]

[1] *See* Epping and Strassmaier, *Astronomiches aus Babylon*, p. 149; Jensen, *Kosmologie*, p. 497.

[2] *Kosm.*, p. 61 f. [3] *Kosm.*, p. 62. [4] *See* p. xxxv.

[5] *Kosm.*, p. 66. [6] *See* p. lxxii. [7] *See* p. xl.

[8] *Kosm*, p. 496.

	Late Babylonian.[1]	Assyrian.
Capricornus	*Enzu*	[2]
Aquarius	*Gu*	*Gu-Anna.*[3]
Pisces	*Nunu*	*Nun-šamî* (?)[4]

The reports of the Mesopotamian astrologers prove that their writers deduced omens from all the celestial bodies known to them, but it is clear that the Moon was the chief source from which omens were derived.

The shape of the Moon's horns was examined with great care, and it was noted whether they were pointed, "equal," or "unequal." Thus we are told that "If the horns are pointed, the king will overcome whatever he goreth"; the action of the king is here likened to the use to which horns are put by animals. And again we read, "When the Moon rideth in a chariot,[5] the yoke of the king of Akkad will prosper." And again, "When the Moon is low at its appearance, the submission [of the people] of a far country will come to the king."

Halos, both of the Moon and of the Sun, were fruitful sources from which omens were derived. Two halos were known:—One of 22°, called *tarbaṣu*, and the other of 46°, called *supuru*. Each of these words mean "sheepfold," and it is understood that the Moon is the shepherd of the stars or the celestial

[1] *See* Epping and Strassmaier, *Astronomiches aus Babylon*, p. 149; Jensen, *Kosmologie*, p. 497.

[2] *Kosm.*, p. 73. [3] *Kosm.*, p. 497. [4] *See* p. lv.

[5] Compare the idea of the Greek goddess Selene.

"sheep" which are within the halo. The influence of the Moon on sheep and cattle upon earth is thus described: "Thy word, O Moongod, maketh sheep-fold and cattle-pen to flourish." When a *tarbaṣu*, *i.e.*, smaller halo, was seen to surround the Sun with the gate, *i.e.*, interruption, opposite the south, it was thought that a south wind would blow; but this has been the experience of all observers of the weather, for the direction of the interruption indicates that wind and rain will come from that quarter.[1] It is well known that Sun-halos are usually seen in the west or south-west when the Sun is low on the horizon, and the lower portion of the halo is cut off by the gloom of the horizon. In European countries[2] storms usually come from those quarters of the sky, and this is also true for Mesopotamia. It is interesting to note that a tablet (K. 200) is inscribed with omens which are derived from the interruptions of a halo which correspond to the four cardinal points. From the presence of planets or constellations within the halo of the Moon, numerous omens are derived. The words, "When the Sun stands within the halo of the Moon." would at first sight appear to prove that the word *tarbaṣu* does not mean "halo," but we learn from the notes written by the astrologers (*see* No. 176) that by the word "Sun" we must understand the "Star of the Sun," *i.e.*, Saturn, and we now know that the omen for the Sun in such a case would be given just as if the

[1] *Cf.* Theophrastus, *ed.* Wood, p. 64.
[2] Abercromby, *Weather*, p. 36.

Sun were occupying the place of Saturn. From Eratosthenes, too, we learn that Saturn was called Sol.[1]

There are no omens for Venus or Mercury standing in the halo of the Moon, for neither planet can appear near the full Moon. When a star, standing in the halo of the Moon, is described in the omen as *Lubad*, a common name for Mercury, it must, of course, be understood to mean simply "planet."

Dark halos round the Moon were regarded by the Assyrians, as well as by other nations, as indications of rain, and it is noteworthy that a Greek writer like Theophrastus[2] says, "Dark halos are a sign of rain, particularly those seen in the afternoon." Aratus, the Cilician, informs us that dark solar halos indicate rough weather.[3]

The appearance of the Sun with the Moon about the fourteenth day was noted with great care, and for the express purpose of calculating whether the month would contain twenty-nine or thirty days.

The astrologers noted:—(1) whether the Sun and Moon were seen together above the horizon; (2) whether they were balanced (*šitḳulu*), that is to say, both on the horizon, one setting and the other rising; (3) whether one had set and the other had not yet risen, both celestial bodies being, in consequence, below the horizon, that is to say, invisible (*šutatû*). The word "invisible" represents as nearly as possible

[1] *Ed.* Bernhardy, *Hygin.*, II, 42.
[2] *Ed.* Wood, 22, p. 60.
[3] *Diosemeia, ed.* Prince, p. 43.

the meaning of *šutatû*, as we may see by the phrase *miḫissu šutatû*, *i.e.*, "whose wound (or sickness) is invisible," which occurs in the hymn to Nírgal.[1] The same view of the meaning of this word is also held by Dr. Jastrow.[2] The word *šutatû* had probably another shade of meaning also, for the word *ittintu*, which means the gradual disappearance of the Moon as it draws near the Sun at the end of the month, is once used as its equivalent (*see* No. 124, obv. 4).

In several places in astrological reports we meet with the words *nidu nadi*, which seem to mean "casting a shadow, or image, or reflection." The "image" appears at the sun's zenith, to the right or left of the Sun; in one case four such "images" are mentioned. I cannot help thinking that these "images" refer to mock suns.

A number of omens were derived from the entrances of planets into the signs of the Zodiac, and the influence of the stars in the various sections of it was thought to be very considerable. The places where the gods stood in the Zodiac were called *manzalti*, a word which means literally "stations," and we are probably right in assuming that it is the equivalent of the *mazzâlôth* mentioned in II Kings, xxiii, 5.[3] The use of the word in late Hebrew is, however, somewhat more vague, for *mazzal*, though literally meaning a constellation of the Zodiac, is also

[1] Rawlinson, *Cuneiform Inscriptions*, IV, 24, 1, 36,37.

[2] See *Religion of Babylonia*, p. 359.

[3] See Jensen, *Kosm.*, p. 348.

applied to any and every star, and in *Berêshîth Rabbâ*, *c.* x, it is said, "One *mazzal* completeth its circuit in thirty days, another completeth it in thirty years."

From certain texts we learn that the star *Aḳrabu* was sometimes seen within the halo of the Moon. Now according to Jensen,[1] *Aḳrabu* may mean either the Scorpion or Venus; but in the case of the star within the halo of the Moon, Scorpio, and Scorpio only, is referred to by the astrologer.

It is not always easy to follow the train of reasoning which guided the derivation of omens; on the other hand, others are based on common everyday experience. Thus, dark clouds heralded wind; thunder on the last day of the Moon was followed by steady markets; thunder on a cloudless day indicated the advent of darkness, storm, and famine; storms were the heralds of favourable events; earthquakes portended destruction, the invasion of enemies, insurrections and the fall of buildings; eclipses typified disturbance, and their evil effects could only be averted by prayers. In the series of prayers entitled the "Lifting of the Hand,"[2] we find a number of formulæ which are to be recited with the object of securing the protection of the gods during and after eclipses, and it is certain that they formed no unimportant section of the devotional literature of the Assyrians. For the purpose of accurately recording partial eclipses, the face of the Moon was divided into four parts, and each part was identified with a certain country (*see* p. lxxxv);

[1] *Kosmologie*, p. 71. [2] King, *Babylonian Magic and Sorcery*.

the portion to the right was Akkad, that to the left was Elam, the upper part was Aḫarrû, and the lower part Subartu. A total eclipse of the Moon was called *atal mâtâti, i.e.*, a "darkness of the countries."

The greatest possible care was taken by the astrologers to observe and to record the duration and extent of partial eclipses.

Some of the portents from births recorded in the Reports are remarkable, and among these may be mentioned one in which we are told that the writer augured an increase of power to the king, because a sow brought forth a pig which had eight legs and two tails (*see* p. xci). This curious object was, we are told, afterwards preserved in brine.

A perusal of the Astrological Reports will convince the reader that the style and language in which they are written are not only somewhat obscure and difficult grammatically, but that their writers took pains to make their forecasts and portents as unintelligible to the uninitiated as possible. Whenever they were able they added an alternative portent. It is possible, indeed probable, that many of the difficulties which encompass the study of Babylonian magic, astrology and sorcery, will be removed by the publication of abundant material, and that at length we may obtain to a knowledge of the general principles which guided the astrologer in formulating the decisions as to the future, which exercised such a great and lasting influence over the minds of the dwellers in Mesopotamia.

TRANSLATIONS.

TRANSLATIONS.

I. When the Moon Appears on the First Day of the Month.

No. 1. When the Moon appears[1] on the first day, there will be silence, the land will be satisfied. When the day is long according to its calculation, there will be a long reign. From Bulluṭu.

Obv. 1. The appearance of the Moon on the first day indicated that the calendar month began coincident with the lunar month, and that the day was its proper length.[2]

Obv. 2. KA.GI.NA = *sanâḳu ša pî* (Brunnow, *List*, No. 618). It is glossed *pu-u i-kan* in No. 42, Obv. 5.

Obv. 4. The day is calculated to last as long as the Sun remains above the horizon. *Cf.* 81–2–4, 63, Obv. 15, 'the day is the Sun,' and No. 173, Obv. 2, 'the Suns are days.' The use of *minâti* is closely paralleled by the Syriac *menyâna* in *hânôn d'menyâna d' sahra m'nên*, 'those who measure the duration of the moon.' (*S. Ephraemi Syri, Opera Selecta, Ed. Overbeck, Oxonii*, 1865, 72, 3.) Nos. 2–6 are very similar. No. 5, Obv. 3, contains the note *minat arḫi ûmu XXX ušallam, i.e.*, in consequence of the Moon's appearance on the first day, the thirtieth day of the month will be completed. See Introduction, p. xxi.

[1] K. 960, a large tablet beginning this way, has been omitted, the remainder being almost illegible. Of other so-called astrological reports, K 115, consisting of quotations from prayers similar to those of the Raising of the Hand, and sent by Ištar-šuma-íríš, and such tablets as 83–1–18, 206, Bu. 91–5–9, 156 ('lucky days'), *etc.*, and the large unsigned tablets, which probably are not included in this Series, have been omitted.

[2] It will be noticed that the preterite is rarely used by the astrologers to express past time (except in the protases of omens) when speaking of astrological phenomena; the present with *-ma* attached is far more common. The general rules for the tenses in these texts are:—Omen-protasis, preterite; Omen-apodosis, present. Outside the omens, the present does duty for the future or present, while past time is expressed by the present with *-ma* appended.

No. 7. When the Moon appears on the first day, there will be silence, the land will be satisfied. When the day is long according to its calculation, there will be a long reign. When the Moon is full, the king will go to pre-eminence. From Ištar-šuma-íríš.

Obv. 5. *Agû Apir*, literally 'puts on a royal head-dress.' See Jensen, *Kosm.* p. 103 ff.

No. 9. When the Moon appears on the first day, there will be silence, the land will be satisfied. This is for Nisan and Tisri (?). When the Moon is regularly full, the crops of the land will prosper, the king will go to pre-eminence.

Obv. 4. *Agû Apir kaimânu ma, i.e.*, the Moon is full on the same day in each month. This will happen if the astrologers are careful in regulating the length of the calendar month. The omen differs slightly in No. 10, obv. 5, 'The crops of the land will prosper, the land will dwell in security, the king will go to pre-eminence.' No. 11, rev. 2, has the writer's comment, 'It is a lucky omen for the king, my lord.' No. 11A, rev. 2, differs slightly in the omen for the length of the day, 'there will be a long reign, the years of the king (will be numerous).' Nos. 12–14 are very similar.

No. 15 (*Obv.* 5 *ff.*). In Tammuz the Moon and Sun were seen with one another on the fourteenth. From Bíl . . . . May Bel and Nebo give greeting, happiness, health, long days, long years, and the establishing of the foundation of the throne of the king, my lord.

No. 16 (*Obv. ff.*). Adar and Elul, the beginning of a year, are like Nisan and Tisri. At the beginning of the year the Moon sends a lucky sign for the long reign of the king, my lord. From Aššur-šarani.

No. 17 (*Obv.* 6 *ff.*). When the Moon appears on the first day, it is lucky for Akkad, evil for Elam and Aḫarrû. The month Ab is Akkad. It is lucky for the king, my lord. From Nabû-šuma-iškun.

No. 18 (Rev. 3 ff.) contains a communication from Bíl-naṣir. 'Bíl-ípuš, the Babylonian magician, is very ill: let the king

command that a physician come and see him.' Rev. 5, *lillik-limur* are the equivalents of the Hebrew jussive. *Cf.* I Sam. xviii, 21, *etc.*

No. 19 (*Rev.* 1 *ff.*). May Assur, Samas, Nebo and Merodach day after day, month after month, year after year, grant happiness, health, joy and exultation, a secure throne for ever, for long days and many years to the king my lord. From Nabû-iḳbi.

No. 20 is similar to No. 19, except obv. 5 ff. 'When hail comes in Sebat, there will be abundance for men and the market will be high.' The word *abnu*, properly 'stone,' is used for hail in No. 261, obv. 4.

No. 21 (*Obv.* 5 *ff.*). Two or three times during these days we have looked for Mars, but could not see it. If the king, my lord, should say 'Is it an omen that it is invisible?' it is not. From Ištar-šuma-íríš.

Obv. 5. The idiom for 'two or three' is the same in Assyrian as in Hebrew. *Cf.* II Kings, ix, 32. On *Muštabarrû-mutânu* see Epping and Strassmaier, *Astronomiches aus Babylon*, p. 110.

Obv. 8. *irtibi* Jensen, *Kosm.* pp. 15, 226A.

Rev. 2. For this use of *mimini* after an interrogative *-u*, *cf.* K. 522, 9, 14 (quoted Delitzsch, *Handwörterbuch*, under *izirtu*, p. 38a).

No. 21A (*Obv.* 3–4). Mars went forth from Cancer (*Allul*) last night.

Obv. 4. *Allul.* That this is a constellation and not a single star is apparent from K. 4292, obv. 17, ff. (Craig. *Astrol. Astron. Texts*, Leipzig, 1899) *Ana* ^{mul} *LUL . LA ana tibut(ut) šâri* ^{mul} *LUL . LA*[1] ^{mul} *AL . LUL. Ana kakkabâni* ^{pl} ŠI ^{pl} ša ^{mul} *AL . LUL . DIR* ^{pl} *la tibut šâri*, etc.). In the reports, the appearance of Allul within the Moon's halo is recorded about twelve times; once within the halo about the same time as Gemini (No. 114), and once about the same time as Regulus (No. 114A). Further we are told that Venus passes from

[1] ^{mul} LUL . LA is explained by *sa-ar-rum* (W.A.I. II, 49, 3, 35), probably by mistake for LUL . A (*i.e.*, Mars).

Allul to the tropic of Cancer in five or six days (No. 207), *i.e.*, 8–9 degrees. Cancer is the only constellation which agrees with these conditions.

The later name of Cancer was Pulukku (Jensen, *Kosm.* p. 311), but this does not occur in these texts.

No. 22 (*Obv.* 4—*Rev.* 3). Assur, Samas, Nebo and Merodach have delivered Kush and Egypt into the hands of the king, my lord. In the army of the king, my lord, . . . they have carried off their spoil (and) . . . have made all their forces enter thy royal seat Nineveh, and have enslaved their captives. In the same way may Samas and Merodach deliver the Cimmerians and Mannaî . . . all that are opposed to the king into the hands of the king, my lord. May the king, my lord, capture all the silver, gold, . . . (and) their forces.

Obv. 4. Since the writer states that Kush and Egypt have been overcome, and prays that the Cimmerians and Mannaî may meet with the same fate, it may be inferred that the letter was written about the time of Assurbanipal's third expedition. Egypt was not finally subdued until his second campaign, and it was shortly after this that the Assyrians came into contact with the Lydian king, Gyges. Gyges, finding the Cimmerians too strong for him, followed the advice which had been given him in a dream, and sent to ask help from Assyria. His request was granted, and the Cimmerians submitted for a time; but the Lydian king forgot the benefits of Assurbanipal, and sent his army to aid Psametik, king of Egypt, who was chafing under the Assyrian yoke. The Assyrians naturally resented this breach of faith and withdrew their help, thereby allowing the Cimmerians to rise against Lydia for a second time. Gyges was slain, and his son, who made peace with Assyria, ruled in his stead. Then followed the fourth expedition, directed against the Mannaî with a successful issue, and it is probably to these events that our tablet refers. We may therefore assume that it was written about 660 B.C.

II. Omens from the Horns of the Moon.

No. 25. When the Moon appears on the thirtieth of the month . . . . . will devour. When at the Moon's appearance its horns

point away from one another, there will be an overthrowing of fortresses and downfall of garrisons. There will be obedience and goodwill in the land. (GI = *taraki* . GI = *šalamu* . GI = *kânu* 'its horns are *kunna*.') It is evil for Aḫarrû, but good for the king, my lord. From Zakir.

Obv. 3. *turruka : tarâku* is to 'rend asunder,' and probably here is the opposite of *miṯḫara*, No. 26, Obv. 6. We find on K. 7192 a description of the various shapes of the Moon's horns (Obv. 3 *ff.*), 'When the Moon's horns are *UR . BI . MI*^{bi} (equally dark), UR . BI *nam-ra* (equally bright), KI . LA . DAN *mit-ḫa-ra*, KI . LA . DAN NU *mit-ḫa-ra*, *kima* GIŠ . BAN (like a bow), *kima* GIŠ . MA . (TU) (like a boat).'

Obv. 4, 5. *paṭar*, *arad*, infinitives used as nouns. For *arâdu* in this sense, *cf.* Deut. xx, 20.

No. 26. When the Moon's horns face equally, there will be a secure dwelling for the land. When at the Moon's appearance (its horns) are pointed, the king wherever his face is set will rule the land, (or) wherever he presses on will overcome. From Irašši-ilu, the king's servant, the greater.

Obv. 6. *miṯḫara* I, 2 of *maḫâru* = 'to be equal.' *Cf.* Aratus (*Diosemeia*, *ed. Prince*, p. 41), 'If on the third day the two horns do not undergo any change, and (the Moon) does not shine, lying upon her back, but the points of her horns incline equally . . . .'

Rev. 1. *udduda* II 1, of *ídídu* = 'to sharpen.'

Rev. 6. *maḫrû* is used also in this way of Ašaridu. The converse is *ḳaṭnu*, i.e., Ašaridu *maḫrû* and Ašaridu *ḳaṭnu*, which seems to point to two different people.

No. 28 (*Obv.* 3–5). When the Moon at its appearance a bright day (?) . . . . *kurusissu* will come and devour the sesame. (*Rev.* 2 *ff.*) When a star shines forth and like a knot (?) from sunset to sunrise disappears, in Elam . . . the enemy will capture . . . : the forces of Elam . . . . . From Zakir.

Obv. 4. *kurusissu*, perhaps a worm or insect.

Rev. 2. SUR, *i.e. iṣrur*, is the usual word for a star rising.

Rev. 3. The character *lib* (?) may be *ḳi* (?).

No. 29 (*Obv.* 2*ff.*). When at the Moon's appearance its horns are pointed, the king of Akkad wherever he goes will rule the land, (or) the king of Akkad wherever his face is set will ravage the land. When at the Moon's appearance its face is turned to the left . . . . dates and . . . (?) . . . When at its appearance a north wind blows (in that month a flood will come). Jupiter passed to the place of sunset: there will be a secure dwelling, welfare lucky for the land. When the Sun reaches its zenith with a parhelion (?), the king will be angry and there will be war. (Jupiter has remained in the heavens many days.) From Ašaridu, the greater, the king's servant.

Obv. 2. *idda;* see No. 26.

Rev. 4. *nidu;* see Introduction, p. xxvii. For the character translated *izziz*, *cf.* No. 181, obv. 4, and Amiaud et Méchinaux, *Tableau Comparé*, No. 226. A variant is given in No. 183, obv. 3, *iz-ziz*.

No. 30. When at the Moon's appearance its right horn is long and its left horn is short, the king's hand will conquer a land other than this. When the Moon at its appearance is very large, an eclipse will take place. When the Moon at its appearance is very bright, the crops of the land will prosper. When the day is long according to its calculation, there will be a long reign. The thirtieth day completed the month. In Elul an eclipse of Elam. From Nirgal-iṭir.

Obv. 6. *ikru:* Syriac *k'ra*.

Rev. 1 *ibta'il* is the opposite of *unnut; cf.* No. 167, rev. 7, *ba'il u šaruru naši*, contrasted with l. 10, *unnut u šarurušu maḳtu;* and No. 232, rev. 3 where *utanat* is contrasted with *ib'il*. Both *ba'il* and *unnut* seem to indicate a gradual change into *šaruru naši* (becoming bright) and *šaruru maḳtu* (brilliance smitten) respectively. Another form of the root *a-n-t* seems to be *ittintu* (IV, 2), used constantly for the Moon's approach to the Sun and gradual disappearance or fading away; see No. 124, obv. 1, *etc.* It is once used, presumably by mistake, for *šutatû* (No. 124, obv. 4), but the similarity of the two words may have occasioned a scribe's blunder. Further instances of *ba'il* are:—No. 183, 5, *ina ba'il zimušu adir:* 89-4-26, 160, obv. 8-10 ^{mul}*Muštabarrû-mûtânu ba'il* ^{mul}*Muš*

tabarrû-mûtânu adu lib^{arḫu} Airi ba'il šaruri naši, i.e. 'Mars is bright: since the middle of Iyyar it has gradually grown bright and has assumed a brilliance.' W.A.I. III, 53, 1, 5, *etc.*: K. 2894, pub. P.S.B.A. 1893, p. 317, l. 17 *kakkabâni^{pl}-šu ba'-lu. Unnut* from No. 167, rev. 10, appears to mean 'grows dim': *cf.* also K. 7661, obv., Col. I, 1 [*Ana sin ina tamarti*] *-su un-nu-ut u SI^{pl}-šu AN. DI. RI. A, etc.*, and No. 274 P. obv. 1, *unut ša atali* . . . 'The gradual darkening caused by the eclipse.' *Cf.* also the omen on No. 60, obv. 1. On the other hand, *ittintu* may be a quadriliteral root like *ikkilmi.*

Rev. 5–6. On these see Introduction, pp. xxi, xxviii.

No. 31 (*Obv.* 3–5). When the Moon at its appearance is bright, the heart of Akkad will live, will be bright, the people will see plenty.

No. 32 (*Rev.* 1 *ff.*). When the Moon appears on the thirtieth of Tammuz, there will be a wasting of countries. (Let not the king be anxious (?) about the evil: the Moon has been darkly full and its horns have . . . which is lucky for the king). From Ašaridu the greater, the king's servant.

Rev. 4. The Moon's crown is dark and its horns visible, *i.e.*, the dark portion of the Moon's circle is to be seen.

No. 33 (*Obv.* 3 *ff.*). Mars which has stood in Scorpio to go forth . . . turns. Until the twenty-fifth day of the month . . . (it stays), it then goes forth, its brilliance being diminished. Let the king, my lord, be satisfied, let the king rejoice greatly; until it goes forth let the king take care of himself. From Irašši-ilu, the king's servant, the greater.

No. 35 (*Obv.* 8 *ff.*). When at the Moon's appearance its horns are sharp and bright, the king of Akkad, wherever his face is set, will rule the lands. When the Moon at its appearance is bright, ... its heart will live, the people will see plenty. When at the Moon's appearance its horns are equally bright, hostile kings will fare well. When the day according to its calculation is long, there will be a reign of long days. The thirtieth day completed Nisan and Tammuz. From Nírgal-íṭir.

No. 37 (*Obv.* 1–3). When at the Moon's appearance in the intercalary month Adar its horns are pointed and dark, the prince will grow strong and the land will have abundance. (*Rev.* 3 *ff.*) When the Moon stands in a fixed position, there will be want of rain. In the intercalary Adar, the Moon was seen with the Sun on the fourteenth day. From Nírgal-íṭir.

No. 38 (*Obv.* 6 *ff.*). When Regulus (*Šarru*) assumes a brilliance, the king of Akkad will effect a completion. From Munnabitu.

Obv. 6. On *Šarru* = Regulus, see Epping and Strassmaier, *Astronomiches*, p. 127.

No. 39 (*Rev.* 1 *ff.*). Happy welfare to the land, the Moon will smite the foe. The Moon has occulted Mercury. From Nírgal-íṭir.

No. 43. When the Moon at its appearance is full, the king will go to pre-eminence, the land will dwell in security. (At its appearance the Moon was full.) When at the Moon's appearance its right horn is dark in the heavens, there will be a steady market in the land, a revolt will take place in Aḫarrû. ('Its right horn dark in the heavens,' which they explain by 'in heaven is obscured and is not visible.'). At the Moon's appearance its right horn is Aḫarrû. When the Moon appears on the first day it is lucky for Akkad, unlucky for Elam and Aḫarrû. The Moon will be seen without the Sun on the fourteenth day From Nabû-aḫî-íriba.

Obv. 7. ḪI . GAR glossed *bar-ti* here and *bar-tu* in No. 237.

Rev. 4. The scribe evidently explains *dirat* as the perm. fem. from a root of which he thinks DIR (= *ḫalâpu*) a part.

No. 44 (*Rev.* 3 *ff.*). (When) in Nisan on the first day (the Moon) appears and a north wind blows, the king of Akkad will be happy. Mercury at sunset has stood (?) within Kumal; it is lucky for the king my lord; the king of Aḫarrû will be slain with the sword. (The forces of) the king, my lord, in Egypt .... will conquer.

Rev. 6. Kumal is explained in No. 101, rev. 2 ff. ^{mul} *muš-tabarrû—mûtânu kakkab Aḫarrî* ^{ki} | ^{mul} *Dilgan-ša-arki-šu-MUL . MUL* $^{mul\ am}$ *KU . MAL* | ^{mul} *KU . MAL kakkab*

Aḫarri, i.e., Mars = star of Aḫarrû : Dilgan-whose-back-part-is-Mulmul = Kumal : therefore Kumal = star of Aḫarrû.

Dilgan is variously explained by GUD . UD (Mercury), Muštabarrû-mûtânu (Mars), and ŠU . GI, in Brunnow's *List*, No. 51. But it cannot be either Mercury or Mars, for from Rm. 95 (Craig, *Astr. Texts*, 84, 12) 'When its stars *elita ninmudu*,' it is obvious that it is a constellation. (*Cf.* also l. 13 and K. 2329, 91, obv. 5). On ŠÚ . GI, see No. 49.

The true explanation of Dilgan is given on No. 88, rev. 8, *Dilgan* = *Absin, i.e.*, 'Crops,' 'growth' (Virgo); moreover, it is remarkable that the omen for Dilgan in the Moon's halo forebodes 'no growth of corn.'

Now, as has been shown above, Kumal is Dilgan-whose-back-part-is-Mulmul (two stars or Mars), *i.e.*, probably part of Virgo, while the astrologer is perhaps playing on the double meaning of Mulmul to deduce an omen hostile to the king of Aḫarrû. Kumal, like Dilgan, relates to crops (Craig, *Astr. Texts*, No. 36, obv. 22).

Rev. 9. From this remark we may perhaps put the date of the tablet at 670–660 B.C.

No. 45 (*Obv.* 3–5). When the Moon at its appearance stands in a fixed position, the gods intend the counsel of the land for happiness. (It appeared on the first day.)

Obv. 4. *milku* is the only word given for the simple ideograph (No. 5525 in Brunnow's *List*).

No. 48. When the Moon appears on the first of Kislew, the king of Akkad wherever he goes will ravage the land (or) the king of Akkad wherever his face is set will rule the land. (On the fourteenth day the Moon was seen with the Sun.) There will be an overthrowing of fortresses and downfall of garrisons; there will be obedience and good will in the land. As for the rest, the king (will see?) their good luck. May the king soon hear a happy report and greeting. From Ašaridu.

No. 49. When the Moon rides in a chariot in the month Sililiti, the rule of the king of Akkad will prosper and his hand will overcome the enemy. (The month Sililiti is Sebat.) In Sebat a

halo surrounded (the Moon) in the Pleiades (Šugi). When a halo surrounds the Moon and Aldebaran (*Anna-mir*) stands within it, the king will fare well: there will be truth and justice in the land. From Nabû-ikiši of Borsippa.

Obv. 1. For *Si-li-pu-ut-ti* in the text, read *Si-li-li-ti*.

Obv. 5–6 give an explanation of the phrase 'rides in a chariot,' for Šugi has been explained to mean 'chariot-yoke' (see Brown, *Proc. Soc. Bibl. Arch.*, XV, p. 329). Šugi occurs in the following passages:—(*a*) No. 49, where the Moon may be surrounded by a halo in Šugi, (*b*) No. 206, where Šugi may stand in the Moon's halo, (*c*) No. 184, where Mercury is as low down (?) in Taurus as Šugi, (*d*) No. 226, where Mercury rises to the midst of Šugi from the place of Sunset in Nisan (*i.e.*, Aries-Taurus), (*e*) No. 244A, where its 'circle' may be bright, (*f*) Nos. 244 and 246, where it may grow dim (?) over the Moon and enter the Moon. From (*c*) and (*d*) it is evidently near Taurus, from (*a*) (*d*) and (*e*) it is evidently a group, and from (*f*) it is evidently a small group. Now it has been suggested to me that, as Mercury cannot be in Orion (one identification of Šugi), and further that the Moon does not deviate from the ecliptic more than a little over 5°, Šugi is probably the Pleiades. This identification agrees with the facts above. The Pleiades are a small group, 4° from the ecliptic, and the rare word *kurkurru* (No. 244A) might very well be applied to them.

Anu-agû, from the three cases where it occurs, may very well be a single star, and from No. 106 it would appear to be in Taurus, in which case it will be Aldebaran, for which no suitable identification has been suggested.

No. 51. The Moon will complete the day in Nisan. From Nabû-aḫi-íriba.

Obv. 1. On the meaning of this text, see Introduction, p. xxi.

No. 52. The Moon will complete the day in Iyyar. The . . day the Moon and Sun will be seen together. The night (?) of the thirteenth, the night of the fourteenth a watch was kept but no eclipse occurred. Seven times I have been raised . . but no eclipse

occurred. I send a sure report to the king, my lord. From Ṭabû-ṣil-Marduk, the nephew of Bíl-naṣir.

Obv. 2. The lacuna is better supplied by 'the fifteenth day' than by 'the thirteenth' as in the transliterations.

No. 53 (*Obv.* 1–4). The Moon completed the day in Adar: on the fourteenth the Moon will be seen with the Sun: the Moon will 'draw back' the day in Nisan and Iyyar.

No. 54. The Moon will complete the day in Sebat. From Nabû-aḫî-íriba.

No. 55 (*Obv.* 4*ff.*) Concerning Mercury, of which the king, my lord, sent me, yesterday Ištar-šuma-íríš in the palace proclaimed its going forth to Nabû-aḫî-íriba. The omens in the festival day came, they have all been observed and seen, they have passed off. From Balasi.

Obv. 8. *igdiri* I, 2 of *ḳarû* 'to call.' The 'going forth' indicates the exit of Mercury from some constellation.

Rev. 3. *iptušu*, *cf.* Syr. *pâš*.

III. When the Moon appears on the Twenty-eighth Day.

No. 57. Of that which to the king, my lord, I sent, the gods shall straightway (?) open his ears .... When the Moon appears on the twenty-eighth day, it is lucky for Akkad, unlucky for Elam. On the twenty-eighth day the Moon .... from the adverse (?) omen ....

Rev. 4. It is doubtful whether the gloss should be read [*ul*]-*tú mí-ḫi-ir* or [*it*]-*tam-mí-ḫi-ir*.

No. 58. When the Moon at its appearance appears on the twenty-eighth day as the first day, it is evil for Aḫarrû. When the Moon appears on the twenty-eighth day, it is lucky for Akkad, unlucky for Aḫarrû. From the Chief Physician.

The scribe first wrote the sender's name the wrong way up on the reverse, and afterwards corrected his mistake, writing it again the right way and partly erasing the former.

IV. When the Moon appears on the Thirtieh Day.

No. 59. When the Moon appears on the thirtieth day, there will be cold (or) there will be the clamour of the enemy in the land. When at the Moon's appearance it appears high, the enemy will seize upon the land. When the Moon at its appearance is fiercely bright, the month will bring harm. When at the Moon's appearance its horns look at . . . . a flood will come. From Irašši-ilu, the king's servant (the greater).

Obv. 2. *Šurubbû* is always explained by *kuṣṣu* in these texts.

No. 60. When the Moon at its appearance is dim and one cannot define (?) it, rain will fall. When the Moon appears on the thirtieth day, there will be cold (or) there will be the clamour of the enemy in the land. When the Moon at its appearance appears low, the submission of a distant land will come to the all-powerful king. From Irašši-ilu, the king's servant (the greater).

Obv. 1. On *unnut*, see No. 30, note on *ibṭa'il.*
Obv. 2. *Umandi lit.* 'make great.'

No. 62. When the Moon appears on the thirtieth of Nisan, Subartu Aḫlamû will devour: a foreign tongue will gain the ascendency in Aḫarrû. (We are Subartu.) When the Moon appears on the thirtieth day, there will be cold in the land. (*Šurubbû* = *kuṣṣu*).

The Moon appeared without the Sun on the fourteenth of Tebet: the Moon completes the day in Sebat. On the fourteenth it appears without the Sun; the Moon completes the day in Adar. On the fourteenth it appears without the Sun; the Moon will complete the day in Nisan. From Nabû-aḫi-íriba.

No. 63. When the Moon appears on the thirtieth of Iyyar, Aḫarrû Subartu will slay with the sword. From Munnabitu.

No. 64. When the Moon appears on the thirtieth of Iyyar, the abundance of Aḫarrû Aḫlamû will devour. From Nabû-ikiša, of Borsippa.

No. 64B contains a mention of the Itu' tribe (Obv. 4), and of Mugallu (Obv. 5). Expeditions were undertaken against the Itu' in the years 791, 783, 782, 777, and 769 B.C., but they were evidently loyal and faithful vassals in the seventh century (see Harper, *Assyrian Letters*, No. 388). Mugallu was king of Tabal and, according to Assurbanipal, was a source of trouble to Esarhaddon and Sennacherib. From the mention of this king in a letter about omens, it is obvious that he was regarded as a dangerous enemy by the Assyrians. (See K. 1263, rev. 5–10, and *cf.* Knudtzon, *Gebete an den Sonnengott*, *sub voce*.)

No. 66. When the Moon appears on the thirtieth of Siwân, the abundance of Aḫarrû Aḫlamû will devour. When the Moon appears on the thirtieth day, there will be cold, (or) there will be the clamour of the enemy in the land. When the Moon at its appearance appears low, the enemy will seize on the land. When the Moon at its appearance appears low, the submission of a far country will come to the king, (or) a messenger will come. From Irašši-ilu, the king's servant.

Obv. 6. It will be observed that the omen of No. 60, rev. 1 ff., does not correspond to this line, but with *ušappil* of rev. 2–4.

No. 67. When the Moon appears on the thirtieth of Siwan, the abundance of Aḫarrû Aḫlamû will devour. (The Month Siwan =Aḫarrû: it is evil for Aḫarrû). Saturn has not once approached Venus; it has no omen. From Šum-idina.

No. 68 (*Obv.* 5 *ff.*). When at the Moon's appearance a north wind blows, during that month a flood will come. When at the Sun's zenith a parhelion (?) stands on its right, Ramman will inundate. Mars advanced (*i.e.*, proceeded to its own front) and stood away from Scorpio. To-morrow I will inform the king, my lord. From Balasî.

Rev. 2. *Ana panatuššu illak* is the explanation of the unusual word *uttamiš*. Delitzsch, 92 b, explains inf. *itmušu* as a synonym of *alâku*. See No. 70, rev. 3.

No. 69 (*Obv.* 3–7). When the Moon at its appearance is dark, the land will see plenty; the land will eat plentiful . . . (?). When the Moon at its appearance is dark and its left horn is bent, its right horn being straight, thou wilt overcome (?) the land of the enemy. Ramman will inundate.

Obv. 4. GAN . BA: see also Nos. 34, obv. 3, and 88, obv. 5, and W.A.I. III, 54, 3, 15. *Nap-ša* may be a gloss.

Obv. 5. *kipat*, Syriac *kâph.*

Obv. 7. *tazakip.* See Delitzsch, *sub voce.*

No. 69A (*Obv.* 4–6). When at the Moon's appearance a west wind blows, during that month there will be sickness . . . it is evil for Aḫarrû.

No. 70 (*Obv.* 5 *ff.*). When the Moon is fiercely bright, the month will bring harm. Two consecutive months, Iyyar and Siwan, the day has 'turned back.' When a parhelion (?) stands on the right of the Sun, Ramman will inundate, (or) rains and floods will come.

Mars has turned and proceeded (gone straight forward) into Scorpio. It is evil. Later on they shall finish the first part of the matter; I will finish what is going forth to the king; we shall yet see the decisions which will come and remain. From Nabû-aḫî-íriba.

No. 72 (*Obv.* 1–2). When the Moon appears on the thirtieth of Ab, there will be a devastation of Akkad.

No. 73. When the Moon appears on the thirtieth of Ab, there will be a devastation of Akkad. Let not the all-powerful king leave me: it is I who daily beg of the king for my hunger; and now to brickwork he has set me, saying, 'make bricks.' Let not the king, my lord, leave me and I shall not die. From Ṭâbia.

No. 74 (*Obv.* 4–6). When the Moon appears on the thirtieth of Kislew, the king of Aḫarrû will be slain by the sword.

No. 76 (*Obv.* 1—*rev.* 3). When the Moon appears on the thirtieth of Ṭebet, Subartu Aḫlamû will devour; a strange tongue will gain the ascendancy in Aḫarrû. (Ṭebet = Elam.) From

Bulluṭu. On the twenty-ninth day we kept watch, but there was much cloud and we could not see the Moon: on the thirtieth we kept watch and saw the Moon.

Rev. 4. For *matiḫ*, see Delitzsch, *sub voce*.

No. 81 (*Obv.* 3 *ff.*). When the Moon appears on the thirtieth of Sebat, a total eclipse will happen. From the chief scribe.

Obv. 4. On *atal mâtâti*, see Introduction, p. xxix.

V. Various Omens from the Moon.

No. 82 (*Obv.* 1–10). When the Moon out of its calculation delays and does not appear, there will be the invasion of a powerful city. (On the sixteenth (?) it appeared.) When the Moon does not appear, the gods intend the counsel of the land for happiness. (On the fourteenth and fifteenth god was not seen with god.) When the Moon is not seen with the Sun on the fourteenth or fifteenth of Elul, lions (?) will die and traffic will be hindered. When the light of the Moon and Sun is dark, the king with his land and people will repel the angry. The Moon and Sun will be eclipsed, (or) for some months god will not be seen with god.

Obv. 1. On *iḫḫiramma*, see Jensen, *Kosm.*, p. 76.

Rev. 6 *ff.* Contain a suggestion to the king that he should not despise the omens afforded by these phenomena, but should avert the evil by making a *nam-bul-bi* ceremony or prayer. L. 7, *išaṭu* probably = Syriac *šâṭ*, 'despise.' NAM . BUL . BI is the heading of a series of incantations (King, *Bab. Magic*, p. 129), and in K. 602 (Harper, *Assyrian Letters*, No. 23) it is put on a par with ŠÚ . IL . LA . KAN . MIŠ and *šiptu*, *i.e.*, 'the prayers of the lifting of the hand' and 'incantations.' As to its more exact meaning, the following passages are instructive: W.A.I. IV, 17, rev. 14, 15, ^{iti} *Šamšu attama mudi riksišunu | muḫalliḳ raggi mupaššir NAM . BUL . BI-i.* BUL = *pašaru* and is used so in S. 1513, obv. 1 *ff.* [*NAM*] . *BUL . BI ḪUL ṢÍR . . . . ḪUL-šu BUL-ma ana šarri u bîti-šu NU . TÍ . . , i.e.*, 'The NAM . BUL . BI of the evil of a snake . . . dissipate its evil that it affect not the king nor his house.' *Cf.* also 80–7–19, 36, obv. 3 *ff.* ^{m}*Akkullanu šû issapra*

mâ ^{ilu} Šamšu ina napâḫi-šu mâ ibašši Aki II ŠÚ . SI atalî išakan mâ NAM . BUL . BI laššu, i.e., an eclipse of the Sun took place at its zenith extending over two ŠÚ . SI of its surface, but no prayer to avert the evil was made. 81–2–4, 49 (Harper, No. 370), rev. 1 *ff.*, *Ina VII ûmî ŠÚ . IL . LA-i-ni ša ina pân ilâni ^{pl} mušiti ù NAM . BUL . BI . ḪUL kalâmi issiniš innipaš.* 83–1–18, 37 (Harper, No. 355), rev. 12 *ff.*, *NAM . BUL . BI ítapaš mâ ar* (?)*-ni-šu ana ili lultima NAM . BUL . BI lipušu mâ lu-útiḳ.*

No. 83. When the Moon . . . in its course, Bel will speak to the land. (It has not been explained.) On the thirteenth day it was seen with the Sun. From Bíl-lí', son of Ígibi, the magician.

No. 85. When the Moon disappears, evil will befall the land. When the Moon disappears out of its reckoning, an eclipse will take place. (The Moon disappeared on the twenty-fourth day.) When a halo surrounds the Sun on the day of the Moon's disappearance, an eclipse of the left side of the Moon will take place.

In Kislew a watch was kept for the eclipse, the halo surrounding the Sun and the disappearance of the Moon (being the causes of the watch for an eclipse in Kislew) having been observed. May the king, my lord, know, and may he rest happy. From Irašši-ilu, the king's servant (the greater).

Obv. 6. On an eclipse of Elam = the left side of the Moon, see Introduction.

No. 86 (*Obv.* 1–5). When the Moon is invisible, but two crescents are seen, there will be hostility in the land. (The Moon has appeared in brightness with the Sun. Alone before the Sun it was brilliant.) The face of the town of Assur the king . . . . (*rev.* 2–10). When Venus goes to the front of Sibzianna, country to country, brother (to) brother will be hostile; there will be a slaughter of men and cattle. When the stars of Sibzianna are brilliant, heaviness will weigh down and evil will be done. From Nírgal íṭir.

Obv. 4. *parig. Cf.* Syr. *aphreg* splenduit.

Rev. 3. Sibzianna. It has been suggested that this is Arcturus, Bootes, or Regulus. From No. 86, written for the

month Ab, we are told that 'Venus stands before Sibzianna,' and, 'the stars of Sibzianna are brilliant,' which show that it is a constellation (not a single star), near the Ecliptic, and, consequently, cannot be Arcturus or Regulus. Further, we are told in No. 203 that Sibzianna stands within the halo of 22°. As Arcturus is 30° from the Ecliptic, and the Moon cannot vary more than 5° 8′ from the Ecliptic, Sibzianna cannot be Arcturus; and since out of the large constellation of Bootes, only two small stars at most could stand within the halo, it would be assuming too much to say that these stood for the whole of Bootes.

From No. 86, as no planet known to the Assyrians could diverge more than 8° from the Ecliptic, if we give a logical meaning to the words *ina pân*, we may fairly consider that Sibzianna is within 8° of the Ecliptic. Further, from No. 244 B, we learn that (1) Libra, and (2) Sibzianna went before (*ana pân*) the Moon: consequently that which holds good for Libra, which is an Ecliptic constellation, will also hold good for Sibzianna. Again, No. 203, written for Nisan, says that Sibzianna stood within the Moon's halo. Full Moon being then approximately in Libra, we may fairly assume that this took place at some point near the Ecliptic between Leo and Sagittarius. From No. 244 B, quoted above, it is obvious that Sibzianna is in or near Libra, and the only constellation within 8° of the Ecliptic at this point is Libra itself. It would seem, therefore, that Sibzianna is another name for Libra, and it is quite possible that the meaning of Sibzianna, 'Just shepherd of Heaven,' is connected in some way with the 'Balance.'

It is true that in the list of 'Pair-stars' (W.A.I. III, 57, 6), we find Libra mentioned among them as well as the 'Twins-*ina-šid*-Sibzina,' but it may be either because the scribe, in his wish to make a list of seven twins, just as he has made lists of seven *mâšu, etc.*, has repeated the same stars under a different name, or more probably 'the pair' of Sibzianna refer to some pair outside Libra altogether—such as Arcturus and Spica.

Rev. 7. *Kabtu ukdappašamma. Cf.* Heb. *kâphâš* in Lam. iii, 16: but the meaning of the phrase is doubtful.

No. 87 (*Obv.* 3–5). When the Moon is full on a cloudy day, the Moon will smite the foe.

No. 88. When the Moon out of its calculated time tarries and is not seen, there will be an invasion of a mighty city. (It was invisible on the fifteenth; on the sixteenth it was seen with the Sun.) When Mars stands opposite a planet, corn will be valuable. When a comet reaches the path of the Sun, *Gan-ba* will be diminished; an uproar will happen twice. These words concern Akkad. (Mars left an interval of four degrees (?) away from Saturn, it did not approach: to . . . it reached. (So) I determine. Without fail (?) let him make a *nam-bul-bi* ceremony for it.) When the Moon appears on the sixteenth, the king of Subarti will grow powerful and will have no rival.

Obv. 9. *pâti* is the *perm.* of *patû*, the root of *upatti* in No. 112, obv. 6, where an elaborate explanation of *patû*, *ṭiḫû* and *ḳarâbu* is given. *upatti* is explained by *itti iḳrib* or la *iṭaḫḫi*. *Cf.* Syr. *p'tha* se dilatavit.

attasḫa. See vocabulary and *cf.* K. 1049, rev. 9, and S. 1368, obv. 12 (Harper, Nos. 38 and 357). The meaning is doubtful.

10. *mînu ḫiṭṭu*. See vocabulary and *cf.* Harper, No. 356, rev. 3 *ff.*, *ina ḳapsi ikalli ina pân šarri irrab mînu ḫiṭṭu Šumma etc.*: No. 390, rev. 7 *ff.*, *ultu rîši ša šarru iṣbatannini mînu ḫiṭâ ina pân šarri šá šarru bêli išpuranni-mâ*, etc. *Cf.* the use of the Heb. *ḥâṭâ* to miss.

Rev. 4. The latter part of this line is an unusual addition to this omen. It appears to read *ÍDIN. NA gur-ru uṣaḫḫar*, but is uncertain. *Gurru* is the measure for corn, *etc.*, and the whole phrase would seem to imply the diminution of the crops. *Cf.* No. 185, 11, *etc.*

Rev. 10. These three lines are evidently a later addition and show the phenomena which occurred after Balasî had signed his name. L. 12 indicates that the tablet was written at the end of a year.

No. 89, rev. 7, contains the important explanation NIGIN = *la-mu-u*. The mention of Šamaš-šum-ukin (*l.* 11) will fix the approximate date of the tablet. *Mâr šatti*, 'son of a year,' is

perhaps to be compared to the Hebrew idiom. Edge 3, 'oil, honey and spices,' seems to refer to some offerings.

VI. Omens from Halos.

No. 90. To the king of countries, my lord, thy servant Bíl-ušízib (?) May Bel, Nebo and Samas bless the king, my lord. When the Sun stands within the halo of the Moon, in all lands they will speak the truth, the son will speak the truth with his father. (Saturn has stood within the Moon's halo.) When a halo surrounds the Moon and Allul stands within it, the king of Akkad will prolong his life. When a 'river' surrounds the Moon, there will be great inundations and rains. (Allul has stood within the Moon's halo.) (*Obv.* 10–*Rev* .5 *mutilated*, *Rev* 6 *ff.*). Arad-Gula . . . Bíl-ikiša (?) in my presence I heard . . . this . . . which Mardia heard . . . . the chief: Yadi', the chief, and the chieftainess of all the land of Yakimanu before the general in Van they appointed, and now they say 'the murderer of our lord shall not grow great before us.' Let the lord of kings ask the general (that he may hear the health of the king), how it troubles (?) me: and Mardia, who is chief of the servants of the household of the general, his lord, when I had left, entered under Nérgal-ašarid: the interpreter (?) and the chief officers he brought before Nírgal-ašarid. They entered into agreements and carried away to their homes a talent of silver with them . . . . .

Obv. 3. On the Sun in the Moon's halo = Saturn, and on *tarbaṣu* = halo, see Introduction, p. xxiv.

Obv. 8. *nâru* is probably the corona.

Rev. 13. *igganni*, possibly from *ígû*, 'be weary,' but doubtful.

No. 91. When a halo surrounds the Moon and Jupiter (*Umun-pauddu*) stands within it, there will be an invasion of the forces of Aḫarru (or) there will be corn and there will be no blasting; the king of Akkad will see siege. When a 'river' surrounds the Moon, there will be verdure and vegetables (?) in the land. Rain will fall. (A halo surrounded the star . . . .) When Jupiter (*Marduk*) grows very bright, that land will eat abundance. (The star Marduk has taken Mercury to its position and has risen high.) After it on the fourteenth . . . . From Balasî.

No. 92. When a halo surrounds the Moon and Jupiter (*Sagmîgar*) stands within it, the king of Akkad will be besieged. From Nirgal-iṭir.

No. 94. Last night a halo surrounded the Moon, and Jupiter (*Sagmîgar*) and Scorpio stood within it. When a halo surrounds the Moon and Jupiter (*Sagmîgar*) stands within it, the king of Akkad will be besieged. When a halo surrounds the Moon and Jupiter (*Nibiru*) stands within it, there will be a slaughter of cattle and beasts of the field. (Marduk is Umunpauddu at its appearance; when it has risen for two (or four?) hours it becomes Sagmîgar; when it stands in the meridian it becomes Nibiru.) When a halo surrounds the Moon and Scorpio stands in it, it will cause men to marry princesses (or) lions will die and the traffic of the land will be hindered. (These are from the series 'When a halo surrounds the Moon and Jupiter stands within it, the king of Aḫarru will exercise might and accomplish the defeat of the land of his foe.' This is unpropitious.) From Nabu-mušîṣi.

Obv. 8. It is uncertain whether one or two *kasbu* is meant.

Rev. 1. *ušṭâḫḫâ* III^{II}, 1 (like *ušmalli*) from *ṭîḫu*. For this use of the word *cf.* K. 848, obv. 1–5, *Ana ûmu XV kâm Sin u Šamšu . . . . . un-ni-ni-ia li-ka-a* [*i*]-*ḳab-bi ina ûmu*(*mu*) *šú-a-tu ûmu*(*mu*) *a-na itu Šamši i-ḳar-rab a-na SAL . BI TÍ-ḫi (i.e. iṭaḫḫi) SAL . BI UŠ ir-ri*, 'When the Moon and Sun . . . . on the fifteenth day, "Receive my prayer," he shall say: on that day let him approach the Sun by day; let him draw near his wife, his wife shall conceive a man-child.' Boissier, *Documents* I, 2, p. 93, K. 1994, obv. 16, *Ana NA Ana SAL TÍ.*

No. 95. (*Obv.* 1–4). When a halo surrounds the Moon and Jupiter stands within it, the king will be besieged. (Its halo was not joined (*i.e.* was interrupted): it does not point to evil.)

(*Rev.* 1 *ff.*). The omen is adverse but will be in heaven for good luck. When Sar-ur and Sargaz, of the Scorpion's sting, are brilliant, the weapons of Akkad will come. From Nabu-šuma-iškun.

Obv. 5. A . ÍDIN. W.A.I. V, 46 1, 46 = *banat riḫutum.* From No. 153 it would appear to be a star of Virgo.

Rev. 3. *Sar-ur and Sar-gaz* are therefore *lambda* and *upsilon* of the Scorpion. See also Brown, P.S.B.A, 1890, p. 201.

No. 96. The night of the . . . day Jupiter (*Sagmîgar*) stood within the halo of the Moon. Let them make a *nambulbi* ceremony. The halo was open on one side. From Nabû-aḫî-iriba.

Obv. 1. Further examination of the text showed that what had first been read "I" was an unintentional mark on the tablet. There are two deep scratches or indentations at this point in the line, which have obliterated the original character. "I" would, of course, be an impossibility.

No. 97. When a halo surrounds the Moon and Regulus stands within it, women will bear male children. From Nírgal-iṭir.

No. 98 (*Obv.* 1–8). When a dark halo surrounds the Moon, the month will bring rain (or) will gather clouds. (Saturn stood within the Moon's halo.) When a halo surrounds the Moon and Mars stands within it, there will be a destruction of cattle; Aḫarrû will be diminished. (It is evil for Aḫarrû.)

No. 99 (*Obv.* 10 *ff.*). When a halo surrounds the Moon and Mars stands within it, there will be a destruction of cattle in all lands; the planting of dates will not prosper (or) Aḫarrû will be diminished. When a halo surrounds the Moon and two stars stand within it, there will be a long reign. When Mars and a planet stand facing one another, there will be an invasion of Elam. When Mars . . . . goes forth, the king of Elam will die. From Bamâi (?).

Rev. 1. Variants (*e.g.*, No. 101, obv. 1) give 'planting and dates.'

No. 100 (*Obv.* 1–4). When a halo surrounds the Moon and Saturn stands within it, they will speak the truth in the land: the son will speak the truth with his father. Welfare of multitudes.

Obv. 1. See No. 90 on Saturn.

No. 101 (*Obv.* 5 *ff.*). When a halo surrounds the Moon and a planet stands within it, the king his troops will be besieged. When a halo surrounds the Moon and Dilgan-after-which-is-Mulmul stands within it, the herds of the land will prosper. (Mars is the star of

Aḫarrû, Dilgan-after-which-is-Mulmul is Kumal: Kumal is the star of Aḫarrû). From Irašši-ilu.

Rev. 2. On this see No. 44.

No. 103 (*Obv.* 6 *ff.*). When a halo surrounds the Moon and a planet stands within it, robbers will rage. (Saturn stood within the halo of the Moon.) When Jupiter (*Sagmîgar*) draws near to Taurus, the good fortune of the land passes away (or) the generation of cattle and sheep is not prosperous. (Jupiter has entered Taurus: let the king, my lord, keep himself from the storm-wind.) When Mars (*Apin*) reaches the path of the Sun, there will be a famine of cattle, there will be want. (Mars reached Saturn.) When a planet and Mars stand facing one another, there will be an invasion of the enemy. When Mars (*Lul-a*), its rising is dark . . . its light like . . .

Rev. 4. Saturn being the star of the Sun, Mercury is said to have reached the path of the Sun when it draws near Saturn. In the three cases in these texts where *Apin* occurs, it is followed by an explanatory note which shows that *Apin* = *Muštabarrû-mûtânu* (No. 239, 1, 6: No. 272, *r* 1, 3). *Cf.* W.A.I., V, 46, 1, 1, ^{mul} APIN = ^{ilu} Anu = Mars (Epping and Strassmaier, *Astron.*, p. 173), and the list K 4195, Col. III, IV, where among the names for Mars Apin occurs.

No. 106. When a halo surrounds the Moon and *Anu-agû* stands within it, there will be . . . in the land. (Taurus stood within the halo of the Moon: for two days, an omen of evil, it has stood within the halo of the Moon.) From Nabû-aḫî-iriba.

No. 107 (*Rev.* 1 *ff.*). When a halo surrounds the Moon and Mars (*Sudun*) stands within it, a king will die and his land be diminished; the king of Elam will die. (*Sudun* = Mars; Mars is the star of Aḫarrû; it is evil for Aḫarrû and Elam; Saturn is the star of Akkad (?); it is lucky for the king, my lord.) On the fourteenth the Moon was seen with the Sun: let the king, my lord, rest happy. From Irašši-ilu, the king's servant.

No. 108 (*Obv.* 6 *ff.*). The omen changes not. Now I send the royal observation to the king, my lord. From Zakir.

No. 110. When a halo surrounds the Moon and Cancer (Allul) stands within it, the king of Akkad will prolong life: showers will fall. May Assur, Samas, Nebo, and Merodach, life to life (?) for long days to the king, my lord, give. From Nabû-iḳbi.

No. 111 (*Obv.* 5 *ff.*). When a halo surrounds the Moon and a north wind blows, the exalted gods . . . bring (?) . . . When a halo surrounds the Moon and it is thin, there will be a giving of years to the king.

Obv. 8. *idlul*, Heb. *dâlâl*, *dal.*

No. 112 (*Obv.* 3–*Rev.* 11). Last night a halo surrounded the Moon: it was interrupted. When a *usurtu* surrounds the Moon, there will be an eclipse. (An eclipse is a disturbance.) Last night a *usurtu* surrounded the Moon; it was interrupted.

When Venus draws near Scorpio, evil winds will come to the land; Ramman will give his rains, Ea his channels to Gutî. When 'it draws near' (*ṭiḫû*) to the 'Breast of Scorpio' (so it has been determined) it does not 'approach' (*ḳarâbu*). *ipatti* = *itti iḳrib.*

The planets are those whose stars pass on their own road over themselves.

When *A-idin* reaches Mars, Ramman will inundate. Mars has drawn near (?) to *Nun-šamí.* Rain has not come yet (?).

No. 114 (*Obv.* 1–3). Last night a halo surrounded the Moon and Gemini stood within it.

No. 117. When the greater halo surrounds the Moon, that land will be enlarged, destructions will surround men. When it surrounds and Cancer (*Allul*) stands within it, the king of Akkad will prolong life. When Regulus stands within it, women will bear male children. When the greater halo surrounds the Moon and is thin, there will be a giving of years to the king. (A great halo has surrounded it and has remained for many nights and is uninterrupted.) From Šapiku, of Borsippa.

Obv. 1. On *supuru* see Introduction.

VII. When the Moon and Sun are seen with one another.

(A) *On the Twelfth Day.*

No. 119 (*Obv.* 1–7). When the Moon appears out of its expected time, the market will be low. (It was seen with the Sun on the twelfth.) When the Moon and Sun are seen with one another out of their expected time, a strong enemy will overcome the land: the king of Akkad will accomplish the defeat of his foe.

(B) *On the Thirteenth Day.*

No. 120. When the Moon and Sun are seen with one another on the thirteenth day, there will not be silence: there will be unsuccessful traffic in the land: the enemy will seize on the land. From Aplâ.

No. 123 (*Obv.* 4 *ff.*). When a north wind prevails and blows, prosperity will come to all fruit trees. The Igigi gods will be at peace with the land: the land will see abundance. (*Iṣi rikipti* = garden fruit of all kinds.) This year dates and grapes (?) will prosper. The Moon appeared on the thirtieth of Tisri: from to-day as far back as Elul, which has passed, on the thirteenth day the Moon has not been seen with the Sun. When the Sun reaches the zenith and the sky is dark, years of prosperity, the king will grow strong. From Nírgal-íṭir, son of Gašuzu (?)-Tutu.

Obv. 4. *sadrat.* This word is used twice of the wind, several times of storms (*imbaru*) and also in connection with earthquakes.

Rev. 2. *balat.* Heb. *bâlâ.*

Rev. 4. *isimu.* Probably the verb from which *sâmu* 'dark comes.

(C) *On the Fourteenth Day.*

No. 124. When the Moon reaches the Sun and with it fades out of sight, its horns being dim, there will be truth in the land, and the son will speak the truth with his father. (On the four-

teenth the Moon was seen with the Sun.) When the Moon and the Sun are invisible, the king will increase wisdom; the king of the land, the foundation of his throne will be secure. (On the fourteenth day the Moon was seen with the Sun.) When the Moon and Sun are seen with one another on the fourteenth, there will be silence, the land will be satisfied; the gods intend Akkad for happiness. Joy in the heart of the people. The cattle of Akkad will lie down securely in the pasture-places. When a dark halo surrounds the Moon, it gathers clouds, that month will bring rain. When its horns are dim, a flood will come. (On the fourteenth the Moon was seen with the Sun.)

About the people concerning whom I sent to the king, my lord, the king does not say 'Why?' but has said 'let them bring them hither.' Now the king knows I hold no land in Assyria: I, what is my family to them, or what my life? Who is my god, who is my lord, to whom and how are my eyes turned? Now let my lord king, for whose life I pray Samas, send it unto Aḫišâ, by royal authority, and let his messenger bring the people: let the governor of Babylon cause him to leave. Let Nabu-íṭir-napšâti, my son, the king's servant, come, that with me he may visit (?) the king.

On the explanation of *šutatu*, see Introduction, p. xxvi, and on *ittintu*, see No. 30.

Rev. 5. *Cf.* 1 Sam. xviii, 18, 'who am I, or who my clan' (or 'life').

Rev. 7. *alla:* see Peiser, *Bab. Verträge*, p. 230, and *cf. allu*, Bezold, *Oriental Diplomacy*, p. 72.

Nos. 125–129 are very similar. No. 130, obv. 3, contains an unusual addition to the omen for the invisibility of the Moon and Sun, 'Mercy and peace will befall the king.' No. 136B is dated in the eponymy of Labasi, the fourteenth of Tisri (B.C. 655).

No. 137 (*Rev.* 1–4). When at the Moon's appearance a south wind blows, there will be a slaughter of Aḫarrû. When a parhelion (?) stands on the left of the Sun and .... (?), anarchy the king of Aḫarrû to ... will take him.

No. 139 (*Obv.* 5 *ff.*). The rest of the matter is lucky for the king, my lord. The Moon went into clouds so that we could not

see it. When the Moon at its appearance goes into clouds, a flood will come (*Nikilpû* = *alaku*). When at the Moon's appearance heaven pours down, rain will rain. In rain-clouds it appeared. From Nabu-aḫî-íriba.

Obv. 5. *riḫti dibbi.* See Delitzsch, p. 618B, and *cf.* Harper, Nos. 342, edge 21, and 57, obv. 10.

No. 140. When the Moon does not wait for the Sun and disappears, there will be a raging of lions and wolves. It was seen with the Sun on the (fifteenth). When the Moon appears out of its time, there will be an overwhelming of (cities ?). On the fifteenth it was seen with the Sun: afterwards in Tisri the Moon will complete the day. From Balasî.

No. 141 (*Rev.* 5–6). When at the Moon's appearance a south wind blows, in that month a south wind will prevail.

No. 144 (*Obv.* 1–3). On the fourteenth the Moon and Sun were seen with one anothet. Last night a halo surrounded the Moon, Saturn stood within it near the Moon.

Obv. 3. *Cf.* the omen in rev. 1–2, 'When the Sun stands within the Moon's halo,' and for an explanation see Introduction.

No. 145 (*Rev.* 1 *ff.*). When Jupiter becomes bright, the weapons of the king of Akkad will prevail over those of his foe. Regulus stands either on the right or left of Jupiter. Now it has stood three . . . . on the left of Jupiter. From Rimutu.

No. 146 (*Rev.* 1–6). When Mercury disappears at sunset it will rain as it disappears. Mars has assumed a brilliance: Lubad-dir is for prosperity of people: Lubad-dir (means) that corpses are angry (?): Lubad-dir is Mars. From Nírgal-íṭir.

No. 147 (*Rev.* 4 *ff.*), *and* **No. 148** (*Rev.* 1 *ff.*). When (the omen) portends a reign of long days for the well-being of the all-powerful king and his people, the Moon at its proper time is invisible with the Sun, rivalling its position.

Compare the omens for the Moon's appearance on the first day together with the day in its proper length, which are so frequently found on the same tablet. *Uštatâ* is the pres. III, 2 of *atû*, whence also *šutatû*.

No. 151 (*Obv.* 3–6). On the fourteenth for some months, god has appeared with god, namely Tisri, Marcheswan, and Kislew, three consecutive months (for happiness and long life to the king, my lord) they have been seen. (*Rev.* 2 *ff.*) When Scorpio is dark in the centre, then will be obedience. (This is when a 'covering (?)' reaches the Moon and Mercury.) In Kislew, the fifteenth day a man should consecrate to Nírgal, he should raise a willow (?)-branch in his hand; he will be safe in his journeys or travels: the sixteenth day, the seventeenth day he should sacrifice an ox before Nebo, an ox should be smitten in the presence of Nebo; the eighteenth day the god (?) should be apparelled, the night of the nineteenth a censer. From Nabû-šuma-iškun.

Rev. 4. The last two characters u-da should be *liš-kin*: I did not find a variant to correct my text by until too late.

No. 152 (*Rev.* 1 *ff.*). They shall bring in that tablet of the Day of Bel which we have written, for the king, my lord, to see, and they shall give us the Akkadian tablet of the king. They shall enclose three "stars" therein on the front, and shall direct the officer that whoever opens the document shall close it in his presence.

Rev. 2. A particular scribe was appointed for the day of Bel: *cf.* No. 160, rev. 5, and 81–2–4, 98, obv. 11 *ff.*, *ultu* ^{am}*A . BA ûm* ^{ilu} *ÍN . LIL gabbu imaḫḫaru uširrubu.*

Rev. 4. On the 'Akkadian tablet,' *cf.* King, *First Steps in Assyrian*, p. xxv, note.

No. 153 (*Obv.* 7 *ff.*). When the Moon stops in its course, the market will be low. On the fifteenth it was seen with the Sun. Last night a halo surrounded the Moon and Virgo (*Absin*) and Spica (*A-idin*) stood within it. When a halo surrounds the Moon and Spica (Pan) stands within it, brigands will be rampant and there will be much robbery in the land. When a 'river' surrounds

the Moon, there will be great rains and showers. A-ídin stood within the halo of the Moon. From Nabû-ikiša, of Borsippa.

Rev. 2. A-ídin, from the above would appear to be a single star of Virgo. It is therefore probably Spica, which is the most conspicuous star of the group. Pan here evidently explains A-ídin, as also in No. 118, where there is no other star for it to refer to, and it is probably another name for Spica.

No. 154 (*Obv.* 1–2). On the first day I sent to the king thus: 'On the fourteenth the Moon will be seen with the Sun.' (*Rev.* 6.) On the fourteenth the Moon was seen with the Sun.

No. 155 (*Rev.* 1 *ff.*). The king, my lord, has not asked 'How did the clouds appear?' Last night its going forth which I saw during the day—half came forth; it went as far as the 'ground' in the middle. There is an omen from the sight for the . . . when the king sees a clear day, for two-thirds of a *kasbu* (80 minutes) of the day it will stand with the Sun. From Nabû-ikiša, of Borsippa.

Rev. 4. *iṣu.* Cf. *iṣi iriḫi* 'half the diameter' (Oppert, JA. xvi, 513, quoted Muss. Arnolt, *Dict.*, 86, a), and *iṣu* 'small.'
Rev. 7. The characters destroyed may be *um kì.*
Rev. 8. Probably read *šarru im-ru sinip kasbu ûmu.*

(D) *On the Fifteenth Day.*

No. 156 (*Obv.* 1–3). When the Moon and Sun are seen with one another on the fifteenth day, a powerful enemy will raise his weapons against the land. The enemy will destroy the gate of my city.

Obv. 3. *Âli-ia* 'my city' occurs elsewhere. (*Cf.* Nos. 162, 163, *ia*, No. 158, MU.) The magicians are at variance as to the precise formula, for we find 'the enemy will destroy the shrines of the great gods' (No. 157), or 'the city gates' (No. 159).

No. 158. The reverse is too mutilated to make connected sense, but it seems that the writer is apologising for not having sent the

usual despatch, 'for that he has been sick and there was no interpreter of omens.' He concludes with the conventional 'let not the king leave me, and I shall not die.'

No. 162 (*Rev.* 2*ff.*). When Jupiter goes with Venus, the prayer of the land will reach the heart of the gods. Merodach and Ṣarpanitum will hear the prayer of thy people and will have mercy on thy people.

Let them send me an ass that it may ease my feet. From Nírgal-íṭir.

Rev. 7. The character which I read *šípâ* II is written *lam* in the text. If LAM (= *íšípu*) be translated 'sorcery' it gives no sense.

No. 163 (*Obv.* 4*ff.*). When Mercury (or a planet) . . . appears, there will be corpses. When Cancer (*Allul*) is dark, a destructive demon will seize on the land and there will be corpses. From Nabû-aḫî-iddina.

No. 164 (*Rev.* 1–8). When the brilliance of a star shines from east to west, want (?) will overcome the foe, ... will seize upon the land. Iyyar, Siwan, Tammuz, Ab, Elul—these five months on the fourteenth day the Moon has not been seen with the Sun. May the king, my lord, know and give heed.

No. 165 (*Obv.* 5–6). When Anna becomes bright, the foe will make havoc.

Obv. 5. Brunnow's *List*, No. 145, gives ^{mul} AN . NA = ^{ilu} Sin, *i.e.*, the Moon. But AN . NA also = Anu, and therefore probably Mars: see No. 103.

Obv. 6. *namí-A iḫammiš*, *lit.* 'dash (to) ruins.'

(E) *On the Sixteenth Day.*

No. 166. When the Moon and Sun are seen with one another on the sixteenth day, king to king will send hostility. The king will be besieged in his palace for the space of a month. The feet of the

enemy will be against the land; the enemy will march triumphantly in his land. When the Moon on the fourteenth or fifteenth of Tammuz is not seen with the Sun, the king will be besieged in his palace. When it is seen on the sixteenth day, it is lucky for Subartu, evil for Akkad and Aḫarrû. From Akkullanu.

No. 167 (*Rev.* 7 *ff.*). When Mars, (the star of ?) Subartu grows bright and assumes a brilliance, it is lucky for Subartu. And when Saturn, the star of Aḫarrû, grows dim and its brilliance is smitten, it is evil for Aḫarrû: there will be a hostile attack on Aḫarrû. From Šapiku, of Borsippa.

No. 168 (*Obv.* 1–5). When the Moon on the fourteenth or fifteenth of Nisan is not seen with the Sun, the troops the expedition of the foe . . . . . it will be plundered and the land . . . . : there will be a revolt in the land.

No. 170 (*Obv.* 1—*Rev.* 6). When the Moon on the fourteenth or fifteenth of Sebat is not seen with the Sun, a copious flood will come and the crops will be diminished. The *Abḳallu šiḳla 'Bíl-riminû-uḳarrad-Marduk'* stopped last night: in the morning it shall be explained. O King! thou art the image of Marduk, when thou art angry, to thy servants! When we draw near the king, our lord, we shall see his peace!

Obv. 4. What *Abḳallu Šiḳla* means it is difficult to say. *Abḳallu* = 'ruler, mighty one,' while *šiḳla* might be referred to the root *š-ḳ-l* 'to weigh, balance.' It appears to be some instrument called 'Bíl-riminû-uḳarrad-Marduk' (*cf.* the wall of Babylon 'Imgur-Bíl'), which stopped in the night. It may have been some kind of clock.

No. 171 (*Obv.* 4–5). When the Moon on the fourteenth of Adar is not seen with the Sun, there will be a devastation of Ur.

No. 172 (*Rev.* 3–6). When a planet changes the stars of heaven, the king of countries will make an end. (Mercury has grown bright and (thereby) changed the stars.)

VIII.—Omens from the Sun.

No. 173. When a halo surrounds the Sun, rain will fall. (The Suns are days.) From Irašši-ilu.

Obv. 2. See note on No. 1, obv. 4.

No. 174 (*Obv.* 5–6). When a halo surrounds the Moon and the Sun in the East stands in it, the troops will fight a strange land.

No. 175. When the Sun enters the Moon, all lands (?) will speak the truth. Welfare of all the world. When a planet (?) changes colour opposite the Moon and enters the Moon, lions will die and the traffic of the land (will be hindered) (or) cattle will be slain. (Saturn has entered the Moon.) From Aššur-šarani.

Obv. 4. The changing colour probably refers to the apparent dimming of a star near the Moon.

No. 176. When the Sun stands in the place of the Moon, the king of the land will be secure on his throne. When the Sun stands above or below the Moon, the foundation of the throne will be secure; the king will stand in his justice. When the Sun and Moon are invisible, the king of the land will increase wisdom. (Last night Saturn drew near to the Moon. Saturn is the star of the Sun. This is its interpretation; it is lucky for the king. The Sun is the king's star.)

No. 177. When the Sun stands above the Moon (or) below the Moon, the foundation of the king's throne will be secure. When the Sun stands in the place of the Moon, there will be justice in the land. From Nabû-iḳbi.

No. 178. When the Sun reaches its zenith and goes forward, the reign of the All-powerful king will be long. When a halo surrounds the Sun in the morning in Adar, in that month a flood will come, (or) heaven will rain. (It is connected with the omen for Jupiter: the rest of the matter is that its omen is for rain and flood.)

Obv. 1. On *napâḫu*, see Oppert, *Zeits.*, I, 1886, p. 218.

No. 179 (*Obv.* 1–5). When a halo surrounds the Sun, and its opening points to the south, a south wind will blow. When a south wind blows on the day of the Moon's disappearance, heaven will rain (?).

No. 180 (*Obv.* 5 *ff*). Saturn stood within the halo of the Moon, and was opposite. This is the omen for the thirteenth day instead of 'the Moon was seen on the thirteenth day.' (Put) instead of this 'Saturn stood within the halo of the Moon.' When a dark halo surrounds the Moon, the month will bring rain (or) will collect clouds. When Regulus is dark, the king will grow angry and his rule . . . . he will turn and will not slay, he will have . . . (Saturn before Regulus . . . .). From Nabû . . .

No. 181. When the Sun reaches its zenith and is dark, the unrighteousness of that land will come to nought. When the Sun reaches its zenith and is dark, prosperity of people (or) there will be war in the land, (or) revolt (or) disasters to the king of all lands. When the Sun is dark with a dark light at its zenith, an eclipse happens and Ramman will inundate. (During the morning watch for Elam at the Sun's zenith this happened.) When it thunders in Iyyar, wheat and vegetables will not be prosperous. (The star of which I told the king, my lord, is very dim; it does not remain constant (?), it does not clear.) From Zakir.

Obv. 3. *uddâti* perhaps Heb. *êd* 'calamity.'

Rev. 5. *atinnu* doubtful. Perhaps we may compare the Heb. *êthân.*

Rev. 6. *umassi; masû*, II, 1 = 'purify.'

No. 182. When a parhelion (?) stands in the path of the Sun, the gods will take counsel for the good of the land. When four parhelia (?) stand, there will be destruction of oxen and wild beasts. When a parhelion (?) goes forth at the Sun's zenith, rain and flood will come. When the Sun reaches its zenith, in its path a parhelion (?) stands, the willow trees of the land will be thrown down (?). From Irašši-ilu, the king's servant, the greater.

No. 183. When a bright star appears in the ecliptic (?), there will be a slaughter of Elam with the sword. When the Sun reaches

its zenith in a parhelion (?), the king will grow angry and raise the sword. (*Explanation of ideograph.*) Jupiter has stood for a month over its reckoned time. When Jupiter passes to sunset, the land will dwell peacefully. Jupiter has stood for a month over its reckoned time. Marcheswan is the month of the king, my lord.

(*Rev.* 5 *ff.*). The handmaiden of the king, my lord, has gone (?) to Akkad; I cannot tarry, [for] she has run away; let the king, my lord, [send and] fetch her and give her to me. From Bíl-li', son of Ígibi, the magician.

Rev. 6. There are slight traces of characters at the end of this line.

IX.—Omens from Stars.

No. 184 (*Obv.* 1—*Rev.* 3). When Jupiter appears at the beginning of the year, in that year its corn will be prosperous. (Mercury has appeared in Nisan.) When a planet (or Mercury) approaches Lî, the king of Elam will die. When Mars (*Šanumma*) approaches Aries, the people will be widespreading, the land will be satisfied. Mercury appeared in Taurus; it had come down (?) as far as the Pleiades (*Šugi*).

Obv. 6. On ÍN . MÍ . SAR . RA = Aries, see Jensen. *Kosm.*, p. 61.

No. 185. When Jupiter stands fast in the morning, hostile kings will be fortunate . . . in Siwan, brought near, where the Sun shone, it stood; in the brightening of its brilliance it was darkened; its zenith was complete as the zenith of the Sun; angry gods will be favourable with Akkad, there will be copious rains, plentiful floods in Akkad; corn and sesame will be plentiful and the price of one *ka*-measure of corn will be given for one *gur*. The gods in heaven will stand in their places, their shrines will be overflowing. (When) *Gam* assumes a brilliance, the foundation of the throne will be secure. When Regulus assumes a brilliance, the king of Akkad will effect completion. When Jupiter appears in the ecliptic, there will be a flood and the crops of the land will prosper. From Bamaî.

Obv. 1. *Širti. Cf.* Delitzsch, p. 635, b., under *ši'âru.*

Obv. 11. 1 GUR=300 ḲA. Meissner, *Altbabylonische Privatrecht*, p. 101.

Rev. 1. ^{mul}GAM. W.A.I. V, 46, 1, 3, ^{mul}*GAM = kakku ša ḳatâ* ^{ilu}*Marduk.* There is an interesting astrological letter (K. 7655) which mentions this omen (obv. 13).

No. 186 (*Obv.* 5 *ff.*). When Jupiter grows bright, the king of Akkad will go to pre-eminence. When Jupiter (*Ínġišgalanna*) grows bright, there will be floods and rains. (*Ínġišgalanna = Sagmígar.*) When Jupiter appears in Iyyar, the land .... When Jupiter (*Nibiru*) culminates, the gods will give peace, troubles will be cleared up, and complications will be unravelled. Rains and floods will come; the amount of crops, with regard to the cold, will be out of all proportions to the amount of cold on the crops. The lands will dwell securely. Hostile kings will be at peace, the gods will receive prayers and hear supplications; the omens of the magician shall be made apparent. From Nírgal-íṭir.

Rev. 3. *išâtum—dalḫâtum*, Delitzsch, p. 143, b.

Rev. 9–10. See Delitzsch, *apâlu*, 113, a.

No. 187 (*Obv.* 1–6). When Jupiter (*Sagmígar*) passes to the place of sunset, there will be a dwelling securely, kindly peace will descend on the land. (It appeared in front of Allul.) When Jupiter (*Sagmígar*) assumes a brilliance in the tropic of Cancer and (becomes?) *Nibiru*, Akkad will overflow with plenty, the king of Akkad will grow powerful. (*Rev.* 5 *ff.*) When a great star like fire rises from sunrise and disappears at sunset, the troops of the enemy in battle (or) the troops of the enemy in slaughter will be slain. At the beginning of thy reign Jupiter was seen in its right position; may the lord of gods make thee happy and lengthen thy days! From Ašaridu, the son of Damḳa.

No. 188 (*Obv.* 9 *ff.*). Now what I have seen I send to the king, my lord. The omens such as ... to Allul it drew near. A second report I have determined, to the king my lord, I have sent.

No. 189 (*Obv.* 1–2). When Jupiter (*Sagmígar*) appears in Elul the land will eat good food.

No. 190. When Jupiter (*Sagmîgar*) appears in Marcheswan, king to king will send hostility. When Jupiter (*Sagmîgar*) stands in the 'Brilliance of Pabilsag,' there will be destructions in the land. When the same star approaches *Indubanna*, the market will go up. (*Indubanna* is the 'Brilliance of Pabilsag.') From Nabû-šuma-iškun.

Obv. 3. On 'Pabilsag' = the sting of Scorpio, see No. 236 G, and Sagittarius, Jensen, *Kosm.*, p. 496.

No. 192. When the Moon occults Jupiter (*Sagmîgar*), that year a king will die (or) an eclipse of the Moon and Sun will take place. A great king will die. When Jupiter enters the midst of the Moon, there will be want in Aḫarrû. The king of Elam will be slain with the sword: in Subarti . . (?) will revolt. When Jupiter enters the midst of the Moon, the market of the land will be low. When Jupiter goes out from behind the Moon, there will be hostility in the land.

Obv. 7. ḪI . GAR . , No. 193, gives the variant *i-ba-ru* (obv. 3).

No. 193 (*Obv.* 4–5). When the Moon darkens Jupiter, the king of kings, his hand will overpower his enemies.

No. 194 (*Obv.* 1–3). When Jupiter passes to the right of Venus, a strong one will conquer Gutî with the sword.

No. 195. When Jupiter stands in front of Mars, there will be corn and men will be slain, (or) a great army will be slain. When Jupiter and Mars . . . the god will devour (or) rains will be given upon the land. (*Uštaddanu šutadûnu* resolved?) When Mars approaches Jupiter, there will be a great devastation in the land. When Jupiter and a planet, their stars face, evil will befall the land. When Mars (*Lubad-dir*) and Jupiter (*Rabû*) approach, there will be a slaughter of cattle. (*Lubad-dir* is Mars, *Rabû* is Jupiter.) Mars has approached Jupiter. When Mars (*Šanamma*) approaches Jupiter, in that year the king of Akkad will die and the crops of that land will be prosperous.

This omen is evil for the lands; let the king, my lord, make a *Nambulbi*-ceremony to avert the evil. From Nabû-ikiša of Borsippa.

Obv. 3. On *Sarri*, see III R. 57, 62a.

Obv. 5. *mitluk*, perm. I, 2 of *malâku*. The Ethpe'el of the corresponding Syriac root has the meaning of *deliberavit;* the Assyrian word is perhaps used as a grammatical term.

No. 197. When Regulus approaches in front of the Moon and stands, the king will live many days; the land will not be prosperous. From Aplâ.

No. 199 (*Obv.* 1–2). The omen which is unlucky for the king is good for the land: the omen which is good for the land is unlucky for the king.

No. 200. When a star shines and its brilliance is as bright as the light of day, in its shining it takes a tail like a scorpion, it is a fortunate omen, not for the master of the house, but for the whole land. When there is *binnu* in all lands, violence will pass away, there will be justice, abundance will be plentifully produced; ruin for the master of that house (or) that king will stand in his justice. There will be obedience and good-will in the land. (This is from ....) When a great star (Jupiter?) shines from north to south, and its brilliance [it takes a tail like a scorpion?] ..... This is according to the tablet (that tells) that Nebuchadnezzar brought Elam to ruin. When Mercury appears in Tammuz, there will be corpses. When *ínṭína-maššig mulluḫ* at its rising, prosperity of crops, the market will be steady. This concerns Mercury. From Nabû-mušíṣi.

Obv. 4. *binnu*, see Delitzsch, 180, b.

Rev. 5. For this campaign of Nebuchadnezzar I, *c.* 1140 B.C., see KT. III 1, 164, and *cf.* obv. 3 with col. I, l. 25, *Ritti-Marduk bíl bíti ša Bît-Karziyabku.*

7. *Íntínamaššig*, see Jensen, *Kosm.*, p. 54.

No. 201. After two hours of the night had passed, a great star shone from north to south. Its omens are propitious for the king's desire. The king of Akkad will accomplish his mission. From Ašaridu (the greater), the king's servant.

No. 202. When a great star shines from east to west and disappears and dulls (?) its brilliance, the army of the enemy will be destroyed in battle. When a star like a light (or) like a torch shine, from east to west and disappears, the army of the enemy will be slain in its onslaught. Two great stars were observed one after the other in the middle watch. From Ašaridu (the greater).

No. 203. When Venus disappears at sunrise in Nisan from the first to the thirtieth day, there will be desolation. When a halo surrounds the Moon and Sibzianna stands within it, the king of Subarti will work mightily, his land will have abundance. (Sibzianna stood within the Moon's halo . . .) From Aḫiša of Erech.

Obv. 3. *urubati*, according to 205, r 1 = *bikâti* 'weepings.' *cf.* also K 4166. *Obv.* 3, *ú-ru-ba-tú* | *bi-ka-tú*.

No. 204 (*Obv.* 4–6). When Venus changes . . . . (There will be) a hostile expedition: insurrection (or) treason.

Obv. 6. *ḳašrâti*, Heb. *ḳešer*.

No. 205 (*Obv.* 1–4). Venus is now disappearing at sunrise. When Venus is brilliant, it is not good for those days which are no the full length and which are too long.

Obv. 3. On *umi ša la ušallimu*, see Introduction.

No. 205A (*Obv.* 3). When Spica (*A-îdin*) reaches Mars (*Mulmul*), it will rain.

No. 206 (*Obv.* 5–8). When Venus fixes its position, the days of the prince will be long, there will be justice in the land. Venus in the Tropic of Capricorn . . . (*Rev.* 4–6.) When a halo surrounds the Moon and the Pleiades (Sugi) stand within it, in that year there will be a slaughter of men: sheep will not approach oxen.

No. 207. Venus is appearing at sunset in the Tropic of Cancer: this is its interpretation. When Venus appears in Siwan, there will be a slaughter of the enemy. When Venus appears in the Tropic of Cancer, the king of Akkad will have no rival. Five or six days ago it reached Allul. This is its interpretation. When Venus (*Uza*) approaches Allul, there will be obedience and welfare in the

land: the gods will have mercy on the land. Empty . . (?) will be full and the crops of the land will prosper; the sick in the land will recover. Pregnant women will perfect their offspring. The great gods will show favour to the sanctuaries of the land, the houses of the great gods will be renewed. (*Uza* = Venus.) From Šumaï.

Rev. 3. *iššikku.* See Muss-Arnolt, *Dict.*, *sub voce.*

No. 208. Venus is now disappearing at sunset. When Venus grows dim and disappears in Ab, there will be a slaughter of Elam. When Venus appears in Ab from the first to the thirtieth day, there will be rains, the crops of the land will be prosperous. (In the middle of this month Venus appeared in Leo at sunrise.) From Nírgal-íṭir.

Obv. 3. *uštaktit* perhaps = become frightened. See Del., 363 b.

No. 209 (*Obv.* 1–5). When Sarur and Sargaz of the tail of Scorpio are brilliant, the weapons of Akkad will make an onslaught. (Venus has appeared in Pabilsag.) When Venus (Ištar) puts on the diadem of the Moon divided, there will be desolations.

Obv. 4. *muniksisa* $\sqrt{kasâsu}$. Rev. 1 '(when) Venus (puts on) a dark crown' perhaps indicates that the New Moon occults her.

No. 210. When Venus in Kislew from the first to the thirtieth day disappears at sunrise, there will be famine of corn and straw in the land. The lord of kings has spoken thus, 'Why hast thou not [observed?] the month, and sent the lucky and unlucky?' The prince of the kingdom has been neglected, has not been obeyed. May the lord of kings when his face is favourable lift up my head that I may make my decisions and tell the king, my lord. From Ašaridu.

Obv. 7. *inaṭiš* perhaps Heb. *naṭaš*, but by no means certain.

No. 211 (*Obv.* 1—*Rev.* 2). When Venus appears in Sebat, the crops of the land will prosper: . . . will be prosperous: mercy and welfare will be in the land. Venus stood in the midst of Anunitum. When Venus appears in Virgo, rains in heaven, floods on (earth), the crops of Aḫarrû will prosper; fallen ruins will be inhabited.

No. 213 (*Obv.* 1–5). When Scorpio approaches the front of the Moon and stands, the reign of the king will be long; the enemy will come, but his defeat will be accomplished.

No. 215 (*Obv.* 4, *ff*). The Breast of Scorpio which stood on the right horn of the Moon has not approached the Sun (?): nothing changes. When Scorpio stands within the Moon's halo, it is for rains and floods. (The king shall see its omen; it will rain.) When in Iyyar the fifteenth day to Ía . . . , in the evening watch he will turn his peace into glory. From Nabû-šuma-iškun.

No. 216. Saturn has appeared in Leo. When Leo is obscured, for three years lions and jackals . . . and kill men. The traffic of the land (Aḫarrû) will be hindered. When a planet culminates in Ab, the bed of warriors will be wide. From Ašaridu.

Rev. 3. 'The bed of warriors wide' refers to plague. See No. 232, Obv. 3.

No. 216c. Mercury has appeared. When Mercury appears for a month, floods and rain. Mars (*Lubad-dir*) for prosperity of people. From Nírgal-iṭir.

No. 217. Mercury is visible at sunrise. When Mercury appears for a month, rain and floods. When Mercury appears either in Iyyar or Siwan, a flood will come and benefit the fields and meadow lands. When Mercury stands in the east, there will be an invasion of Subarti and Kašši against the land.

This is the fact (?) of the matter: I have not come to Nineveh (because) the magicians to write in the palace (? began ?) . . Whatever . . . on the front of it 'Nineveh' I will make: unless they have begun I shall not come in; let them give me a sealed letter. From Nabu-mušíṣi.

The latter part apparently refers to the writing of some inscriptions, but the text is too mutilated to make certain.

No. 218. When Mercury is seen in Iyyar, a flood will come and benefit the fields and meadow lands. When Jupiter reaches Mars (*Mulmul*), it will rain. On the fourteenth the Moon and Sun were not seen with one another: on the fifteenth god was seen with

god. The king of Subarti will have no rival. (I have heard from my father.) From Bîl-aḫî-íriba.

No. 219. When Mercury culminates in Tammuz, there will be corpses. When Leo is dark, the heart of the land will not be happy. Long live the lord of kings! From Ašaridu.

No. 220. When Mercury culminates in Elul, there will be a heightening of the market, an increase of cereals. Long live the lord of kings! From Ašaridu (the less).

No. 221. Mercury is visible at sunrise in the precincts of Virgo. This is its interpretation. When Mercury (*Nunu*) approaches Spica (*Pan*), the crops of the land will prosper, the cattle will be numerous in the fields, the king will grow strong and will overcome (?) his enemies. Sesame and dates will prosper. When Mercury culminates in Elul, there will be a heightening (of the market), an increase of cereals. When *Daḫ* is visible in Elul . . . will prosper. (*Daḫ* = Mercury.) From Ašaridu, the son of Damḳa, the king's servant.

Obv. 2. AB . SIN = *širû* (Brunnow, *List* No. 3832) = Virgo (Epping and Strassmaier, *Zeits.*, VII, 220).

No. 222. When Mercury appears in Elul, there will be a heightening of the market, an increase of cereals. When Leo (*Ur-maḫ*) makes its stars to shine, let the king wherever he goes (guard himself?). When Leo (*Urgula*) is dark, lions and jackals will rage and the traffic of Aḫarru will be hindered. From Ṭabia.

Obv. 2. The fourth sign ÁŠ may perhaps be read *ina* here, *i.e. ina napaš nissabu;* but Brunnow, *List*, No. 23 = *miṯḫaru*, and it is possible that *maḫiru* may be intended here.

No. 223. When Mercury culminates in Marcheswan, the crops of the land will prosper. When Scorpio is dim in the centre, there will be obedience in the land. (Mercury stands within Scorpio.) When in the flaming light of Scorpio (*-Išḫara*) its breast is bright, its tail is dark, its horns are brilliant, rains and floods will be dry in the land: locusts will come and devour the land; devastation of

oxen and men: (the weapon is raised and the land of the foe) is captured. . . Scorpio . . .

Obv. 5. No. 223A gives several variants. *Rev.* 5–6, 'its horns *ningula* (or) *ninbuṭa*.' 7–8, 'Its tail *íṭati*, rains and floods NIM ^{pl} -ni (i.e., *išakku* 'will be high').

No. 224. [Mercury] is visible. When Mercury is visible in Kislew, there will be robbers in the land. From Nírgal-íṭir.

No. 225 (*Obv.* 3, *ff.*) Mercury stands within Simmaḫ. When Mercury approaches the 'Star of the Tigris' there will be rains and floods. (Mercury is visible at Sunrise.)

Obv. 4. ^{mul} MAS . TIG . GAR = *Anunitu* (Brunnow, *List*, No. 1878).

No. 226. Mercury is visible with Mars (*Mulmul*) at sunset; it is ascending to Šugi. There will be rains and floods. When Jupiter appears at the beginning of the year, in that year its crops will prosper. From Nadinu.

No. 228. Mercury stands in Leo. When Leo is dim, the heart of the land will not be happy. When Regulus is dim, the director of the palace will die. From Nabu-mušíṣi.

Obv. 1. *Cf.* No. 199A, *Obv.* 1–2.

No. 230 (*Obv.* 1—*Rev.* 1). When Spica (*Pan*) stands within the Moon's halo, lawless men will rage and there will be robbery in the land. It will not change to evil. The halo of Virgo is for rain and flood; it is turning cold.

No. 231 (*Obv.* 1–6). When Mars is visible in Tammuz, the bed of warriors will be wide. When Mercury stands in the north, there will be corpses, there will be an invasion of the king of Akkad against a foreign land. When Mars approaches Gemini, a king will die and there will be hostility.

Obv. 2. No. 232, *Obv.* 3, explains the omen 'bed of warriors' as referring to plague.

No. 232. Mars is visible in Tammuz: it is dim. When Mars is visible in Tammuz, the bed of warriors will be wide: (it refers to plague.) When Mars stands in the east, there will be an invasion of Subarti and Kašši against the land. When Mars culminates indistinctly (?) and becomes brilliant, the king of Elam will die. When Nírgal in its disappearing grows smaller, like the stars of heaven is very indistinct, he will have mercy on Akkad. The forces of my troops will go and slay the army of the enemy, an audacious land they will overcome. The troops of the foe will not be able to stand against my troops. The cattle of Akkad will lie down securely in the fields: sesame and dates will prosper. When Mercury approaches Mars (Nabû), horses will die. (*La isniḳ* = *la ḳurbu.*) When Mars is dim, it is lucky; when bright, unlucky. When Mars follows Jupiter, that year will be lucky. From Bulluṭu.

Obv. 6. *ummuliš* and cf. *ummul*, see Delitzsch, p. 83, b.
Obv. 12. *ṣarramu*, cf. Syr. *ṣ'rama* audacia.
Rev. 4. For *nin* in the text, read *dam.*

No. 233. When Mars is visible in Elul, the crops of the land will prosper, the land will be satisfied. Mars (*Lubad-dir*) is for abundance of people. Mars at its disappearance became brilliant. From Nabû-iḳbi.

No. 234. When Mars approaches the Moon and stands, the Moon will cause evil to inhabit the land. When a planet stands at the left horn of the Moon, the king will act mightily. When a star stands at the left front of the Moon, the king will act mightily. When a star stands at the left rear of the Moon, the king of Akkad will work mightily. When Virgo (*Dilgan*) stands at its left horn, in that year the vegetables of Akkad will prosper. When Virgo (*Dilgan*) stands above it, in that year the crops of the land will prosper. When a star stands at the left horn of the Moon, a hostile land will see evil. When a star stands at its left horn, there will be an eclipse of the king of Aḫarru. The *Gan-ba* of that land will be diminished; it will rain. When a star stands at its left horn, an eclipse of the king of Aḫarrû will take place. When at its left horn a star (stands) Rammânu will devour in a hostile land (or) an eclipse will take place, (or) an eclipse of the king of Aḫarrû: his land will be diminished. From Zakir.

No. 235. Mars had reached Cancer (*Allul*), it has entered it: I kept watch, it did not stay, it did not remain but came out below it. A breeze (sprang up) as it went forth; its interpretation to the king my lord I send. If ever (one) sends to the king, my lord, thus: 'When Mars approaches Allul, the prince (will die?),' when it stands and waits . . . it is evil for Akkad. If ever one sends to the king, my lord, thus: 'When a planet (appears?) in a blast of wind, the king of Subarti . . . .' (This word implies 'weakness'; let not the king lay it to heart.) Last night it thundered. When it thunders in Ab, the day is dark, the heaven rains, lightning lightens, floods will be poured in the channels. When it thunders on a cloudless day, there will be darkness (or) there will be famine in the land. From Akkullanu.

Rev. 1. The king of Subarti = the king of Assyria, from No. 62, Obv. 4, 'We are Subarti.'

No. 236. Mars has entered the precincts of Cancer (*Allul*). It is not counted as an omen. It did not stay, it did not wait, it did not rest; speedily it went forth. From Bíl-naṣir.

Obv. 6. *ikaši*, *cf.* Syriac *kâš* destitit, quievit.

No. 236G (*Obv.* 4). Mars stands in Pabilsag (the sting of Scorpio means Pabilsag). Mars stands and waits in Pabilsag.

Obv. 6. For ana . . ḳabi = 'means,' *cf.* No. 232, 3, and on Pabilsag = Ziḳit Aḳrabi, *cf.* No. 272, obv. 9.

No. 237. When Urbarra Urmaḫ . . . distant days . . to the land . . . Urbarra = [Mars], Urmaḫ = [Leo], Mars stood in . . . When a star shines and enters . . . there will be a revolt. From Nabû-aḫî-íriba.

Obv. 1. *Urbarra.* According to K 4195, Col. III–IV, it = Mars.

No. 239 (*Obv.* 1–5). When Mars (*Apin*) approaches Scorpio, the prince will die by a scorpion's sting, and his son after him will take the throne; the dwelling of the land . . the land another lord . . the boundary line of the land will not be secure.

No. 240. When Mars (*Mulmul*) is darkened over the Moon and stands, the king will act mightily, his land will be enlarged. From Nabû-ikiša of Borsippa. May Bel and Nebo give long days and happiness to the king of countries, my lord. With the king we have acted innocently. Now among my brothers in the palace an attack on the treasury was made and they slew the scribe whom the king had caused me to take with them, and my magician; and to me they said 'It was an edict with us.' I went with my brothers and peace shall be made and I will keep the watch of the king, my lord. Why . . . . may Bel and Nebo be gracious (?); O king, judge thou . . .

Obv. 1. DAR = *barâmu* (Brunnow, *List*, No. 3482). See Jensen, *Kosm.*, p. 7.

Obv. 9. *masartu*, perhaps from *asâru* besiege.

No. 241 (*Obv.* 4, *ff.*). When at the Moon's appearance Mars (*Mulmul*) stands at its side, the king will act mightily, his land . . . When Mars enters the Moon and goes forth northward, the heart of the land will be happy: the king of Akkad will grow powerful and will have no rival. From Bíl-aḫî-íriba, son of Labaši-ili.

Obv. 4. On this plural verb, *cf.* No. 243A, obv. 1–2.

No. 243 (*Obv.* 3). On Ištar (Venus) wearing a crown, see No. 209.

No. 243A (*Obv.* 1–2). Mulmul is used with a plural verb.

No. 243B (*Rev.* 1, *ff.*). When at the beginning of the year Mars stands in the *našu* of Venus, the enemy or a flood will spoil the crops. From Nírgal-iṭir.

Rev. 3. The vertical stroke in the last sign may be a fracture, and the whole word will therefore read *umarrum*.

No. 244. When the Pleiades (Šugi) over the Moon are darkened and stand, (and) enter the Moon, the king will stand in his might, will dwell, and will enlarge his land, and to his land will be good: there will be justice and truth in the land. From Ištar-šuma-íríš.

No. 244A (*Obv.* 1–2). When the Pleiades, their circle is bright . . . the house (against) its master will revolt.

Obv. 1. *kurkurru*, Heb. *kârâr* revolve. See No. 49.

No. 244B (*Obv.* 2–3). When Libra . . . before the Moon, the reign of the king will be long.

No. 245. When the Moon occults *Kilba*, there will be an eclipse of Subarti. When Spica (*Pan*) is darkened over the Moon and enters the Moon, the days of the prince will be long. The Moon for one year is long. Let the king give heed, let him not pass it by, let him guard himself, let not the king go into the street on an evil day until the time of the omen has passed. (The omen of a star lasts for a full month.) From Irašši-ìlu, the king's servant.

No. 246B (*Obv.* 1–3). When *Simmaḫ* grows bright, an invasion of an army . . . .

No. 246F. When a star stands in front of the Moon . . . the king will act mightily. When Mars approaches the Moon and waits, the Moon will cause evil to dwell in the land. When a star stands on the left of the Moon, the land of the foe will see evil. From Nabû-íriba.

No. 247. What is this favour which Ištar has granted the king, my lord? . . . . (*Rev.* 3 *ff.*) When a star (?) turns back and appears, the king will prolong life. From Ištar-šuma-íríš.

X. Omens from Clouds.

No. 248. When a cloud grows dark in heaven, a wind will blow. From Nabû-aḫî-íriba.

XI. Omens from the Moon's Disappearance.

No. 249 (*Obv.* 3 *ff.*). On the twenty-seventh the Moon disappeared. When the day of the Moon's disappearance in one month three times (occurs), an eclipse will take place, and the gods

for three days in heaven will . . . . When the Moon appears on the thirtieth of Elul, there will be a devastation of the land. . . . This thirtieth day (it should appear). The lord of kings has spoken thus, 'Does the omen change?' The Moon waned on the twenty-seventh: the twenty-eighth and twenty-ninth in heaven (are) the intervening space, and on the thirtieth the Moon reappears. Unless it appears there will be an uncovered interval of four days in heaven: otherwise the interval will not be four days. Long live the king! From Ašaridu.

Obv. 4. *ûm bubbuli.* Jensen, *Kosm.*, p. 91.

Rev. 3. *bûtu* (√b-'-d) 'originally perhaps dividing point or space' (Muss-Arnolt, *Dict.*, 147, b). The root idea is 'separation.'

Rev. 5. *immatima* with precatives: *cf.* the use of double jussives in Hebrew (Ps. cix, 20, *etc.*).

Rev. 6. *babti* in contracts 'unpaid, uncovered' (Muss-Arnolt, *Dict.*, 146a). *Libid, ibid*, same root as *bûtu* above.

XII. Omens from Storms.

No. 250. When a storm comes upon the land, the crops will be increased, the market will be steady. When a storm prevails in the land, the 'reign' of the land will rule great power. When a storm bursts in Sebat, an eclipse of Kašši will take place. From Ašaridu, the king's servant.

Obv. 3. *sadir*, see No. 123, obv. 4.

Obv. 6. For the explanation of an eclipse of Kašši, see Introduction.

No. 251 (*Obv.* 3 *ff.*). When there is a storm in the land, prosperity of people. When a storm prevails in the land, the 'reign' of the land will rule great power. When a storm bursts on the day of Zu (?) (it has not been recorded: a storm is lucky and does not bring to evil. Last night a star 'the head of Scorpio' stood in front of the Moon. Its omen changes not, there is none, it has not been determined).

If *Ṣurru* the Moon (?) . . . (7) it is a constant omen.

Let them lay the month under a ban; every star of heaven has gone (?) and in the evil of the month Kislew, unless it pass, let them ban it.

Rev. 8 *ff.* We may find a parallel to this in Job iii, 8, 'Let them ban it that ban the day.' *Litruru* is the I, 2 conj. of *arâru*, the same word as used in the Hebrew.

No. 252. When a storm bursts in Adar, blight will come upon the land. The Uruk-god divides from Nebo (PA) to Nebo (ÚR), it will not rain. When the Uruk-god divides over a city, the city, the king and its princes will be happy. From Aḫišâ of Erech.

Obv. 3. ^{ilu} TIR . AN . NA = *Uruk*, Brunnow, *List*, No. 7665. Esarhaddon (KT. ii, 138, VI, 6) explains how he adorned the arches of his palace with a glaze, so that both in shape and colour they looked like ^{ilu} *Tiranna*, *i.e.*, the rainbow. It occurs elsewhere in the storm texts, 'When it thunders, the day is dark, heaven rains, Uruk divides, lightning lightens,' *etc.* (No. 258, obv. 1–3). *Cf.* K. 200, rev. 21, 'When a halo surrounds the Moon and *Tiranna* in its midst . . . . (and l. 23) when a halo surrounds the Moon and the halo like *Tiranna* II ú . . . .' Perhaps there is some connection between the word *Uruk* and the Syr. *ûrâgâ* 'versicolor.'

No. 252E (*Obv.* 13). Of that which the king, our lord, sent us, saying, 'Have ye had rain?' We have had much (?) rain.

XIII. Omens from Thunder.

No. 253. When it thunders on the day of the Moon's disappearance, the crops will prosper and the market will be steady. When it rains on the day of the Moon's disappearance, it will bring on the crops and the market will be steady. Long live the lord of kings! From Ašâridu.

No. 254 (*Obv.* 5 *ff.*). If Rammânu should thunder in the midst of the Sun, there will be mercy upon the land. ('In the midst of the Sun' which they say when, the Sun being at its zenith,

Rammânu speaks in the morning from the direction of the Sun's zenith.) From Balasî.

Rev. 2. The character *ik* may be *ri*.

No. 256. Of the work of which the king, my lord, spoke, this night of the twenty-second, with regard to Venus and *Kaksidi* we ourselves will do it, the magicians shall do it. When Rammânu thunders in the midst of the star Lî, the king's hand will overcome a land other than this.

Obv. 5. *kaksidi*. See Jensen, *Kosm.*, p. 49 *ff.*

No. 256A (*Obv.* 5 *ff.*). When Rammânu thunders in the great gate of the Moon, there will be a slaying of Elamite troops with the sword: the goods of that land will be gathered into another land. (This is what is when the Moon appears and it thunders.) From Buluṭu.

No. 256D (*Obv.* 1—*Rev.* 2). When it thunders in Ab, the day is dark, the heaven rains (?) the crops of the land will prosper. When it thunders on a cloudless day, there will be famine. When lightning lightens on a cloudless day, Rammânu will inundate. ('A cloudless day' = Ab. 'Rammânu will inundate,' which they say when . . . .) When a storm wind blows from the south, there will be a devastation of Aḫarrû.

Obv. 2. *irub* or *irup*. SU . SU . RU is explained as *irpi* (see No. 87, obv. 3, 5, 6).

No. 257. When it thunders in Ab, the day is dark, heaven rains, lightning lightens, waters will be poured forth in the channels. When it thunders on a cloudless day, there will be darkness (or) famine in the land.

Concerning this sickness the king has not spoken from his heart. The sickness lasts a year: people that are ill recover. Do thou grant, O king my lord, that they pursue the worship of the gods and pray the gods day and night. Does truth ever reach the king and his family? A man should kill a calf (?) without blemish, he should cut it in pieces; he himself should say as follows, 'A man that is in full health, his days are short (?): he is sick, his days are long.' From Ištar-šuma-íris.

Rev. 3. *iluttu*, perhaps from √*alâdu*, *aširtu* √*ašaru*, 'prosper, thrive.'

Rev. 4. *ibatti*, uncertain. *Cf.* however numerous Semitic words beginning with the root letters *b-t-* meaning 'to cut.' *Cf.* also the ceremony in Gen. xv, 10.

No. 258 (*Obv.* 7 *ff.*). When it rains in Ab there will be a slaughter of men. When a storm wind comes from the west, there will be a destruction of Aḫarrû. When it thunders twice, the land which sent thee hostility will send thee peace. From Nabû-aḫî-îriba.

No. 259. When it thunders in Tisri, the day is dark, heaven rains, the rainbow is divided, lightning lightens, the gods will have mercy on the land. From the Chief Scribe.

No. 260. When it thunders in Tisri, there will be hostility in the land. When it rains in Tisri, death to sick people and oxen (or) slaughter of the enemy. From Ṭabia.

No. 261. When it thunders in Sebat, there will be an invasion of locusts. When it thunders in Sebat, heaven will rain with stones.

No. 262 (*Obv.* 5, *ff.*). When it thunders in Adar, the day is dark, heaven rains, lightning lightens, a great flood will come, and the crops (will prosper). From . . .

XIV. Omens from Earthquakes.

No. 263. When the earth quakes through the whole day, there will be a destruction of the land. When it quakes continually, there will be an invasion of the enemy. From Nabû-iḳbi, of Kutha.

Obv. 2. *Nâšu* is used for heaven and earth quaking at the approach of a god. When Ninib marches, the heaven and earth quake (*inuššu* Rm. 126, Rev. 3–4 Delitzsch, p. 454, b). We can finally settle the meaning of *rîbu* from a comparison of these texts. No. 266, *Obv.* 5. *ff.* reports 'Last night *rîbu irtubu*.' Then follow three prognostics, the protases of which are (1) *Ana ina* ^{arḫu} *Ṭibiti ri-i-bu ŠU-ub* (2) *Ana ina* ^{arḫu} *Ṭibiti*

KI (= *irṣitu*) *ŠU-ub* (3) *Ana ina muši KI i-ru-ub.* From the first two it is obvious that *rîbu ŠU-ub* and *KI ŠU-ub* are closely analogous in meaning, or they would not have both been used to explain *rîbi irtubu.* It needs little further demonstration that *ŠU-ub* = *irûb*; but this can be directly proved from W.A.I. III, 61, rev. I, 3, where the protasis *inuma ri-i-bu i-ru-ub* is followed by the apodosis *šarru ina âl nakri uš-ba*, which is practically the same as that for *rîbu ŠU-ub* in our present text, both being omens for Tebet. Again, a comparison of W.A.I. III, 61, *obv.* III, 27, and No. 265, *obv*, 1–2 (both omens for Nisan), will show that *rîbu irûb* = *KI irûb.* The former has *inuma ri-i-bu i-ru-ub šarru mât-su BAL-su nap-paḫ-tum in-nap-paḫ*, and the latter *Ana ina* ^{arḫu} *Nisanni KI i-ru-ub šarru mât-su BAL-su* . . . Further, No. 264, though beginning 'of the *rîbi* of which the king, my lord, sent me, this is its interpretation,' yet in all three explanations given below it uses *KI-tim* or *KI.* We have now to settle the meaning of *rîbu.* No. 266, rev. 3–4, gives *Ana ina muši KI i-ru-ub na-zak mâti* . . . *šumḳuti* (*i*) *mâti*, but No. 267, rev. 1–2, gives as a variant *Ana KI ina muši i-nu-uš na-zak mâti* . . . . . , and No. 265, Obv. 3–4, *Ana KI-tim ina muši i-nu* . . *na-zak mâti šumḳuti* (*i*) *mâti.* From this it is plain that *irûb* = *inuš*, and the meaning of *inuš* 'shakes, quakes' is certain (Delitzsch, p. 454, b). We may therefore consider that *rîbu irûb* = *irṣitu irub* = *irṣitu inuš* = 'the earth quakes.'

Obv. 4. *Sadir* appears to have the meaning of 'prevailing.' It is used of the wind and storms. See Note to No. 123, Obv. 4.

No. 264. Concerning the earthquake of which the king, my lord, sent me, this is its interpretation. When the earth quakes continually there will be an invasion of the enemy. When the earth quakes in the night, harm will come to the land (or) devastation to the land . . . .

Of the remainder we can guess approximately at the sense. Apparently Ištar-šuma-íríš himself felt an earthquake in the night, and he reports on it in *ll.* 7–8, as well as giving the explanation above in *l.* 5. He is evidently writing his report

in answer to the king's question in the beginning of Nisan 655 B.C. (*cf.* Edge 1, 'Eponym Labasi'), but he does not seem certain whether the earthquake which the king felt happened in Nisan or the last month of the preceding year, for he sends the omen for an earthquake in Nisan, and then says 'unless it began in Adar.'

No. 265. When the earth quakes in Nisan, the king's land will revolt from him. When the earth quakes during the night, harm will come to the land, or devastation to the land. From Aplâ.

No. 265A (*Rev.* 3 *ff.*). The ends of the lines are mutilated, but I think we may read 'When the earth quakes in Tammuz, the prince will be magnified in the land of his foe.'

No. 265C (*Obv.* 1–2). The hiatus may be supplied from W.A.I. III, 61, III, 51, 'When the earth quakes in Tisri, the crops will prosper, there will be hostility in the land.'

No. 266 (*Obv.* 5, *ff.*). Last night there was an earthquake. When the earth quakes in Tebet, the king will sit in the city of his foe. When the earth quakes in Tebet, the palace of the prince will be smitten and go to ruins. When the earth quakes in the night, there will be harm to the land (or) devastation to the land. From the Chief Astrologer.

No. 267 (*Obv.* 12–15). When the earth quakes in Sebat, the corn its weight will weigh; there will be expeditions of the enemy. When the earth quakes in Sebat, another prince will sit in the palace.

Obv. 8. *Šamû issu* 'heaven speaks' = thunder.

Obv. 3. i.e. *kibrat irbitti*, Brunnow, *List*, No. 5782.

Obv. 10–11. *Iriškigal ikkilla-ša kima ur . . . . irṣitim mâtu inadi(di)*. Iriškigal is known to us through the Tell-el-Amarna tablets. (See Bezold-Budge, *Tell-el Amarna Tablets*, LXXXV.) She was invited to a feast of the gods and apparently entered the fourteen gates of their abode; but she and Nirgal quarrelled and he 'began to beat her head from the seat to the floor,' whereat she besought him not to kill her. Staying his hand he listened to her: he was to be husband, she the

wife, and they were to rule the wide earth: and so he took her, kissed her, and dried her tears, and whatever she desired was done for her.

The explanation of the 'mourning of Íríškigal' is evidently to be sought here, but what it means is difficult to say. The writer of the Tell-El-Amarna tablet perhaps intended an explanation of the word Íríškigal, when he finished his story with *minamma tírišinni*, 'whatever thou askest me.'

No. 267A. When the heavens are darkly smitten (?), there will be plenty in the land.

Ṣillâ has sent by the hand of Šakin-šumi thus, 'I will put thee to death, for why dost thou say "Sillâ has taken away my property;" now Munnabitu is the witness of thee, and Bíl . . . is my judge.' What witness is there in regard to such of my property as he has taken? If he learns all that I have told the king (and there is still some which I have not told the king) he will take it all. I have prayed in my father's house, but he has always acted craftily; he is always plotting against the men of my family (?). Let not the king, my lord, leave me. From Zakir.

Obv. 1. This text has been published by Pinches, *Texts in the Babylonian Wedge-writing*, p. 10, and again by Harper, *Assyrian Letters*, No. 416. The text of the first line may be read *Ana šamí adir-ma ḪI-iṣ. .*

Rev. 1. *iššû, lamídû;* verbs in dependent sentences and therefore with final *-u.*

Rev. 4. *Ḳatâ ultíli.* To 'lift the hands' is often an expression for prayer. *Cf.* the Series 'the Lifting of the Hand' (King, *Babylonian Magic*).

Rev. 6. ^{am}*ša-ti-iá.* Possibly this may be *amíl ša balâṭi-iá;* for this use of *balâṭu, cf.* No. 124, rev. 5.

XI. Omens from Eclipses.

No. 268. I have not informed the king, my lord, of the account of the eclipse with my own mouth, I have not yet written, so I send to the king. Of the eclipse, its evil up to the very month, day, watch, point of light where it began and where the Moon pulled and drew off its eclipse—these concern its evil.

Siwan = Aḫarrû, and a decision to Ur is given: it is evil for the fourteenth day, (which they explain 'the fourteenth day = Elam.') The exact point where it began we do not know; the Moon drew off part of its eclipse in a south-westerly direction. It is evil for Elam and Aḫarrû. From the east and north, when bright, it is lucky for Subarti and Akkad; it says that they will have favour (?) The omen of all lands:—the right of the Moon is Akkad, the left Elam, the top Aḫarrû, the bottom Subartu . . . .

(*Rev.* 3 *ff.*) The omen is favourable and the king, my lord, may be content. Jupiter stood in the eclipse; it portends peace for the king, his name will be honourable, unique . . . Of that name, let the king be bountiful towards anyone who shall greet the king; if the king be humble, the king of the gods of heaven and earth will send peace to the king, my lord. The king may say something thus: 'The king of the gods (thou sayest) will send peace; why then hast thou sent this about Sirrapu and Arubî?' I thus in my turn, 'Let the king go on in his work, let him continue upon his work, and may the king, my lord, be happy. May Bel and Nebo give all lands to the king, my lord.'

The king, my lord, gave me a command saying, 'keep my watch and tell me what happens.' Now all that has taken place before me with a propitious greeting to the king, my lord, unto the king I send. Twice, thrice . . in the presence of the king his hands (?) . . . and may the king enter into the despatches (?) . . . . that I have sent true words to the king. From Munnabitu.

Obv. 2. *kûmu* 'instead,' 'on the other hand.'

Obv. 3. *urrîtu*, evidently of the same root as *urru* 'daylight,' 'light.'

Rm. 193, from Zakir has not been inserted. The obv. is much broken; the rev. gives the omens for an eclipse from the 1st to the 30th of Siwan, for an eclipse on the 14th of Siwan (as in No. 270, rev. 1), for Pabilsag (as No 271, obv. 8). Rev. 13 *ff.* explains 'The evening watch is for corpses, the evening watch for three months and days . . . the . . is Akkad, Siwan is Aḫarrû, the fourteenth day is Elam.'

No. 269. When ḪU . BI . A is dark in the west, there will be a famine for the king of Aḫarrû . . . . When . . is dark and a

south wind 'rises,' locusts will come. When there is an eclipse of the Sun on the twenty-eighth of Iyyar, the king's days will be long, . . the land will eat an abundant market. (In Iyyar the Sun was eclipsed; it will eat plenty, the king's days will be long.) When the Sun at its zenith is like a crescent and becomes full like the Moon, the king will conquer the land of his enemy, the land will overcome (?) its evil and see happiness. When the Sun is eclipsed on the twenty-ninth of Iyyar, the shadow beginning in the north and remaining on the south, its left horn being pointed and its right horn long, the gods of the four regions will be troubled, a great . . will speak by the mouth of the god; the invasion of a . . king will come, the throne until the fifth year he will hold (?): there will be a revolt in Akkad: son will slay his father, brother will slay his brother, sick princes . . . days in Akkad, that king a dog will destroy: the enemy will capture a fenced (?) city, that king will die and there will be fighting in the temple of Bel. There will be corpses on the first day, the king of Aḫarrû . . . . (remainder multilated).

Obv. 4. *kupuru*, evidently connected with the Heb. *kâphâr* 'cover,' is the shadow of the eclipse. The ideograph = an enclosed shadow.

Obv. 7 refers to the Sun's appearance during an eclipse.

Obv. 8. *kaṭ lim* = ? Heb. *ḳâṭâl.*

Obv. 12. The first sign is probably not *lu.*

No. 270 (*Obv.* 4*ff.*). When an eclipse happens and a north wind blows, the gods will have mercy on the land. When the Moon rises darkly, there will be a darkening of . . . (?) When the Moon rises darkly . . . . , destruction of all lands. When the Moon rises darkly and becomes like . . . (?), the king will devastate countries in defeat, (or) the gods will devastate countries in defeat. When the Moon is dark in Siwan, Rammânu after a year will inundate the crops of the land. When an eclipse happens in Siwan in the evening watch, inrush of fish and locusts. When an eclipse happens on the fourteenth of Siwan, the king has the completing of the year, dies, and his son, who has no title to the kingdom, seizes the throne and there will be hostilities. When from the first to the thirtieth of Siwan an eclipse happens, an eclipse of the king of Akkad, . . . of might will be, and Rammânu will inundate the crops of the land.

A great army (or) an army will be slain. Though for prosperity the king, city, and people work mightily and they are successful, there will be no springing up of produce in that year. When on the . . day an eclipse happens, and the god in his shadow . . . . until the middle watch, the end, and the north part of the Moon comes into thy hand, to Ur and the king of Ur a decision will be given; the land of Ur will see famine: corpses will be numerous. The king of Ur, his son injures him, and the son who injures his father Šamaš overcomes him, and in the pain of his father he will die: the son who has no title to the kingdom takes the throne. An eclipse of the evening watch is for corpses. When the day is fine in the evening watch, it is for three months and ten days. Siwan = Aḫarru: the fourteenth day = Elam: the evening watch = Akkad . . . to the king happiness . . .

Obv. 16. *bubulti: biblu, bibiltu* = produce.

No. 271 (*Obv.* 1–3). When an eclipse happens on the fourteenth of Siwan, and of the god in his shadow, the third side above is in shadow and the fourth side below is clear, it comes over the second side in the evening watch, and in the middle watch the end of its shadow appears and the second side comes into thy hand . . . (*The remainder to line* 7 *is similar to the preceding.*)

(*Obv.* 8 *ff.*) [When] . . below Pabilsag is dark, a decision is given to Muttabal and Babylon. An eclipse of the morning watch is for sickness, and a bright day in the morning watch is for three months and ten days. (The morning watch = Elam, the fourteenth day = Elam, Siwan = Aḫarru, the second side = Akkad) . . . . .

(*Rev.* 2 *ff.*) When an eclipse happens in the morning watch and it completes the watch, a north wind blowing, the sick in Akkad will recover. When an eclipse begins on the first side and stands on the second, there will be a slaughter of Elam: Guti will not approach Akkad. When an eclipse happens and stands on the second side, the gods will have mercy on the land. When the Moon is dark in Siwan, after a year Rammânu will inundate. When the Moon is eclipsed in Siwan, there will be flood and the product of the waters of the land will be abundant. When in Siwan an eclipse of the morning

watch happens, the temples of the land will be smitten, Samas will be hostile. (*Rev.* 14.) When an eclipse happens in Siwan out of its time, an all-powerful king will die, and Ramman will inundate; a flood will come and Ramman will diminish the crops of the land; he that goes before the army will be slain.

No. 271A. The Moon appeared on the 15th of Elul (with) the Sun; the eclipse failed. . . .

No. 272 (*Obv.* 7 *ff.*). When Sarur and Sargaz of the sting of Scorpio are bright, the weapons of Akkad will come. (The sting of Scorpio is the great lord Pabilsag). Venus is standing in Pabilsag. When Nirgal stands in Pabilsag, a strong enemy will raise (his weapons in) the land, Bel will give his weapons to the enemy; the wide forces of the enemy will slay troops. When Scorpio is dark, the kings of all lands will cause hostility (?) (or) the kings of all lands will rival (?). When Scorpio assumes a darkness, the food of men will be evil. (Mars stood within it.) When Libra is dark, the third year locusts will come and devour the crops of the land (or) locusts will devour the land . . . will devour the standing crops. The third year . . . Mars has stood within Scorpio: this is its interpretation. When Mars approaches Scorpio, the prince will die by a scorpion's sting (or) will be captured in his palace. . . . .

When Jupiter has culminated and passed Regulus and brightened it, the back part of Regulus (which Jupiter had passed and brightened) reaches and passes Jupiter, and it (Jupiter) then goes to its disappearance, there will be war, and the enemy will come and seize the throne, the land will be ravaged twice.

All the omens that have come to me concern Akkad and its princes; none of their evil concerns the king my lord: the eclipse of the Moon and Sun which happened in Siwan—these omens which are evil for Akkad and the kings of Aḫarrû are for Akkad; and yet in this month Marcheswan an eclipse happened . . . and Jupiter stood within the eclipse—it is well for the king, my lord. This is all which Bíl-ušízib has sent to the king. Let the king so act that I may raise myself before the king, my lord. The princes of Akkad whom the king, thy father, had appointed have ravaged Babylon and carried off the goods of Babylon: in consequence of these omens of

evil which have come to me, let the army of the king go and in the palace . . . capture them and appoint others in their stead. Unless the king acts speedily, the foe . . .: he shall come and change them. I am clear. . .

Obv. 11. Nírgal is Mars: Jensen, *Kosm.*, p. 135.

Obv. 12. *mattu* is evidently a gloss to *miṣu* from the root *maṣû* to be broad.

Rev. 4. Evidently here we have a description of an apparent retrogression of Jupiter which appears to have formed a 'loop' near Regulus. Such a case happened to Mars and Regulus in 1868. In cases where a phenomenon repeats its action, the result of such an omen will also have a double effect —the land will be ravaged twice. *Cf.* also 'when it thunders twice, the land which sent thee hostility will send thee peace' (No. 258, rev. 3).

Rev. 13. *našaka*, *i.e.*, I may no longer prostrate myself.

No. 272c. An eclipse of the Moon will take place on the fourteenth of Adar. When on the fourteenth of Adar an eclipse of the evening watch happens to the Moon, a decision will be given to the all-powerful king, the king of Ur and Aḫarrû. Jupiter and Venus . . . in the eclipse of the Moon. When in Adar an eclipse of the Moon takes place, the king of Elam . . . When in Adar an eclipse of the evening watch . . . When in Adar from the first to the thirtieth day an eclipse happens, the reign of the king will be long, hostility . . . When for peace the king, the city and its people work and are at peace . . . (?) a flood will come and the great waters will burst forth. When the eclipse happens, let the king, my lord, send and for the king the great waters in Akkad . . . and burst forth, someone shall hear of it. From Nírgal-íṭir.

Rev. 4. *ina* ŠI . MU. The text is slightly doubtful; it might possibly be translated 'within a year.'

No. 273. On the fourteenth an eclipse will take place; it is evil for Elam and Aḫarrû, lucky for the king, my lord; let the king, my lord, rest happy. It will be seen without Venus; to the king, my lord, I say 'there will be an eclipse.' From Irašši-ilu, the servant of the king (the greater).

No. 274. To the king of countries, my lord, thy servant Bíl-usur (?) May Bel, Nebo and Šamaš be gracious to the king my lord. An eclipse has happened but it was not visible in Aššur; this eclipse passed the city Aššur, wherein the king is dwelling; now there are clouds everywhere so that whether it did or did not happen we do not know. Let the lord of kings send to Assur, to all cities, to Babylon, Nippur, Erech and Borsippa; whatever has been seen in those cities the king will hear for certain. The omens (?) . . the omen for an eclipse happened in Adar and Nisan; I send all to the king, my lord, and they shall make a *nambulbi*-ceremony for the eclipse. Without fail (?) let not the king omit (?) to act rightly. The great gods in the city wherein the king dwells have obscured the heavens and will not show the eclipse; so let the king know that this eclipse is not directed against the king, my lord, or his country. Let the king rejoice.

(When) it thunders in Nisan, corn (?) will be diminished.

No. 274A. The eclipse will pass, it will not take place. If the king should say 'What omens hast thou seen?'—the gods have not been seen with one another . . . . . the eclipse will pass, the Moon will be seen with (?) the Sun. From Munnabitu.

No. 274B (*Rev.* 1, *ff.*). The messenger who went to Marduk . . . returned, saying 'We have not been able to see the Sun, it is clouded over.' They have not seen it, nor have we, so we cannot return its report (?).

No. 274F (*Obv.* 1–8). To the king, my lord, I sent 'An eclipse will take place.' Now it has not passed, it has taken place. In the happening of this eclipse it portends peace for the king, my lord. Iyyar is Elam, the fourteenth day is Elam, the morning watch is . . . .

XVI. Omens from Akulutum.

No. 275. *Akulutum.* Though evidently connected with the root *akâlu* 'to eat,' the meaning is quite doubtful. It might perhaps be 'rust' or 'mildew.'

XVII. Omens from Births.

No. 276 (*Obv.* 1). IZ . BU UŠ u SAL . LA *i.e.* a hermaphrodite.

Obv. 'When a hermaphrodite is born which has no . . the son of the palace will rule the land (or) the king will capture.'

No. 277. When a fœtus has eight legs and two tails, the prince of the kingdom will seize power.

A certain butcher whose name is Uddanu has said 'When my sow littered, (a fœtus) had eight legs and two tails, so I preserved it in brine, and put it in the house.' From Nírgal-íṭir.

Obv. 5. ^{am} *maḫiṣu*, i.e. 'the smiter,' but doubtful.

Rev. 2. *ṭâbtu-andidil : cf. ina ṭabti ušnil* of Nabû-bíl-šumi, W.A.I. V, 7, 40 (Delitzsch, 439a). *Andidil* would appear to be a form like *uktataṣar*, Delitzsch, 591, a.

Rev. 3. It is possible that *bîtu* has the meaning of 'box' as *bêth* has sometimes in Hebrew.

TRANSLITERATIONS.

TRANSLITERATIONS.

I. Omens from the Moon's appearance on the first day, and from full Moon.

No. 1. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} innamir (2) sanâḳu ša pî (3) lib-bi mâti iṭâb (ab) (4) Ana ûmu ana minâti ^{pl}-šu írik (5) pâl ûmí ^{pl} arkûti ^{pl} (6) šá ^{m} Bu-ul-lu-ṭu. [81–2–4, 133.]

No. 2. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin] ûmu I ^{kám} innamir(ir) (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (ab) (3) Ana ûmu a-na minâti ^{pl}-šu írik (4) ûmí ^{pl} pal-í arkûti ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} Ša-pi-ku mâr [Bar-sib ^{ki}]. [81–2–4, 134.]

No. 3. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kam}] innamir(ir) (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (3) Ana ûmu a-na minâti ^{pl}-šu írik (4) pâl ûmí ^{pl} arkûti ^{pl} (5) šá ^{m} Bu-ul-lu-ṭi. [83–1–18, 185.]

No. 4. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} innamir sanâḳu ša pî [lib mâti iṭâb] (2) Ana ûmu a-na minati ^{pl}šu [írik] (3) pâl ûmí ^{pl} arkûti $^{[pl]}$ (4) šá ^{m} Bu-ul-[lu-ṭu]. [82–5–22, 83.]

No. 5. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu ana] minâti-šu írik (2) pâl ûmí^{pl} arkûti ^{pl} (3) mi-na-at arḫi ûmu XXX ^{kám} ú-[šal-lam] (4) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} innamir(ir) sanâḳu ša pî (5) lib mati iṭâb (6) [ša ^{m}]^{ilu} Nabû-ikiša(ša) mâr [Bar-sib ^{ki}]. [K. 900.]

No. 6. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kam} [innamir] (2) sanâḳu ša pî [lib mâti iṭâb] (3) Ana ûmu (mu) ana minâti [^{pl} írik] (4) pâl ûmí [^{pl}arkûti] (5) šá $^{m\,ilu}$ . . . . . [K. 1388.]

No. 6A. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} [innamir] (2) sanâḳu ša pî . . . (3) lib mâti iṭâb . . . (4) Ana ûmu ana minâti ^{pl}-šu [írik] (5) pâl ûmí ^{pl} arkuti $^{[pl]}$ (6) šá $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-mu-ší-ṣi. [S. 1664.]

No. 7. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ûmi I ^{kám} innamir (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (3) Ana ûmu a-na mi-na-ti-šu í-ri-ik (4) pâl ûmí ^{pl} arkûti ^{pl} (5) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu agû a-pìr (6) Šarru a-ša-ri-tam (*sic*) illak (ak) (7) šá ^{m} Ištar-šuma-íriš (íš). [K. 696].

No. 8. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] Sin ûmu I ^{kám} [innamir] (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib [mâti iṭâb] (3) Ana ûmu ana mi-na-ti-šu [irik] (4) pâl ûmí ^{pl} arkûti $^{[pl]}$ (5) . . . . . ûmu XXX ^{kám} míš tum . . . . (6) ú-šal-[lam] *Rev.* (1) ûmu I ^{kám} . . . . (2) Damḳu . . (3) limutti Ílama (ma) ^{ki} . . . . (4) ûmu XIV ^{kám} itti ^{ilu} Šamši [innammar] (5) šá ^{m} Ba-la-si-i. [K. 784.]

No. 9. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} innamir (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (ab) (3) šá ^{arḫu} Nisanni ^{arḫu} Tašrîti (?) (4) Ana agû a-pìr kâimânu-ma (5) íbûr mâti iššir šarru a-ša-ri-du-tam illak (ak). [82–5–22, 60.]

No. 10. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} [innamir] (2) Sanâḳu ša pî lib [mâti iṭâb] (3) Ana ûmu (mu) ana minâti ^{pl}-šu írik(ik) (4) pâl ûmi ^{pl} arkûti ^{pl} (5) [Ana Sin] ina tamarti-šu agû a-pìr (6) kaîmânu-ma íbur mâti iššir *Rev.* (1) . . a-bur-riš uššab (ab) (2) šurru ašaridu-tam illak (ak) (3) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabu-iḳ-bi (4) mâr Kûtî ^{ki}. [K. 744.]

No. 11. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu ana minâti ^{pl}-šu írik (2) pâl ûmí ^{pl} arkûti ^{pl} (3) mi-na-at arḫi ûmu I ^{kám} ú-šal-lam . . (4) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} innamir (ir) (5) sanâḳu ša pî [lib mâti] iṭâb(ab) (6) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu . . . ka-a-a . . . ma (7) íbur mâti iššir . . *Rev.* (1) šarru a-ša-ri-du-tam [illak] (ak) (2) damiḳti ša šarri bíl-ia šú-ú (3) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-ikiša (ša) mâr Bar-sib^{ki}. [K. 756.]

No. 11A. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ûmi I ^{kám} innamir [sanâḳu ša pî] (2) lib mâti [iṭâb] (3) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu [agû apir] (4) kaîmânu-ma [íbûr mâti iššir] (5) mâtu a-bur-riš [uššab] (6) šarru ašaridu-[tam illak] (7) Ana ûmu ana minâti ^{pl}-[šu írik] *Rev.* (1) pâl ûmí ^{pl} [arkuti ^{pl}] (2) šanât ^{pl} šarri [maʿ dâti ?] (3) ša ^{m} Ṭâbu-[ṣil ^{ilu} Marduk]. [K. 1308.]

No. 12. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I kám innamir (ir) [sanâḳu ša]pî (2) lib-bi mâti i-ṭa-ab (3) Ana ûmu ana minâti pl-šu írik(ik) (4) pâl ûmí pl arkûti pl (5) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu agû a-pìr kaîmânu-ma (6) íbûr mâti iššir mâtu a-bur-riš uššab (ab) (7) šarru a-ša-ri-du-tam illak (ak) (8) ša m Ṭa-bi-ia. [81-2-4, 85.]

No. 13. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I kám innamir sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (ab) (2) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu agû [apir kaîmânu-ma] (3) íbûr mâti iššir [mâtu aburriš uššab] (4) šarru ašaridu-[tam illak] (5) ša m Aḫî pl-ša-a am [Urukai]. [K. 840].

No. 14. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I kám innamir (ir) (2) sanâḳu ša pî (3) lib mâti iṭâb (4) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu agû a-pìr (5) šarru ašaridu-tam (6) illak (ak) *Rev.* (1) m ilu Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [K. 701.]

No. 15. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I kám innamir (ir) sanâḳu ša pî (2) lib mâti iṭâb (ab) (3) Ana ûmu(mu) a-na minâti pl-šu írik (4) pâl ûmí (mí) arkûti pl (5) Ana ina arḫu Du ʿûzi ûmu XIV kám Sin u Šamšu (6) itti a-ḫa-miš innammaru pl *Rev.* (1) A-na šarri bíl-ia ardu-ka (2) m Ṭâbu-ṣil-ilu Marduk mâr-šu (3) ša m ilu Bíl . . . . . (4) ilu Bíl u ilu Nabû šú-lum ṭu-ub lib-bi (5) ṭu-ub šîri a-ra-ku úmí pl (6) ur-ru-ku pa-li-í (7) u ku-un-nu išid iṣu kussi (8) [ša] šarri bíl-ia a-na da-ri-iš (9) liḳ-bu-ú. [K. 754.]

No. 16. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I kám innamir sanâḳu sâ pî (2) lib mâti iṭab (ab) (3) Ana ûmu ana minâti pl-šu îrik (4) pâl ûmí pl arkûti pl (5) arḫu Addaru arḫu Ululu rîš šatti (6) ki-i šá arḫu Nisannu arhu Tašrîtu *Rev.* (1) ina rîš šatti (2) ilu Sin itti damiḳtim (tim) (3) šá arak ûmi(mí) palî (4) a-na šarri bí-ili-ia (5) i-sa-ap-ra (6) šá m ilu Aššur-šar-a-[ni]. [K. 775.]

No. 17. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu agû a-pìr (2) Šarru ašaridu-tam illak (ak) (3) ûmu I kám innammar-ma (4) Ana ûmu ana minâti pl-šu írik (5) pâl ûmí(mí)- šu arkûti pl (6) mi-na-at arḫi (7) ûmu XXX kám ú-šal-lam-ma *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I kám innamir-ma (2) damiḳti mâtu Akkadi ki (3) limutti mâtu Ílama u Aḫarrî (4) arḫu Abu mâtu Akkadu ki (5) damiḳti ša šarri bí-ili-iá (6) ša m ilu Nabû-šuma-iškun (un). [K. 803.]

No. 18. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I kám innamir (ir) (2) Sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (ab) (3) [Ana] ûmu ana minâti pl-šu írik (ik) (4) pâl umí pl arkûti pl (5) [Ana] Sin ina tamarti-šu agû a-pìr *Rev.* (1) šarru a-ša-ri-du-tam illak (ak) (2) ša m ilu Bíl-naṣir (ir) (3) m ilu Bíl-ípuš (uš) mâr Bâbíli ki am ḪAL (4) ma-a-du ma-ru-uṣ (5) šarru liḳ-bi-ma am asu (6) lil-lik-ma li-mur-šu. [83–1–18, 195.]

No. 19. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I kám innamir (ir) sanâḳu ša pî (2) lib-bi mâti i-ṭa-bi (3) Ana ûmu (mu) ana minati pl-šu írik (ik) (4) [pâl ûmí] pl arkûti pl (5) . . . . . na . . šamí(í?) (6) . . . . . šarri bí-ili-ia (7) . . . . . il-tap-ra *Rev.* (1) ilu Aššur ilu Šamšu ilu Nabû u ilu Marduk (2) ûmu (mu) a-na ûmu (mu) arḫu a-na arḫi (3) šattu a-na šatti ṭu-ub lib-bi (4) ṭu-ub šîri ḫi-du-ti u ri-ša-a-ti (5) iṣu kussi ša ki-na-a-ti (6) a-na da-riš a-na ûmí pl arkûti pl (7) ù šanâti pl ma-ʿ-da-a-ti (8) a-na šarri bí-ili-ia lid-di-nu (9) ša m ilu Nabû-iḳ-bi.

[Rm. 198.]

No. 19A. *Obv.* [Ana Sin ûmu] I kám innamir (ir) (2) [sanâḳu ša pî] lib-bi mâti iṭâb (ab) (3) [Ana ûmu ana minâti] pl-šu írik (ik) (4) [pâl ûmí pl] arkûti (*Remainder lost.*) *Rev.* (*Top wanting.*) (1) . . . . . (2) [ûmu a-na ûmi arḫu] a-na arḫi (3) [šattu] a-na šatti (4) [ṭu-ub] lib-bi ṭu-ub šîri (5) [ḫi-du]-ti ri-ša-a-ti iṣu kussi (6) [ša ki-na]-a-ti a-na da-riš (7) [a-na umí] pl arkûti pl šanâti pl (8) [ma-ʿ]-da-a-ti a-na šarri (9) [bí-]-ili-iá lid-di-nu.

[80–7–19, 154.]

No. 20. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin] ûmu I kám innamir (ir) (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (ab) (3) Ana ûmu ana minâti pl-šu írik (ik) (4) pal-í ûmí pl arkûti pl (5) Ana ina arḫu Šabâṭi abnu illik(ik) (6) nu ḫu-uš nišî pl . . . . *Rev.* (1) [Ša]-ḳi-í maḫiri (2) [ilu] Aššur ilu Šamšu ilu Nabû u ilu Marduk (3) [iṣu] kussi ša ki-na-a-ti (4) [a]-na da-riš a-na ûmí pl (5) [arkûti] pl a-na šarri (6) [bí-ili]-ia id-dan-nu (7) [ša m] ilu Nabû-iḳ-bi. [83–1–18, 219.]

No. 21. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I kám innamir (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (3) Ana ûmu (mu) a-na mi-na-ti-šu í-ri-ik (4) pâl ûmí pl arkûti pl (5) ilu Muštabarrû-mûtânu . . . II-ú III-šu (6) ina ûmí (mí) an-ni-i ní-ta-ṣar (7) ḳa ni-í-mur (8) ir-tí-bi *Rev.* (1) is-

su-ri šarru bí-li i-ḳab-bi (2) ma-a ittu-šu-ú mí-mí-ni í-ba-ši (3) šá ir-bu-u-ni (4) la-aš-šu (5) šá ^{m} Ištar-šuma-íríš. [Bu. 91–5–9, 14.]

No. 21A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu ana mi-na]-ti-šu í-ri-ik (2) [pâl] ûmí ^{pl} arkûti ^{pl} (3) [^{ilu} Muštabarrû-mûtânu] (a-nu) mu-šu an-ni-u (4) . . . . ^{ilu} AL-LUL ú-ṣa (5) [ša^{m}] Ištar-šuma-íríš (iš).

[83–1–18, 224.]

No. 22. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] Sin ûmu I ^{kám} innamir [sanâḳu ša pî] lib-bi mâti iṭâb (ab) (2) Ana ûmu (mu) ana minâti ^{pl}-[šu írik] pâl ûmí ^{pl} arkûti $^{[pl]}$ (3) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu agû [apir šarru] ašaridu-tam illak (ak) (4) ^{ilu} Aššur ^{ilu} Šamšu ^{ilu}[Nâbû ^{ilu}] Marduk ^{mâtu} Ku-ú-ši u ^{mâtu} Mi-ṣir (5) a-na ḳatâ ^{II} šarri [bí-ili-ia] i-im-nu-ú ina í-mu-ḳu (6) ša šarri bí-ili-i[a . . .] ḫu-bu-us-su-nu (7) iḫ-tab-tu-nu . . . . . ši ú (?) ka (?) i-da-šu-nu (8) ma-la ba-šú-[u ^{alu} Ni]-na-a ^{ki} šú-bat šarru-ú-ti-ka (9) ul-tí-ri-bu [u] ḫu-bu-us-su-nu (10) a-na ardâni ^{pl} [ípušu?] ki-i pi-i an-nim-ma (11) ^{ilu} Šamšu u ^{ilu} Marduk [^{mâtu} Gi]-mir-ra-a (12) ^{am} Man-[na-a-a . .] ^{pl} ma-la la-pa-an *Rev.* (1) Šarri . . . . . [ana] ḳatâ šarri bí-ili-ia (2) lim-nu-ú [šarru bí]-ili-a li-iḫ-bu-ti (3) kaspa ḫuraṣa . . . . i-da-šu-nu (4) ma-la [ba-šu-u . . .] šu-nu la tal-la-ka (5) . . . aš . . . . . ri . . . . ka ti (6) a-na ni . . . . . [šarri] bí-ili . . . . . bi (7) ḫi-[du-ti] lib-bi [ṭub šíri ^{iṣu} kussi] (8) ša ki-na-a-ti [ana da]-riš [ana ûmí] ^{pl} (9) ù šanâti ^{pl} arkâti $^{[pl]}$ . . . ^{pl} (10) [a]-na šarri bí-ili-ia . . . šu lid-di-[nu] (11) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-[iḳ]-bi.

[83–1–18, 202 + 305.]

No. 22A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kam} in]-na-mir (2) [pû] i-ka-nu (3) [lib] ma-a-ti i-ṭa-bi (4) . . išid ta-mar-ti ^{ilu} Sin (5) . . . it-tab-ši (6) . . . is (?) . . (?) za ní ḫa (7) pâl-šu i-ka-nu *Rev.* (1) . . ma-'-du (2) . . . ma-'-ar (3) . . . . GUD UD (4) . . . ta-mar-ti ^{ilu} Sin (5) . . . tam-mar-ma (6) [ša $^{m\,ilu}$] Nírgal-íṭir (ir).

[K. 856.]

No. 22B. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kam} innamir (ir) sanâḳu ša pî (2) lib-bi mâti iṭâb (ab) (3) [Ana ûmu ana minâti-šu] írik (4) [pal ûmí ^{pl}] arkûti ^{pl} (5) . . . . [in]-nam-ru (6) . . . i in-nam-ma-ru (7) . . na ki (?) it (?) ul iš-šim-mi *Rev.* (1) . . . ia a-na bíl šarrâni ^{pl} (2) . . . . . uḳ-bi (3) . . . . [lu]-da-ri (4) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du.

[K. 753.]

No. 23. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Du 'ûzi (?) ûmu I ^{kám} innamir (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (3) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu agû a-pìr (4) šarru ašaridu-[tam] il-lak (5) Ana Sin agû a (?)-da (?)-ru a-pìr (6) ^{ilu} Sin [nakra] i (?)-maḫ-ḫa-aṣ (7) ûmu adaru a (?) pìr . . . . šír-ir-ti (?) *Rev.* (1) . . . . . (2) Ana Sin ina . . . (3) Šarru . . . . (4) mâtu . . . . (*Remainder, some three lines, obliterated.*)

[80–7–19, 65.]

No. 23A. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin NU ŠI (?) . . . . (2) Ana Sin la innamir ilâni ^{pl} (?) . . . . . (3) milku (?) . . . . . (4) Ana agû IM DIR a-pìr Zi . . . . . (5) ^{šárru} Šûtu itbi-ma . . . . . (6) : UK-ma ḪA . A : ınbu . . . . . (7) Sin ina tamarti . . . . . *Rev.* (1) maṣṣartu ša . . . . (2) IM . . . . (*Remainder lost.*) [K. 12283.]

No. 24. *Obv.* (1) . . . . ^{kám} innamir ^{ilu} Rammânu iraḫiṣ (iṣ) (2) . . . . . (3) . . . . . ti ra ûmu XXIX ^{kám} ^{ilu} Sin innammar (4) . . . . . pâl ûmu(mu) arkûti ^{pl} (5) . . . . . pû la ki-nı a-lak-ti (6) [la ṭab]-ti ina mâti irašši(ši) (7) . . . . . ^{kám} adi ûmi XXX ^{kám} adi arḫi (8) . . . araḫ ^{mâtu} Í lama (ma) ^{ki} (9) [ša ^{m} ^{ilu} Bíl-li'] mar ^{m} Í-gi-bi ^{am} mašmašu. [K. 1399.]

No. 24A. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu agû apìr kai-mânu-[ma] (2) mâtu a-bur-riš uššab (ab) šarru [ašaridutam illak] (3) Ana ḳarnâti ^{pl} šu . . . . . (4) mir-ra . . . . . (5) mir (*Remainder broken off.*) *Rev.* (1) [ša ^{m}] ^{ilu} Bíl-šuma-iškun(un).

[K. 12367 + 13175.]

II. Omens from the Horns of the Moon.

No. 25. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] Sin ina ^{arḫu} ? ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) . . . . . ^{ki} ikkal (3) [Ana Sin ina] tamarti-šu ḳarnâti ^{pl}-šu tur-ru-ka (4) [paṭar bi-ra]-a-ti (5) [a-rad maṣṣarâti taš-mu-ú (6) [u sa-li]-mu ina mâti ibašši [ši] *Rev.* (1) GI : ta-ra-ki (2) GI : ša-la-mu (3) GI : ka-a-nu (4) ḳarnâti^{pl}-šu kun-na (5) limutti ša ^{mâtu} Aḫarrî ^{ki} ù damiḳti (6) ša šarri bíl-ia (7) ša ^{m} Za-kir. [K. 770.]

No. 26. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I kám innamir (ir) (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb(ab) (3) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu agû a-pìr (4) íbûr mâti iššir [šarru] ašaridu-tam (5) [illak] ak (6) Ana Sin karnâti pl -šu . . . . mit-ḫa-ra (7) Ana mâti šubtu ní-iḫ-tum *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ud-du-da (2) šarru a-šar pa-nu-šu šaknu (nu) (3) mâta i-bí-íl (4) : a-(*sic*) ú-sa-na-ḳu ú-na-kap (5) ša m Irašši(ši) ilu ardu ša šarri (6) maḫru(u). [83–1–18, 242.]

No. 27. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I kám innamir sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (2) Ana Sin ina tamarti-[šu]ḳarnâti . . . . . (*Two (?) lines broken out*) (5) . . . du si (7) . . . . . da (6) dan . . . . . ru ša kar . . . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana ḳarnâti pl-su tur-ru-ka (2) paṭar alu bi-ra-a-ti (3) a-rad maṣṣarâti pl taš-mu-ú (4) u sa-li-mu ina mâti ibašši(ši) (5) GI | ta-ra-ku | GI. | ka-a-nu (6) man-za-za ki-i-ni izzaz(az)-ma (7) ša m A-ša-ri-du maḫru(û). [K. 874.]

No. 28. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ûmu I kám innamir sanâḳu ša pî [lib mâti iṭâb] (2) Ana umî(mî) ana minâti pl-šu írik [pâl ûmi pl arkûti pl] (3) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ûmu namru í-di . . . (4) ku-ru-sis-su tibû-ma (5) šamaššammà ikkal (6) ki . . . . ši-ma (7) Ana agû a-pìr šarru a-ša-ri-du-tam *Rev.* (1) illak(ak) (2) [Ana] kakkabu iṣrur-ma ki-ma ḳi (?)-iṣ-ri (3) [ultu] írib šamši ana ṣît šamši irbi ma mâtu Í lama ki (4) . . . . zag-mu nakri ikašad-dim . . . (5) ummâni(ni) ša mâtu Í lama ki . . . . . (6) ša m Za-kir. [80–7–19, 59.]

No. 29. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin] ûmu I kám innamir sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭab (2) [Ana Sin] ina tamarti-šu karnâti pl-šu id-da (3) šar Akkadi ki í-ma illaku(ku) mâta ibíl(íl) (4): Šar Akkadi ki í-ma pani pl-šu šaknu(nu) (5) mâta un-na-áš (6) [Ana Sin ina] tamarti-šu ana šumíli-šu pani pl šu šaknu(nu) (7) . . . . . -ni saluppu u . . . . pl (8) [ina] tamarti-šu iltanu illak ma (*Remainder of obv. and top of rev. broken off.*) *Rev.* (1) . . . šamí(í) izzizi(zi) (2) mul SAG . MÍ . GAR a-na írib šamši ittiḳ(iḳ) (3) šubtu ni-iḫ-ti šalmu(mu) damiḳ-tim(tim) ana mâti (4) [Ana ilu Šamšu] ina ni-du ippuha(ha) šarru izziz-ma iṣu kakku ibašši(ši) (5) mul SAG. MÍ. GAR umí pl dannûti pl ina šamí(í) (6) izzaz(az)-ma (7) [sam] A-ša-ri-du maḫrû(ú) ardu ša šarri. [S. 86.]

No. 30. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} innamir(ir) sanâḳu ša pî (2) lib mâti iṭâb (3) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu agû a-pìr (4) šarru a-ša-ri-du-ti il-lak (5) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ḳarnu imitti-šu írik-ma (6) ḳarni šumíli-šu ik-ru (7) šarru mâtu la šú-a-tum ḳat-su i-kaš-šad (8) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu rabiš irbi (9) Atalû išakkan(an) *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu rabiš ib-ta-il (2) íbûr mâti iššir. (3) Ûmu(mu) a-na mi-na-ti-šu írik (4) pal-í ûmí ^{pl} arkûti ^{pl} (5) Ûmu XXX ^{kám} ú-šal-lam-ma (6) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Ululi atal Ílama(ma) ^{ki} (7) ^{ilu} Sin išakkan (an) (8) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [K. 741.]

No. 31. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} [innamir] (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (3) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu immir(ir) (4) ^{mâtu} Akkadu libbu-ša ibaluṭ(uṭ) inamir(ir) (5) ummâni(ni) nuḫša immar(mar) (6) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu karnâti ^{pl}-šu ú-du-[da] (7) Šar Akkadi ^{ki} í-ma pani ^{pl}-šu [šaknu] (8) mâtu i bi-[il] *Rev.* (1) Ana ûmu(mu) a-na mi-na-ti-[šu írik] (2) pali ^{pl} ûmi ^{pl} [arkuti ^{pl}] (3) Ana ûmí ^{pl} a-na mi-na-ti-[šu-nu íriku] (4) šanât ^{pl} šarri ina . . . . (5) ši-i-ma . . . . . (6) Šanâti ^{pl} an-nu-ti ú-ma . . . (7) a-dan-niš a-na . . . . (8) ina íli šá í-da-at . . . (9) is-dir-u-ni ûmu I $^{kám\,pl}$-ni . . (10) Šá ^{m} Ištar-šuma-íríš. [K. 788.]

No. 32. (1) [Ana Sin ina tamarti]-šu agû a-pìr (2) [íbûr mâti] iššir matu a-bur-riš uššab (3) šarru ašaridu-tam illak (4) Ana Sin ina tamarti-su ḳarnâti ^{pl}-šu id-da (5) Šarru mât nakri-šu ú-nak-[kap] *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Du ʿûzi ûmu XXX ^{kám} [innamir] (2) sapaḫ(aḫ) mâtâti . . (3) šarru a-na limutti la ú-ga-ri (?) (4) . . Agû a-pìr adâru u ḳarnâti ^{pl} šu (5) . . . . ra damiḳti ša šarri (6) [ša ^{m} A-ša]-ri-du maḫrû(ú) (7) [ardu ša] šarri.

[K. 12388 + 13101.]

No. 33. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ûmu I ^{kám} innamir(ir) (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb(ab) (3) ^{mul}Muštabarrû-mûtânu (a-nu) (4) ša ina lib ^{mul} Aḳrabi u-zu . . . . (5) a-na a-ṣi-í . . . (6) il-ta-pat (7) a-di ûmi XXV ^{kám} ša ^{arḫu} . . . . *Rev.* (1) ù ša-ru-ru-šu ma-aḳ-[tu] (2) lib ša šarri bí-ili-iâ lu-ṭa-a-[bi] (3) šarru ma-ʿ-diš lu-ḫa-[di] (4) a-di uṣ-ṣu-ú (5) ma-ṣar-ti ša ram-ni-šu (6) šarru li-iṣ-ṣur (7) ša ^{m} I rašši (ši)-ilu ardu ša šarri maḫru(u). [83–1–18, 243.]

No. 34. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu] agû a-pir îbûr mâti iššir [mâtu] (2) [Aburriš] uššab(ab) šarru asaridu-tam [illak] (3) [Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu] ḳarnâti ^{pl}-šu id-da GAN . BA iṣ (?) . . . (4) ina mâti ibašši(ši) (5) [Ana Sin ina tamarti]-šu SI ^{pl}-šu ud-du-da šar Akkadi ^{ki} í-[ma] (6) [illaku mâta] un-na-aš : í-ma pa-nu-šu šak-nu. (7) [mâta ibíl . .] pi ma damiḳti ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} limutti ^{mâtu} Í-lama (ma) ^{ki} (8) [i-di]-du ṣa-pa-ru šá [ḳarni] (9) [ina íli ṭí]-í-mí am-mi-i šá ana íli . . . (10) . . . uṣur (?) iš-pu-[ra] (11) šarri bíl-iá a . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . la aḫ ḫi . . (2) . . a-ki na (?) mut . . . (3) ma-ʿ-du-ti a-bu . . . . (4) . . . . ^{pl}-ni í-pu-šu šarru bí-ili . . . (5) . . ʿ-í šá a-na šarru bíl-iá a . . . . (6) . . lab (?)-ba ka-a-a-ma-nu ú . . . . (7) . . muḫ-ḫi-ia ú-ṣa . . (8) šarri pa-al-ḫa-ku ma-a . . (9) . . ni i-ḳab-bi-ma aš . (10) . . lu ší-bi-[la] (11) šá ^{m} A-kul-la-[nu]. [83–1–18, 205.]

No. 35. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kam} innamir] sanâḳu ša [pî] lib mâti iṭâb (2) . . . da îbûr mâti iššir (3) . . . ibašši(ši) (4) . . . . . ma adrûti ^{pl} (5) . . . . ḫu (?) . . . su lis-su (6) [Ana Sin ina] tamarti-šu karnâti ^{pl}-šu ud-du-da šar Akkadi ^{ki} (7) í-ma illaku(ku) mât nakri un-na-aš (8) [Ana] Sin ina tamarti-šu karnâti ^{pl}-šu id-da-ma namra ^{pl} (9) šar Akkadi ^{ki} í-ma pa-nu-šu šak-nu *Rev.* (1) mâtâti ibíl(íl) (2) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu immir(ir) [Akkadu] ^{ki} libbu-šu ibaluṭ(uṭ) (3) ummâni(ni) nuḫša immar(mar) (4) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ḳarnâti ^{pl} miṯḫariš namra ^{pl} (5) Šarrâni ^{pl} nakrûti ^{pl} išallimu ^{pl} (6) [Ana] ûmu ana mi-na-ti-šu írik (7) pâl-í ûmí ^{pl} arḳûti ^{pl} (8) ^{arḫu} Nisannu u ^{arḫu} Du 'ûzu ûmu XXX ^{kám} ú-šal-lam-ma (9) [ša] $^{m\,ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [81–2–4, 103.]

No. 36. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu(mu) ana [minâti ^{pl}-šu írik] (2) pâl [ûmí ^{pl} arḳûti ^{pl}] (3) mi-na-at arḫi ûmu XXX ^{kám} ú-šal-[lam] (4) [Ana Sin] ina tamarti-šu ḳarnâti ^{pl}-šu ud-du-da (5) [Šar Akkadi ^{ki}] í-ma pani ^{pl}-šu šak-nu (6) [mâta] un-na-aš : í-ma pa-nu-šu šak-nu (7) [mâti] i-bí-íl *Rev.* (1) í-di-du : ṣa-pa-ru ša ḳar-ni (2) ^{arḫu} Du 'ûzu ^{mâtu} Subartu ^{ki} (3) šá ^{m} Ak-kul-la-ni. [Bu. 89–4–26, 159.]

No. 36A. *Obv.* (*Top broken.*) (1) . . iṣ ina . . . (2) í-di-du ṣa-[pa-ru ša ḳar-ni] (3) ina iš-di ta-mar-[ti] . . (4) šarru palî-šú . . . (5) ma-ḫi-ru ma a . . . *Rev.* (1) ^{mul} LU . BAD GUD (?) [UD ?]

(2) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šú . . . (3) Ana Sin ina ûmi I kám innamir . . (4) . . . bubbuli (?) (*Remainder lost.*) [K. 12469.]

No. 37. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina arḫu DIR . ŠÍ . KIN . TAR ina tamarti-šu (2) karnâti pl-šu ud-du-da-ma pi-il (3) rubû idannin-ma mâtu(ú) inaḫaš(aš) (4) . . . : pi-lu . . . : sa-a-mu (5) Ana Sin ina tamarti-su agû a-pìr (6) Šarru ašaridu-tam illak(ak) *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I kám innamir sanâḳu ša pî (2) lib mâti iṭâb(ab) (3) Ana Sin manzas-su kînu izziz(iz) (4) uk-ku-u ša zunni (5) ina arḫu DIR . ŠÍ . KIN . TAR ûmu XIV kám (6) Sin itti ilu Šamši in-nam-mar (7) ša m ilu Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [K. 729.]

No. 38. *Obv.* (1) Ana ilu Sin ûmu I kám innamir pu-ú kînu (2) lib-bi mâti iṭâb (3) Ana ilu Sin ina tamarti-šu ḳarnâti pl-šu id-da (4) šar Akkadi ki a-šar pa-nu-šu šak-nu (5) ma-a-ti i-bi-íl (6) Ana mul šarru ša-ru-ru na-ši (7) Šar Akkadi ki ga-mí-ru-tum (8) ípuš(uš) *Rev.* (1) *Rev.* (1) ša m Mun-na-bi-tu. [K. 1398.]

No. 39. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I kám innamir sanâḳu ša pî (2) lib mâti iṭab (3) Ana Sin ina tamarti pl šu agû a-pìr šarru ašaridu-[tam] illak (4) Ana ḳarnâti pl-šu miṯariš namra pl (5) šarrâni pl nakrûti pl išallimu [pl] (6) it-ti ilu Šamši innammar(mar) (?) . . (7) . . bît ta-mar-ti . . . (8) . . ilu (?) it-ta (?) [mar ?] Rev. (1) Šul-mu damḳu ana mâti ur-ra . . (2) ilu Sin nakri i-maḫ-ḫa-[aṣ] (3) mul LU . BAD . GUD . UDina lib (?) ilu (?) Sin (4) iz-za-az . . . (5) ša m ilu Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [S. 1062.]

No. 40. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] Sin ûmu I kám innamir(ir) sanâḳu ša pî (2) lib-bi mâti iṭâb (3) [Ana ûm] bubbuli a-na mi-na-tí-šu (4) îrik ûmí pl palî (?) arkûti pl. [K. 804.]

No. 41. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu agû a-pìr (2) kaîmânu-ma íbûr mâti iššir (3) mâtu a bur-riš uššab(ab) (4) Šarru ašaridu-tam illak(ak) (5) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ḳarnu imitti-šu írik (6) ḳarnu šumili-šu ik-ri (7) šar mâti la šú-a-ti *Rev.* (1) ḳat-su ikašad(ád) (2) Ana . . [ûmu XXX] kám ú-šal-lam-ma (3) Ana ûmu ana minâti pl-šu írik (4) pâl ûmí pl arkûti pl (5) Ana Sin ûmu I kám innamir-ma (6) damiḳti mâtu Akkadi ki (7) limutti mâtu Í-lama u Aḫarrî (8) ša m ilu Nabû-Šuma-iškun(un). [K. 791.]

No. 42. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ina] tamarti-šu [agû apìr kaîmânu-ma] (2) [šarru] a-ša-ri-du-[tam illak] (3) mâtu a-bur-riš uš-[šab] (4) šá ina $^{ar\underline{h}u}$ Tašrîti ûmu(mu) ú-šal-la-ma (5) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} innamir ^{1}sanâḳu ša pî (6) lib mâti i-ṭa-ab (7) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} innamir-ma damiḳti ^{mâtu} akkadi ^{ki} (8) limutti Ílama(ma) ^{ki} [u] A-ḫar-ri-í *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu . . . (*Remainder, five lines, illegible except for a few characters.*) [S. 1073.]

No. 43. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin] ina tamarti-šu ^{2}agû a-pi-ir (2) [šarru] a-ša-ri-du-tam illak(ak) [mâtu] a-bur-riš uš-sab (4) [ina] na-mu-ri-šu a-gu-u ip-pi-ir-ma (5) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ^{3}ḳarnu imitti-šu šamu(ú) di-rat (6) maḫiru ki-í-nu ina mâti ibašši(ši) (7) na-aš-kun ^{4}barti ina ^{matu} Aḫarrî ^{ki} ibašši(ši) *Rev.* (1) ḳar-nu imitti-šu šamu(ú) di-rat (2) Šá iḳ-bu-u-ni (3) ina ša-mí-í i-ḫal-lu-up-ma la in-na-mir (?) (4) ^{5}DIR ḫa-la-pu | šá ḳar-ni (5) ^{ilu} Sin ina tamarti-šu ḳarnu imitti-šu ^{mâtu} Aḫarrû ^{ki} (6) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} innamir-ma damiḳti Akkadi ^{ki} (7) lum-nu ^{mâtu} Í lama(ma) ^{ki} Aḫar-ri-í (8) ^{ilu} Sin ûmu XIV ^{kám} ultu ^{ilu} Ša-maš (9) in-na-mar (10) [šá] $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-aḫî ^{pl}-íriba. [K. 705.]

No. 44. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám}] innamir(ir) (2) [sanâḳu ša pî] lib mâti iṭab(ab) (3) [Ana ûmu ana] mi-na-ti-šu írik (4) [pâl] ûmí ^{pl} arkûti ^{pl} (5) [Ana Sin ina] tamarti-šu ḳarnâti ^{pl}-šu ud-du-da (6) šarru a-šar ú-sa-na-ḳu ú-nak-kap (7) [Ana Sin] ina tamarti-šu ḳarnâti ^{pl}-šu mit-ḫa-ra (8) [a]-na mâti šú-ub-tum ní-iḫ-tum *Rev.* (1) [Ana Sin ina] tamarti-šu agû a-pìr íbur mâti iššir (2) [šarru] ašaridu-tam illak(ak) (3) [Ana . . . . . $^{ar\underline{h}u}$] Nisanni ina ûmi I ^{kám} innamir(ir) (4) $^{[sâru]}$ iltanu illik lib šar Akkadi ^{ki} (5) . . . . . šu iṭâb(ab) (6) [^{mul} LU.BAD] GUD.UD ina írib Šamši ina lib ^{mul} KU.MAL (7) . . . damiḳti ša šarri bí-ili-ia (8) . . . šar Aḫarrî ^{ki} ina ^{isu} kakki šumḳut(ut) (9) . . . [šarri bí]-ilì-ia ša ina ^{mâtu} Mi-ṣi-ir (10) . . . . i-kaš-ša-du. [80–7–19, 63.]

No. 45. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] Sin ına ûmi I ^{kám} [innamir] (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib [mâti iṭâb] (3) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu manzas-su (?)

^{1} KA . GI . NA., *glossed* pu-u i-kan. ^{2} AGA, *glossed* a-gu-u.
^{3} SI ZAG. -su Ana -ú, *glossed* ḳar-nu i-mit-ti-šu ša-mu-u.
^{4} ḪI . GAR, *glossed* bar-ti. ^{5} DIR, *glossed* di-ir.

kînu [izziz] (4) ilâni ^{pl} milik mâti ana ^{sal} damiḳti imalliku $^{[pl]}$ (5) ša ina ûmi I ^{kám} in-nam-ma-ru (6) Ana ûmu ana mi-na-ti-šu írik (7) pâl ûmí . . [arkûti ^{pl}] (8) . . . du (?) . . . *Rev.* (1) . . umu XXX ^{kám} ú-sal-lam-[ma] (2) . . in-nam-mar-[ma] (3) ^{arḫu} Ululu (?) ^{arḫu} . . . . (4) IV arḫâni ^{pl} . . . . . (5) u ûmu I ^{kám} innammar . . (6) ša šarru bí-[ili] (7) . . . (*Remainder lost.*) [83–1–18, 203.]

No. 46. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu (2) ḳarnâti ^{pl}-šu ud-du-da (3) šarru mât nakri-šu ú-na-kap (4) Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu (5) itti a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (6) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭab(ab) *Rev.* (1) ilâni $^{pl\ mâtu}$ Akkadi ^{ki} (2) a-na damiḳtim(tim) i-ḫas-sa-su (3) ḫu-ud lib-bi nišî ^{pl} išakan(an) (4) ša ^{m} Aplâ(a). [K. 172.]

No. 46A. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ûmi (?) I (?) . . . . . GI (?) *NA (2) lib mâti iṭâb(ab) (3) Ana ûmu . . . . . ilu in-nam-mar (4) damiḳti (?) ša (?) šarri bí-ìli-ia (5) . . . . šu (?) a-di . . . iz-za-az (6) . . . KI (?) DU (?) SU (?) ur ḳu (?) (7) . . . rubî arkûti ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) . . $^{mul\ (?)}$ GIR (?) TAB (?) . . ^{ilu} PAN (?) (2) . . . $^{mul\ (?)}$ šarru (?) i(?)-tí-tí-zi (4) ŠI + UM ša šarri bí-ili-ia (5) ina (?) ûmi(mi) ul(?)-li-i (6) . . ki (?) . . . mâtu (?) SIS (?) (7) ^{m} Irašši(ši)-ilu (8) (*in different hand?*) ^{arḫu} Aîru (?) ûmu I (?) ^{kám}. [K. 904.]

No. 46B. *Obv.* (1) . . nu tar aṣ . . . . . (2) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} innamir [sanâḳu ša] pî [lib mâti iṭâb] (3) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ḳarnâti ^{pl} [šu] . . . . (4) šar ^{mâtu} . . . . . (5) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ḳarnâti [^{pl}-su] . . (6) ḳarnâti ^{pl} šu . . . . . (7) ḳat-su ikkašad(ád) . . (8) Ana ḳarnu šumíli-šu uk . . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir . . . . (2) : KA . . . (3) Ana Sin ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir . . . (4) nim-ma-ḳu . . . (5) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu . . . (6) Šarru ṣir(muš)-ta . . . (*Remainder wanting.*) [81–2–4, 321.]

No. 47. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] Sin ûmu I ^{kám} innamir (2) sanâku ša pî [lib] mâti iṭab(ab) (3) Ana Sin . . . . . (*ll.* 4 *and* 5 *illegible*) (6) Ana manzazu ki-[i-nu izziz] (7) uk-ku-u ša (zunni] (8) Ana ḳarnâti ^{pl} . . ki innamru ^{pl} (9) mílu illakam(kám) *Rev.* (1) ^{ilu} Bíl u ^{ilu} Nabû lib-bi ša šarri bí-ili-[ia] (2) . . . . bi ana šarri bí-ili-[ia] (3) . . . . . (4) ina lib ^{arḫu} . . . . (5) . . . a . . . an . . . (6) ša ^{m} Šú-ma-a-[a]. [83–1–18, 216.]

No. 47A. *Obv.* (1) . . . . . (2) . . . . ikkal (3) [Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu] agû a-pìr (4) Šarru [a-ša-ri]-du-ti il-lak (5) . . . . . (6) [Sin nakra i]-maḫ-ḫa-aṣ *Rev.* (1) . . . . . ir-pi (2) [Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu] ḳarnu imitti-šu írik (3) [karnu] šumíli-šu ik-ru (4) [Šarru] mâtu la šú-a-tum ḳat-su (5) i-kaš-šad (6) . . . . . [K. 1344.]

No. 48. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Sin ûmu I ^{kám} ša ^{arḫu} KAN . ZA ittamar(mar) (2) šar Akkadi ^{ki} í-ma illaku(ku) mâta un-na-áš (3) : Šar Akkadi ^{ki} í-ma pâni ^{pl}-šu šaknu(nu) (4) mâta ibíl(íl) (5) ûmu XIV ^{kám} itti ^{ilu} Šamši it-tan-mar (6) pa-ṭar ^{alu} bi-ra-a-ti (7) a-rad ma-aṣ-ṣa-ra-ti (8) taš-mu u sa-li-mu ina mâti [ibašši] *Rev.* (1) si-it-ti damḳâti ^{pl} šu šarru (2) ḫa-an-ṭiš ṭí-í-mu u šú-lum (3) ša ḫa-di-í šarru i-šim-mu (4) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du. [83–1–18, 175.]

No. 49. *Obv.* Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Si-li-li-ti ^{iṣu} Narkabtâ ra-kib (2) Šar Akkadi ^{ki} ni-ir-šu iš-šir-ma (3) a-a-bi ḳat-su ikašad (ád) (4) ^{arḫu} Si-li-li-ti ^{arḫu} Šabâṭu (5) [ina] ^{arḫu} Šabâṭi ina lib-bi ^{mul} ŠÚ . GI (6) tarbaṣu ilammi(mi)-ma *Rev.* (1) [Ana] Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} AN . NA . MIR (2) ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) šarru ša-lim (3) kit-ti u mi-ša-ri ina mâti ibašši(ši) (4) [ša] $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-ikišâ(ša) mâr Bar-sib ^{ki}. [83–1–18, 187].

No. 50. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu] ḳarnâti ^{pl} šu zu (?)-^{c}-ú-ma (?) (2) . . . . . ina ^{iṣu} kakki šumḳut(ut) (3) [Ana Sin ina tamarti-su] ḳarnâti ^{pl}-šu ša . . di (?) ut (?) ša . . (4) . . šu ḳat-šu ikašad(ád) (5) . . . ŠAG . uš . . . tum (6) . . . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . ni-tum manzas-su kînu [izziz] (2) [taš-mu]-ú u salimu(mu) ina mâti ibašši(ši) (3) . . . . ta-mar-ti (4) [^{mul} LU . BAD .] ŠAG . UŠ a-na šarri (?) (5) . . . tab . . . (6) [. . . lib šarri bí]-ili lu-ṭa-a-[bi] (7) [šarru bí-ili] lu-ḫa-a-[di] (8) . . . . . [83–1–18, 212.]

No. 51. *Obv.* (1) ^{ilu} Sin ina ^{arḫu} Nisanni (2) ûmu(mu) ú-šal-lam *Rev.* (3) šá $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-âḫî ^{pl} íriba. [83–1–18, 190.]

No. 52. *Obv.* [Sin ^{arḫu}] Aîru ûmu(mu) ú-šal-lam (2) [ûmu XIII ?] $^{kám\ ilu}$ Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu (3) it-ti a-ḫa-miš innammaru ^{pl} (4) [ûmu ?] XIII ^{kám} mu-ši ša ûmu XIV ^{kám} (5) . . . maṣṣartu u atalû la išakan *Rev.* (1) bu . . . ki VII-šu na-ša-ka (2) atalû ul iš-šak-

kan (3) a-mat pa-ri-is-tum (4) a-na sarri al-tap-ra (5) ša ^{m} Ṭâbu-ṣil-^{ilu}Marduk (6) mâr âḫi-šu ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Bíl-na-ṣir. [K. 1393.]

No. 52A. *Obv.* (1) .... Sin ... ^{ilu} Šamšu (*four lines wanting*) (5) ... V ^{kam} ..... (6) ^{arḫu} Simânu ûmu XXVIII ^{kám} Sin izzaz (?) .. *Rev.* (1) ul (?) i-tap ... (2) ... ^{ilu} Sin ûmu(mu) ú-šal-[lam-ma] (3) [mi]-na-a-ti ina ûmu(mu) ... (4) . i-nam- ... (5) .... mâtu Aḫarrû ^{ki} (6) [ša $^{m\,ilu}$] Nírgal íṭir(ir). [81–2–4, 138.]

No. 53. *Obv.* (*top broken*) (1) ..... [ina ^{arḫu}] Addâri ûmu(mu) ú-[šal-lam ?] (2) ûmu XIV ^{kám} it-ti in-[nam-mar] (3) ... ina ^{arḫu} Nisanni ûmu(mu) ú-tar-ra (4) .... ina ^{arḫu} Aîri ûmu(mu) ú-tar-ra (5) .... ina ^{arḫu} Simani a-na tur-ra ki inadu(du) (6) .. [ma]-^{c}-du ina pa-ni-iá ul ... (7) ... šarri ša šarrâni ^{pl} ..... (*Rev. lost.*) [82–5–22, 66.]

No. 54. *Obv.* (1) ^{ilu} Sin ina ^{arḫu} Šabâṭi (2) ûmu(mu) ú-šal-lam *Rev.* (1) Šá $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-âḫî ^{pl}-íriba. [83–1–18, 189.]

No. 55. *Obv.* (1) ^{ilu} [Sin ûmu] ú-šal-lam (2) ša ..... ri-íš šatti (3) damiḳti ša [šarri] bíl-ia (4) ina íli ^{mul} LU . BAD . GUD . UD (5) šá šarru bí-ili iš-pur-an-ni (6) it-ti-ma-li $^{m\,ilu}$ Ištar-šum-íríš(íš) (7) ina lib íkalli ṣa-a-su (8) a-na $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-âḫî ^{pl}-íriba ig-di-ri *Rev.* (1) i-da-a-ti ina NU . BAD-ti (2) it-ta-al-ku gab-bi-šu-nu it-ta-aṣ-ru (3) í-ta-am-ru ip-tu-šú (4) šá ^{m} Ba-la-si-i. [K. 1335 + 80–7–19, 335.]

No. 56. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kam} innamir] sanâḳu ši pî lib mati iṭâb(ab) (2) .... ni-du-šú (?) u šubat-su niḫ(iḫ) (3) .... ana di-mi-iḳ-ina (4) .... i-ta-mi (5) ... šar Aḫarri kiššutam(tam) ibíl(íl) (6) .... kakkabâni ^{pl} it-ṭab-ši (7) .... DU DU . Sin nakri iští'í (?) (8) ..... ga-a .. *Rev.* (1) $^{mul\,ilu}$ IMIN . BI ilâni ^{pl} rabûti ^{pl} (2) ... dan-ni-šu-nu mâtâti ^{pl} ni .. (3) .. ^{pl} i ḫi (?) .... ma (4) ... damiḳtim(tim) .... ku (5) .. ší ..... a (6) .. at ..... ma (7) ..... ḫa. [K. 1341.]

No. 56A. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} .... (2) pa-li-[í] ... (3) šípâ ^{II} ša ... (4) ina ... (*Remainder broken off.*) [K. 5723.]

III. Omens from the Moon's appearance on the twenty-eighth day.

No. 57. *Obv.* (1) šá a-na šarri bíl-ia aš-pur . . . (2) mu-uk [1]uzni [pl] šá šarri [bíl-ia] (3) ilâni [pl]-ni ú-pat-tu (?) . . . (4) šúm-ma mí-mí-ni a-na . . . (5) ultu libbi-šu i-da-bu-ub ina . . . (6) i-ḫar-ru-bu | [2]ittu | ultu . . . (7) [i]-šap-par-u-ni ma-a . . . (8) . . . u a . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . [ûmu] XXVIII [kám] innamir (?) . . . [damiḳti] ša (?) [mâtu] Akkadi [ki] limutti [mâtu] Ílama [ki] (3) ûmu XXVIII [kám ilu] Sin is . . . (4) . . . [3]ultu mí-ḫir itti šá . . . (5) . . . ú (*Left-hand edge*) (1) šarru bí-ili . . . (2) . . . . . [K. 8432.]

No. 58. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu kima ûmu I [kám] ûmu XXVIII [kám] innamir . . . (2) limuttim(tim) Aḫarrî [ki] (3) Ana Sin ûmu XXVIII [kám] innamir (4) damiḳti [mâtu] Akkadi [ki] limutti [mâtu] Aḫarri [ki] *Rev.* (1) ša [am] Rab-asû. [K. 693.]

IV. Omens from the Moon's appearance on the thirtieth day.

No. 59. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ûmi XXX [kám] innamir(ir) (2) šú-ru-ub-bu-ú : rigmu(mu) nakri ibašši(ši) (3) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ša-ḳu-ma innamir(ir) (4) nakru ina mâti i-liḳ-ḳi (5) Ana Sin ina tamarti-su ḫar-bi-iš na-an-mur (6) arḫu ni-zik-tum ub-ba-lu *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ḳarnati [pl]-[šu] . . ḳa (?) ru (2) i-na-aṭ-ṭa-lu (3) mílu illakam(kám) (4) ša [m] Irašši(ši) ilu ardu ša šarri (5) maḫrû(u). [K. 1395.]

No. 60. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu un-nu-ut-ma (2) ma-am-ma la ú-ma-an-di-šu (3) zunnu izanun(nun) (4) Ana Sin ûmu XXX [kám] innamir(ir) (5) šú-ru-ub-bu-ú : rigmu(mu) nakri (6) ina mâti ibašši(ši) *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin ina tamarti uš-tap-pil-ma innamir(ir) (2) šú-púl-ti mâti ru-uḳ-ti (3) ana šar kiššuti illakam(am) (4) ša [m] Irašši(ši)-ilu ardu ša šarri makrû(u). [82–5–22, 53.]

[1] PI . MIŠ, *glossed* uz-ni. [2] ŠI + UM, *glossed* it-tú
[3] TA mí-ḫir ŠI + UM, *glossed* [ul]-tú mí-ḫi-ir it-ti.

No. 61. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) Šú-ru-ub-bu-ú (3) . . . rigmu(mu) ^{am} nakri ibašši(ši) (4) šá $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-mu-šíš-ṣi. [80–7–19, 54.]

No. 62. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ^{ina}] ^{arḫu} Nisanni umu XXX ^{kám} [innamir] (2) [Su]-bar-tum At-ḫa-ma-a [ikkal] (3) [1]lišânu aḫitum (tum) ^{mâtu} Aharrû ^{ki} [2]i-bí-íl (4) a-ni-nu Subartu ^{ki} (5) Ana Sin ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (6) šú-ru-ub-bu-u ina mâti ibašši(ši) (7) šú-ru-ub-bu-u ku-uṣ-ṣu *Rev.* (1) ^{ilu} Sin ina ^{arḫu} Ṭábiti ûmu XIV [^{kám}] (2) ultu ^{ilu} Ša-maš in-na-mar[ma] (3) ^{ilu} Sin ina ^{arḫu} Šabâṭi ûmu(mu) ú-šal-lam (4) ûmu XIV ^{kám} ultu ^{ilu} Ša-maš in-na-mar (5) [^{ilu} Sin ina] $^{ar\ u}$ Addâri ûmu(mu) ú-tir-ra (?) (6) . . . . . ^{ilu} Ša-maš in-na-mar . . . (7) [^{ilu} Sin ina] ^{arḫu} Nisanni ûmu(mu) ú-šal-lam [šá $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû]-aḫí ^{pl} í-riba. [S. 1974.]

No. 63. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Âiri umu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) Aḫarrû ^{ki}-ú subarti ^{ki} (3) ina ^{isu} kakki idâk . . . (4) [Ša] ^{m}Mun-na-bi-tu. [K. 776.]

No. 64. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Âiri ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) duḫ-da Aḫarrî ^{ki} (3) ^{am} Aḫ-la-mu-ú [ikkal] (4) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-ikiša(ša) mâr [Bar-sib ^{ki}]. [83–1–18, 299.]

No. 64A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ina] ^{arḫu} Âiri ûmu XXX innamir (ir) (2) [duḫ-da ^{mâtu}] Aḫarrî Aḫ-la-mu-ú ikkal (3) . . . . du ru ù u šaḫluḳta (4) . . . . . Aḫarrî ibašši (5) . . . . du kima . . . . . dar . . *Rev.* (1) . . . . da (2) . . . . itti Šamši innamar(mar) (3) . . . . ú-šíš-it-tí-iḳ (4) [Ša ^{m} A-ša]-ri-du. [K. 1340.]

No. 64B. *Obv.* (*top wanting*) (1) [Ana Sin ina] ^{arḫu} Âiri ûmu XXX ^{kám} [innamir] (2) [duḫ-da] Aharrî ^{ki} (3) [Aḫ]-la-mu-ú ikkal (4) [^{am}] I-tu-ú-a-a ša šarri [bíl-ia?] (5) [Ana] muḫ-ḫi ^{m} Mu-gal [lu . . .] (6) . . . íli-šú-nu *Rev.* (1) . . [. . Aḫ?]-la-mu-u . . . . (2) . . . lib-bi il-li-[ku?] (3) . . . . . at (?). (*Remainder wanting.*) [K. 1927.]

[1] ÍMÍ BAR-tum, *glossed* li-ša-a-nu a-ḫi-tum.
[2] i-bí-íl, *glossed* [i]-bi-il.

No. 65. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ûmi XXX ^{kám} innamir(ir) (2) šú-ru-bu-ú (3) : rigmu nakri ibašši(ši) (4) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Simâni ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir(ir) (5) duḫ-du Aḫarrî ^{ki} (6) Aḫ-[la]-mu-ú ikkal *Rev.* Ša ^{m} Irašši(ši)-ilu ardu ša šarri (2) maḫru(u).

[82–5–22, 50.]

No. 66. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Simâni ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) duḫ-du Aḫarri ^{ki} Ah-la-mu-[u ikkal] (3) Ana Sin ina ûmi XXX^{kám} innamir (4) Šú-ru-ub-bu-ú : rigmu(mu) [nakri] (5) ina mâti ibašši(ši) (6) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu uš-tap-pil-ma [innamir] *Rev.* (1) . . mâtu i-liḳ-ḳi (2) [Ana Sin ina] tamarti-šu ú-šap-pil-ma innamir(ir) (3) [šu]-pil-ti mâti ruḳti(ti) (4) [Ana] sarri kiššuti illak(ak) : ^{am} mâr-šipri (5) . . . il-la-ka (6) ša ^{m} Irašši-ilu ardu ša šarri maḫrû(u). [K. 809.]

No. 67. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Simâni ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) duḫ-da Aḫarrî ^{ki} Aḫ-la-mu-ú ikkal (3) ^{arḫu} Simânu ^{mâtu} Aḫarrû limutti ^{mâtu} Aḫarrî (4) ^{mul} LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ (5) ídi-šam a-na muḫ-ḫi ^{mul} Dil-bat (6) ul iḳ-ru-ub *Rev.* (1) ittu-šu ia-a-nu (2) Ša ^{m} Šuma-idina(na). [83–1–18, 194.]

No. 68. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ina] ^{arḫu} Simâni ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) [duḫ-da] A-ḫar-ri-i | Aḫ-la-mu-u ikkal (3) [Ana Sin] ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir šú-ru-ub-bu-u (4) ri-gim nakri ibašši(ší) (5) [Ana Sin] ina tamarti-šu iltanu illik (6) Arḫu šuâtu mílu illakam(kám) (7) [Ana Šamšu] ina napaḫi-šu ina imitti-šu ni-du . . . (8) ^{ilu} Rammânu iraḫiṣ(iṣ) *Rev.* (1) ^{mul} muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ut-ta-mí-iš (2) a-na pa-na-tu-uš-šu il-lak (3) ultu ^{mul} Aḳrabi in-ni-mí-da (4) ši-i-a-ri a-na šarri bíl-ia (5) ú-šaḫ-ka-am (6) [ša] ^{m} Ba-[la-si]-i. [K. 774.]

No. 69. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Simâni ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir(ir) (2) duḫ-du Aḫarri ^{ki} Aḫ-la-mu-ú ikkal (3) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu adir mâtu nuḫša immar (4) GAN . BA . nap-ša mâti ikkal (5) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu adir-ma ḳarnu šumili-šu ki-pat (6) ḳarnu imitti-šu id-di-it (7) mâtu nakri ta-za-ḳip ^{ilu} Rammânu iraḫiṣ *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu rabiš ib-ta-ʿ-il (4) ibûr mâti iššir (5) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Simâni ûmu XIV ^{kám} Sin itti šamši (6) in-nam-mar (7) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [82-5-22, 49.]

No. 69A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin] ina ^{arḫu} Simâni ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) da-aḫ-du Aḫarri $^{[ki]}$ (3) Aḫ-la-mu-ú ik (?)-[kal] (4) [Ana] Sin ina tamarti-ši ^{šâru} Aḫarrû [illak] (5) ina arḫi šuâti mur-ṣu us (?) . . . (6) [lu]-um-nu ša ^{mâtu} MAR[TU] (7) . . . na ak . . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . mâr . . . . (*Remainder lost.*)

[80–7–19 176.]

No 70. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Simâni ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) duḫ-du Aḫarrî ^{ki} Aḫ-la-ma-a ikkal (3) Ana Sin ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir šú-ru-ub-bu-u (4) . . . ri-gim ^{am} nakri ibašši(ši) (5) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ḫar-biš na-an-mur (6) arḫu ni-zik-tú ub-ba-la (7) II arḫâni da-rat a-ḫi-í-iš (8) ûmu(mu) ut-tir-ir-ra ^{arḫu} Aîru ^{arḫu} Simânû (9) ina [1] imitti Šamši ni-du na-di (10) ^{ilu} Rammânu iraḫiṣ(iṣ) . . . zunni ^{pl} míli ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) il-lak-u-ni (2) ^{mul} muštabarrû-mûtânu (a-nu) is-su-uḫ-ur (3) ut-ta-mí-iš ina pa-na-tu-uš-su | ina lib Aḳrabi (4) il-lak lum-nu šú-ú (5) ma-ḫir-tú, ár-ḫi-iš lu-gam-mí-ru (6) uṣ-ṣu-ú šá šarri bíl-ia lu-u-šam-gur (7) a-du ni-mar-u-ni a-di-í šá il-lak-u-ni (8) iz-za-zu-u-ni (9) šá $^{m\,ilu}$ Nábû-âḫî-íriba. [81–2–4, 79.]

No. 70A. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Âbi ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) sapaḫ(aḫ) [^{mâtu} Akkad ^{ki}] (3) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Abi . . . . (4) ti . . . .

[K. 1320.]

No. 71. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Âbi ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (ir) (2) Sapaḫ(aḫ) ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} (3) Ana Sin ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir(ir) (4) šú-ru-ub-bu-ú (5) [: rigim] ^{am} nakri ibašši(ši) *Rev.* (1) Ša ^{m} Ṭa-bi-ia. [83–1–18, 182.]

No. 72. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Âbi unu [XXX] ^{kám} innamir (2) sapaḫ ^{mâtu} akkadi ^{ki} (3) Ana Sin ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (4) Šú-ru-ub-bu-ú (5) . . . rigmu (mu?) ^{am} nakri ibašši(ši) (5a) [ša (?) ^{m}] Arad-^{ilu} Í-a (5a. *The name of the sender has been written in a small hand diagonally.*) [K. 1383.]

No. 73. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Âbi ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (ir) (2) sapaḫ(aḫ) ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} (3) Šar Kiš-ša-ti bí-ili-a (4) la

[1] *glossed* i-mit-ti ^{ilu} Ša-maš.

ú-maš-šír-an-ni a-na-ku *Rev.* (1) ûmu (mu)-us-su a-na íli (2) bu-bu-ti-ia šarri i-maḫ-ḫar (3) u ín-na a-na libitti it-ta-az-ki-in-ni (4) um-ma li-bit-ti li-bi-in (5) Šarri bí-ili-ia la ú-maš-šir-an-ni-ma (6) la a-ma-ti (7) Ša ^{m} Ṭa-bi-ia. [Bu. 89–4–26, 11.]

No. 74. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) šú-ru-ub-bu-[u] (3) . . . rigim nakri ibašši(ši) (4) Ana ina ^{arḫu} kisilimi ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (5) Šar Aharrî ^{ki} (6) ina ^{isu} kakki šumḳut . . *Rev.* (1) ^{mâtu} Aḫarrû ^{ki} í (?) . . . (2) it-tu iš-ša- . . . (3) lu-u-ša . . zi (?) (4) ina muḫ-ḫi-ni i . . . (5) ša ^{am} Rab-A . BA. [Rm. 203.]

No. 75. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} kisilimi ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) Šar Aḫarrî ^{ki} (3) ina ^{iṣu} kakki šumḳut(ut) *Rev.* Šá $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-aḫî ^{pl}-íriba. [K. 692.]

No. 76. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Ṭíbiti ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) Subarta ^{ki} Aḫ-la-mu-u ikkal (3) lišânu aḫitum(tum) ^{mâtu} Aharrî ibíl [il] (4) ^{arḫu} Ṭíbita ^{mâtu} Í lama(ma) ^{ki} (5) Šá ^{m} Bu-ul-lu-ṭu *Rev.* (1) ûmu XXIX ^{kám} ni-ta-ṣar urpâtu dan-[nat?] (2) ^{ilu} Sin la ni-mur (3) ûmu XXX ^{kám} ni-ta-ṣar ^{ilu} Sin ni-ta-[mar] (4) ma-ti-iḫ a-dan-niš . . (5) šá ûmu XXIX ^{kám} šú-ú . . . . (6) ina muḫ-ḫi ḳur-bu mí-i-nu . . (7) šá šarru bí-ili i-ḳa-bu-u . . . . [83–1–18, 183.]

No. 77. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Ṭíbiti Sin ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) Subarta ^{ki} Aḫ-la-mu-u ikkal (3) lišânu a-ḫi-tú ^{mâtu} Aḫarrí ^{ki} ibíl(íl) (4) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ša-pi-il (5) Šú-pu-ul-ti mâti ruḳti(ti) (6) a-na šar kissûti illakam(kam) (7) Šá ^{m} Bu-ul-lu-ṭi. [83–1–18, 184.]

No. 78. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Ṭíbiti ûmu ^{kám} innamir (2) Subarta ^{ki} Aḫ-la-mu-ú ikkal (3) lišânu a-ḫi-tum ^{mâtu} Aḫarrî ^{ki} (4) ibíl(íl) *Rev.* (1) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [K. 722.]

No. 79. (1) [Ana Sin] ina ^{arḫu} Ṭíbiti ûmu XXX ^{kám} (2) Subarta ^{ki} Aḫ-la-mu-ú ikkal (3) lišânu a-ḫi-tum (4) Aḫarrî ibíl(íl) (5) [Ana] Sin ina tamarti-šu ḳarnâti ^{pl}-šu (6) [mir?]-ra-a ù la . . . pa (7) a (?) mat (?) damiḳtim(tim) ina mâti ibašši(ši) (8) $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [83–1–18, 173.]

No. 79A. *Obv.* (1) Sin ina ^{arḫu} Ṭíbiti ûmu [XXX ^{kám} innamir] (2) Subarti ^{ki} Aḫ-[la-mu-u ikkal] (3) lišânu a-ḫi-tum [^{mâtu} Aḫarri] (4) ibíl [il] (5) [ša] ^{m} Aplâ-a mâr Bar-sib ^{ki}. [K. 1407.]

No. 80. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Ṭíbiti ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir(ir) (2) Subarti ^{ki} Aḫ-la-mu-u ikkal (3) lišânu aḫitum(tum) ^{mâtu} Aḫarri ^{ki} (4) i-bí-íl *Rev.* (1) šá ^{m} Šú-ma-a-a. [K. 713.]

No. 80A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu}] Ṭíbiti ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir(ir) (2) [Subarti] ^{am} Aḫ-la-mu-[u ikkal] (3) [lišânu] a-ḫi-[tum ^{mâtu} Aḫarrî ^{ki} ibíl] (*Remainder broken off.*) *Rev.* (1) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-iḳ-[bi] (2) mâr kûtî . . . [82–5–22, 72.]

No. 81. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu XXX ^{kám} [innamir] (2) šú-ru-ub-bu-ú . . . rigim nakri ibašši(ši) (3) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Šabâṭi ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (4) atal mâtâti išakan(an) *Rev.* (1) šá ^{am} Rab-dup-šar. [80–7–19, 56.]

Miscellaneous fragments concerning the Moon's appearance on the thirtieth day.

No. 81A. *Obv.* (1) . . . . ši (2) . . . . I i (?) (3) . . . . XXX ^{kám} innamir (4) . . . . tu ^{ki} (5) . . . . ikkal. (*Remainder wanting.*) [Bu. 91–5–9, 38.]

No. 81B. *Obv.* (*Top wanting.*) (1) . . . . . mâti su . . (2) . . . . [ûmu] XXX ^{kám} innamir . . . (3) [. Šú]-ru-ub-bu-u : rigim nakri . . . . (4) šá ^{m} Ba-ma-a-[a]. [Bu. 89–4–26, 37.]

No. 81C. *Obv.* (1) . . . . ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) . . . . tu ^{ki} (3) . . . . ú ikkal (4) [ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabu]-šuma-iškun(un). [80–7–19, 66.]

No. 81D. *Obv.* (1) . . . . XXX ^{kám} innamir (2) . . . . Aḫarru ^{ki} (3) . . . . la-mu-ú . . . . (4) [ša ^{m}] ^{ilu} Nabu-âḫî ^{pl} [íriba]. [80–7–19, 197.]

No. 81E. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin . . . . . (2) šú . . . . . (3) . . . rigim . . (4) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû . . . . . [D.T. 249.]

No. 81F. *Obv.* (1) .... itti Šamši innamir (2) .... Subarti ^{ki} (3) .... Subarti ^{ki} (4) ... (5) ... tar-ru (6) .... Sin innamir *Rev.* (1) .... Aḫarru ^{ki} (2) .... ikkal (3) ..... du. [80–7–19, 62.]

No. 81G. *Obv.* (1) ..... innamir (2) ..... rigim nakri ibašši(ši) (3) ..... mu-ur-ṣu (4) ..... | [1] šumili. (*Remainder lost.*) *Rev.* (1) ..... (2) .... íriba. [83–1–18, 314].

No. 81H. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ..... (2) itti ..... (3) a ..... (4) Ana Sin ina la ..... (5) maḫiru .... (6) limutti ... (*Remainder broken.*) *Rev.* (*Top wanting.*) (1) ^{am} nakru ina .... (2) Ana Sin ina la .... (3) ti ..... [K. 1307.]

No. 81I. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Sin .... (2) Šarru .... (3) Ana ^{ilu} Sin ..... (4) Šarru .... (5) ^{iṣu} ..... (*Remainder wanting: slight traces on reverse.*) [81–3–18, 885.]

No. 81K. *Obv.* (1) ..... ^{kám} in-na-mir (2) ..... Aḫarrî ^{ki} (3) ..... ú ikkal (4) [Ana Sin manza]-as su kînu izziz(iz) (5) ... pat (?) zunni (6) .... is-sit-tí ípuš(uš)-ma (7) .... mur-ṣa-at *Rev.* (1) .... ta-mu-ú (2) ..... ut (*Remainder of reverse broken, except the writer's name.*) (3) [Ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nírgal]-íṭir(ir). [K. 901.]

V. Various Omens from the Moon.

No. 82. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Sin ina la si-ma-ni iḫ-iḫ-ram-ma la innamir (2) tí-bi-í âl kiš-ša-tú ûmu XIII ^{kám} innammar-ma (3) Ana ^{ilu} Sin la innamir ilâni ^{pl} milik mâti ana damiḳtim(tim) imaliku ^{pl} (4) ša ûmu XIV ^{kám} ûmu XV ^{kám} ilu itti ili la innammaru(ru) (5) Ana ^{ilu} Sin ina ^{arhu} Ululi lu-ú ûmu XIV ^{kám} lu-ú ûmu XV ^{kám} (6) itti ^{ilu} Šamši la innamir UR . A ^{pl} imâtu ^{pl} alkâti ipparrasu ^{pl} (7) Ana ^{ilu} Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu ud-da-su-nu du-'-ú-mat (8) Šarru itti mâti-šu u nîši ^{pl} zi-ni i-na-kap(kip) (9) ^{ilu} Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu atalû išakanu ^{pl}-ma: ša ûmu XIV ^{kám} (10) arḫu-us-su ilu itti ili la innammaru(ru) *Rev.* (1) Ana ûmu XVI ^{kám} ^{ilu} Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (2) Šarru ana Šarri ^{sal} nukurti išappar šarru ina íkalli-šu ana minati [arḫi]

[1] KAB-šu, *glossed* šú-mí-li-šu.

(3) ú-ta-sar šíp nakri ana máti-su išakan(an) nakru ina mati-[šu] (4) šal-ṭa-nišillaku ^{pl} (5) . . . šar Subarti ^{ki} i-dan-nin-ma mâḫiri la irašši(ši) (6) A-na íli ta-ma-ra-a-ti a-gan-na-a-ti (7) ša ^{ilu} [Šamši?] šarru la i-ša-ṭu lu-ú NAM . BUL . BI (8) lu-ú . . . . madul-lu ša a-na íli kir-bu (9) sarru li-pu-uš (10) ša ^{m} Mun-na-bi-tu.

[K. 769.]

No. 83. Obv. (1) Ana ^{ilu} Sin ina ša-da-ḫi-šu *ú-*ší . . . . (2) ^{ilu} ÍN . LIL ana mâti i-tam-ma-am-ma (3) ul ip-pa-aš-šir (4) ûmu XIII ^{kám} itti ilu Šamš innammar-ma Rev. (1) Ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Bíl-li' mâr ^{m} Í-gi-bi (2) ^{am} mašmašu. [K. 1734.]

No. 84. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina a-la-ki-šu . . . (2) lum-nu . . . . (3) ûmu XIII ^{kám} in [nam-mar-ma] (4) IV arḫâni ^{pl} i-da-at a . . . . (5) ûmu (mu)-us-sa innammar ina lib-bi . . . (6) it-tan-ta-ḫa ûmu XIII ^{kám} it . . . . (7) Šarru bí-ili a-na lum-ni lu la . . . (8) Ana ^{ilu} Sin ina tamarti-šu [1]Šamu(ú) ša . . . (9) [1] Šamu(ú) i-za-nun . . . milu [illak] *Rev.* (1) ina [2]urpâti . . . . . (2) Ana $^{3\,mul\,ilu}$ . . . . (3) [4]ba-il šúm-ma (4) šúm-ma kuṣṣu . . . (5) $^{mul\,ilu}$ Imbaru (?) . . . . (6) šú-ru-bu-u [ku-uṣ-ṣu] (7) Ana ^{mul} Šanamma(ma) ^{mul} MAS-TAB-BA . . . (8) rubû imât šá iḳ-bu-u-ni-a. (*Left-hand edge.*) Ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-âḫî ^{pl} íriba. [K. 877.]

No. 85. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin it-bal limuttim(tim) mâta išakan(an) (2) Ana Sin ina la mi-na-ti-šu bi-ib-lum ú-bil (3) Atalû išakan(an) (4) ûmu XXIV ^{kám} Sin i-tab-bal-ma (5) Ana ^{ilu} Šamšu ina ûm bubbuli tarbaṣu ilmi (6) Atal ílama(ma) ^{ki} išakan(an) (7) ina ^{arḫu} kisilimi ma-ṣar-t iša atalî *Rev.* (1) tarbaṣu ša ^{ilu} Šamši il-mu-ú (2) u Sin ša it-ba-lu (3) a-na ma-ṣar-ti ša atalî (4) ša ^{arḫu} kisilimi in-nam-mar (5) Sarru lu-i-di (6) lib-bi šarru bí-ili-ia (7) lu-ṭa-a-bi (8) ša ^{m} Irašši(ši)-ilu ardu ša šarri maḫrû(u). [K. 752.]

No. 85A. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina la mi-na-ti . . . . . (2) ûmu XIII ^{kám} ilu itti [ili innammar] (3) ûmu XIII ^{kám} Sin u Šamsu itti

[1] ANA-ú, *glossed* ša-mu-u.
[2] IM[DIR], *glossed* ur-[pa-ati].
[3] MULDINGIR . . . , *glossed* mu-ul-ilu . . . . .
[4] ba-il, *glossed* ba-il.

[Ahamiš innammaru] (4) pû la kînu A . DU . . (5) A-[na Šar] mâtâti bí-ili-i . . . . (6) ^{ilu} . . . . $^{[ilu]}$ Marduk a-na šarru [bí-ili] (7) ba-[la]-ṭi ûmí ^{pl} ru-ḳu-[u-ti] . . . (8) Kiš-šú-ut bí-lu-ti . . . . (9) ṭu-ub lib-bi u . . . . (10) Šar mâtâti bí-la-a . . . *Rev.* (1) Ša ina bilat ḫurâṣi i (?) . . . . . (2 pa-ni ša šarri bí-ili-ia . . . . . (3) ín-na a-na-ku ^{am} . . . . . (4) ina íḳalli-šu . . . . . (5) ma-am-mu NIN ul . . . . (6) ina bu-bu-ti ša a ka . . . . (7) íḳli bîti u mim(sal)-mu ma la . . . . (8) ma-am-mu ul it . . . . (9) u ^{am} ḳa-al lu ša a . . . . . (10) ia-a-nu la-a ma . . . . (11) li . . . . . [K. 1606.]

No. 86. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin la innamir-ma II azkari innamru ^{pl} (2) nu-kúr-ti ina mâtâti iš-šak-kan (3) Sin ina ni-ib-ṭi-í it-ti ^{ilu} Šamši innammar-ma (4) í-du-ú ina pa-an ^{ilu} Šamsi pa-ri-ig (5) pa-anša BAL . BAT. ^{ki} šarru súh . . . . (6) [Ana] ina ^{arḫu} Abi ûmu XXX ^{kám} ^{ilu} Sin in-na-mar (7) [Ana] ina ^{arḫu} Âbu ûmu XXX ^{kám} innamir sapah(aḫ) ^{mâti} Akkadi ^{ki} *Rev.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Abi ûmu XVI ^{kám} Sin itti Šamši in-na-mar (2) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ana mi-iḫ-ri-ti . . . . (3) ^{mul} SIB . ZI . AN . NA izziz mâtu ana mâtu (4) Aḫu aḫî inakir(ir) šumḳutim(tim) amílûti (5) ù bûli ibašši(ší) (6) Ana ^{mul} SIB . ZI . AN . NA kakkabâni ^{pl} šu it-ta-na-an-bi-ṭu (7) kab-tu uḳ-da-ap-pa-ša-am-ma (8) li. mut-ti ip-pu-uš (9) ^{mul} Dil-bat ina pa-an ^{mul} SIB . ZI . AN . NA izzaz-ma (10) Ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [Rm. 194.]

No. 86A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin] la innamir[ma] (2) [II UD.] SAR ^{pl} innamru $^{[pl]}$ (3) $^{[sal]}$ nukurti ina matâti iššakkan (4) . . . . ûmu I $^{[kám]}$ (5) . . . . u ^{ilu} . . . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . ma . . . . (2) [ša ^{m}] Apla-a . . . . [83–1–18, 312.]

No. 87. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina tamarti-su man-za-za kînu izziz(iz) (2) uk-ku-u ša zunni (3) Ana agû ûmu irpi a-pìr (4) Sin ^{am} nakri i-maḫ-ḫa-aṣ (5) UD ŠU . ŠU . RU ûmu (mu) ir-pi (6) UD ŠU . ŠU . RU ûmu(mu) . . . (7) ina lib-bi (?) (8) Ana Sin . . . . . (*Remainder, perhaps one or two lines, lost.*) *Rev.* (1) Ana ina mâti . . . . . (2) pâl mâti šu . . . . . (3) Ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du maḫrû(ú) (4) ardu ša šarri. [83–1–18, 177.]

No. 87A. *Obv.* (1) . . Sin šá in-na-mir-u-ni (2) [man za]-su ki-í-ni ina lib urpati ṣalimti it-ta-mar (3) [Ana] sin ina ^{arhu} Simâni

ûmu XXX kám innamir (4) duḫ-da] Aḫarri ki Aḫ-la-mu-u ikkal (5) . . . . ša-ni-í sapaḫ(aḫ) matâti (6) [Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu] ḳarnati pl šu tur-ru-ka (7) [paṭar bi-ra]-a-ti (8) [arad maṣṣarâti taš]-mu-u (9) [salimu ina mâti] ibašši(ši) *Rev.* (1) . . . . . ta-ra-ku (2) [ša]-la-mu : | man-za-su ki-í-nu (3) [izzaz] (az)-ma . . . ina urpati ṣalimti innammar-ma (4) šá m Ak-kul-la-ni. [K. 1007.]

No. 88. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ina] la si-ma-ni-šu iḫ-ḫi-ra ma la innamir (2) [tí]-bi-í âl kiš-ša-ti (3) . . . . ûmu XV kám i-rab-bi-ma ûmu XVI kám itti ilu Šamši innammar-ma (4) Ana mul muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) mul LU . BAD [1]is-sa-na-aḫ-ḫar ší-im iḳ.ḳir (5) Ana mul Ú . NAG . GA ḫu ḫarran ilu Šamši ikšud(ud) GAN . BA iṣaḫir (6) ša-ni-iš ri-ig-mu išakan(an) (7) An-nu-ti di-ib-bi a-na mâtu Akkadi k (8) mul muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) | ir-bi | ú-ba-ni ultu pan mul LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ (9) pa-a-tí la iṭ-ḫi ina íli . . . ik-šú-ud at-ta-as-ḫa (10) mí-i-nu ḫi-iṭ-ṭu NAM . BUL . BI-šu lu-í-pi-iš (11) Ana Sin ûmu XVI kám innamir Šar Subarti ki i-dan-nin-ma (12) ma-ḫi-ra la i-ra-aš-ši *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma mul LU . BAD . ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) (2) ḫab-ba-a-tum in-na-an-da-ru (3) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma mul Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) (4) ṣaḫluḳti bûli kittu ibašši . . . ? (5) mí-ri-šu saluppu la išširu pl : mâtu Aḫarrû ki iṣaḫir (6) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma mul DIL . GAN ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) (7) la šur-ru-u ší-im (8) mul DIL . GAN mul AB . SIN. (9) šá m Ba-la-si-i (10) [mul] Muštabarrû-mutânu(a-nu) ultu lib an-ni-i-í i-pat-ti il-lak (11) . . . mí (?) mul LU . BAD . ŠAG . UŠ (12) . . . ina arḫu Nisanni ûmu(mu) ú-šal-lam. [K. 712.]

No. 89. *Obv.* (1) Ta-mar-ti ilu Sin šá ûmu XVI kám it-ti . . . . (2) ûmu XVI kám mâtu Subartu . . í . . . . . (3) ù kit-tum lum-nu šá mâtu Akkadí . . . . (4) Ana Sin ina la si-ma-ni-šu iḫ . . . . . (5) Ana Sin ina arhu Addâri lu ûmu XIV kám lu ûmu [XV kám innamir] (6) Uru ki [2]ri . . . . . (7) ûmu XVI kám ilu Sin u ilu Šamšu [itti aḫamis innamru] (8) . . . [šarru] ina íkalli-šu ana mi-na-[ti arḫi ú-ta-sar] (9) . . . [nakru] ina mâti-šu šal-ṭa-nis [illak] (10) . . . . . innammar-ma . . . . (11) . . . . mí-mí-í-ni . . . . . (12) . . . da (?)-bu-u-ni la . . . . . (13) . . . . la il . . . . (14) . . . . ma (?) pur-ru-us . . . . *Rev.* (1)

[1] issanaḫḫar, *glossed* ma-ḫi-ru. [2] *Erasure of* ú ?

. . . sadurri . . . . . (2) . . . Sin ru-di . . . . (3) Ana . . . . . šu ru-di . . . . (4) ina íli ^{ilu} muštabarrû-mûtâni (a-ni) šá ina íli . . . . (5) la aš-šu la i-ṭa-aḫ-ḫi . . . (6) ^{ilu} LU . BAD iṣ-ru-ur-ma ^{ilu} Šam-šu ilmi . . (7) [2]NIGIN : la-mu-u : . . . . . (8) ina íli šá ina pu-ti-i-šu ik . . . (9) pi-šìr-šu a-na šarri bíl-iá as-sap-[ra] (10) ina íli ^{isu} ḳa-lu-a-tí bi-it šarri . . . (11) ap-tí-tí ina íli šarri mâr šarri $^{m\ ilu}$ Šamaš [šuma-ukin] (12) ú-sa-ri-ir . . . . (*Left-hand edge*) (1) Sin a-dan-niš da-an-ḳu (2) . . . i-ri-ṣi-ṣi mâr Šatti (3) . . . ni ù šamni ^{pl} dišpi riḳḳi (4) . . . ka-na ša šarri liš-al (5) I [ša] ^{m} Ak-kul-la-ni. [K. 1304.]

VI. Omens from the Moon's halo.

No. 90. *Obv.* (1) Ana šarri mâtâti bí-ili-ia ardu-ka $^{m\ ilu}$ Bíl-ú-[ší-zib ?] (2) ^{ilu} Bíl ^{ilu} Nabû u ^{ilu} Šamšu a-na Šarri bí-ili-ia lik-ru-ú-[bu] (3) Ana Šamšu ina lib tarbaṣi Sin izziz ina mâti kalâmi kit-ti i-ta-mu-ú ^{mul} (4) mâru itti abî-su kit-ti i-ta-mi (5) ^{mul} LU . BAD . ŠAG . UŠ ina lib tarbaṣ Sin izzaz-ma (6) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} AL . LUL ina libbi šu izziz(iz) (7) Šar Akkadi ^{ki} balaṭa ur-rak (8) Ana Sin nâru ilmi(mi) ri-iḫ-ṣu u ra-a-du rabûti ^{pl} ibaššu $^{[pl]}$ (9) ^{mul} AL . LUL ina tarbaṣ sin izzaz-ma (10) Šarru dan-nu ki-i-nu . . . . (11) [i]-na tar-ṣi šarri abî-[ka] . . . . (12) . . ma a-na šarri bí-ili . . . . (13) . . ṭa-a-bi zu . . . (14) . . pi-ḳit-ti *Rev.* (1) . . . na-da-nu . . . (2) . . [man]-di-í-ma . . . . (3) . . šu i . . . . . (4) . . . kit . . . (5) . . i . . . (6) . . . ^{m} Arad ^{ilu} gu-la (7) . . . BA -ša ina muḫ-ḫi ší-ma-ku . . . . a-ga-a . . . (8) ša ^{m} Mar-di-ia il-tí-mí . . . . ^{am} Na-si ku (9) ^{m} I a-di-' ^{am} [na]-si ku ù ^{am} na-si-ka-tu (10) ša ^{mâtu} Ia-ki-ma-nu gab-bi ina pân ^{am} rab-šakí ina ^{mâtu} Man-na-a-a (11) uk-tin-nu-šu u ín-na i-ḳab-bu-ú um-ma bíl da-mí ša bíl-i-nu ina íli-i-nu (12) ul i-rab-bi bíl šarrâni ^{pl} ^{am} rab-šakí ^{p} liš-al ša-lam šarri liš-mí (13) a-ki ig-ga-an-nim-ma ^{m} Mar-di-ia ^{am} ša pan ki-na-tu (14) ša bît ^{am} rab-šakí bíl-šu ki-i ú-maš-ši-ru ina šú-pa-la (15) $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal-Ašaridu i-tí-ru-ub ^{am} UR . li-ša-nu (16) ù ^{am} rab-ki-ṣir ^{pl} a-na pa-an $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal-Ašaridu (17) ib-ba-ka a-di-í i-iṣ-ba-tu-ú (18) ù I bilat $^{a-an}$ kaspi it-ti-šu-nu (19) a-na bîtâti ^{pl}-šu-nu i-na-aš-šu . . *Left-hand edge* (1) . . . mu-ru-šu GAR ma'du ŠÍ BI (2) . . . . iṣ ṣab-tan-ni šarru lu-u- (3) i-di. [83-1-18, 47.]

[2] NIGIN, *glossed* ni-gi-in.

No. 91. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} UMUN . PA . UD . DU ina libbi-[šu izziz] (2) tibut(ut) ummân ^{mâtu} A-ḫar-[ri-i] (3) : šî-im ibašši-ma ub-bu-tu la ibašši . . (4) : šar Akkadi ^{ki} ú-sur-tú immar(mar) (5) Ana Sin nâru ilmi ur-ḳi-tú ŠÍ . TAR . NU (6) ina mâti ibašši(ši) (7) : zunni izanun(nun) (8) tarbaṣu ^{mul} . . . . . ilammi-ma *Rev.* (1) Ana $^{mul\ ilu}$ Marduk mí-iš-ḫu im-šu-uḫ (2) mâtu-ša nap-ša ik-kal (3) . . . . $^{mul\ ilu}$ Marduk ^{mul} LU . BAD . GUD . UD . (4) a-na man-za-zi-šu ú-ša-ḫaz-ma (5) i-ša-ḳa-am-ma (6) arki-šu ûmu XIV ^{kam} . . . ilu (?) (7) šá ^{m} Ba-la-[si i]. [K. 86.]

No. 92. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin] tarbaṣu ilmi-ma (2) ^{ilu} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina libbi-šu izziz (3) šar Akkadi ^{ki} û-ta-sar (4) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [83–1–18, 221.]

No. 93. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma (2) ^{ilu} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina libbi-šu izziz (3) Šar Akkadi ^{ki} ú-tas-sar (4) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma (5) ^{mul} AL . LUL . ina libbi-šu izziz (6) šar Akkadi ^{ki} balaṭa ur-[rak] *Rev.* (1) šá ^{m} Istar-šuma-íríš(íš). [80–7–19, 57.]

No. 94. *Obv.* (1) Mušu an-ni-ú ^{ilu} Sin tarbaṣu ilammi-[ma] (2) ^{ilu} SAG . MÍ . GAR ^{mul} Aḳrabu ina libbi-[šu izzazu] (3) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{ilu} SAG . MÍ GAR ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) (4) Šar Akkadi ^{ki} ú-ta-sa-ar (5) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{ilu} Ni-bi-ru ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) (6) šumḳutim(tim) bûli na-maš-šî-í ša ṣíri (7) $^{mul\ ilu}$ Marduk ina tamarti-šu ^{ilu} UMUN . PA . UD . DU . (8) (I. II.?) kas-bu i-šaḳ-ḳa-ma ^{ilu} SAG . MÍ . GAR *Rev.* (1) ina ḳabal šamí(í) izzaz-ma ^{ilu} Ni-bi-ru (2) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} Akrabu ina libbi-šu izziz (3) ínâti ^{pl} uš-taḫ-ha-a (4) zakkari ^{pl} . . . níši ^{pl} imâtu ^{pl}-ma alkât mâti ipparrasu ^{pl} (5) an-nu-ti ša TUS . KAR (6) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma UMUN . PA . UD . DU ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) (7) Šarru Aḫarrî kiššûtam(tam) ípuš-ma a-bi-ik-ti mât nakri-šu išakan(an) (8) an-ni-ú a-ḫi-ú (9) šá $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-mu-šî-ṣi. [K. 120A.]

No. 95. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{ilu} SAG . MI . GAR (2) ina libbi-šu izziz šarru ú-ta-sar (3) tarbas-su ul ka-ṣir (4) ana limutti ul i-la-pat (5) Ana ^{mul} A . ÍDIN ki mu (?) . . . . (6) ú-šu-uz ana a . . . *Rev.* (1) ittu | mi-ḫir ù ana damiḳti (2) ina

šamí(í) i-ba-aš-ši (3) Ana ^{ilu} SÁR . UR u ^{ilu} SÁR . GAZ (4) ša-zi-ḳit ^{ilu} Aḳrabi (5) it-ta-na-an-bi-ṭu (6) ^{isu} kakki ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} (7) [it]-bu-ú (8) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-šuma-iškun(un). [K. 785.]

No. 96. *Obv.* (1) Mu-šú šá umi I ^{kám} (2) ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina ^{1}tarbaṣ ^{ilu} Sin (3) it-ti-it-zi (4) NAM . BUL . BI li-pu-u-šú (5) tar-ba-ṣu la ka-aṣ-ru (6) šú-u *Rev.* (1) Sa $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-aḫ ^{pl}-íriba. [82–5–22, 52.]

No. 96A. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu [ilmi-ma] (2) ^{ilu} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina [libbi-su izziz] (3) Sar Akkadi ^{ki} ú-[tas-sar] (4) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi[ma] (5) ^{mul} Sarru ina libbi-[šu izziz] (6) ina šatti šiâti sinnišâti ^{pl} [zakkari ^{pl} ullada ^{pl} (7) . . . . . [82–5–22, 84.]

No. 96B. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} SAG ?]-MÍ (?) GAR (?) ina libbi-šu izziz (2) [Šar Akkadi ^{ki} ú-ta]-sar (3) [Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi ma ^{mul} . . .]-du ina libbi šu izziz (4) . . . . . Aḫarrî ^{ki} (5) . . . . . ma (6) . . . . . ša (7) . . . . . šu (?) *Rev.* (1) . . . . si (2) . . . ^{ki} iliḳḳi(ḳi) (3) [ša ^{m} Irašši]-ilu ardu ša šarru maḫrû(u). [K. 1346.]

No. 96C. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR . . . (2) ina tarbaṣ ^{ilu} sin [izzaz] (3) tarbaṣu ša ^{arḫu} Simâni . . . . (4) Šarru (?) . . . . (*Remainder lost.*) *Rev.* (*Top wanting.*) (1) Šarru (?) a-na . . [83–1–18, 311.]

No. 97. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} Šarru (2) ina libbi-šu izziz ina šatti šiâti (3) sinnišâti ^{pl} zakkari ^{pl} (4) ullada $^{[pl]}$ *Rev.* (1) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nírgal íṭir(ir). [K. 739.]

No. 98. *Obv.* Ana ^{ilu} Sin tarbaṣu ^{2}ṣalmu ilmi[mi ?] (2) ^{3}arḫu ^{4}zunni ^{5}ú-kal . . . ^{6}urpâti $^{[pl]}$ (3) uḳ-ta-ṣa-ra (4) ^{mul} LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ ina Tarbaṣ ^{ilu} Sin i-za-az-ma (5) Ana ^{ilu} Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) (6) ina libbi-su izziz(iz) šaḫ-luḳti ^{7}bûli (7) $^{8\,mâtu}$ Aharrî ^{ki} iṣaḫir(ir) (8) lum-nu ša ^{mâtu} A-ḫar-ri-í

^{1} TUR, *glossed* tar-ba-ṣi.
^{2} MI ., *glossed* ṣa-al-mu.
^{3} ITU, *glossed* ar-ḫu.
^{4} A . AN, *glossed* zu-un-nu.
^{5} ú-kal, *glossed* ú-ka-la.
^{6} IM-DIR [MIŠ .], *glossed* ur-pa-a-ti.
^{7} *glossed* bu-u-li.
^{8} KUR . MAR . TU ^{ki}, *glossed* $^{ma-at}$ A-ḫar-ri-í.

šú-u *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} Šarru (2) ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) ina šatti šiatî $^{1\ sal}$ írâti ^{pl} (3) ^{2}zakkari $^{[pl]}$ ^{3}ullada ^{pl} (4) ^{mul} . . . . [ina] tarbaṣ Sin izzaz-ma (5) [ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû]-aḫî^{pl}-íriba. [K. 864.]

No. 99. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu [XVI ^{kam} Sin u Samšu itti aḫamiš] innamru (2) [šarru ana šarri nukurta] išappar (3) šarru [ina íkalli ana minat arḫi] ú-ta-sar (4) šipâ $^{II\ am}$ [nakri ana mâti]šu iššakan(an) (5) ^{am} nakru [ina mâti-šu šalṭaniš] illak(ak) (6) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{ilu} Šamšu ina lib tarbaṣ Sin izziz(iz) (7) ina mâti kalâmi kit-tú i-ta-mu-u (1) mâru itti abi-šu kit-tú i-ta-ma (9) sa-li-im kiš-ša-ti (10) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{ilu} muštabarrû mûtânu(a-nu) ina libbi šu izziz(iz) (11) saḫlukti bûli ina mâti kalâmi *Rev.* (1) mí-ri-šu saluppu la išširu (2) . . . ^{mâtu} Aḫarru ^{ki} iṣaḫir(ir) (3) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma II kakkabâni ^{pl} ina lib-bi (4) tarbaṣ Sin izzizu ^{pl} pâl ûmí ^{pl} arkûti ^{pl} (5) Ana ^{ilu} mŭstabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) u ^{ilu} LU . BAD im-daḫ-ḫa-ru-ma izzizu ^{pl} (6) tibut(ut) Í-lama(ma) ^{ki} (7) Ana ^{ilu} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) . . . . . mí uṣi (8) Šar Í lama (ma) ^{ki} imât (9) Ša ^{m} Ba (?) -[ma ?]-a-a. [K. 711.]

No. 100. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{ilu} LU . BAD . . . . . (2) ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) kit-tú ina mâti [itamû] (3) mâru itti Abî-šu kit-tu i-ta-mí (4) sa-lim kiš-ša-ti (5) Ana II ^{mul} Šarru ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) (6) sinnišâti ^{pl} zakkari ^{pl} ullada (7) [Ana II] ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu (a-nu) ina libbi šu izziz(iz) *Rev.* (1) šaḫlukti bûli ina mâti kalâmi (2) mí-ri-šu saluppa šamaššammu (3) la iššir (4) . . . ^{mâtu} Aḫarrû iṣaḫir(ir) (5) ša ^{m} Arad ^{ilu} Ía. [K. 1405.]

No. 101. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina libbi-šu izziz (2) ina mâti kalâmi mí-ri-šum (3) u saluppu la iššir (4) . . . ^{mâtu} Aḫarrû ^{ki} iṣaḫir(ir) (5) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} LU . BAD ina libbi-šu izziz (6) Šarru ummâni-šu ú-taš-šír (7) [Ana Sin tarbaṣu] ilmi-ma ^{mul} DIL . GAN-ša arki-šu *MUL-[MUL] (8) ina libbi-šu izziz utullai (?) ša mâti . . *Rev.* (1) iššir (2) ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) Kakkab ^{mâtu} Aḫarrî ^{ki} (3) ^{mul} DIL .

[1] SAL - PÍŠ - MÍS, *glossed* í-ra-a-ti.
[2] UŠ . [MÍŠ], *glossed* zak-ka-[ri].
[3] *glossed* [ul]-la-da.

GAN ša arki-šu MUL. MUL. $^{mul\,am}$ KU. MAL (4) $^{mul\,am}$ KU. MAL. kakkab Aḫarrî ^{ki} (5) ša ^{m} Irašši(si)-ilu. [81–2–4, 83.]

No. 101A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin] tarbaṣu ilmi-ma (2) [^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu] a-nu ina libbi-šu izziz (3) . . . tim bu-lum u nammaš-[ši] (4) [Ana] Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma (5) ^{ilu} Šamšu ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) (6) [ina mâti] kit-ti ibašši(ši) (7) [mâru] itti abî-šu kit-[ti] (8) [i]-ta-mu-[u] *Rev.* (1) [^{mul} LU. BAD] SAG. US [ina lib] (2) [tarbaṣ ?] sin izzaz-ma (3) [Ana Sin] tarbaṣu ilmi-ma (4) [II] kakkabâni ^{pl} ina tarbaṣi itti sin [izzizu] (5) [pâl] ûmí ^{pl} arkûti $^{[pl]}$ (6) [ša] $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-iḳ-bi (7) [mâr] kûtî ^{ki}. [83–1–18, 290.]

No. 102. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{ilu} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina libbi-šu [izziz] (2) šaḫluḳti bu-lim ina mâti kalâmi (3) mí-ri-šu saluppu la iššir (4) . . . ^{mâtu} Aḫarrû ^{ki} iṣaḫir (5) Ana Šamšu ina lib tarbaṣ Sin izziz (6) ina mâti kalâmi kitta i-ta-[mu-u] (7) mâru itti abî šu kit-tú i-ta-[ma] (8) Ana II kakkabâni ^{pl} ina tarbaṣ Sin [izzizu ^{pl}] (9) palí ^{pl} ûmí ^{pl} arkûti $^{[pl]}$ *Rev.* (1) Šá ^{m} Ba-ma-a-a [83–1–18, 246.]

No. 103. *Obv.* (1) . . . XXVIII (?) ^{kám} innamir . . . (2) . . . ni-in-ma . . . . (3) [Ana] Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu (a-nu) [ina libbi-šu izziz] (4) Šaḫluḳti | bûli mâti kalâmi | mí-ri-šu saluppu (5) la iššir . . . ^{matu} Aḫarrû ^{ki} iṣaḫir(ir) (6) [Ana] Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} LU. BAD ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) (7) $^{1\,am}$ ḫabbâti in-na-an-da-ru (8) ^{mul} LU. BAD. SAG. UŠ ina tarbaṣ Sin izzaz-ma (9) Ana ^{mul} SAG. MÍ. GAR ana ^{mul} GUD. AN. NA ^{2}isnik (10) du-un-ḳu mâti i-ḫal-liḳ (11) . . . ta-lit-ti | ^{3}utullai (?) | ^{4}ṣíní *Rev.* (1) ul iš-šir (2) ^{mul} SAG. MÍ. GAR ina lib ^{mul} GUD. AN. NA | í-ta-rab (3) Šarru bí-ili ultu pân zi-i-ḳi lu-í-ti-iḳ (4) ^{mul} APIN | ^{5}ḫarran ^{6}Šamši | ^{7}ikšud(ud) ḫušaḫ | ^{8}bu-u-lim (5) su-un-ḳu ibašši(ši) (6) ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu-(a-nu) ^{mul} LU. BAD. SAG. UŠ | i-kaš-ša-ad-ma (7) Ana ^{mul} LU. BAD ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) im-daḫ-ḫar-

[1] MULU. SA. GAZ, *glossed* hab-ba-a-tí.
[2] KÚR. KÚR. *glossed* is-nik.
[3] *glossed* BA. BA. GUD. ḪA. A.
[4] *glossed* UZ. BA. (?) ḪA. A.
[5] KASKAL, *glossed* har-ra-na.
[6] ŠAMAŠ, *glossed* ^{ilu} Ša-maš.
[7] KUR-ud, *glossed* ik-šu-ud.
[8] bu-u-lim, *glossed* bu-u-li.

ú-ma (8) iz-zi-zu *tibut ^{am} nakri (9) Ana ^{1mul} LUL.A | ^{2}nipiḫ-šu | . . [a]-dir | . . . (10) ^{3}nûri-(?)šu | kima ka . . . . (11) ìs-sa-na-ḫar . . . . . (12) ^{mul} . . . . *Left-hand edge* (1) Ša ^{m} . . . . . [S. 375.]

No. 104. *Obv.* (1) . . . . . innamir(ir) (2) zunnu u mílu NI. NI. (3) . . . . ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina libbi-šu izziz (4) . . . . ŠA.ZI IK ÍDIN.NA (5) . . . [saluppu] la išširu ^{pl}: ^{mâtu} MAR iṣaḫir (6) li-í-ti ma šú (?) . . . . (7) . . . . . šu iššir-ma (8) . . . . kât ^{II} -su ikašad(ád) (9) ^{arhu} šabâti ina tarbaṣ Sin izziz(iz) (10) ^{mul} ^{ilu} A-nim-MIR ina lib . . (11) . . . . u šur (?) -ru (?) ina mâti-šu ibašši (12) . . a [81–2–4, 145.]

No. 105. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} kisilimi ^{mul} . . . . . (2) gab-su nam-maš . . . . (3) si-mí-šu ni in . . . . (4) zunnu u mílu ana mâti . . . . (5) tibû-ma mâtu ikkal šumḳutim(tim) alpi . . . . (6) ^{iṣu} Kakku in-na-aš-ši-ma . . . . (7) : ik-kaš-ša-ad . . . . (8) ^{ilu} GUD.UD u ^{ilu} . . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma [^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu ina libbi-šu izziz] (2) šaḫluḳti bu-lim . . . . (3) Ana . . .-ma kakkabu ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) . . (4) ú-ta-ṣa-ru . . . (5) Ana . . . ma ^{mul} AL. LUL [ina libbi-šu izziz] (6) šar Akkadi ^{ki} ba-la-[ṭa urrak] (7) ^{mul} AL.LUL . . . . . (8) Ana . . . ma kip (?) šu ana . . . . (9) ana mâti na . . . . [82–5–22, 65.]

No. 106. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma (2) ^{mul} Anu ^{4}agû ina lib-bi šu izziz(iz) (3) . . ša-pi . . ina mati ibašši(ši) (4) . . $^{[mul]}$ GUD.AN.NA ína tarbaṣ Sin (5) iz-za-az-ma (6) II ûmí(mí) i-da-at a-ḫi . . . (7) ina tarbaṣ ^{ilu} Sin it-ti-it-[zi] *Rev.* (1) Šâ $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-âḫî ^{pl} -íriba [K. 740.]

(*See also the fragment* 277, I.)

No. 107. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma [II kakkabâni ina lib tarbaṣ Sin izzizu] (2) pâl ûmí [^{pl} arkûti ^{pl}] (3) Ana Šamšu ina tarbaṣ [Sin izziz ina mâti kittu itamû] (4) Mâru it-[ti abî-šu kittu itama] (5) sa-[li-im kiš-ša-ti] (6) Sin tarbaṣu ilammi-ma . . . . (7)

[1] MUL.LUL.A, *glossed* mu-ul KA.A.
[2] KUR-šu, *glossed* ni-pi-iḫ-šu.
[3] MUL . . . . *glossed* nu (?) -ri-šu.
[4] MIR, *glossed* a-gu-u.

Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} [Muštabarrû-mûtânu ina libbi šu izziz] (8) Šaḫlukti bu-lim ina [mâti KAL . A .] BI, mí-[ri-šu] (9) u saluppu la iššir . . (10) . . . ^{mâtu} Aḫarrû ^{ki} iṣaḫir . . *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ^{mul} SUDUN ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) (2) Šarru imât-ma mât-su iṣaḫir(ir) (3) Šar Í lama(ma) ^{ki} imât (4) ^{mul} SUDUN ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) (5) ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) kakkab ^{mâtu} Aḫarrî $^{[ki]}$ (6) limutti ša ^{matu} Aḫarrî ^{ki} u Í lama(ma) $^{[ki]}$ (7) ^{mul} LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ kakkab ^{mâtu} Akkadi (?) $^{[ki]}$ (8) damikti ša šarri bí-ili-[ia] (9) ûmu XIV ^{kám} ilu itti ili in-[nam-mar] (10) lib-bi sarri bí-ili-ia lu-[ṭib] (11) ša ^{m} Irašši(ši)-ilu ardu ša šarri . . .

[Bu. 89–4–26, 166.]

No. 108. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} Aḳrabu (2) ina libbi-su izziz ínâti ^{pl} (3) ušṭaḫ-ḫa-a zakkari ^{pl} (4) : níši ^{pl} imâtu ^{pl} ma (5) alakti illaku ^{pl} (6) it-tum ul ta-lap-pat (7) aš-šu ma-aṣ-ṣar-tum ša šarri (8) Ana šarri bíl-iá aš pu-ra (9) Ša ^{m} Za-ḳir.

[Bu. 89–4–26, 8.]

No. 109. *Obv.* (1) Sin mušu an-ni-ú ina lib-bi ^{mul} Aḳrabi (2) tarbaṣu-ma ilammi . . a-na[1] . . . . . míli (3) ^{ilu} Dil-bat ^{ilu} GUD . UD . a-na ru-ú-bi il-lu-ku (4) . . . . . a-ti i-na lib-bi ú-kal (5) . . . . . dir (6) . . . . . í-mar (7) . . . . . ^{pl} (8) . . . . . ^{alu} kal-zi *Rev.* (1) . . . . . tu-ni (2) . . . . nu ša ṭí-mu-ni (3) . . . . . pa-ru-ú-ni (4) . . . . . zi ina ^{am} A . BA . ma (5) ina ûmí(mí)-šu il-la-ka (6) $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-mu-ší-ṣi ^{am} A . BA íširti (7) šarri bí-li iḳ-bu-u-ni (8) [i-sa]-ap-ra na-aṣ u pa-ni tú (9) . . . šá ^{am} Rab . A . BA. [82–2–4, 144.]

No. 110. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma (2) ^{mul} AL . LUL ina libbi-šu izziz . . (3) šar Akkadi ^{ki} balaṭi ur-rak (4) ra-a-du izanun(nun) *Rev.* (1) ^{ilu} Aššur ^{ilu} Šamšu ^{ilu} Nabû u ^{ilu} Marduk (2) balaṭi ana (?) ba (?) [la ?]-ṭi a-na ûmí ^{pl} (3) Arkûti ^{pl} a-na šarri (4) bí-ili-ia id-dan-nu (5) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabu-iḳ-bi. [Bu. 91–5–9, 9.]

No. 111. *Obv.* (1) [Mušu anniu ? Sin tarbaṣu] ilammi(mi) ^{mul} AL . LUL ina libbi (2) [izziz] an-ni-ú pi-ší-ir-šú (3) [Ana Sin tarbaṣu] ilmi-ma ^{mul} AL . LUL ina lib-bi-šu (4) [iz-zi]-iz šar Akkadi ^{ki} ba-la-ṭu ur-ra-ak (5) [Ana Sin tarbaṣu] ilmi-ma ^{šâru} iltanu illik(ik)

[1] *Erasure.*

(6) . . . . . ilâni ^{pl} šaḳûti ^{pl} . . . ilâni ^{pl} (7) . . mu (?) uk mâti ú-kal-lu (8) [Ana Sin tarbaṣu] ilmi-ma id-lul na . . (9) . . í a-na . . . *Rev.* (1) . . imbaru ibašši(ši) nu-ḫuš [niši] (2) . . . imbaru sa-dir pa-li-í mâti (3) kiš-šu-tam i-bí-íl (4) . . . imbaru ûmí(mí) ú-sa-dir (5) . . maḫiru ina-pu-uš (6) [ša] ^{m} šúma-a-a. [83-1-18, 222.]

No. 112. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin tarbaṣu] ilmi-ma ^{mul} AL . LUL (2) [ina libbi-šu] izziz(iz) šar Akkadi ^{ki} balâṭi ur-rak (3) [mušu] an-ni-ú tarbaṣu ilammi la iḳ-sur (4) [Ana] ^{ilu} Sin usurtu ilmi atalû | iša-kan(an) (5) Atalû du-luḫ-ḫu-u (6) mu-šú an-ni-ú usurtu ilammi la iḳ-ṣur (7) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat a-na ^{mul} Aḳrabi iṭḫi(ḫi) (8) ^{1}Šarâni ^{pl} | ^{2}la ṭâbûti ^{pl} a-na mâti il-la-ku *Rev.* (1) ^{ilu} Rammânu zunni ^{pl}-šu ^{ilu} Í-a naḳ-bi-šu (2) Ana ^{mâtu} Gu-ti-í i-nam-din (3) Ki-ma a-na ^{mul} Irat-Aḳrabi iṭ-ṭi-ḫi (4) A-ki an-ni í in-na-su-ḫa ú-ma-a (5) ú-di-na ina lib-bi la i-ḳar-rib ki-ma iḳ-di-ri-ib (6) la i-ṭa-aḫ-ḫi i-pa-at-ti | it-ti-iḳ-rib (7) ^{mul} LU . BAD ^{pl} A-ki ḫa-an-ni-í kakkabâni ^{pl} šu-nu (?) (8) [šá] îna pân harrâni-šu-nu ina muḫ-ḫi-šu-nu it-ti-ḳu (9) [Ana ^{mul}] A . ÍDIN Ana MULMUL ikšud(ud) ^{ilu} Rammânu iraḫis(is) (10) $^{[mul]}$ Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina íli ^{mul} Nun-šamí(í) (11) . . . ri-iḫ-ṣi la iḳ-ri-ib (12) . . . lib pa-ni-šu ip-ti-í-ti (*Left-hand edge*) (1) . . . Šì (?) . . . (2) a . . . [83-1-18, 197.]

No. 112A. *Obv.* (1) Ana [Sin] tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} AL . LUL ina libbi-šu izziz(iz) (2) . . . UD (?) mu (?) ba-la-su (?) . . . a . . . (3) Sin nâru ilmi(mi) A . AN (?) izanun(nun) (4) NUN . . . . . ilammi (mi) . . (5) Sin tarbaṣu . . . . . ^{mul} šarru ina libbi šu izziz(iz) (6) šatti šiâti sinnišâti ^{pl} zakkari ^{pl} ul-la-da (7) [Sin] tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ina lib tarbaṣi *Rev.* (1) II Kakkabâni ^{pl} itti ^{ilu} sin izzizú ^{pl} (2) pâl ûmi [^{pl} arkûti] ^{pl} (3) ša ^{ilu} nabû-ikiša(ša) mâr Bar-sib ^{ki} [83-1-18, 241.]

No. 112B. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin] tarbaṣu ilmi[ma] (2) $^{[mul]}$ AL . LUL ina libbi-šu izziz (3) [šar] Akkadi ^{ki} balaṭa ur-rak (4) [Ana Sin] tarbaṣu ilmi-ma (5) [ina tarbaṣu] II kakkabâni ^{pl} itti Šin [izzizu] (6) [pâl] ûmí ^{pl}-šu arkûti $^{[pl]}$ (7) . . . ^{pl} ina tarbaṣ . . .

[1] IM . MIS, *glossed* ša-ra-a-ni.

[2] NU . DUG . GA . MIS, *glossed* la ṭa-bu u-ti.

(8) . . . ^{pl} ma . . *Rev.* (1) . . . u ^{ilu} [Marduk?] . . . (2) [ana] da-riš a-na ûmí ^{pl} . . . . (3) a-na šarri bí-ili-iá id-[dan-nu] (4) [ša ^{m}] ^{ilu} Nabu-iḳ-bi. [81–2–4, 141.]

No. 113. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma II kakkabâni $^{[pl]}$ (2) ina tarbaṣi itti ^{ilu} Sin izzizu(zu) pal ûmí ^{pl}-šu arkûti ^{pl} (4) Ana ^{ilu} Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} AL . LUL. (5) ina libbi-šu izzizu (zu) šar Akkadi ^{ki} balaṭa ur-[rak] (6) [Ša ^{m}] ^{ilu} Nabû-[aḫî] ^{pl}-íriba (?) . . . [K. 1921 + 3488.]

No. 114. *Obv.* (1) [Mušu Anniu] Sin tarbaṣu ilammi (2) . . . . ^{mul} MAS . TAB . BA . GAL . GAL (3) ina lib-bi izzazu(zu) (4) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} AL . LUL ina libbi-[šu izziz] (5) Šar Akkadi ^{ki} balaṭâ [urrak] (6) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} Ú-sur-[tì ina libbi šu izziz] (7) šaḫ-lu-uk-ti . . . . (8) ^{mul} Ú-sur-ti ^{mul} . . . . *Rev.* (1) Šá ^{m} Bu-ul-lu-ṭu [K. 1334.]

No. 114A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin] tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} AL[LUL] (2) ina libbi šu izziz šar Akkadi ^{ki} [balaṭa urrak] (3) Ana Šamšu ina Tarbaṣ Sin izziz mât-su (?) [kittu] (4) i-ta-mu-ú mâru itti abî-šu (5) kit-tú i-ta-mi (6) [Ana] Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} Šarru ina libbi-šu (7) izziz(iz) ^{sal} íráti ^{pl} zakkari ^{pl} (8) ulladu ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} Za-kir [K. 6077.]

No. 115. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma] II kakkabâni ^{pl} (2) [ina lib tarbaṣi itti Sin] izzizu ^{pl} (3) [pâl ûmi] ^{pl} arkûti (4) . . . . lu tarbaṣu ilmi-ma (5) . . . . . di-du sar ilâni ^{pl} na ku (?) šu (6) . . . dam-ḳa-a tu (?) (7) . . . . . ú-ša-aṣ-ba (?)-tu [S. 694.]

No. 115A. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma [itti Sin] (2) MUL . MUL . ina libbi-šu[izzizu] . . (3) Ana . . . -ma MUL . MUL . [ina libbi šu izziz sinnišâti ^{pl}] (4) zakkari ^{pl} ullada ^{pl} . . . (5) NU šur-ri . . . (6) Ana ina lib tarbaṣi II Kakkabâni [^{pl} itti sin izzizu] (7) pâl ûmí(mi) [arḳûti ^{pl}] *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu UD . KIL . UD . . . (2) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi ^{arḫu} . . . (3) uḳ-taṣ-ṣa-ra (4) Ša ^{m} . . . . . [83–1–18, 214.]

No. 115B. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma [MUL . MUL .

ina libbi šu] (2) izzizu ^{pl} sinnišâti ^{pl} [zakkari ^{pl}] (3) ullada $^{[pl]}$ (4) Ana ina ^{arḫu} kisilimi . . . . (5) . . . na . . . (6) ša ^{m} . . . .

[K. 1311.]

No. 115c. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-[ma ^{mul} ALLUL ina libbi-šu] (2) izziz(iz) šar Akkadi $^{[ki]}$ . . . . . (3) Ana Šamšu ina lib tarbaṣ [Sin izziz ina mâti (4) Kit-tú i-ta-[mu-u mâru itti Abî-šu] (5) Kit-tú [i-ta-ma] (6) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma [II Kakkabani ina tarbaṣi] it-ti ^{ilu} [Sin izzizu] (8) pâl-í[ûmí ^{pl} arkûti ^{pl}] *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi[ma] . . . (2) ina lib-bi-šu izziz(iz) (3) ina mâti kalâmi mí . . . . (4) la SI . [DI] (5) Ša ^{m} Mun-[na-bi-tu] [K. 1305.]

No. 115d. *Obv.* (*Two* (?) *lines wanting*) (1) Ka (?) . . . . . (2) a-du . . . . . (3) šum . . . . . (4) $^{am\,(?)}$ Nakru . . . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ṣalmu ilmi (2) arḫu zunni ú-kal : [urpati ^{pl}] (3) uḳ-ta-aṣ-ṣa-[ra] (4) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Addâri ûmu XXX ^{kám} innammar (5) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Nisanni ûmu XXX ^{kám} innammar (mar) (6) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir-(ir) (Bu. 91–5–9, 7.]

No. 115e. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin] tarbaṣu ilmi-ma . . . (2) [í]-na lib-bi-šu . . . . (3) id-lu-ti . . . . (4) ḫu-ub-ti . . . . *Rev.* (1) úmu(mu) UD (?) ŠÍ (?) . . . . (2) sapaḫu rabû . . . (3) . . . ki-i ša ma . . . . . (4) . . . li-pu . . . (5) [ša ^{m} Irašši] ši-ilu (6) mar ^{m} Nu-[ur-za-nu] [K. 1331.]

No. 115f. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Sin tarbaṣu ilmi [ma . . . . . (2) ina lib-bi-šu izziz šarru . . . . (3) li-kun (?) . . . . (*Remainder lost.*) *Rev.* (1) [sarru-bí]-ili-a lul . . . . (2) . . . di-nu-nu . . . . (3) ^{am} mar-ik-ka-ru (4) Aḫu-ú-a id-du . . . (5) ša šarri bí-ili-ia id . . . . (6) Ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Bíl-li' i mâr ^{m} [Í-gi-bi ^{am} mašmašu]. [83–1–18, 775.]

No. 116. *Obv.* (*Top wanting*) (1) . . . illakam(kám) tarbaṣu nuḫuš tarbaṣi . . . (2) ûmu V ^{kám} tarbaṣu ilammi(ma) . . (3) . . . ina ṣalam šamši ina ur-ri tarbaṣi . . . (4) . . šamû(ú) izanun (nun) . . . [K. 1592.]

No. 116a. *Obv.* (*Top wanting*) (1) : ri-iḫ-ṣu . . . . (2) tarbaṣ ^{mul} . . . (3) u ^{mul} A-nu-ni-[tum] . . . (4) ša-nu-ú tarbaṣu ina . . . (5)

il (?)-ku (?) ûmu(mu) . . (6) Ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du . . . *Rev.* ^{m} Za (?)-ad-din i (?)-ši . . (2) mar ^{m} Ḫu-ur (?)-bi-í . . (3) ^{m} Mar (?)-da (?) . . ^{Am} SAG . (4) ša šarru . . . pa-ni-šu . . (5) . . . um . . (*Remainder lost.*) [K. 1338.]

No. 116B. *Obv.* (*Top wanting*) . . . du (?) . . . (2) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi[ma] (3) id-lul . . . . (4) ḫi (?) ma (?) li . . . *Rev.* (1) Sin . . . (*Remainder lost.*) [83-1-18, 881.]

No. 117. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin supura ilmi mâti šiâtu irappiš(íš) (2) nišî ^{pl} sapḫi (?) ^{pl} ilammu ^{pl} (3) Ana ilmi-ma ^{mul} AL . LUL ina libbi-šu izziz (4) šar Akkadi ^{ki} balaṭâ ur-rak (5) Ana ^{mul} Šarru ina libbi-šu izziz (6) sinnišâti ^{pl} zakkari ^{pl} ullada ^{pl} (7) Ana Sin supuru ilmi-ma id-lul (8) na-da-nu pa-li-í ana Šarri (9) ša tarbašu ra-bu-ú ilmi-ma *Rev.* (1) mu-ši ma-a-du iz-zi-zu-ma (2) la ip-ṭu-ru (3) ša ^{m} ša-pi-ku mâr Bar-sib ^{ki}. [K. 178.]

No. 118. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin nâru ilmi[mí] (2) ri-iḫ-ṣu u ra-a-du (3) rabûti ^{pl} ibaššu $^{[pl]}$ (4) ^{mul} A . IDIN ina lib-bi i-[zi-iz?] (5) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} PAN [ina libbi-šu izziz] (6) aštûti ^{pl} in-na-[da-ru] (7) ḫu-ub-bu-tu ina mâti [ibašši] *Rev.* (1) šá $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-mu-ší-[ṣi]. [K. 801.]

No. 118A. *Obv.* (*Top wanting*) (1) . . . . . an (2) . . . . í-šu-u-ni (3) . . . . . ia (?) (4) . . . . . ra *Rev.* (1) . . . . DUG . GA . BI (2) . . . . ú-šú (3) . . . ^{ilu} TIR . AN . NA a-pìr (4) . . . . [iz]-za-nun (5) . . . . . kan (*Remainder lost.*) [81-2-4, 504.]

VII. Omens from the Moon's appearance with the Sun.

(A) *On the twelfth day.*

No. 119. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina la si-ma-ni-šu innamir (2) maḫiru iṣaḫir (3) umu XII ^{kám} it-ti ^{ilu} Šamšu innammar-ma (4) Ana ina la mí-na-ti-šu-nu ^{ilu} Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu (5) it-ti a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (6) ^{am} Nakru dan-nu mâti i-si-' (7) Šar Akkadi ^{ki} Šumḳuta(ta) ^{am} nakri-šu išakan(an) (8) . . . II ^{kám} it ti ^{ilu} Šamši innammar-ma *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu XII ^{kám} innamir-ma limutti ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki}

(2) damiḳti Ílama(ma) $^{ki\ matu}$ Aḫar-ri-i (3) limutti ša ^{mâtu} Akkada ^{ki} šú-ú (4) šá $^{m\ ilu}$ Ba-la-si-i. [K. 703.]

(B) *On the thirteenth day.*

No. 120. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIII ^{kám} Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu (2) itti a-ḫa miš innamru ^{pl} (3) pû la ikân A-lak-ti la ṭa-ab (?)-ti (4) ina mâti ibašši(si) (5) ^{am} nakru ina mâti iliḳḳi(ḳi) *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} Apla-a. [81–2–4, 82.]

No. 121. *Obv.* (1) ûmu XIII $^{kám\ ilu}$ Sin u ^{ilu} [Šamšu] (2) itti a-ḫa-miš innammar(mar?) (3) pû la ikân a-[lak-ti] (4) la mi-šír-ti [ina mâti ibassi] (5) Ana ^{ilu} Sin ina a la-ki-[su] . . . (6) maḫiru i . . . . *Rev.* (1) ûmu XII ^{kam} lib ûmu XIII ^{kam} [^{ilu} Sin] (2) itti ^{ilu} Šamši innammar-ma (3) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabu-aḫî ^{pl}-iddina(na). [K. 794.]

No. 122. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIII [^{kam} Sin] u Šamšu itti a ṇa-nuš innamru ^{pl} (2) pû la ikân alkat mâti la iššir (3) sípâ ^{II} nakri ibassi nakru ina mâti iliḳḳi(ḳi) (4) Ana ínuma(ma) Sin ina ^{arḫu} . . . [umu] XIV ^{kám} lu-ú (5) umu XV ^{kám} itti Šamši la innamir ina ši (?) ik (?) . . . (6) ilu ikkal (7) ša ^{m} Za-kir [83–1–18, 248.]

No. 123. *Obv.* (1) [Ana umu XIII ^{kam}] Sin ù Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (2) pû [la] ikân alkat mâti la iššir (3) šípâ $^{II\ am}$ nakri ibašši(ši) ^{am} nakru ina mâti iliḳḳi(ḳi) (4) Ana [ina ^{arḫu} Ululi?] ^{sâru} iltanu sad-rat ma il-lak (5) [a-na ?] iṣí ^{pl} ri-kip-ti ^{pl} míšaru il-lak (6) ^{ilu} IGIGI itti mâti šál-mu mâtu nuḫša immar(mar) (7) iṣí ^{pl} ri-kip ^{pl} : inib kiri ka-la-tum (?) (8) Šattu a-ga-a saluppu u karanu išširu ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Tašrîti ûmu XXX ^{kám} Sin in-nam-mar (2) ul-tu ûmu(mu) an-ni-i a-di ^{arḫu} Ululi ša ba-lat (3) umu XIII ^{kám} Sin itti Šamši ul in-nam-mar (4) Ana Šamšu ippuḫ-ma šamù(ú) i-si-mu šanâti ^{pl} (5) dam-ḳa-a-ti Šarru i-dan-nin (6) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir) mâr ^{m} Ga (?)-šu (?)-zu-^{ilu} Tu-tu. [K. 763.]

No. 123A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu XI]II $^{kám\ ilu}$ Sin [u ^{ilu} Šamšu] (2) [it]-ti a-ḫa miš innamru $^{[pl]}$ (3) . . . . . (4) . . . ^{am} nakru ina mâti [iliḳḳi] [Bu. 89–4–26, 61.]

(c) *On the fourteenth day.*

No. 124. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin Šamša ik-šú-dam-ma itti šu it-tin-tu ḳarnu ḳarnu i-dir (2) ina mâti kittu ibašši-ma mâru itti abî-su kit-tú i-ta-mu (3) ûmu XIV kám ilu itti ili innammar(mar)-ma (4) Ana Sin u Šamšu it-tin-tu-ú šar mâti uznâ urappaš(aš) (5) šar mâti išid kussi-šu ikân(an) ûmu XIV kám ilu itti ili innammar(mar)-ma (6) ûmu XIV kám Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru pl sanaḳu ša pî (7) lib mâti iṭâb ilâni pl mâtu Akkadi ki a-na damiḳtim(tim) (8) i-ḫas-sa-su ḫu-ud lib-bi ummâni(ni) (9) bu-lim mâtu Akkadi ki par-ga-niš ina ṣíri i-ra-bi-ṣu (10) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ṣalmu ilmi urpâti pl uḳ-ta-ṣa-ra (11) arḫu šuâtu zunni ú-kal (12) Ana ḳarnu ḳarnu i-dir mílu illakam(kám) ûmu XIV kám ilu itti ili innammar-ma *Rev.* (1) Ana íli niší pl ša a-na šarri bí-ili-ia aš-pu-ra (2) Šarru la i-ḳab-bi um-ma mi-nam-ma-ma iḳ-ba-a (3) um-ma nišî pl a-na a-gan-na li-bu ku-nu (4) Šarri i-di ki-i íḳla-a ina matu Aššuri ia-a-nu (5) a-na ku mi-nu-ú lu zira-a u a-na ša-a-šu-nu mi-nu-u lu (?) balaṭu (6) man-nu ilu-ú-a man-nu bílu-a ína-ia it-ti man-nu ki-i šak-nu (7) Al-la šarru bíl-ia ša ana-ku ilu Šamšu ana balaṭi-ka ú-ṣal-lu-u (8) a-di m Aḫî pl ša-a-a i-na šarri liš-pu-raš-šum-ma (9) am mâr-šipri-su niší pl li-bu-uk rab Babili ki lu-šam-šip (10) m ilu Nabû ítir-napšâti pl mâru-ú-a ardu ša šarri (11) li-bu-kám ma it-ti-ia šarru li-ip . . . . [82–5–22, 89.]

No. 125. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV kám Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru pl (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb(ab) (3) ilâni pl mâtu Akkadi ki ana sal damiḳti (4) i-ḫas-sa-su (5) ša m Aḫî pl ša-a am Uruk ki -a-a [82–5–22, 58.]

No. 126. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin u ilu Šamšu šú-ta-tu-[u], (2) Šar mâti uz-nu ú-rap-[pa-aš] (3) Ša ûmu XIV kám ilu it-ti [ili] (4) in-nam-ma-ra *Rev.* (1) ša m Irašši(ši)-ilu (2) mâr m Nu-ur-za-nu. [K. 698.]

No. 127. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin u Šamšu iksuda-ma itti-šu it-tin-tú ḳarnu ḳarnu i-dir (2) ina mâti kit-tú ibašši-ma mâru itti abî-šu kit-tú-i-ta-mí (3) šulmu(mu) kiš-ša-ti (4) Ana ûmu XIV kam Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru pl (5) sanaḳu ša pî iib-bi iṭâb (*sic*) ilani pl mâtu Akkadi ki (6) A-na damiḳtim(tim) i-ḫa-sa-su ḫu-ud lib-bi

ummâni(ni) (7) lib-bi šarri itâb bûl ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} (8) par-ga-niš ina ṣíri irabiṣ(iṣ) *Rev.* (1) Ana sin u Šamšu sit-ku-lu mâtu i-kan at-mu-u (2) Ki-í-nu ina pí nišî ^{pl} išakan(an) šar mâti ^{iṣu} kussâ ulabbar(bar) (4) Ana Sin u Šamšu šú-ta-tu-u Šar mâti uz-nu urappaš(aš) (5) Šá ^{m} Ba-ma-a-a. [K. 92.]

No. 128. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin u Šamšu šit-ku-lu mâtu i-ka-na (2) at-mu-ú ki-í-nu ina pî nišî ^{pl} išakan (3) Šar mâti ^{iṣu} Kussaul-abbar(bar) (4) Ana Sin u Samšu šú-ta-tu-ú šar mâti uz-nu (5) ú-rap-pa-aš (6) Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-mis innamru ^{pl} (7) sanâḳu ša pî lîb-bi mâti iṭâb(ab) (8) ilâni $^{pl\ mâtu}$ Akkadi ^{ki} (9) a-na da-mí-iḳ-tí (10) i-ḫa- sa-su *Rev.* (1) ḫu-ud lib-bi ummâni(ni) (2) lib-bi, šarri iṭâb(ab) (3) bûl ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} (4) ina ṣíri par-ga-niš irabiṣ(iṣ) (5) Šá ^{m} Ištar-šuma-íríš(íš). [K. 697.]

No. 129. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu] XIV ^{kám} Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb(ab) (3) [ilâni] $^{pl\ mâtu}$ Akkadi ^{ki} ana damiḳtim(tim) i-ḫa-sa-su (4) ḫu-ud lib-bi ummâni(ni) lib šarri iṭâb . . (5) bûli $^{pl\ mâtu}$ Akkadi ^{ki} (6) pár-ga-niš ina ṣíri i-rab-bi-iṣ (7) Ana Sin u Šamšu šit-ḳu-lu (8) [mâtu ikâm] at-mu-ú ki-í-nu (9) ina pî nišî ^{pl} i-ša-kan (10) šar mâti ^{iṣu} kussâ ú-lab-bar. (D.T. 148.]

No. 130. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú (2) Sar mâti uz-nu ú-rap-pa-aš (3) ri-í-mu u šul-mu išakan-šu (4) ša ûmu XIV $^{kám\ ilu}$ Sin ù ^{ilu} Šamšu (5) it-ti a-ḫa-miš in-nam-ma-ru (6) ša ^{m} Irašši (ši)-ilu (7) Mâr ^{m} Nu-úr-zu-nu. [K. 721.]

No. 130A. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûnu XIV ^{kám} Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb(ab) (3) ilâni $^{pl\ mâtu}$ Akkadi ^{ki} ana damiḳtim(tim) i-ḫa-sa-su (4) [bûl] ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} pár-ga-niš ina ṣíri irabbiṣ(iṣ) (5) [ḫud libbi ummâni] ni lib šarri iṭab(ab) (6) . . . . . ^{kám} (*Remainder of obverse and top of reverse broken off.*) *Rev.* (1) [pa]-ṭar bir-a-ti a-rad IN . [NUN] ^{pl} (2) taš-mu-u salimu(mu) ina mâti ibašši(ši). [K. 878.]

No. 131. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin u Šamšu] šit-ḳu-lu mâtu i-ka-na (2) [atmu] ki-í-nu (3) [ina pî] nišî ^{pl} išakan(an) (4) [šar] mâti

kussa ulabbar(bar) (5) (Ana Sin u] Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú (6) Šar mâti uz-nu ú-rap-pa-aš (7) Ana ûmu XIV kám Sin u Šamšu itti a ha-miš innamru pl (8) sanâḳu ša pî lib-bi mâti iṭâb (9) ilâni pl mâtu Akkadi ki (10) a-na damiḳtim(tim) i-ḫa-sa-su (11) ḫu-ud lib-bi ummâni(ni) *Rev.* (1) lib-bi Šarri iṭâb(ab) (2) bûl mâtu Akkadi ki (3) ina ṣíri par-ga-niš irabiṣ(iṣ) (4) šá m Bu-ul-lu-ṭi [Rm. 204.]

No. 132. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV kám ilu Sin u ilu Šamšu (2) itti a-ḫa-miš innamru pl (3) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâtí iṭâb(ab) (4) ḫu-ud lib-bi nišî pl išakan(an) (5) ilâni pl mâtu Akkadi ki *Rev.* (1) a-na damiḳtim(tim) i-ḫas-sa-su (2) Ana Sin ù ilu Šamšu Šú-ta tu-ú (3) šar mâti uznâ II ú-rap-pa-aš (4) ša m Apla-a [K. 714.]

No. 133. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV kam Sin u Šamšu (2) itti a-ḫa-miš innamru pl sanâḳu ša pi (3) lib-bi mâti iṭab(ab) ilâni pl mâtu Akkadi ki (4) ana damiḳtim(tim) i-ḫa-as-sa-su (5) ḫu-ud lib-bi ummâni(ni) lib-bi šarri iṭâb(ab) (6) bu-lim mâtu Akkadi [ki] pár-ga-niš (7) i-na ṣíri i-rab-bi-iṣ *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin Šamša ikšuda-ma itti-šu it-tí-ni-[tu] (2) ḳarnu ḳarnu i-dir ina mâti kit-tu ibašši . . (3) mâru itti-šu (*sic*) kit-ti i-ta-mi (4) Šarru iṣu kussi [ubabbar] bar (5) ûmu XIV kam ud-da-su . . . (6) Šar mâti . . . . (7) Ša m A-[ša-ri-du] [K. 737.]

No. 134. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ilu Šamša ik-šú-dam-ma itti-šu it-tin-tu (2) ina mati kittu ibašši-ma mâru itti abî-šu (3) kit-ti i-ta-mu (4) ûmu XIV kám ilu itti ili innammar (mar)-ma (5) Ana Sin ù Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú (6) Šar mâti uzna II urappaš(aš) (7) ša umu XIV kám arḫu-us-su (8) ilu itti ili in-nam-ma-ru *Rev.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV kám Sin ù Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru pl (2) sanaḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (3) ilâni pl mâtu Akkadi ki ana damiḳti(ti) i-has-sa-su (4) ḫu-ud lib-bi nišî pl išakan(an) (5) bu-lim mâtu Akkadi ki par-ga-niš (6) ina ṣíri i-rab bi-ṣu (7) ša m ilu Bíl-šuma-iškun(un) am kalû [K. 700.]

No. 135. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV kám Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš (12) innamru pl sanâḳu ša pi lib mâti iṭâb (3) ilâni pl mâtu Akkadi ki ana dimiḳtim(tim) i-[ḫa-sa-su] (4) bu-ul mâtu Akkadi ki par-ga-niš (5) ina ṣíri i-rab-bi-[iṣ] (6) ḫu-ud lib ummâni pl lib

šarri iṭâb [ab] *Rev.* (1) [Ana Sin u Šamšu šú]-ta-tu-u ina mâtî kittu ibašši-ma (2) mâru itti abî-šu kit-tú i-ta-ma (3) Ana ûmu a-na mi-na-tí-šu írik (4) pâl ûmí ^{pl} arkûti ^{pl} (5) šá $^{m\,ilu}$ Rammânu-Šuma-uṣur. [K. 730.]

No. 135A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} Sin u] Šamšu ittî [a-ḫa]-miš innamru ^{pl} (2) [sanâḳu ša pî] lib [mati] iṭâb(ab) (3) [ilâni ^{pl}] Akkada ^{ki} a-na damiḳtim(tim) i-ḫa-sa-su (4) [ḫud lib]-bi ummani(ni) lib šarri iṭâb(ab) (5) . . bul ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} ina ṣíri par-ga-niš irabbiṣ(iṣ) (6) [Ana Sin] u Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú Šarru uz-na urrappaš(áš) (7) [Ana Sin u Šamšu] šit-ḳu-lu mâtu ikân at-mu-ú (8) [kînu]ina pî nišî ^{pl} išakan(an) [Bu. 91–5–9, 161.]

No. 136. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu] XIV ^{kám} Ṣin u Šamšu itti a-ha-miš [innamru ^{pl}] (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭab(ab) ilâni $^{pl\,mâtu}$ Akkada ^{ki} ana [damiḳti] (3) i-ḫa-as-sa-su ḫu-ud lib-bi ummâni lib [sarri iṭâb] (4) bu-ul ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} par-ga-niš ina ṣíri i-[rab-bi-is] (5) Ana Sin u Šamšu sit-ku (?) lu mâtu i-kan at-mu-u ki-nu ina pî [nišî ^{pl} išakan] (6) šar mâti kussa [ulabbar] (7) Ana Sin Šamša ikšuda-ma itti-su it-tin-tú (?) ḳarnu ḳarnu i-dir (8) [ina] mâti kit-tú ibašši-ma mâru itti abî-šu kit-tú i-[ta ma] *Rev.* (1) [Ana Sin u Šamšu sú]-ta-tu-u šar mâti uz-nu urappaš . . (2) . . . $^{kám\ arḫu}$ . . . . .

[81–2–4, 108.]

No. 136A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu XIV ^{kam} Sin u Šamšu itti] a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (2) [sanâḳu ša pi lib mâti iṭâb] ilâni $^{pl\,mâtu}$ Akkada ^{ki} (3) [ana damiḳti iḫasasu] bu-ul (4) [^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} parganiš ina ṣíri] i-rab-bi-ṣu (*Remainder lost. Ends of two lines on rev.*) . . . [81–2–4, 483.]

No. 136B. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin u Šamšu šú-ta-tu-u (2) šar mâti uz-nu ú-rappa-aš (3) ûmu XIV ^{kám} it-ti ^{ilu} Šamši innammar-ma (4) Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (5) sanâḳu ša pî [lib] mâti iṭâb(ab) (6) ilâni $^{pl\,mâtu}$ Akkadi [^{ki} ana] ^{sal} damiḳti (7) [i]-ḫa-sa [su ḫud lib ummâni] bu-lum ^{matu} Akkadi ^{ki} (8) [parganiš ina ṣíri] i-rab-bi-iṣ *Rev.* (1) . . . . ûmu XIV ^{kám} (2) . . . . . ^{ilu} Šamšu (3) it-[ti Aḫamiš it]-tan-ma-ru (4) ki-i . . . . . maš (?) -ša-ar-šu (5) Ana Sin u [Šamšu ši]-iṭ-ḳu-lum (6) at-mu-[u] ki-i-nu (7)

ina pi-[i] nišî ^{pl} išakan(an) (8) šar kiš-ša-ti ^{iṣu} GU . ZA ú-lab-bar (9) ^{arḫu} Tašrîtu ûmu XIV ^{kám} lim-mí [^{m} La] ba-si. [83–1–18, 286.]

No. 136c. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} . . . . . (2) . . . . . (3) . . . . . (4) ûmu XIV [^{kam} ilu itti] ili innammar(mar) . . (5) Ana ^{ilu} Sin u [^{ilu} Šamšu šú]-ta-tu-[u] (6) Šar mâti uz-na ú-rap-pa-aš (7) šarru išid ^{iṣu} GU . ZA . šu i-ka-an *Rev.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} [^{ilu} Sin] u ^{ilu} Šamšu (*Remainder entirely lost.*) [K. 1324.]

No. 136d. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin u] Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru $^{[pl]}$ (2) [sanâḳu ša pî lib] mâti iṭâb(ab) (3) [ilâni Akkada ^{ki} ana damiḳtim] (4) [iḫasasu] ḫu-ud lib ummâni(ni) (5) [lib šarri iṭâb] bu-[ul] ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} (6) [parganiš ina ṣíri] i-rab-bi-is *Rev.* (1) [Ana Sin Šamšu ikšuda-ma] it-ti-šu it-tin-da (?) (2) [ḳarnu ḳarnu] i-dir mâtu kit-ti ibašši-ma (3) [mâru itti] abî kit-ti i-ta-mu (4) [Sin] u Šamšu[1] a-ḫa-miš innammaru ^{pl}-ma (5) [sar] mâti lu-da-ri (6) [ša ^{m} A-ša]-ri-du ḳa-aṭ-nu. [K. 1312.]

No. 136e. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin u Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú (2) šar [mati uzna ú]-rap-pa-aš (3) Ana Sin [u Šamšu sit-ḳu]-lu (4) mâtu ikân atmû] ki-í-nu (5) [ina pî nišî ^{pl} i]-ša-kan (6) [šar mâti ^{iṣu} kussa ú]-lab-bar (7) Ana [sin u Šamšu itti a]-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (8) [sanâḳu ša] pî [lib mâti] itâb (9) ilâni ^{pl} ^{mâtu} Akkada ^{ki} a-na damiḳtim(tim) *Rev.* (1) i-ḫa-sa-a-su (2) ḫud lib ummâni(ni) lib šarri iṭâb (3) bûli ^{pl} ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} pár-ga-niš (4) ina ṣíri i-rab-bi-iṣ (5) šá ^{m} ^{ilu} Nabû-mu-ší-ṣi. [K. 767.]

No. 136f. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin u Šamšu šú]-ta-tu-ú (2) [Šar mâti uzna] ú-rap-pa-aš (3) [ûmu XIV (?) ^{kam} Sin itti] Šamši innammar-ma (4) [Ana Sin u Šamšu] šit-ḳul-lu (5) [mâtu i]-ka-nu at-mu-ú ki-i-nu (6) pi-i nišî ^{pl} išakan(an) (7) šar mâti ^{iṣu} GU . ZA ú-lab-bar *Rev.* (1) . . . Sin itti Šamši innammar-ma (2) [Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} Sin ù ^{ilu} Šamšu (3) [itti a-ḫa]-miš innamir sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (4) [ilâni Akkada ^{ki}] ana ^{sal} damikti i-ḫa-as-sa-su (5) [ḫud] nišî ^{pl} isakan(an) (6) . . . . KÚR. [S. 1179.]

[1] *The scribe has apparently repeated the sign for* Šamšu.

No. 136G. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV kám Sin u Šamšu [itti aḫamiš] (2) innamru pl sanâḳu ša pî [lib mâti iṭâb] (3) ilâni pl mâtu Akkada ki ana [damiḳti] (4) i-ḫa-sa-su bu-ul [mâtu Akkadi ki] (5) par-ga-niš ina ṣíri i-rab]-bi-iṣ] (6) ḫu-ud lib-bi nišî [pl] (7) lib-bi šarri [iṭâb] *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin u Šamšu šú-ta-tu-[u] (2) šar mâti uz-nu ú-rap-[pa-aš] (3) šarru išid iṣu GU . ZA-šu [ikân] (4) Sin u Samšu šit-ḳul-[lu] (5) at-mu-ú ki-i-[nu] (6) ina pi-i nišî pl [išakan] (7) ša m ilu Nabû . . . . [83–1–18, 229.]

No. 136H. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu XIV kam Sin u] Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru pl (2) [sanâḳu ša pî lib] mâti iṭâb(ab) ilâni pl mâtu Akkadi ki (3) [Ana damiḳti i]-ḫa-sa-su bu-lum mâtu Akkadi ki (4) [ina ṣíri] i-rab-bi-ṣu (5) . . . . . ÍN . TÍ . [NA?] . . (*Remainder of obv. and top of rev. broken.*) *Rev.* (1) [Ana Sin u Šamsu šit-ḳu]-lu at-mu-ú ki-i-nu (2) [ina pî nišî pl] išakan(an) šarru išid DIL . TÍ . šu ikân(an) [Ana Sin u Šamšu šú]-ta-tu-ú (4) [šar mâti uz]-nu urappaš(aš) (5) . . . .-ti ibašši(ši) (6) [ša m ilu] Nábû-iḳ-bi. [81–2–4, 273.]

No. 136I. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu XIV kam Sin u Šamšu] it-ti a-ḫa-miš (2) [innamru pl sanâḳu ša pî lib] mâti iṭâb(ab) (3) [ilâni pl mâtu Akkada ki ana damiḳti] i-ḫa-sa-su (4) [ḫud lib] ummâni(ni) (5) [lib sarri iṭâb bûl] mâtu Akkadi ki (6) [ina ṣíri] par-ga-niš (7) [i-rab]-bi-iṣ *Rev.* (1) [Ana Sin u] Šamšu šú-ta tu-u (2) [šar] mâti uz-[na urappaš] aš (3) [ûmu] XIV kám ilu [Sin itti] ilu Šamši inna-mar-ma (4) [Ana] Sin u [Šamšu šit]-ḳu-lim (5) [at]-mu-u ki-[i-nu ina pî] nišî pl išakanu(nu) (6) [šar mâti] iṣu [GU .] ZA . ú-lab-bar. [83–1–18, 240.]

No. 136K. *Obv.* (1) . . . . KIL . . . (2) . . mí ki . . . . . (3) ûmu XIV kám . . . . (4) ilu Sín u ilu Šamšu šú-ta-[tu-u] (5) šar mâti uz-na urappaš . . (6) šarru išid iṣu GU . ZA . -šu i-[kan] (7) ûmu XIV kám a-ḫa-miš innamru . . . *Rev.* (1) [. . ûmu] XIV kám innam-mar-ma [damiḳti . . . .] (2) [limutti] ana mâtu [Ílama(ma) ki u MAR [TU ki] (3) . . . . . [K. 1339.]

No. 136L. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin u Šamšu itti aḫamiš ŠI .]LAL . (2) [sanâḳu ša-pî líb]-bi mâti iṭâb . (3) ilâni pl Akkada ki ana damiḳti]

i-ḫa-sa-su (4) [ḫud lib ummâni lib]-bi sarri iṭâb (5) [bûl Akkadi ki ina ṣíri par]-ga-niš i-rab-bi-iṣ (6) . . . . . [ḳarnu] ḳarnu i-dir (7) . . . . . šu kit-tú i-ta-mí (8) . . . . . ka-liš išakan(an) *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin u Šamšu šit-ḳu-lu mâti i-kan (2) at-mu-u ki-í-nu ina pî nišî pl išakan(an) (3) Šarru isu GU .[ZA . ulabbar] (4) Ana Sin u [Šamšu] šú-[ta-tu-u] (5) [šar mâti uzna urappaš] (6) . . . . . (7) [sa m ilu] Nabû-mu-ší-ṣi [K. 876.]

No. 136M. *Obv.* (1) [Ana]ûmu XIV kám Sin u Šamšu itti aḫamiš innamru] (2) sanâḳu ša pî lil mâti iṭâb [ilâni pl Akkadi ki] (3) Ana damiḳtim(tim) i-ḫas-sa-su [bûl Akkadi ki] (4) par-ga-niš ina ṣíri i-rab bi-[iṣ] (5) ḫu-ud lib nišî pl išakan(an) lib [šarri iṭâb] (6) Ana Sin Šamšu ik-šú-dam-ma [itti-šu ittintu] (7) ḳarnu ḳarnu i-dir ina mâti [kit-tu] (8) ibašši(ši)-ma mâru itti-šu [kit-ti itama] *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin u Šamšu šit-ḳul-lu at-mu-[u kînu] (2) ina pî nišî pl išakan (an) šarru išid [kussi ikân (3) Ana Sin u Šamšu šú-ta-tu-[u] (4) šar mâti uz-nu urappaš . . (5) kit-ti ibašši . . . (6) ša m ilu Nabû-iḳ-bi . . . . [K. 789.]

No. 136N. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV kám Sin u Šamšu [itti a-ḫa]-miš innamru . . (2) sanaku ša pê lib mâti iṭâb(ab) ilâni pl mâtu [Akkadi ki] (3) ana damiktim(tim) i-ḫas-sa-su (4) ḫu-ud lib nišî pl išakan (an) [lib šarri iṭâb] (5) Ana Sin Šamšu ik-šú-[dam-ma itti-šu ittintu] (6) ḳarnu ḳarnu i-[dir] (7) . . la . . . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin u Šamšu [šitḳulu] (2) at-mu-ú ki . . nu ina pî nišî pl (3) išakan(an) šarru [išid kussi ikan] (4) Ana Sin u [Šamšu šutatû] (5) šar mâti [uzna urappaš] (6) ša m ilu Nabu . . . . [K. 869.]

No. 136O. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV kam ilu [Sin u ilu Šamšu (2) it-ti a-ḫa-miš in-[nam-ru] (3) pu-ú i-ka-na lib [mâti iṭâb] (4) ilâni pl mâtu (*sic*) a-na da-mí-iḳ-[ti iḫasasu] (5) ḫu-ud lib-bi ummâni (ni) lib-bi [šarri iṭâb] (6) bu-ul mâtu (*sic*) par-ga-ni-iš ina ṣíri i-rab [bi-iṣ] (7) Ana ilu Sin u ilu Šamšu šit-ḳu-lu mâtu i-ka-na (8) at-mu-ú ki-í-nu ina pi-i nišî pl išakan(an) (9) Šarru isu GU . ZA ú-la-[bar] *Rev.* (1) Ana ilu Sin u ilu Šamšu šú-ta-tu-u (2) Šar mâti [uz]-nu ú-rap-pa-aš (3) Šá m Ištar-šuma-[íríš]. [K. 773.]

No. 136P. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu XIV kam Sin u Šamšu] itti a-ḫa-miš innamru pl (2) [sanâḳu ša pi lib] mâti iṭab(ab) [ilâni pl

Akkada ^{ki} ana damiḳtim i-ḫa]-sa-su (4) . . . . . ni *Rev.* (1) [Ana Sin u Šamšu šú]-ta-tu-ú (2) Šar mâti uz-nu [urappaš] aš (3) šá ^{m} Ištar-šuma-íríš(íš). [Rm. 212].

No. 136Q. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin u Šamšu šutatû] šar mâti uz-nu ú-rap-pa-[aš] (2) . . . . . $^{pl\ ilu}$ Sin ûmu XIV ^{kám} innammar . . (3) . . . . i-dir ina mâti kit-tú ibašši (4) sa-lim kiš-[sa-ti] (*Remainder wanting.*) *Rev.* (1) . . . ka . . (2) [ša ^{m} Ba]-la-si-i. [K. 11046.]

No. 136R. *Obv.* (*Top wanting*) (1) . . . . . (2) ina ṣíri [irab-biṣ] . . . . (3) Ana Sin u Šamšu šú-ta-tu-[u šar mâti uzna urappaš] (4) Ana Sin u Šamšu šit-ḳu-[lu mâtu ikân] (5) at-mu-[u kînu ina pî nišî išakan] *Rev.* (1) Šarru . DIL . TÍ . . . . . (2) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu . . . . (3) paṭar bi-ra-a-[ti arad maṣṣarâti] . . . . . [Bu. 91–5–9, 28.]

No. 136S. *Obv.* (*Top wanting*) (1) [Ana Sin u Šamšu] šú-ta-tu-ú šar [mâti uzna urappaš] (2) . . . ûmu XIV ^{kám} . . . (3) . . . innammar(mar) . . . (4) . . . íli Sin ki . . . (5) . . . mâti išid DIL . TÍ . . . (6) kit-ti-šu izzaz . . . (7) . . ûmu XIV ^{kám} itti Sin . . . (8) . . . tarbaṣ Sin izziz . . . (9) mâru itti [abi-šu] *Rev.* (*Top wanting*) (1) . . . ûmu XIV ^{kám} šattu I ^{kám} . . (2) šarru kînu šar TIN . TIR ^{ki} . . . . [Rm. 2, 345.]

No. 136T. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin u Šamšu šú]-ta-tu ú (2) [Šar mâti uzna] ú-rap-pa-aš (3) [Ana Sin u Šamšu šit]-ḳu-lu (4) [mâtu ikân at-mu]-u ki-i-nu (5) [ina pî niši ^{pl}] iš-šak-kan (6) [šarru ^{iṣu} GU .] ZA ú-lab-bar (7) [Ana ûmu XIV ^{kam} Sin u Šamšu] itti a-ḫa-miš innammru ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) [sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti] iṭâb (2) [ilâni ^{pl} Akkada ^{ki} ana damikti] i-ḫa-as-sa-su (3) [ḫud libbi ummâni] iš-šak-kan (4) [i]-na mâti (5) . . . šu inaši(ši) (6) [ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal]-íṭir(ir). [K. 1322.]

No. 136U. *Obv.* (*Top wanting*) (1) at-mu-ú ki-[í-nu ina pî nišî ^{pl} išakan] (2) Šar mâti ^{isu} GU . [ZA] . . . . (3) Ana [1]Šamšu íli-nu Sin šapli tanu . . . . . (5) [Ana Sin u Šamšu] šú-ta-tu-ú (6) kit-ti . . . . (7) [ša ^{m}] ^{ilu} Nabû (?) . . . [S. 885.]

[1] Same character as in No. 177, *obv.* 1.

No. 137. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV kám Sin ù Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru pl (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb ilâni pl mâtu Akkada ki (3) ana damiḳti-i-ḫa-as-sa-su ḫu-ud lib ummâni pl išakan(an) (4) Ana Sin ù Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú šar mâti uz-nu [urappaš] aš (5) Ana Sin ù Šamšu šit-ḳul-lu mâtu ikân (6) [at-mu]-ú ki-i-nu ina pi-i nišî pl išaḳan(an) (7) [šâr] mâti isu GU . ZA ú-lab-bar *Rev.* (1) Ana [Sin ina] tamarti-šu Sâru Šûtu itbi (2) Šumḳut Aḫarrî ki (3) Ana ina šumíli šamši ni-du nadi-ma a (?) du bi tu (4) íš-tú šar Aḫarrî ki ana a-?-ri-šu 1išbatu-šu (5) ša m ilu Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [K. 799.]

No. 138. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV kám Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru . . (2) [pu]-ú i-ka-na lib mâti iṭâb . . (3) [ilâni] pl mâtu Akkada ki Ana sal damiḳti i-ḫa-as-sa-su (4) [ḫud] lib-bi ummâni(ni) bu-lum mâtu Akkadi ki (5) [ina ṣíri] par-ga-niš i-rab-bi-is (6) [Ana Sin u Šamšu] šú-ta-tu-ú (7) [šar mâti] uznu ú-rap-pa-aš (8) [Ana Sin u] Šamšu šit-ḳu-[lu] (9) [at]-mu-u ki i-nu ina pî [nišî pl išakan] *Rev.* (1) šar kiššati isu kussi ú-[lab-bar] (2) Ana ḳar-nu ḳar-nu i-dir mílu illak (?) (3) : zunni pl ibaššu pl (4) m Ba-la-si-i. [K. 795.]

No. 138A. *Obv.* (1) Ana ilu Sin u ilu Šamšu šú-ta-tu-u (2) šar mâti uz-na urappaš(aš) (3) [ana] ilu Sin ilu Šamša iḳ-šú-dam-ma (4) it-ti-šu it-tin-tum ḳar-nu ḳar-nu i-dir (5) ina mâti kit-tú ibašši(ši) -ma mâru itti abî-šu (6) kit-tum i-ta-am-mí (7) Ana ilu Sin ina tamarti-šu ḳar-nu ḳar-nu [i-dir] (8) mílu illak . . . . *Rev.* (1) ûmu XIV kám itti ilu Šamši innammar . . . (2) Ana ûmu XIV kám Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru . . (3) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb(ab) ilâni pl Akkadi [ki] (4) ana sal damiḳti i-ḫa-sa-su ḫu-ud lib nišî pl (5) išakan(an) lib šarri [iṭâb bu-]ul mâtu Akkadi ki (6) par-ga-niš ina ṣéri i-rab-bi-iṣ (7) šá m Ak-kul-la-ni. [83–1–18, 191.]

No. 139. *Obv.* (1) Ana ilu Sin ilu Ša-maš ši-it-ḳu-lu (2) at-mu-u ki-i-nu ina 2pî 3nišî pl išakan(an) (3) šar kiš-ša-ti isu GU . ZA ú-lab-bar (4) ûmu XIV kám in-na-mar-ma (5) ri-iḫ-ti di-ib-bi du-un-ḳu (6) ša šarri bíli-ia ina lib 4urpâti pl (7) il-lak la ni-mur (8) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu | ina 4urpâti pl 5iḳilippu(pu) (9) mílu

1 LU-šu, *glossed* iṣ-ba-tu-uš.
2 KA, *glossed* pi-i.
3 UKU . pl, *glossed* ni-ši.
4 IM . DIR pl, *glossed* ur-pa-a-ti.
5 DIR-pu, *glossed* i-ḳi-lip-pu.

il-la-ak *Rev.* (1) ni-iḳ-il-pu-u a-lā-ku (2) Ana Sin ina tamarti šu | [1]Šamû(ú) | [2]šapik(ik) (3) zu-un-nu iz-za-nun (4) ina urpati ša-pi-ik-ti in-nam-mar-ma (5) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-aḫî ^{pl}-íriba. [K. 736.]

No. 140. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin Šamšu la ú-ḳi-ma ir-bi (2) na-an-du-ur níši ^{pl} u âḫî ^{pl} (3) ûmu [XIV] ^{kám} it-ti ^{ilu} Šamši innammar (4) Ana Sin ina la si-ma-šu (*sic*) innamír (5) sa-pa-aḫ . . . . (6) ûmu XV ^{kám} it-ti ^{ilu} Šamši innammar[ma] *Rev.* (1) arki-šu ina ^{arḫu} Tašrîti ^{ilu} [sin] (2) ûmu(mu) ú-šal-lam . . (3) šá ^{m} Ba-la-si-i

[K. 706.]

No. 141. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin u ^{ilu} Ša-maš šit-ḳu-lu (2) at-mu-ú ki-í-nu (3) ina pî nišî ^{pl} iš-ša-kau (4) Šar [mâti] ^{iṣu} GU . ZA ú-[lab-bar] (*Remainder of obverse and top of reverse lost.*) *Rev.* (1) . . . zi-ḳi-it . . . . . (2) . . . . [3]ilmi-šu mílu illak . . (3) ^{ilu} [Sin mušu au]-ni-ú tarbaṣu il-ti-[mí-ma] (4) ^{mul} GIR . . bi šu ina libbi-šu it-[ti-it-zi] (5) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ^{šâru} šûtu illak . . (6) ina arḫi šuâti ^{šâru} šûtu sa-dir (7) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabu-aḫî ^{pl} íriba.

[K. 1412 + 1508.]

No. 142. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu XIV ^{kam} Sin u Šamšu it-ti] a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (2) [sanâḳu ša pî lib] mâti iṭâb(ab) (3) [ilâm ^{pl} Akkada ^{ki} ana] ^{sal} damiḳti i-ḫas-sa-su (4) . . . . illak(ak) (5) bu-lim ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} pár-ga-niš ina ṣíri [irabbiṣ] (6) Ana Sin ina tamarti šu ḳarnu ḳarnu i-dir (7) mílu illakam(kám) (8) ûmu XIV ^{kám} ud-da su-nu *Rev.* (1) a-ḫa-miš innammaru ^{pl} (2) Ana Sin ina alâki-šu ni-iḫ . . . (3) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu izziz(iz) . . . . ípuš-ma (4) . . ku-su . . . iḫ-ṣa-at (5) . . . *di-mi-ik-ma (6) . . . kit-ti i-ta-[ma] (7) . . . . na (?)-ši-ma (8) . . . . . ilu (?)

[82–5–22, 64.]

No. 143. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ûmu XIV $^{kám\ ilu}$ Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš [innamru] ^{pl} (2) sanâḳu ša pi lib-bi mâti iṭab(ab) (3) ilâni $^{pl\ mâtu}$ Akkada ^{ki} damiḳtim(tim) i-ḫa-as-sa-su (4) Ana Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú (5) šar mâti uz-nu ú-rap-pa-aš (6) sarru išid ^{iṣu} GU (*sic*)-

[1] ANA-ú, *glossed* Ša-mu-u. [2] DUB-ik, *glossed* ša-pi-ik.
[3] NIGIN-šu, *glossed* il-mí-šu.

šu i-ka-nu (7) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} Aḳrabu ^{ina} libbi-šu izziz (8) ínâti ^{pl} uš-ṭa-ḫa-a (9) ^{am} zakkari ^{pl} . . . níši ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) in-nam-da-ru-ma alkâti ipparasu ^{pl} (2) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-aḫî ^{pl} iddina(na)

[K. 1373+83-1-18, 780].

No. 144. *Obv.* (1) ûmu XIV ^{kam} ^{ilu} Sin ù ^{ilu} Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innammaru ^{pl} (2) mu-šu an-ni ^{ilu} Sin tarbaṣu iltamí(mí) (3) ^{ilu} LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ ina lib tarbaṣi itti ^{ilu} Sin izziz(iz) (4) Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} Sin u Šamšu it-ti a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} sanâḳu ša pî (5) lib mâti iṭâb ilâni $^{pl\,mâtu}$ Akkadi ^{ki} a-na ^{sal} damiḳti i-ḫa-sa-su (6) ḫud lib ummâni ^{pl} bu-ul ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} par-ga-niš ina ṣíri i-rab-bi-is (7) Ana Sin ina alâki-šu ni-iḫ íbûr mâti iššir : ûmu XIV ^{kám} innammar-ma (8) Ana Sin u Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú šar mâti uz-na urappaš(aš) (9) ša ûmu XIV ^{kám} ilu itti ili innammaru ^{pl} . . . ^{ilu} LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ (10) ûmu XV ^{kám} it-ti ^{ilu} Sin izzaz(az)-ma *Rev.* (1) Ana ilu Šamšu ina tarbaṣ Sin izziz(iz) ina mâti kalâmi (2) [kit-tu] i-ta-mu-u mâru itti abî-šu kit-[tu itama] (3) . . . ina tarbaṣ Sin izzaz-ma (4) [Ana . . . . ina tarbaṣ] Sin izziz(iz) (5) . . . . . kussi i-ka-na (6) . . . . Sin izzaz(az)-ma (7) [ša ^{m} Ak-kul-la ?]-ni. [83-1-18, 228].

No. 144A. *Obv.* (1) Umu XIV ^{kám} Sin ù [Šamšu itti aḫamiš innamru] (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb(ab) [ilâni ^{pl} Akkada ^{ki}] (3) Ana damiḳtim(tim) i-ḫa-as-su . . . (4) Ana Sin ù Šamšu šú-ta-[tu-u] (5) šar mâti [uz]-na ú-rap-[pa-aš] (6) umu XIV $^{[kam]}$ it-ti ^{ilu} Šamši [innammar-ma] *Rev.* (1) . . . . IV (?) ^{kám} tarbaṣu . . . . (2) . . . . . tu-uš . . . . . (3) Ana Sin tarbaṣu [ilmi-ma] MUL . MUL . [ina libbi šu izziz] (4) ina šatti šiâti [sinnišâti ^{pl}] zakkari ^{pl} [ulada ^{pl}] (5) : šar mât-*šu *nakri-šu nu sur . . . . (6) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma id-[lul (7) na-dan pâl [šarri] (8) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nírgal-[íṭir].

[K. 1306+83-1-18, 316.]

No. 144B. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Sin ^{ilu} Šamša ik-šú-dam-[ma itti šu ittintu] (2) *ḳar-*nu *ḳar-*ṇu . . . . . (3) mâru itti abî-šu [kittu itama] (4) Ana ^{ilu} Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu šit-ḳu-[lu matu ikân atmû kinû] (5) ina pî nišî ^{pl} išakan(an) . . . . . (6) Ana ^{ilu} Šamšu ippuḫa(ḫa)-ma ^{ilu} Sin . . . . . (7) iš-di-ḫu šanâti ^{pl} . . . . (8) ûmu XIV $^{kám\,ilu}$ Sin itti ^{ilu} [Šamši innammar-ma] (9) Ana ^{ilu} Sin ina tamarti-šu ḳarnâti ^{pl} [šu . .]

(10) Ana mâti Šubtu ní-[iḫ-tu . . . .] *Rev.* (1) ^{ilu} Sin ûmu(mu) ú-šal-lam-ma UD X . . . . (2) Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru [^{pl} sanâḳu ša pî] (3) lib mâti iṭâb(ab) ilâni $^{pl\ mâtu}$ Akkada ^{ki} [ana damiḳti] (4) i-ḫa-as-sa-su ḫu-ud [lib ummâni] (5) lib šarri iṭab(ab) bûl [Akkadi ^{ki}] (6) par-ga-niš ina ṣíri[irabbiṣ] (7) Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} innammar-ma damiḳti ^{matu} [Akkadi ^{ki}] . . . . (8) Ša ^{m} Ak-[kul-la-ni]. [Rm. 208.]

No. 144c. *Obv.* (*Top wanting.*) (1) . . . . bûl ^{mâtu} Akkadi $^{[ki]}$ (2) [parganiš ina ṣíri] i-rab-bi-[iṣ] (3) [Ana Sin u Šamšu šit-ḳu]-lu mâtu ikân(an) at-mu-ú (4) [kínu ina] pî nišî ^{pl} išakan(an) (5) [šar mâti) DIL . TÍ ulabbar(bar) *Rev.* (1) . . . ŠI . AN . AŠ A . ŠI ina lib-bi DU (?) . . . (2) . . ina lib tarbaṣ Sin izziz . . . (3) . . . . ^{pl} arkûti $^{[pl]}$ (*Remainder lost.*) [83-1-18, 870.]

No. 144d. *Obv.* (1) ûmu(mu) an-nu-ú ûmu XIV ^{kám} (2) ^{ilu} Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu a-ḫa-miš i-tam-ru (3) an-nu-ú pi-ši-ir-šu (4) Ana ûmu XIV $^{kám\ ilu}$ Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu (*Remainder of obverse lost.*) *Rev.* (1) [Ana Sin u Šamšu] *šú-*ta-tu-ú (2) šar mâti ḫa-si-si urappaš (aš) (3) ša ûmu XV ^{kám} it-ti ^{ilu} Šamši in-nam-ru (4) ša ^{m} Na-di-nu. [K. 8393.]

No. 144e. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} Sin u Šamšu . . . (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti . . . (3) ana damiḳtim(tim) i-ḫa- . . . (4) lib šarri iṭâb(ab) bu . . . (5) par-ga-niš ina ṣíri . . . (6) Ana Sin Šamša ik-šú-dam . . . (7) ḳarnu ḳarnu i-dir . . . (8) mâru itti abî-šu kit . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin u Šamšu šit-kul-lu mâtu . . . (2) at-mu-ú ki-i-nu ina pî . . . (3) šar mâti ^{iṣu} GU . ZA ú-lab . . . (4) [Ana] Sin u Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú šar mâti uz . . . (5) kit-ti ibašši . . (6) Ana [1]Šamšu íli-nu Sin . . . ina šapli-ta-nu *Sin . . . (7) šar mâti ina kit-ti-šu izzaz . . (8) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-iḳ-bi . . [K. 1329.]

No. 145. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu šu-ta-tu-ú (2) ina mâti kit-ti ib-ba - aš-ši (3) mâru it-ti Abî-šu kit-ti (4) i-ta-mi (5) Ana Sin u Šamšu šit-ḳul-lu [šar] mâti (6) u-zu-un ú-[rap-pa-as] (7) ûmu XIV $^{kám\ ilu}$ Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu (8) it-ti a-ḫa-miš in-nam-mar-ma *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR mí-lam-mu šakin(in) (2)

[1] Same character as in No. 177, *obv.*, 4.

Sar Akkadi ^{ki} iṣu kakki ^{pl}-šu (3) íli ^{iṣu} kakki ^{pl} nakri-šu i-dan-ni-nu (4) ^{mul} šarru lu-ú ina i-mit-ti (5) lu-ú ina šú-mí-lu ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR izzaz-ma (6) ín-na a-du-ú ina šú-mí-lu (7) ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR a-na III-šú ina . . . (8) ú-su-uz (9) ša ^{m} Ri-mu-tu

[83–1–18, 245.]

No. 146. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} Sin ù Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (3) ilâni $^{pl\ mâtu}$ Akkada ^{ki} ana damiḳtim(tim) (4) i ḫa-as-sa-su ḫu-ud lib nísî ^{pl} išakan(an) (5) Ana Sin ù Šamšu šit-ḳu-lu mâtu ikân (6) at-mu-ú ki-i-nu ina pi-i nišî ^{pl} išakan(an) (7) Šar kiš-šat ^{iṣu} kussa ú-lab-bar (8) Ana Sin ù Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú (9) Šar mâti uz-na ù-rap-pa-aš *Rev.* 1 [Ana] ^{mul} LU . BAD . GUD . UD ina írib Šamši zunnu izanun(nun) ma zunnu izanun(nun) (3) ^{mul} Mustabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) šarura it-tan-ši (4) ^{mul} LU . BAD . DIR nu-ḫuš niše ^{pl} (5) ^{mul} LU . BAD . DIR pagri ^{pl} Šam-ru (6) ^{mul} LU . BAD . DIR ^{ilu} muštabarrû-mûtânu (a-nu) (7) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nirgal ítir(ir). [Rm. 191.]

No. 146A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin] ù Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú (2) šar mâti uz-na ú-[rap-pa]-aš (3) [Ana] sin ù Šamšu šit-ku-lu (4) mâtu i-kân at-[mu]-ú ki-i-nu (5) ina pi-[i nísî ^{pl} i]-šak-kan (6) [šar mâti ^{iṣu} kussa ú]-lab-bar (7) . . . . bi *Rev.* (1) . . . . (2) . . . . [i]-ma-al-li-ku (3) íbûr mâti iššir mâtu nuḫša im-mar (4) ^{arḫu} âiru ûmu XX ^{kám} ṢIR li-duk (5) [Šarru] a-ša-ri-du-ti il-lak (6) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nirgal-íṭir(ir). [K. 842.]

No. 147. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} sin u Šamšu it]-ti a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (2) [sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti] iṭâb(ab) ilâni $^{pl\ mâtu}$ Akkada ^{ki} (3) [Ana damiḳti] i-ḫas-sa-su lib šarri iṭâb(ab) (4) [ḫud lib] ummâni(ni) bu-lim ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} (5) [parganiš] ina ṣíri i-rab-bi-iṣ (6) [Ana Sin u Šamšu] šú-ta-tu-ú (7) [Šar mâti] uz-nu urappaš(aš) (8) [Ana Sin ina tamarti]-šu ḳarnâti ^{pl}-šu tur-ru-kám *Rev.* (1) [paṭar] bi-ra-a-[ti] (2) [arad] ma-ṣar-ra-a-[ti] (3) [taš-mu]-u salimu(mu) ina mâti [ibašši] (4) [Ana a-na pâl] ûmí ^{pl} arkûti (5) [ša-lam] šar kiššuti u nišî ^{pl} -šu (6) [ina] ûmu(mu) a-dan-ni-šu (7) [it]-ti ^{ilu} Šamši uš-ta-ta-a (8) [Ša]-ni-in man-za-as-su (9) [Ša ^{m} Irašši]-ši-ilu ardu ša šarri maḫrû(u). [K. 850.]

No. 148. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ûmu XIV kám Sin u Šamšu it-ti [aḫamiš innamru pl] (2) sanâḳu ša pî lil mâti itâb(ab) [ilâni pl Akkada ki] (3) Ana sal damiḳti i-[ḫa-sa]-su ḫu-ud lib [ummâni] (4) šarru ašaridu-tam illak(ak) bu-lim mâtu [Akkadi ki] (5) pár-ga-niš ina ṣíri i-rab-bi-[iṣ] (6) Ana Sin u Šamšu šú-ta-tu-[u] (7) šar mâti uz-nu urappaš . . (8) ša ûmu XIV kám arḫu . . . . (9) in (?) . . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana a-na pâl ûmí(mí) arkûti [pl] (2) ša-lam (?) šar kiššuti u nišî pl-[šu] (3) ina ûmu(mu) a-dan-ni-šu it-[ti šamši] (4) uš-ta-ta-a ša-ni-in man-[za-as-su] (5) [ša] m Irašši(ši)-ilu ardu ša šarri (6) maḫ-ru-ú. [K. 807.]

No. 149. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin u] ilu Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú (2) [Šar mâti] uz-na ú-rap-pa-aš (3) [Ana Sin u] ilu Šamšu šit-ḳu-lu mâtu i-ka-nu (4) [atmû ki-i]-nu ina pi-i nišî pl išakan(an) (5) [šar iṣu GU]. ZA ú-lab-bar (*Remainder broken.*) *Rev.* (1) . . . . . ḳi . . . . (2) . . . lib arḫu Ululi arki-i (3) . . . ru-ú ad-ru šu-ú (4) . . . ra-an liš-pur-ma ina lib arḫu Ululi arki-i (5) . . . . li- pu- uš (6) [ša m ilu] Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [83–1–18, 302.]

No. 150. *Obv.* (1) Ana ilu Sin ilu Šamša ik-šú-ud-ma itti-šu (2) it-tin-tu ḳarnu ḳarnu i-dir (3) ina mâti kit-ti ibassi(ši)-ma (4) mâru itti abî-šu kit-ti i-ta-[ma] (5) ûmu XIV kám ilu Sin u ilu Šamšu (6) it-ti a-ḫa-miš innammaru pl (7) Ana ilu Sin u ilu Šamšu šú-ta-tu-[u] (8) Šar mâti uz-na ú-[rap-pa-aš] *Rev.* (1) šarru išid iṣu kussi-šu i-[kan] (2) ûmu XIV kám ilu itti ili innammaru . . (3) ri-íš šat-ti ilu Nírgal . . . . (4) na-pir-ti ša ši . . . (5) ûmu XIV kám itti ilu Šamši it-[tan-mar] (6) damiḳti ša šarri bíl-ia šú-ú (7) ša m ilu Nabû-ikiša(ša) mâr Bar-sib ki. [83–1–18, 186.]

No. 151. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin u ilu Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú (2) Šar mâti uz-nu ú-rap-pa-aš (3) ûmu XIV kám arḫu-us-su ilu itti ili innammar-ma (4) arḫu Tašrîtu arḫu Araḫsamna u arḫu Kisilimu III arḫâni pl (5) arki a-ḫa-miš ana damiḳti u a-rak ûmí(mí) (6) ša šarri bí-ili-iá it-tan-ma-ru (7) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu karnâte pl šu tur-ru-ka (8) paṭar bi-ra-a-ti a-rad maṣṣarâti pl (9) taš-mu-ú u šalimu(mu) ina mâti ibašši (10) ûmu XIV kám ilu itti ili innammar-ma (11) Ana Sin ûmu XIV kám innamir-ma damiḳti mâtu Akkadi ki *Rev.* (1) limutti mâtu Ílama u Aḫarrî (2) Ana mul Aḳrabu ṣalmu ina libbi-šu taš-mu-ú

ibašši (3) ša ^{ilu} Sin u ^{ilu} GUD . UD lubûšu (?) ikašad-su-nu (4) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Kisilimi ûmu XV ^{kám} ana ^{ilu} Nírgal liš-kin (5) ^{iṣu} lib-bi GIŠIMMAR ina ḳatâ ^{II}-šu liš-ši (6) ina ḫarrani u mí-tí-ḳi i-šal-lim (7) ûmu XVI ^{kám} ûmu XVII ^{kám} Alpa ina pân ^{ilu} Nabî i-tar-ra-aṣ (8) Alpu ina pan ^{ilu} Nabî . . . im-maḫ-ḫa-aṣ (9) ûmu XVIII ^{kám} *ilu-*ma il-lab-bi-iš (10) mušu ša ûmi XIX ^{kám} kinûnu (11) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-šuma iškun(un). [81–2–4, 102.]

No. 151A. *Obv.* (*Top broken*) (1) [sanâḳu ša pî] lib mati iṭâb [ilani ^{pl}] (2) ^{mâtu} Akkada ^{ki} ana ^{sal} damiḳti i-[ḫa-sa-su] (3) šarru gamí-ru-tam illak[ak] (4) bu-lim ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} par-ga-niš ina [ṣíri irabbiṣ] (5) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ḳarnu ḳarnu i[dir] (6) mílu illak[ak] (7) ina maḫ-ri-i a-na šarri bí-ili-ia (8) al-tap-ra um-ma ûmu XIV ^{kám} (9) ilu itti ili innammar . . *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin Šamšu ikšud-ma itti-[šu ittintu ina] mâti (2) kit-ti ibašši [maru itti abî-šu kitti] (3) i-ta-mu . . . . . ši . . (4) Ana Sin inat amarti-šu [ḳarnâti ^{pl}-šu turruka] (5) paṭar bi-ra-a-ti [arad maṣṣarâti] (6) taš-[mu-u u salimu ina mâti ibašši] (*Remainder broken off*). *Left-hand edge* . . . ra ši-ilu . . . [K. 973.]

No. 152. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} Sin u Šamšu itti a ḫamiš innamru ^{pl} (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb(ab) ilâni $^{pl\ mâtu}$ Akkada ^{ki} (3) A-na ^{sal} damiḳti i-ḫa-sa-su (4) ḫu-ud lib-bi ummâni (ni) lib šarri iṭâb(ab) (5) bûl ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} par-ga-niš ina ṣíri irabbiṣ (iṣ) (6) Ana Sin u Šamšu šit-ḳu-lu mâtu i-ḳan (7) at-mu-ú ki-nu ina pî nísî ^{pl} išakan(an) (8) [šar mâti] ^{iṣu} kussa ulabbar(bar) *Rev.* (1) ^{iṣu} li'u am-mí-u (2) šá ûm ^{ilu} ÍN . LIL . ša ni-iš ṭur-u-ni (3) lu-šír-bu-u-ni šarru bí-li li-mur (4) ù ^{iṣu} li' Ak-ka-du-u (5) šá sarri lid-di-nu-na-ši (6) Kakkabâni ^{pl} III $^{ta-a-an}$ ina pu-u-ti (7) ina lib-bi li-ṣí-ru (8) ^{am} SAG . lip-ḳi-du ša un-ḳu i-pat-tu-ni (9) ina pani-šu í-ṣí-ru-ni [83–1–18, 223.]

No. 153. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ^{ilu} Šamša la ú-ḳi-[ma irbi] (2) na-an-dur níšî [^{pl} u âḫî ^{pl}] (3) ša ûmu XIV ^{kám} ilu itti ili la in-[nam-mar] (4) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ḳarnu ḳarnu i-[dir] (5) ^{sal} nukurtu išakan(an) . . . (6) ša ûmu XIV ^{kám} ilu itti ili la in-nam-[ma-ru] (7) Ana Sin ina alâki-šu í-zi maḫiru iṣahir(ir) (8) ûmu XV ^{kám} itti ^{ilu} Šamši innammar(mar-ra) *Rev.* (1) mu-ši a-ga-a ^{ilu} Sin tarbaṣu il-ta-

mi (2) ^{mul} AB . SIN u ^{mul} A . ÍDIN ina lib-bi ú-šú-us-su (3) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma $^{mul\ ilu}$ PAN ina libbi-šu izziz (4) aštûti ^{pl} (?) in-na-da-ru-ma (5) ḫu-ub-bu-tu ina mâti i-man-du (6) Ana Sin [1] nâru ilmi(mi) ri-iḫ-ṣu u ra-a-[du] (7) rabûti ^{pl} ibašši $^{pl\ mul}$ A . ÍDIN (8) ina tarbaṣ ^{ilu} Sin izzaz(az) -[ma] (9) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-ikiša(ša) mâr Bár-[sib ^{ki}]. [K. 793.]

No. 154. *Obv.* (1) ûmu I ^{kám} a-na šarri Al-tap-ra um-ma ûmu XIV ^{kám} (2) ^{ilu} Sin it-ti ^{ilu} Šamšu in-nam-mar (3) ûmu XIV $^{kám\ ilu}$ Sin ù ^{ilu} Šamšu it-ti a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (4) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb(ab) ilâni $^{pl\ mâtu}$ Akkada ^{ki} (5) Ana ^{sal} damiḳti i-ḫa-as-sa-su ḫu-ud lib nisî ^{pl} išakan(an) (6) bu-lum ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} par-ga-niš ina ṣíri irabbiṣ(iṣ) (7) Ana ^{ilu} Sin ^{ilu} Šamša ik-šú-dam-ma itti-šu (8) it-tin-ta ḳarnu ḳarnu i-dir *Rev.* (1) ina mâti kitti ibašši(ši)-ma (2) mâru itti abî-šu kit-ti i-ta-mi (3) ûmu XIV $^{kám\ ilu}$ Sin it-ti ^{ilu} Šamši innam-mar-ma (4) Ana ^{ilu} Sin ù ^{ilu} Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú (5) Šar mâti uz-na urappaš(aš) (6) ûmu XIV $^{kám\ ilu}$ Sin it-ti ^{ilu} Šamši innammar-ma (7) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [83–1–18, 171.]

No. 155. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] Sin ù ^{ilu} Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú (2) [Šar] mâti uz-[na] urappaš(aš) šarru išid ^{iṣu} kussi-šu ikân (3) Ana ûmu XIV $^{kám\ ilu}$ Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu itti a-ḫamis innamru ^{pl} (4) pû mâti ikân lib mâti iṭâb(ab) lib šarri iṭâb(ab) (5) ilâní $^{pl\ mâtu}$ Akkada ^{ki} ana damiḳtim(tim) i-ḫas-sa su (6) ḫu-ud lib-bi niši ^{pl} išakan(an) (7) bu-lum ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} par-ga-niš ina ṣíri irabbiṣ(is) (8) Ana Sin ûmu XIV $^{[kam]}$ innamir-ma damiḳti ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} (9) limutti ^{mâtu} Ílama (ma) ^{ki} u Aḫarrî ^{ki} *Rev.* (1) Šarru bí-la-a la i-ḳab-bi um-ma (2) urpatu ak-ka-' i-ta-mur (3) mu-ši a-ga-a a-ṣu-ú-šu ša a-mur (4) ina lib-bi ûmu(mu) i-ṣu it-ta-ṣa-a (5) ḳaḳ-ḳar-šu ša ina lib-bi in-nam-ma-ru (6) ik-ta-šad i-da-at ša a-ma-ru ši-i (7) ša ší-í-[ri] . . i ûmu(mu) pi-tu-ú (8) šarru IM . . . . kas-bu ûmu(mu) (9) it-ti ^{ilu} Šamši iz-za-az (10) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-ikiša(ša) mâr Bár-ṣib ^{ki}. [83–1–18, 48.]

No. 155A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} Sin u] Šamšu itti a-ḫa-[miš innamru] (2) [sanâḳu ša pî] lib-bi mâti [ṭâb] (3) [ilâni ^{pl}] ^{mâtu} Akkadi $^{[ki]}$ (4) [Ana] damiḳti i-ḫa-sa-su (5) [ḫud] lib-bi um-mâni(ni) lib-bi šarri iṭâb(ab) (6) bûl ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} (7) ina ṣíri par-

[1] Erasure.

ga-niš irabbiṣ(iṣ) (8) Ana ^{ilu} Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu šit-ḳu-lu (9) mâtu i-ka-na at-mu-u ki-[i-nu] . (10) ina pî nišî ^{pl} išaḳan(an) (11) šar mâti ^{iṣu} DIL . TÍ ulabbar(bar) *Rev.* (1) Ana Sin u Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú (2) šar mâti IZ . KU . PI *urappaš(aš) (3) ultu lib-bi ûmí (mí) . . . . (4) ûmu(mu) . . . . (5) mu-šú . . . . (6) UD mu (?) . . . . (7) . . . . [K. 6078.]

No. 155B. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} ^{ilu} Sin u ^{ilu} . . . . . (2) taš-mu-ú u sa-li-[mu ina mâti ibašši] . (3) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Bíl-na-ṣir . . . (4) ki-ma ša a-na šarri bí-[ili-ia ašpur] (5) [um]-ma a-dir šî ûmu(mu) . . . . (6) maṣṣarti ša ^{ilu} Sin ia-[a-nu] . . . . (7) . . UD ḫu (?) . . . . (8) a-mat . . . . (9) . . . . (10) ni . (?) . . . *Rev.* (1) ^{ilu} Sin . . . . (2) šarru ša ḳa-as-[su] . . . . (3) ni-iš ḳa-ti . . . . (4) ^{ilu} Sin u ^{ilu} [Šamšu] . . . . (5) ul-tu ^{arḫu} Nisanni . . . . (6) ú-ma-a ša šarri bí-ili . . . . (7) it-ti ni-iš ḳa-ti . . . . (8) ûmu XIV ^{kám} ^{ilu} . . . .

[83–1–18, 296.]

(D) *On the Fifteenth Day.*

No. 156. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XV ^{kám} Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš [innamru] (2) ^{am} nakru dan-nu ^{iṣu} kakki ^{pl}-šu ana mâti inaša (3) abul ali-ia ^{am} nakru ina-ḳar (4) Ana Sin Šamša la û-ḳi-ma ir-bi (5) na-an-dur níšî ^{pl} u âḫî ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) ^{arḫu} Simânu ^{mâtu} Aḫarrû (2) ûmu XV ^{kám} ^{mâtu} Aḫarrû (3) šá [^{m} Ba]-ma-a-a.

[Bu. 91–5–9, 8.]

No. 157. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu [XV] ^{kám} Sin u Šamšu (2) itti a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (3) ^{am} nakru dan-nu (4) ^{iṣu} kakki ^{pl}-šu ina mâti inaša(a) (5) parrakki ^{pl} ilâni ^{pl} rabûti ^{pl} ina-ḳar (6) Ana Sin u Šamšu la ú-ḳi-ma ir-bi (7) na-an-dur níšî ^{pl} (8) ù âḫî ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) šá $^{[m]}$ ^{ilu} Nabû-mu-ší-ṣi. [K. 866.]

No. 157A. *Obv.* (1) Ana [ûmu XV ^{kam} Sin u Šamšu itti aḫamiš innamru] (2) ^{am} [nakru dannu ^{iṣu} kakki ^{pl}-šu ana mâti inaša] (3) abul [ali nakru inaḳar] (4) Ana Sín u Šamšu [la uḳi-ma irbi] (5) na-an-dur UR . [MAḪ u âḫî] (6) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ . . .

[83–1–18, 292.]

No. 157B. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu XV kam] Sin ù Samšu (2) [itti a-ḫa]-miš innamru pl (3) [nakru dan]-nu iṣu kakki pl-šu (4) [inaša]-a (5) [abul ali] am nakru ina-ḳar (6) . . . . : mâtu Aḫarrû ki (7) [ša m] ilu Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [K. 1369.]

No. 157C. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu XV kám it-[ti Šamši] (2) in-na-mir . . . . (3) du . . . . (4) mâtu . . . . *Rev.* (1) ša i-ga (?) . . . . (2) um-ma ûmu XV (?) . . . . (3) ilâni pl-ka ki . . . . (4) ša m ilu Bíl-na-[ṣir]. [K. 12017.]

No. 157D. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XV [kám] ilu Sin [u ilu Šamšu] (2) it-ti a-ḫa-mí-iš innamir (3) am nakru dan-nu iṣu kakki pl-šu (4) a-na mâti i-na-ša-a (5) abulli pl am nakru i-na-ḳar (6) Ana ilu Sin u lu Šamšu la ú-ḳi-ma ir-bi (7) na-an-dur níši u aḫi *Rev.* (1) šá m Ištar-šuma-ìríš(íš). [Rm. 195.]

No. 158. *Obv.* (*Top broken.*) (1) [irbi? na-an]-dur . . (2) [níši pl] u UR . BAR . [RA . MIŠ] (3) Ana ûma XV [kám Sin u Šamšu] itti a-ḫa-miš [innamru] (4) am nakru dan-nu [isu] kakki pl-šu ana mâti [inašâ] (5) pân abulli-MU am nakru iṣabbat(bat?) *Rev.* (1) m Ṭâbu-šar-Bílti (?) am (?) SAG (?) am Rab-pi-[šir?] (2) ša am šú-ša-nu lubušu (?) . . . aḫi (?) . . am . . (3) nišî pl ša šarru bí-la-a id-*di-na-[an-ni] (4) ul-taḫ-ṭu-ni lik-kas-*si *i . . . . (5) it-ta-šú-ú mar-ṣa-ku u am Rab-pi-[šir?] (6) ia-a-nu šarru la ú-maš-šir-an-ni-[ma] (7) la a-ma-ti (8) . . . . [83–1–18, 225.]

No. 158A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ûmu] XV kám Sin u ilu Šamšu itti a-ḫa-[miš innamru] (2) nakru dan-nu iṣu kakki pl-šu ana mâti inašâ(a) (3) abul ali nakru ina-ḳar (4) Ana Sin ilu Šamšu la ú-ḳi-ma ir-bi (5) na-an-dur níši u âḫi (6) ša m ilu Nabû-aḫî pl-iddina(na) (7) . . . . Dil-bat ki [K. 755.]

No. 159. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XV kám Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš [innamru] (2) nakru dan-nu isu kakki pl (3) a-na mâti i-na-aš-ša-[a] (4) Abulli pl am nakru i-na-[ḳar] (5) Ana Sin u Šamšu la ú-ḳi-ma ir-[bi] (6) na-an-dur níši u UR . [BAR . RA] (7) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu ḳarnu ḳarnu i-[dir] (8) šarrâni pl ša mâti kalâmi imâtu [pl] *Rev.* (1) Ana ina arḫu Simâni ûmu XVI [kám] . . . . (2) aš-la ša isu

ílippi (?) . . . (3) a-na ma-ḫi-ir-ti li . . . . (4) šídu mu-šal-li-im (5) it-ta-na-ar . . . . (6) šá [m] Ištar-šuma-íríš. [Km. 200.]

No. 160. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin Šamšu la ú-ṣi-ma ir-bi (2) na-an-dur níši u âḫi (3) ûmu XV [kám] itti Šamši innammar-ma (4) ina [arḫu] Nisanni ûmu(mu) ú-šal-lam (5) ûmu XV [kám] Sin itti Šamši in-nam-mar (6) a-na íli [isu] li-'-a-nu (7) . . . . duppâni [pl] . . . . (8) . . . . kit . . . . (9) . . . . ni . . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . . ina Uri [ki] . . . . (2) . . a-na šarri aṣ-bu-ú-[ma] (3) . . šarru lu-ú-ḫa-si-is (4) ša [m] Šú-ma-a (5) [am] Dup-šar ûm [ilu] ÍN . LIL (6) pân (?) ki-is-ri-íš-šu. [80-7-19, 61.]

No. 160A. *Obv.* (1) Ana [ilu] Sin [ilu] Ša-maš [šiṭṣulu] (2) at-mu-ú ki-[i-nu ina pî niší] (3) iš-šak-kan šar [mâti] (4) [iṣu] GU . ZA [ulabbar] (5) ûmu XV [kám] ultu [Šamši] (6) in-na-[mar-ma] (7) Ana [ilu] Sin [ilu] Ša-maš [šutatu] (8) šar mâti uz-[na urappaš] (9) ûmu XIV [kám] in-[nam-mar-ma]. (*Reverse broken off.*) [K. 994.]

No. 160B. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XV [kám] Sin u [Šamšu itti] (2) a-ḫa-miš innamru [nakru dannu] (3) [iṣu] kakki [pl]-šu ana mâti i-na-[aš-ša-a] (4) abul ali-ia [nakru inaṣar] *Rev.* (1) [arḫu] Šabâṭi [mâtu] MAR [mâtu] . . . . (2) ûmu XV [kám mâtu] MAR . . . . (3) limutti ša [mâtu] MAR . . . . (4) ú-il-tum ara . . . . [83-1-18, 220.]

No. 161. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XV [kám] Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru [pl] (2) [am] nakru dan-nu [iṣu] kakki [pl]-šu (3) a-na mâti inaši(ši) (4) abul ali [1] nakru ina-ṣar (5) Ana Sin ina la si-ma-ni-šu iḫ-ḫi-ram-ma innamir (*sic*) (6) ti-bi-í âl kiš-šu-ti (7) Ana Sin ina alâki-šu í-zi (8) maḫiru iṣaḫir(ir) (9) Ana Sin u Šamšu la ú-ṣi-ma irbi(bi) (10) na-an-dur níši [pl] (11) ù âḫi [pl] *Rev.* (1) šá [m] Ba-ma-a-a. [K. 718.]

No. 162. *Obv.* (1) Ûmu XV [kám] Sin ù Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru [pl] (2) nakru dan-nu [iṣu] kakki [pl]-šu ana mâti inašâ(a) (3) abul ali-ia nakru i-na-ṣar (4) Ana Sin ina [arḫu] Âiri ûmu XXX [kám] in-na-mar (5) Ana Sin ina [arḫu] Âiri ûmu XXX [kám] innamir duḫ-du

[1] *Erasure.*

Aḫarri ki (6) Aḫ-mu-ú (*sic*) ikkal (7) Ana Sin ina arḫu Âiri ûmu XVI kám it-ti ilu Šamši *Rev.* (1) in-na-mar (2) Ana mul SAG . MÍ . GAR it-ti mul Dil-bat il-lak (3) un-nin mâti ana lib ilâni pl ib-ba-aš-šu-ú (4) ilu Marduk u ilu Ṣar-pa-ni-tum ṣu-li-í (5) ša ummâni(ni)-ka i-šim-mu-ma (6) ri-í-mu a-na ummâni(ni)-ka i-ra-aš-šu-ú (7) ístín(ín) imíru lid-di-nu-nim-ma šíp-ia (8) ina muḫ-ḫi lu-šap-ši-iḫ (9) ša m ilu Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [Rm. 196.]

No. 163. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ûmu XV kám Sin ù ilu Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru pl (2) am nakru dan-nu iṣu kakki pl-šu ana mâti inašâ(a) (3) abul ali-ia am nakru i-na-ḳar (4) Ana mul LU . BAD *ina arḫu Du'uzi innamir(ir) (5) pagrâni pl ibaššû pl (6) Ana mul AL . LUL a-dir (7) utukku ḫab-lim mâta iṣabbat(bat)-ma *Rev.* (1) pagrâni pl ina mâti ibaššû pl (2) ša m ilu Nabû-aḫî pl-iddina(na).

[83–1–18, 244.]

No. 164. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XV kám Sin u Šamšu it-ti a-ḫa-miš innamru . . (2) am nakru dan-nu iṣu kakkî pl-šu (3) ana mâti i-na-aš-ša-a (4) abul ali nakru i-naḳ-ḳar (5) Ana Sin iḫ-ḫi-ram-ma la innamir(ir) (6) tí-bi-í al kiš-ša-ti (7) ûmu XV kám itti ilu Šamšu innammar-ma *Rev.* (1) Ana mi-ši-iḫ kakkabi ultu šâru šadi (2) a-na šâru Aḫarrî im-šu-uḫ (3) kar-ti nakri abikta a-a . . . (4) mâta iliḳḳi(ḳi) (5) arḫu Aîru arḫu Simânu arḫu Du'ûzu arḫu Abu arḫu Ululu (6) V arḫâni pl an-nu-ti (7) ûmu XIV kám ilu itti ili la innammar . . (8) šarru lu-ú-i-di u lu-ḫa-si-[iš] (9) ša m Irašši(ši)-ilu ardu ša šarri maḫrû(u).

[K. 805.]

No. 165. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XV kám Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-[miš] (2) innamir am nakru dan-nu (3) iṣu kakki pl-šu ana mâti i-na-aš-ša-a (4) abul ali am nakru i-na-kar (5) Ana mul AN . NA míš-ḫa im-šuḫ (6) am nakru na-mí-í-A i-kam-miš. [K. 727.]

No. 165A. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XV kám Sin u [šamšu] (2) it-ti a-ḫa-miš innamru [pl] (3) am nakru dan-nu iṣu [kakki pl] (4) ana mâti DIL DIL . . . . (5) [parakki] pl ilâni [pl inaḳar] (*Remainder lost.*) *Rev.* (*Top broken.*) (1) tí-bi-í âl kiš-ša-ti (2) ûmu XV kám ilu itti ili innammar-ma (3) ša m Irašši(ši)-ilu ardu ša šarri maḫrû[u].

[K. 843.]

(E) *On the Sixteenth Day.*

No. 166. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XVI kám Sin n Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru pl (2) šarru ana šarri sal nukurta išappar(ár) (3) šarru ina íkalli-šu a-na mi-na-at ar-ḫi (4) ú-ta-sar šíp nakri a-na mâti-šu (5) am nakru ina mâti-šu šal-ṭa-niš illaku pl (6) Ana Sin ina arḫu Du'ûzi lu-u ûmu XIV kám lu-u ûmu XV kám (7) itti ilu Šamši la innamir(ir) *Rev.* (1) šarru ina íkalli-šu ú-ta-sar (2) ûmu XVI kám innamir-ma damiḳti mâtu Subarti ki (3) limutti mâtu Akkadi ki u mâtu Aḫarrî ki (4) šá m Ak-kul-la-ni. [K. 694.]

No. 167. *Obv.* (1) Ana úmu XVI kám Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru pl (2) šarru ana šarri limuttim(tim) išappar(ár) šarru ina íkalli-šu (3) a-na mînât pl arḫi ú-ta-sar (4) šíp nakri ana mâti-šu išakan(an) nakru šal-ṭa-niš illaku pl (5) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma mul Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina libbi-šu izziz (6) šaḫluḳti [bûli mí]-ri-šu u saluppu la išširu (7) [: mâtu MAR .] TU ki iṣaḫír (8) . . . . . du ina mâti kit-ti ibašši-ma (9) [mâru itti abî-šu kit]-ti i-ta-mi *Rev.* (1) . . . [LU] . BAD ikšuda-ma i-ti-iḳ (2) . . . dan-nu ina mâti ibašši(ši) (3) . . . . mus ni akalí (?) ikšud(ud) (4) . [NI .] BAT-a-nu ilu SAG . UŠ ikšuda-ma (5) . . . ša . lim šu NIGIN (?) zi-nu (6) . . . Aḫarri ki in-nam-din (7) ilu muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) . . mâtu Subartu ki ba-'-il (8) ù ša-ru-[ru] na-ši damiḳti ša mâtu Subarti ki šú-ú (9) ù mul LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ kakkabu ša mâtu Aḫarrî (10) un-nu-ut ù ša-ru-ru-šu ma-aḳ-tu (11) limutti ša mâtu Aḫarri ki ti-ib mât nakri (12) i-na mâtu Aḫarrî ki ib-ba-aš-ši (13) ša m Ša-pi-ku mâr Bár-sib ki. [80–7–19, 371 + S. 366.]

No. 167A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin u Šamšu šú ta]-tu-ú (2) [šar mâti uzna ú]-rap-pa-aš (3) . . . . Akkadi ki (4) . . . . dir (?) ši (*Remainder lost.*) *Rev.* (*Top wanting.*) (1) [šarru ana minat arḫi] ú-ta-sar (2) . . . . šu-ú (3) . . . . u ša u damiḳti (4) . . . . iá (5) [ša m ilu Bíl-šuma ?]-iškun(un). [K. 14150.]

VIII. Omens from the Moon's Appearance without the Sun.

No. 168. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina arḫu Nisanni lu ûmu XIV kam lu [ûmu XV kam] (2) itti ilu Šamši la innamir . . (3) ummâni(ni)

ḫarran ^{am} nakri a-na .... (4) iḫ-ḫab-ba-ta-nim-ma mâtu .... (5) bartu ina mâti ibašši .. (6) Ana ûmu XVI ^{kam} Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-[miš innamru] (7) šarru ana šarri [nukurta išappar] (8) šarru ina íkalli-šu [ana minat arḫi utasar] (9) [šíp] ^{am} nakri [ina mâti-šu išakan] (10) ^{am} nakru šal-ṭa-[niš ina mâti illaku] *Rev.* (1) Ana ûmu XVIII ^{kam} Sin u Šamšu itti [aḫamiš innamru] (2) šar Subarti $^{[ki]}$ (3) maḫira [ul irašši] (4) šá ^{m} Ištar-šuma-íríš(íš).

[K. 733.]

No. 169. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Du'ûzi lu ûmu XV ^{kám} lu ûmu XV ^{kám} (2) it-ti ^{ilu} Šamši la innamir(ir) (3) šarru ina íkalli-šu ú-ta-sar (4) Ana ûmu XVI ^{kám} Sin u Šamsu it-ti a-ḫa-[miš] (5) in-nam-ru šarru ana šarri (6) nu-kúr-tum i-šap-par šarru ina ina [íkalli-šu] (7) [ana mi]-na-at arḫi ú-ta-[sar] *Rev.* (1) [šíp nakri] ana mâti-šu iš-[šak-kan] (2) [nakru] ina mâti-šú šal-ṭa-niš it-ta-[lak] (3) [Ana] Sin ûmu XVI ^{kám} innamir-ma limutti ^{mâtu} Akkadi $^{[ki]}$ (4) damiḳti ^{mâtu} Subarti ^{ki} (5) šá ^{m} Šú-ma-a-a. [K. 695.]

No. 170. *Obv.* (*Top broken*) (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Šabâṭi *ûmu *XIV ^{kám} *lu *ûmu *XV ^{kám} (2) itti Šamšu la innamir mílu gab-šu illak-ma (3) íbûru iṣaḫar(ár) (4) ab-ḳal-lu ši-iḳ-la (5) ^{ilu} Bíl ri-mi-nu ú-ḳar-rad ^{ilu} Marduk (6) ina muši i-zu-uz-ma *Rev.* (1) ina ší-í-ri it-tap-šar (2) šar kiššûti ṣa-lam ^{ilu} Marduk at-ta (3) a-na lib-bi ardâni ^{pl}ni-i-ka (4) ki-i tar-'-ú-bu ru-'-ub-ti (5) ša šarri bíl-ni ni-il-ta-da-ad (6) u su-lum-mu-ú ša šarru ni-ta-mar (7) am-mí-ni ^{am} ki-na-at-ú-a (*Remainder broken off*) (*Left-hand edge*) (1) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-[du] (2) maḫrû(û) .... [82–5–22, 63.]

No. 171. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin] u Šamšu la ú-ḳi-ma ir-bi (2) na-an-dur níší ^{pl} u âḫi ^{pl} (3) ûmu XV ^{kám} it-ti ^{ilu} Šamši innammar-ma (4) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Addâri ûmu XIV ^{kám} it-ti ^{ilu} Šamši la innamir (5) [ŠA . ḪA] LAM . MA Uri ^{ki} (6) [Sin ina ^{arḫu}] Nisanni ûmu (mu) ú-šal-lam *Rev.* (1) šá ^{m} Ba-la-si-i. [S. 1027.]

No. 172. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Addâri ûmu XIV ^{kám} lu ûmu XV ^{kám} itti Šamši la innamir (2) šaḫluḳti Uri ^{ki} (3) Ana Sin ina la si-ma-ni-šu iḫ-ḫi-ram-ma la innamir (4) tibí(í) al kiššut(ut) | šanâti ^{pl} ša .... (5) Ana ûmu XVI ^{kám} Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-

[miš innamru] (6) šar Subarti ^{ki} GAB . [RI la irašši] (7) ša lib-bi dup-pi . . . . (8) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} [muštabarrû-mûtânu ina libbi-šu izziz] (9) šaḫlukti bûli ína mâti kalâmi [mírišu] (10) [u] saluppu la SI - [DI : Aḫarrû ^{ki} iṣaḫir] (11) . . . . du . . . . (12) . . . . (*Remainder of obv. and top of rev. broken off.*) *Rev.* (1) . . . . a-na ^{mul} LU . BAD . iṭḫi ḫa (?) a (?) . . . . (2) [^{mul} Muštabarrû]-mûtânu (a-nu) a-na ^{mul} LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ iṭaḫḫi-ma (3) [Ana ^{mul}] LU . BAD kakkabâni ^{pl} šamí(í) ú-lap-pat (4) šar mâtâti ú-ḳat-ti (5) ^{ilu} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) i-ba-il-ma (6) kakkabâni ^{pl} ú-lap-pat-ma (7) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du maḫrû(ú) ardu ša šarri. [79–7–8, 100.]

IX. Omens from the Sun.

No. 173. *Obv.* (1) Ana Šamša tarbaṣu ilmi zunnu izanun(nun) (2) Šamší(í) ûmi(mi) *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} Irašši(ši)-ilu.

[81–2–4, 106.]

No. 174. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Šamšu ina tarbaṣ Sin izziz(iz) (2) kit-tu ina mâti ibašši-ma (3) mâru itti abî-šu kit-tu i-ta-mí (4) sa-lim kiš-ša-ti (5) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{ilu} NIN . IB ina libbi-šu izziz (iz) (6) itti nakri ummâni(ni) i-ḳab-ba-al (7) šá $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-mu-ší-ṣi.

[K. 719.]

No. 174A. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma [Šamšu] (2) i-na lib-bi-šu izziz [kittu ina mâti ibašši] (3) mâru it-ti abî-šu [kittu itama salim kiššati] (4) ^{ilu} Dil-bat . . . . (5) arḫu u ûmu (mu) . . . . (6) un-ḳi-ma . . (7) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ina ^{arḫu} Nisanni [ultu ûmi I ^{kám}] (8) adi ûmi XXX ^{kám} ina [ṣit Šamši itbal] (9) ú-ru-ba-a-ti [ibaššu] *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ina nipiḫ-ša ki . . . . (2) lib mâti i-[ṭâb?] . . . . (3) i-na ṣit Šamši limuttu . . . . (4) ša ^{m} Irašši(ši)-ilu mâr ^{m} Nu-[ur-za-nu]. [K. 1330.]

No. 175. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Šamšu ana lib Sin írub mâtu . . . . (2) kit-ta i-ta-[mu-u] (3) sa-li-im kiš-ša-ti (4) [Ana] ^{mul} LU . BAD ana íli Sin ibrum-ma (5) ana lib Sin írub níšî ^{pl} imâtu ^{pl}-ma (6) alkat mâti . . bûl dîku ^{pl} (7) ^{ilu} LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ ina lib Sin í-ta-rab (8) $^{m\,ilu}$ Aššur-šar-a-ni. [Rm. 207.]

No. 176. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Šamšu ina man-za-zi ^{ilu} Sin izziz(iz) (2) šar mâti ina ^{iṣu} kussi i-ka-na (3) [Ana] Šamšu (?) íli-ta-nu Sin šapli-ta-nu Sin izziz(iz) (4) . . išid ^{iṣu} kussi i-ka-na (5) šar mâti ina kit-ti-šu izzaz(az) (6) Ana Šamšu (?) u Sin šú-ta-tu-u (7) šar mâti uz-nu ú-rap-pa-aš *Rev.* (1) [1]mušu an-ni-i-ú (2) ^{mul} LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ a-na ^{ilu} Sin (3) iḳ-di-ri-ib ^{mul} LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ (4) kakkab : ^{ilu} Šamši šú-ú (5) ki-i an-ni-i-í (6) pi-šír-šu damiḳti ša šarri šú-u (7) ^{ilu} Šamšu kakkab šarri šú-u. [81–2–4, 80.]

No. 177. *Obv.* (1) Ana Šamšu (?) íli-nu ^{ilu} Sin (2) . . . šapli-ta-nu Sin izziz (3) šarru išid kussi-šu ikan(an) (4) Ana Šamšu (?) ina manzaz Sin izzaz (5) Kit-ti ina mâti ibašši(ši) *Rev.* (1) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-iḳ-bi. [K. 745.]

No. 178. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ^{ilu} Ša-maš [2]ippuḫa-ma ana [3]pani-šu [illak ?] (2) šar kiš-ša-ti palî-šu írik (3) Ana ina ^{arḫu} A-da-ri ^{ilu} Ša-maš ina šá-rim (4) tarbaṣu ilmi ina arḫi šuâti (5) mílu illakam(kam) . . . šamû(ú) izanun(nun) (6) ina lib it-ti šá ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR (7) šú-ú *Rev.* (1) ri-iḫ-ti di-ib-bi (2) ki-i it-ti šú-ma (3) a-na zu-un-ni a-na mí-li. [K. 780.]

No. 179. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Ša-maš tarbaṣu ilmi-ma (2) bâb-šu ana ^{šâru} šûti [4]iprus (3) ^{šâru} šûtu i-za-az (4) Ana ina [5]ûm bubbuli ^{šâru} šûtu [illak] (5) [6]šamû(ú) . . . . . (6) ûm bubbuli . . . . *Rev.* (1) ^{ilu} Sin ina . . . . (2) ûmu(mu) . . . . (3) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-aḫî ^{pl}-íriba. [83–1–18, 227.]

No. 180. *Obv.* (*Top wanting.*) (1) [ûmu] XIII ^{kám} šarru . . . . (2) Ana ^{ilu} ša-maš ina tarbaṣ Sin izziz(iz) ina mâti kalâmi (3) ki-it-tú i-ta-mu-u mâru it-ti abî-šu kit-tum i-ta-mí (4) sa-lim kiš-ša-ti (5) ^{mul} LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ ina tarbaṣ Sin izzaz-ma (6) it-tam-mí-ḫi-ir it-ti šá ûmi XIII ^{kám} šú-u (7) ina íli šá ^{ilu} Sin ûmu XIII ^{kám} in-na mir-u-ni (8) ana íli šú-u ^{mul} LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ ina tarbaṣ ^{ilu} Sin it-ti-it-zi *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Sin tarbaṣu [7]ṣalmu ilmi

[1] MI, *glossed* mu-šu.
[2] KUR-ma, *glossed* ip-pu-ḫa-ma.
[3] ŠI-šu, *glossed* pa-ni-šu.
[4] TAR, *glossed* ip-ru-[us].
[5] UD . NÁ . A . AN, *glossed* ûm bu-ub-bu-li.
[6] ANA-ú, *glossed* ša-mu-u.
[7] MI, *glossed* ṣa-al-mu.

arḫu zunna ú-kal (2) . . . urpâti [pl] uk-ta-ṣa-ra (3) Ana [mul] Šarru [1]a-dir šarru [2]íziz-ma [3]íntûti [pl]-šu (4) . . . . ma [4]utir-ma [5]la idâk(ak) (5) . . . . [6]ú [7]irašši(ši) (6) . . . . [[mul] LU . BAD] SAG . UŠ ina pân [mul] šarru (*Remainder wanting.*) (*Left-hand edge.*) (1) šá [m ilu] Nabu . . . . [K. 781.]

No. 181. (1) Ana Šamšu ippuḫa-ma adir za-lap mâti šiâtî iḫalliḳ (2) Ana Šamšu ippuḫa-ma adir nu-ḫus nišî [pl] : taḫaṣu ina mâti išakan (3) : bartu : ud-da-a-ti ana šar mâti kalâmi (4) Ana Šamšu ina nipih-šu šaruru adru adir (?) atalû išakan-ma (5) [ilu] Rammânu iraḫiṣ(iṣ) (6) maṣṣarti ša ší-í-ri ša [mâtu] Ílama(ma) [ki] (7) ina ni-pi-iḫ [ilu] Šamši it-tum an-ni-tú (?) . . *Rev.* (1) ta-at-tal-ka (2) Ana ina [arḫu] Âiri [ilu] Rammânu pî-šu iddi AŠ . A . AN (3) u ḳû-ú (?) la išširu [pl] (4) kakkabu ša ana šarri bíl-iá aḳ-bu ma-'-diš (5) un-nu-ut a-tin-nu ul i-šak-kam-ma (6) ul ú-mas si (7) ša [m] Za-kir. [Rm. 201.]

No. 181A. *Obv.* (1) Ana Šamšu ippuḫa-ma ša-ru-ru . . . . (2) [iṣu] kakku . . . . (3) Ana Šamšu ippuḫa-ma šumíli-šu . . . . (4) ul . . . . (*Remainder of obv. and top of rev. broken off.*) *Rev.* (1) Ana šarri šulmu(mu) ana . . . . (2) atal ÍŠ . BAR ša . . . . (3) ina [iṣu] li'i . . . . . (4) ša [m ilu] Nírgal-[íṭir]. [K. 1309.]

No. 181B. *Obv.* (1) . . zal-lum-mu . . . . (2) . . [*ilu] *A-*nim . . . . (3) nišî [pl] . . . . (4) marṣuti [pl] (5) alu itti ali . . . . (6) aḫu aḫi . . . . *Rev.* (1) šar Ílama(ma) . . . . (2) ûmí [pl]-šu kir . . . . (3) Ana Šamšu ina ni-du ippuḫa(ḫa) šarru . . . . (4) [iṣu] kakki inašši(ši) . . . . (5) [[mul]] SAG . MÍ . GAR [arḫu] UD . . . . (6) . . . . í-ik tu . . . . (7) [šar] mâtâti lu-da-[ri] . . . . (*Possibly the name of the writer.*) [K. 1316.]

No. 182. *Obv.* (1) Ana ni-du ina ḫarran Šamši nadû [pl] ilâni [pl] milik mâti (2) Ana [sal] damiḳti imalliku [pl] (3) Ana IV ni-du nadû [pl] (4) šaḫluḳti alpi [pl] u ú-ma-am (5) Ana ina nipiḫ Šamši ni-du a-ṣi

[1] a-dir, *glossed* . . . di (?)-ir.
[2] ḪUŠ-ma, *glossed* í-zi-iz-ma.
[3] TIL (?) MIŠ-šu, *glossed* ín-tu-ti-šu.
[4] GUR-ma, *glossed* ú-*tar-a-ma.
[5] NU GÁZ-ak, *glossed* la i-da-ak.
[6] . . ú, *glossed* . . šú-u.
[7] DUK-ši, *glossed* i-ra-aš-ši.

(6) zunnu u mílu illaku ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) Ana Šamšu íppuḫ ina ḫarrâni-šu ni-du nadû ^{pl} (2) šurinni mâti inadu ^{pl} (3) ša ^{m} Irašši(ši)-ilu (4) ardu ša šarri maḫ-ru-u. [K. 119.]

No. 183. *Obv.* (1) Ana kakkabu zal-lum-mu-ú ^{pl} ina šú-uṭ ^{ilu} A (?)-nu (?) innamir (2) šumḳutim(tim) Ílama(ma) ^{ki} ina ^{iṣu} kakki ibašši(ši) (3) Ana ^{ilu} Šamšu ina ni-di ippuḫa(ha) šarru iz-ziz-ma ^{iṣu} kakka (4) inašši(ši) : (*ideograph*) = šar-ri (5) ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ana muḫ-ḫi a-dan-ni-šu arḫi izzaz-ma (6) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ana írib Šamsi ítiḳ(iḳ) *mâtu [šubti] (7) ni-iḫ-ti uššab(ab) (8) ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ana muḫ-ḫi a-dan-ni-šu arḫi izzaz-ma *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{arḫu} Araḫšamma arḫu ša šarri bí-ili-ia šú-ú (2) Ana ^{ilu} Sin ûmu I ^{kám} innamir sanâḳu ša pî lib-bi mâti iṭâb(ab) (3) Ana ûmu(mu) ana mináti ^{pl}-šu írik pál ûmu(mu) írik (4) ûmu I ^{kám} ^{ilu} Sin innammar-ma (5) am-ti ša šarri bí-ili-ia ana ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} ul-ṭi (?)-ra-a (6) la aš-ba-ku taḫ-tí-liḳ šarru bí-ili-a . . . . ? (7) li-bu-uk-niš-šum-ma lid-di-nu-nu (8) ša ^{m} ^{ilu} Bíl-li' mâr ^{m} Í-gi-bi ^{am} mašmašu. [K. 188.]

No. 183A. *Obv.* (*Top wanting.*) (1) Ana ^{ilu} Šamšu ippuḫa-ma a-na . . . . (2) šar kiš-ša-tú (3) pa-lu-ú . . . . (4) ina ^{arḫu} Nisanni ina riš [šatti] (5) ^{ilu} šamšu a-ra-ak [ûmí] (6) šá šarri bíl-ia iḳ-di-bi . . [Rm. 209.]

No. 183B. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Addâri Šamšu ina ḳabal ^{ilu} BIL (2) izziz(iz) mâtu ú-ṣur-tum (3) ma-na-ah-tum immar(mar) (4) ínuma(ma) ÍN . TÍ . NA ÍN . TÍ . NA (5) dan-nu ibašši(ši)-ma *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} Za-kir. [83–1–18, 196.]

X. Omens from Stars.

No. 184. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} ^{ilu} Marduk ina riš šatti innamir(ir) (2) šattu šiâtu šašurri-šu iššir (3) ^{mul} LU . BAD . GUD . UD ina ^{arḫu} Nisanni innammar-ma (4) Ana ^{mul} Bi-ib-bu ana ^{mul} ^{iṣu} Li-í iṭḫi (5) šar Ílama(ma) ^{ki} imât (6) Ana ^{mul} šanumma(ma) ana ^{mul} ÍN . MÍ . SAR . RA iṭḫi (7) niši ^{pl} irappašu ^{pl} lib mâti iṭâb(ab) *Rev.* (1) ^{mul} LU . BAD . GUD . UD ina lib-bi ^{mul} GUD . AN . NA (2)

[it]-tan-mar a-di ^{mul} ŠÚ . GI (3) [ú ?]-ri-du (4) Ana . . . . arḫu in-na-mar (5) [zunni] ^{pl} u míli ^{pl} (6) ša ^{m} . . . . [K. 759.]

No. 185. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina] ší-ir-ti ik-tu-un (2) [šarrâni ^{pl}] nakrûti ^{pl} išallimu ^{pl} (3) . . . . ^{arḫu} Simâni ú-ḳar-rib-ma (4) [A-šar] ^{ilu} Šamšu ul-ta-pa-a izziz(iz) (5) [ina ba-]'-il zi-mu-šu adir (6) [ni]-pi-iḫ-šu ki-ma ni-pi-iḫ ^{ilu} Šamši ga-mir (7) ilâni ^{pl} zi-nu-ti itti ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} išallimu ^{pl} (8) zunni daḫ-du-ti míli si-id-ru-ti (9) ina ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} ibaššu ^{pl} (10) ší'u u šamaššammu i-ma-id-ma (11) maḫiru I ḲA $^{a-an}$ a-na I GUR innadin(in) (12) [ilâni] ^{pl} ina šamí(í) ana man-zal-ti-šu-nu izzazu ^{pl} (13) [parakki] ^{pl}-šu-nu duḫ-du immaru ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) [Ana ^{ilu}] *GAM šarura na-ši (2) išid kussi ikân(an) (3) Ana ^{mul} Šarru šarura na-ši (4) šar Akkadi ^{ki} ga-mí-ru-tam ípuš(uš) (5) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina ḫarran šu-uṭ ^{ilu} A-nu innamir (6) mílu ibašši-ma íbûr mâti iššir (7) [ša] ^{m} Ba-ma-a-a. [K. 871.]

No. 186. (1) [Ana ^{mul} SAG .] MÍ . GAR ina ší-ir-ti ik-tu-[un] (2) [šarrâni ^{pl}] nakrûti ^{pl} išallimu ^{pl} (3) [Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ .] GAR ša-ru-ru na-ši šarru ša-[lim] (4) [lib mâti] iṭâb mâtu nuḫša immar(mar) (5) [Ana ^{mul}] SAG . MÍ . GAR ba-'-il šar Akkadi ^{ki} (6) [a]-ša-ri-du-tam il-[lak] (7) [Ana ^{mul}] ÍN . GIŠGAL . AN . NA i-ba-'-il (8) míli ^{pl} u zunni ^{pl} [ibaššû] (9) ^{mul} ÍN . GIŠGAL . AN . NA : ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . [GAR .] *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina ^{arḫu} Aîri innamir mâtu sa . . . . (2) [Ana] ^{mul} ni-bi-ru ippuḫa(ḫa)-ma ilâni ^{pl} šulma(ma) [iraššu ?] (3) í-ša-a-tum inammiru ^{pl} dal-ḫa-a-tum i-zak-[ka-a] (4) zunni ^{pl} ù míli ^{pl} illaku ^{pl}-ni (5) di-iš íbûri ana ÍN . TÍ . NA di-iš ÍN . TÍ . NA (6) [ana íbûri] uš-ta-bar-ru mâtâti šub-ti . . (7) [niḫ]-tum uššabu ^{pl} šarrâni ^{pl} nakrûti ^{pl} išallimu $^{[pl]}$ (8) [ilâni ^{pl}] ikribi i-maḫ-ḫa-[ru] (9) [taš-li]-tum i-šim-mu-ú tí-rit ^{am} [ḪAL] (10) [i]-nap-pa-lu (11) [ša ^{m} ^{ilu}] Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [82–5–22, 57.]

No. 187. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ^{mul}] SAG . MÍ . GAR a-na írib Šamši i-ti-iḳ (2) [šubti] ni-iḫ-ti šu-lum ^{sal} damiḳti ana mâti ur-ra-da (3) i-na pa (?)-an ^{mul} AL . LUL in-nam-mar-ma (4) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina ḫarran-šú-uṭ ^{ilu} Bíli (5) šarura naši-ma ^{ilu} Ni-bi-ru . . lib (?) . . . . (6) ^{mâtu} Akkada ^{ki} ina-ḫi-iš šar Akkadi ^{ki} i-dan-[nin] (7) Ana ^{mul} ni-bi-ru ippuḫa-ma ilâni ^{pl} šulma(ma) irašši ^{pl} (8) [i ?]-šir-tu ibašši(ši)

í-ša-a-ti i-nam-mi-ra (9) dal-ḫa-a-ti i-zak-ka-a zunnu u mílu (10) [illaku] ^{pl}-ni di-iš íbûri a-na ÍN . TÍ . NA *Rev.* (1) *di-iš ÍN . TÍ . NA a-na íbûri uš-ta-bar-ri (2) mâtâti šubti ni-iḫ-ti uššabu ^{pl} ilâni ^{pl} iḳribi (3) maḫ-ru taš-li-ti ší-mu-ú tírit $^{pl\ am}$ HAL (4) i-ta-nap-pal (5) Ana kakkabu Rabû ša ki-ma išati ša ultu ṣit Šamší iṣrur-ma (6) ina írib Šamši irbi(bi) ummâni(ni) $^{[am]}$ nakri ina taḫaṣi (7) : (?) ummâni(ni) $^{[am]}$ nakri ina miḳti-ša šumḳut(ut) (8) ri-íš šarru-ti-ka ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina man-za-zi-šu (9) ki-i-ni it-tan-mar bíl ilâni ^{pl} lib-ba-ka (10) lu-ṭi-ib-ka ûmí(mí)-ka lu-ur-rik(?) (11) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du mâr ^{m} Dam-[ḳa]. [K. 806.]

No. 187A. *Obv.* (1) . . . SAG . MÍ . GAR ina ^{arḫu} Aîri * innamir (2) . . . . *ḫia . . . . . ilammi (?) (3) . . . SAG . MÍ . GAR ina . . . . innamir (4) . . . DU-ma *ibûr mâti iššir (5) . . . SAG . MÍ . GAR ina tamarti-šu DIR (6) . . . ina ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} ibašši(ši) (7) . . . Marduk *MUL . MUL ikšud(ud) (8) . . . SI-šu ibašši(ši) *Rev.* (1) [ša ^{m} A]-ša-ri-du maḫrû(ú) (2) [ardu] ša šarri. [K. 1394.]

No. 188. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ^{mul}] SAG . MÍ . GAR ina ^{arḫu} Du'ûzi . . (2) šú-ub-tum ni-iḫ-[tum] . . . . (3) . . ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina ḫarran [šut Bíli?] (4) šar Akkadi ^{ki} i-dan-nin-ma (5) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ana arki . . . (6) ina ^{mâtu} Í lama(ma) $^{ki\ ilu}$ . . . . (7) i-na-an-du-ma ^{ilu} Nírgal . . . (8) ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR . . . (9) ú-ma-a a-du-u . . . . (10) a-mu-ru-u-ni a-na šarri bíl-*a *Rev.* (1) . . . as-sa-ap-ra (2) i-da-a-ti ki-ma . . it-ta-an-ta-ḫa (3) a-na ^{mul} AL . LUL iḳ-di-ri-ib (4) ú-il-tú ša-ni-tú a-na-as-sa-ḫa (5) a-na šarri bíl-ia ú-ša-kan-ma. [K. 870.]

No. 189. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina ^{arḫu} Ululi innamir(ir) (2) mâtu Akala ṭâba ikkal (3) Ana ^{mul} UR . MAḪ kakkabâni ^{pl}-šu (4) . . . . šu-tap-pu-ú (5) . . . du-ku ša ṣis-su (6) . . . SAG . MÍ . GAR (7) . . . UR . GU . LA *Rev.* (1) . . . .ma (2) [ša $^{m\ ilu}$] Nabû-ikiša(ša) mâr Bar-sib ^{ki}. [81–2–4, 107.]

No. 190. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina ^{arḫu} Araḫ-šamna innamir (2) šarru ana šarri zi-ra-a-ti išappar (3) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina mi-šiḫ ^{ilu} PA . BIḶ . SAG izziz (4) šag-ga-ša-a-ti ina

mâti ibašši(ši) (5) ana ^{mul} II ana ^{mul} IN . DUB . AN . NA iṭḫi (6) maḫiru irabbi *Rev.* (1) ^{mul} IN . DUB . AN . NA (2) mi-šiḫ ^{ilu} PA . BIL . SAG (3) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-šuma-iškun(un).

[83–1–18, 200.]

No. 190A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ina ^{arḫu} Araḫšamna] ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR innamir(ir) (2) [šarru ana] šarri zi-ra-a-ti išappar(ár) (3) [Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR] ina mi-ši-iḫ (4) [^{mul} PA .] BIL . SAG innamir(ir) (5) . . . lu-u (?)-ti ibaššu ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) [ša ^{m}] Aplâ-a mâr Bar-ṣib ^{ki}.

[K. 987.]

No. 191. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina ^{arḫu} . . . . (2) mâtu | [1]míli-ṣa | . . . (3) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina ḫarran šú-uṭ [Bíl?] (4) šar Akkadi ^{ki} i-dan-ni-[in] (5) ina mâtâti | na-ki-ri-šu | ina ^{isu} kakki . . . (6) Ana ^{mul} UR . MAḪ kakkabâni ^{pl}-šu . . . . (7) [2]III XX (?) . . . . . (8) [3]^{mul} . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . . (2) Ana ^{mul} . . . . (3) šar Akkadi ^{ki} . . . . (4) ^{mul} SAG MÍ GAR . . . . (5) . . . .

[K. 867.]

No. 191A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . [GAR] ina ḫarran šú-[uṭ Bíli?] (2) šarru (*sic*) i-dan-nin-ma (3) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina tamarti . . . (4) nuḫšu bar-ru-ú ina mâti . . . (5) ina tamarti-šu ^{sâru} iltanu *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR . . . . (2) šarru a-ša-ri-du-[tam illak] (*Remainder broken off.*) [K. 1317.]

No. 192. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina lib Sin izziz(iz) (2) ina šatti šiâti šarru imât : atal Sin u Šamši išakan(an) (3) šarru rabû imât (4) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina lib ^{ilu} Sin írub (5) su-un-ḳu ina ^{mâtu} Aḫarrî ^{ki} ibašši(ši) (6) šar Ílama(ma) ^{ki} ina ^{isu} kakki šumḳut(ut) (7) ina ^{mâtu} Subarti ^{ki} bí-ín-šu îbaru *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ana lib Sin írub(ub) (2) maḫir mâti iṣaḫir(ir) (3) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ana ku-tal Sin uṣi (4) nu-kúr-ti ina mâti ibašši(ši). [Bu. 89–4–26, 3.]

No. 193. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR a-na libbi ^{ilu} Sin írub . . . (2) su-un-ḳu ina ^{mâtu} Aḫarrû ibašši(ši) (3) šar Ílama(ma) ^{ki}

[1] A . ŠI . ŠI . -ṣa, *glossed* mí-li-ṣa. [2] *Glossed* íš . ša . na (?) . . .
[3] MUL, *glossed* ka-[ka-bu].

imât : bí-ín-šu i-ba-ru (4) [Ana] ^{ilu} Sin ^{mul} UMUN . PA . UD . DU . A i-kil (5) šarru šarrâni ^{pl} nakrûti ^{pl} ḳat-su ikašad(ád) (6) ûmu XIV ^{kám} ^{ilu} Sin u ^{ilu} Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru ^{pl} (7) sanâḳu ša pî lib-bi mâti iṭâb(ab) (8) ilâni ^{pl} ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} a-na da-mí-[iḳ-ti] (9) i-ḫa-sa-su *Rev.* (1) bu-lum ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} par ga-niš ina ṣíri (2) i-rab-bi-ṣu di-iš íbûri ana ÍN . TÍ . [NA] (3) [di]-iš ÍN . TÍ . NA Ana íbûri uš-ta-bar-[ri] (4) [ḫud] lib-bi ummâni(ni) lib-bi šarri iṭâb(ab) (5) [Ana] Sin u Šamšu šú-ta-tu-ú šar mâti [uzna] (6) ú-rap-pa-aš išid ^{isu} kussi-šu [ikân] (7) Ana Sin Šamšu ik-šú-dam-ma itti-šu [ittintu] (8) ḳarnu ḳarnu i-dir kit-ti [ina mâti itamû] (9) mâru itti abî-šu kit-ti i-[ta-mu] (10) ša ^{m} Ṭa-bi-ia. [83-1-18, 179.]

No. 194. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR a-na imitti ^{mul} Dil-bat (2) i-ti-iḳ ^{mâtu} Gu-ti-i (3) ina ^{isu} kakku dan-nu ikkasad(ád) (4) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR a-na imitti ^{mul} Dil-bat (5) ú da an . . . . izziz(iz) (6) a-na šatti III ^{kám} . . . . ma . . (*Remainder of obv. and top of rev. broken off.*) *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} Ṭabu-ṣil-[Marduk] (2) mâr $^{m\,ilu}$ Bíl-upaḫḫir(ir). [K. 1332.]

No. 194A. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina imitti [^{mul} Dil-bat i-tiḳ] (2) ^{mâtu} Gu-ti-i ina ^{isu} kakku [dannu ikkašad] (3) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ^{ilu} UMUN . PA . UD . DU . . . . (4) i-sid-di : . . . . (5) bi-ib-lum ub-bal . . . (6) gab-šu . . . . [83-1-18, 218.]

No. 195. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ana pân ^{mul} Muš-tabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) izziz(iz) (2) ší-im irašši(ši)-ú-ma amílu šumḳut (ut) . . . ummânu rabû šumḳut(ut) (3) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR u ^{mul} Sa-ar-ri . . . (4) ilu ikkal . . . zunni ^{pl} íli mâti uš-ta-ad-da-nu (5) uš-ta-ad-da-nu šú-ta-du-nu mit-lu-uk (6) Ana ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtâ-nu(a-nu) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR iṭḫi (7) mi-iḳ-ti dan-nu ina mâti ibašši(ši) (8) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR u ^{mul} LU . BAD (9) kakka-bâni ^{pl} -šu-nu mit-ḫa-ru (10) limuttim(tim) mâtam(am) išakan(an) *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{mul} LU . BAD . DIR u ^{mul} Rabû iṭḫu ^{pl} (2) Šumḳutim (tim) bu-lum ^{mul} LU . BAD . DIR ^{ilu} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) (3) ^{mul} Rabû ^{mul} UMUN . PA . UD . DU . A (4) ^{ilu} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ana ^{ilu} UMUN . PA . UD . DU iṭaḫḫima (5) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ^{mul} Šanamma(ma) iṭḫi-šu (6) ina šatti šiâti

šar Akkadi ^{ki} imât-ma íbûr mâti la iššir (7) itti an-ni-ti limutti ša mâtâti ^{pl} Ši-i (8) NAM . BUL . BI Šarrù bí-ili li-pu-uš-ma (9) limutti-šu lu-ú-šî-ti-iḳ (10) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-ikiša(ša) mâr Bar-sib ^{ki}

[82–5–22, 48.]

No. 195A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina AN . UD . . . (2) šattu ina šamí(í) izzaz . . . (3) [mad]-da-giš ûmu(mu) a-ga-a . . (4) . . an-na šu ul . . . (5) ín-na a-di ûmi X ^{kám} ša ^{arḫu} Kisilimi . . (6) . . ra-a-ti iṣ . . (7) . . ûm ^{ilu} ÍN . LIL . . . . . (8) ^{mul} Dil-bat lu id (?) a . . *Rev.* (1) . . Dil-bat KUR . . . . . (2) . . ^{pl} ? . . . . . (3) ^{mul} Dil-bat KUR . . za . . . . (4) lib mâti . . . . (5) ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR * ù . . . (6) ^{pl}-šu-nu a-na ša-ḫa-[miš] . . . (7) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir[ir] [K. 907.]

No. 196. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} SAG . [MÍ . GAR] . . . . . ú-ḳar-rib-ma (2) a-šar ^{ilu} [Šamšu ul-ta-pa]-a izziz(iz) (3) ba-'-[il zi-mu-šua]-dir (4) nipiḫ-šu ki-[ma nipiḫ ^{ilu} Šamši] ga-mir (5) ilâni ^{pl} [zinûti itti] ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} išallimu ^{pl} (6) zunni dah-[du-ti itti] si-id-ru-ti (7) ina ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} [ibašši] šî'u u Šamaššammu i-ma-id-ma (8) maḫiru I ḲA $^{ta-a-an}$ a-na I GUR innadin(in) (9) ilâni ^{pl} ina šamí(í) ina man-zal-ti-šu-nu izzazu ^{pl} (10) parakki ^{pl}-šu-nu duḫ-da immaru ^{pl} (11) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina šî-ir-ti ik-tu-un (12) šarrâni ^{pl} nakrûti ^{pl} išallimu ^{pl} (13) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR šarura naši . . . *Rev.* (1) šarru ša-lim lib-bi mâti iṭâb . . (2) Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ba-'-il (3) šarru . . . tam illak(ak) (4) Ana ^{ilu} GAM [šarura naši]išid kussi ikan(an) (5) Ana ^{ilu} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina ḫarran šu-uṭ ^{ilu} A-nim innamir (6) mílu ibašši-ma íbûr mâti iššir (7) šá ^{m} Bu-ul-lu-ṭu [K. 742.]

No. 196A. *Obv.* (*Top wanting.*) (1) . . . . . (2) . . . . ma íbûr mâti iššir (3) . . . . . $^{[arḫu]}$ Tašrîti innamir(ir) (4) . . . . . mu iraššu ^{pl} (5) [Ana ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina šî]-ir-ti ik-tu-un (6) . . . DI-mu (7) . . . . mar-ma *Rev.* (1) . . . . . ZI ÍL . LA-ma

[83–1–18, 786.]

No. 197. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} Šarru ana pân Sin iṭḫi-ma izziz (2) šarru ûmí ^{pl} ma-du-ti ibaluṭ(uṭ) (3) mâtu la iššir (4) ša ^{m} Apla-a

[K. 723.]

No. 198. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ^{mul}] Šarru ša-ru-ri na-ši (2) [šarru] ga-mí-ru-tam ípuš(uš) (3) . . . . ma it (?)-ti ^{mul} Šarri (4) [iz]-za-az-ma *Rev.* (1) [ša ^{m}] Ištar-šuma-íríš(íš). [K. 3504.]

No. 199. *Obv.* (1) Ittu ša a-na šarri lim-ni-ti a-na mâti dam-ḳi (?) (2) ittu ša a-na mâti dam-ḳa-ti a-na šarri lim-[ni] (3) ina mi-ni-i lu-mur šarru i-ḳab-bi-ma (4) Ana ^{mul} šarru ana pân Sin iṭḫi-ma izziz ûmí ^{pl} rubi ilabbaru ^{pl} (5) a mat ti ší la (?) ina mâti bilat mâti idamiḳ (6) Ana ^{mul} Šarru ana íli Sin [iṭḫi-ma] izziz šârru ûmí ^{pl} ma-'-du-tú ibaluṭ(uṭ) (7) . . . limutti (8) . . . . na-du (?) (*Remainder broken.*) *Rev.* (1) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir[ir].

[K. 4708 + 10298.]

No. 199A. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} Šarru ṣalmu *mu'ir (KINGAL?) íkalli imât (2) ^{mul} LU . BAD . GUD . UD it-ti ^{mul} šarri izzaz (3) Ana ^{mul} [*erasure*] ḫi-bi . . . (4) ^{mul} [*erasure*] ^{mul} UR . GU . LA izzaz . . . (5) Ana ^{mul} LU . BAD ana ^{mul} Šarru iṭḫi mâru . . . . (6) ša i-na ali zag . . . . (7) ana abî-šu ḪI . GAR (?) ípuš(uš) *Rev.* (1) mâr (?) šarri ma (?) na . . . . (2) ^{iṣu} GU . ZA . . . . . (3) ana aš-ri . . u . . . . ka . . . . (4) ú-ka-nu íšrîti ^{pl} ana šarri i-za . . . . (5) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [81–2–4, 136.]

No. 200. *Obv.* (1) Ana kakkabu iṣrur-ma ṣi-ri-ir-šu kima urri na-mir (2) ina ṣa-ra-ri-šu kima nam-maš-ti aḳrabi zibbata šakin (in) (3) ittu ši-i damiḳti ul ša bíl bîti-ma šá mâti ka-la-ša (4) ínuma (ma) bí-ín-nu ina mâti kalâmi ibašši(ši) (5) rag-gu iḫaliḳ kit-tu ibašši(ši) dan-nu i-šar-ri (6) míšrû tap-du bíl bîti šuâtu . . . šarru šuâtu (7) ina kit-ti-šu izzaz(az) taš-mu u šulmu(mu) ina mâti ibašši(ši) (8) an-ni-u šá iš . . . . (9) Ana ^{mul} Rabû ul-tu ti-ib [^{šâru} iltani] (10) a-na ti-ib ^{šâru} Šûti [iṣrur-ma] (11) mi-ši-iḫ-šu kima nam-maš-[ti aḳrabi zibbata šakin?] *Rev.* (1) ša-ḳi-ta ri tu . . . . (2) li-in-ni-di . . . . (3) ^{ilu} IN . LIL ma li . . . . (4) an-ni-u ša pi-i duppi . . . . (5) ki-i $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-kudur-uṣur ^{mâtu} Ílama(ma) ^{ki} iḫ-pu-u-ni (6) Ana ^{mul} LU . BAD ina ^{arḫu} Du'ûzi innamir pagrâni ^{pl} ibaššu ^{pl} (7) Ana ^{mul} ÍN . TÍ . NA . MAŠ . ŠIG ina ṣîti-šu mul-lu-uḫ (8) išir íbûri maḫiru ikân (9) an-nu-ti šá ^{ilu} GUD . UD (10) šá $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-mu-ší-ṣi. [K. 710.]

No. 201. *Obv.* (1) I kaš-bu muši it-ta-lak (2) ^{mul} Rabû ultu ^{šâru} iltani (3) a-na ^{šâru} šûti (4) iṣ-ṣa-ru-ur (5) i-da-ti-ša a-na (6) ṣi-bu-ti ša šarri (7) ṭa-ba-ti *Rev.* (1) šar Akkadi ^{ki} ši-pìr-šu (2) i-kaš-šad (3) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du maḫrû(ú) (4) ardu ša šarri.

[81–2–4, 105.]

No. 201A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ^{mul}] Rabû ultu ṣît Šamši (2) a-na írib Šamši iṣrur-ma (3) mi-šiḫ-šu ú-mar-ri-ma (4) iškun(un) ummâni nakri ina miḳti-šu (5) šumḳut(ut) *Rev.* (1) [ša $^{m\ ilu}$] Nabû-ḳi-bi.

[K. 933.]

No. 202. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ^{mul} Rabû ultu ṣît Šamši (2) ana írib Šamši iṣrur-ma irbi (*bi) (3) u mi-šiḫ-šu ú-mar-ri-ma iškun (4) ummâni(ni) nakri ina taḫaṣi šumḳut(ut) (5) Ana kakkabu ša kima nûri (6) : kima dipari (7) ultu ṣît Šamši ana írib Šamši (8) iṣrur-ma irbi(bi) ummân ^{am} nakri (9) ina miḳti-šu šumḳut(ut) *Rev.* (1) II kakkabâni rabûti ^{pl} (2) ina maṣṣarti ḳabliti (3) arki a-ḫa-miš (4) iṣ-ṣar-ru (5) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du (6) maḫrû(ú). [83–1–18, 174.]

No. 203. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ina ^{arḫu} Nisanni ultu ûmi I ^{kám} (2) adi ûmi XXX ^{kám} ina ṣît Šamši it-bal (3) ú-ru-ba-ti ibaššu ^{pl} (4) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{mul} SIB . ZI . AN . NA (5) ina libbi-šu izziz šar Subarti ^{ki} (6) kiš-šú-ti ipuš(uš) mât-su ina-ḫi-iš *Rev.* (1) $^{[mul]}$ SIB . [ZI . AN . NA ina tarbaṣ] Sin izzaz-ma (2) ^{ilu} . . . . . šu (3) ša ^{m} Aḫî ^{pl}-[ša-a ^{am}] Uruk ^{ki}-a-a.

[K. 13087 + 82–5–22, 85.]

No. 204. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ina ^{arḫu} Nisanni ultu ûmi I ^{kám} (2) adi ûmi XXX ^{kám} ina ṣît Šamši it-bal (3) ú-ru-ba-a-ti ina mâti ibaššu ^{pl}-A (4) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat . . . ṣa ut-ta-nak-kar (5) . . . ut-ta kir (?) . . gir-rit ^{am} nakri (6) ṣar-ra-a-ti . . . ḳaš-ra-a-ti (7) . . . . ú ma (?) . . . . (8) . . . . ili-šu ú (?) da (?) . . . . *Rev.* (1) [Ana ^{ilu} Dil-bat] ad-riš uš-tak-ti-ma *ir-*bi (2) šumḳutim(tim) Ílama(ma) ^{ki} ibašši(ši) (3) ša ^{ilu} Nabû-aḫî ^{pl}-[íriba]. [K. 782.]

No. 205. *Obv.* (1) ^{mul} Dil-bat ina ṣît Šamši ir-ti-bi (2) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat mušḫa irši(ši) la damiḳti (3) šá ûmí ^{pl} ša la ú-šal-li-mu-ma (4) ir-bu-ú (5) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ina ^{arḫu} Nisanni (6) ultu ûmi I ^{kám} adi

ûmi XXX kám (7) ina ṣît Šamši it-bal (8) ú-ru-ba-a-ti (9) ina mâti ibašši pl *Rev.* (1) ú-ru-ba-a-ti bi-ka-a-ti (2) limutti šá mâtu Ílama(ma) ki šú-ú (3) šá m ilu [Nabû]-mu-ší-ṣi. [K. 725.]

No. 205A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ilu . . . arḫu Nisanni ir-[bi] (2) íbûr mâti ibašši(ši) : . . . . (3) Ana mul A . ÍDIN MUL . MUL ikšud(ud) ilu [Rammânu iraḫiṣ] (4) mul Dil-bat ina lib MUL . MUL [izzaz] (5) [Ana] mul Dil-bat ina ÍN . TÍ . NA . . . . (6) ina íbûri . . . . šu . . . . (*Remains of two lines; remainder of obv. and top of rev. broken.*) *Rev.* (1) . . . . ud ad ni . . . . (2) . . . . í-du ša šarri bíl-ia . . . . (3) . . . . na-tu-ú-a ši (?) . . . . (4) . . . . ana lib a-di-í ki-i í-ru-bu (5) . . . [ṭa?]-a-bi-ma a-na šarri bíl-ia ul aš-pu-ra (6) . . . . a mâr m ilu Bíl-ú-šal-lim. [K. 1343.]

No. 206. *Obv.* (1) Ana ilu Dil-bat ina írib Šamšu ir-[bi] (2) Ana mut Dil-bat ina [arḫu . . . .] (3) ultu ûmi I kám adi ûmi XXX kám (4) ina írib Šamši it-bal íbûr mâti iššir (5) Ana mul Dil-bat manzaza ú-ki-in (6) ûmí pl rubi arkûti pl (7) kit-tum ina mâti ibašši(ši) (8) [Ana] mul Dil-bat ina ḫarran šu-uṭ ilu Í-a (9) . . . . di-ma . . . . (10) . . . . a-na mâtu Aharrî [ki] *Rev.* (1) sa-li-mu irašši . . . (2) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma MUL . MUL ina libbi-šu izzizu pl (3) ina šatti šiâti sinnišâti pl zakkari pl ullada [pl] (4) Ana II-ma mul ŠÚ . GI ina libbi-šu [izziz] (5) ina šatti šiâti šumḳutim(tim) a-mí-lu-[ti . .] (6) a-na utullâi (?) ṣíni la iṭaḫḫu (7) šá m Ištar-šuma-íríš(íš). [K. 731.]

No. 206A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ilu Dil-bat ina arḫu . . . . [ultu ûmi I kám] (2) adi ûmi XXX kám [ina ilu Šamaš-ŠU .]A . (3) it-bal zunni . . . . pl (4) íbûr mâti iššir *Rev.* (1) [šá] m ilu Nabû-mu-ší-ṣi. [K. 1318.]

No. 207. *Obv.* (1) ilu Dil-bat ina írib Šamši ina ḫarran šú-uṭ ilu ÍN . LIL innammar(mar) (2) an-ni-ú pi-ší-ir-šú (3) Ana ilu Dil-bat ina arḫu Simâni innamir(ir) šumḳutim(tim) am nakri (4) Ana ilu Dil-bat ina ḫarran šú-uṭ ilu Bíl innamir(ir) (5) šar Akkadi ki maḫira la irašši(ši) (6) a-du ûmí pl V VI mul AL . LUL i-kaš-ša-ad (7) an-ni-ú pi-ší-ir-šú *Rev.* (1) [Ana] mul UZA a-na mul AL . LUL iṭḫi(ḫi) (2) taš-mu-ú u sa-li-mu ina mâti ibašši(ši) (3) ilâni pl ana mâti rîmu iraššu pl iš-šik-ki ri-ḳu-tí (4) i-ma-al-lu u íbûr mâti iššir marṣûti

balṭûti (5) ina mâti ibaššu $^{pl\ sal}$ írâti ^{pl} lib-lib-ši-na ú-šak-la-la (6) ilâni ^{pl} rabûti ^{pl} aš-rat mâti uš-ša-ru bîti ^{pl} ilâni ^{pl} rabûti ^{pl} (7) ú-ta-ad-da-ša : ^{mul} UZA ^{ilu} Dil-bat (8) šá ^{m} Šú-ma-a-a. [K. 121.]

No. 207A. *Obv.* (*Top broken*) (1) Ana ^{ilu} Dil-bat ina ^{arḫu} Simâni .... (2) Ana ^{ilu} Dil-bat ina ÍN . TÍ . [NA] .... (3) ina íbûri ina .... (4) šarrani ^{pl} nakrûti ^{pl} .... (5) íbûr mâti iššir (6) GAR . ḪI . A DUG . GA [ikkal] *Rev.* (1) taš-mu-ú u salimu(mu) ka-liš išakan(an) (2) ... ina ḫarran šú-[ut] .... innamir(ir) (3) ... tu (?) .... (4) ... ak .... (5) ... ina (?) .... (*Remainder broken off.*) [K. 964.]

No. 207B. *Obv.* (1) [^{ilu} Dil-bat ina] ^{arḫu} Simâni innamir(ir) šumḳutim(tim) ^{am} nakri (2) [Ana ^{ilu} Dil-bat ina ÍN . TÍ . NA ?] ina ṣît Šamši (3) [innamir ?] ..... pa šarrani ^{pl} nakrûti ^{pl} (4) .... [GAR . ḪI .] A DUG . GA ikkal (5) [tašmû u salimu ka]-liš iššakkan(an) (6) .... innamir(ir) (7) .... ur-rak (8) .... taš-mu-ú *Rev.* (1) .... ši (2) .... ^{pl} (3) .... ^{pl} íbûr mâti iššir (4) .... ina mâti ibaššu ^{pl} ilâni ^{pl} rabûti ^{pl} (5) ... [uš]-ša-ru bîti ^{pl} ilâni ^{pl} rabûti ^{pl} (6) [utaddaša] ^{mul} Dil-bat ana ^{mul} AL . LUL iṭaḫḫi-ma (7) .... it-ta-na-an-bi-ṭu (8) .... $^{pl\ sal}$ damḳâti ^{pl} ul-tu Í . KÚR . UD . DU-a (9) ... Igigi ug-ga-nu (10) [ša $^{m\ ilu}$] Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [K. 1342.]

No. 208. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ina írib Šamši irtibi (2) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ina ^{arḫu} Abi ad-riš (3) uš-*tak-*ti-it-ma ir-bi (4) šumkutim(tim) Ílama(ma) ^{ki} ibašši(ši) (5) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ina ^{arḫu} Abi ultu ûmi I ^{kám} (6) adi ûmi XXX ^{kám} ina írib Šamši irbi (7) zunni ^{pl} ibaššu ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) íbûr mâti iššir (2) ina lib arḫi a-ga-a ina ṣît Šamši (3) ina lib ^{mul} UR . GU . LA in-nam-mar (4) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [81–7–27, 23.]

No. 208A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ina ^{arḫu} Abi ultu] ûmi I ^{kám} adi ûmi XXX ^{kám} (2) [ina írib Šamši irbi zunni] ibaššu ^{pl} íbûr mâti iššir (3) [Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ina ^{arḫu} Abi ?] ad-riš uš-tak-ti-it-ma ir-bi (4) ... šu ina ^{iṣu} kakki išakan(an) (5) ... ú-šad-da-ma (6) ... ma (7) ... ki (8) ... kan-ni (9) ... ḫi *Rev.* (1) ... (2) ... ûmí ^{pl} (3) ... ši-i ... (4) ... ni i í-pi ... (5) ...

iṭ-ḫi-ma du . . . (6) . . . ti i ša bi ma . . . (7) . . . ú-rap-pa . . . (8) . . . pu-ut . . . (9) [ša ^{m} Ba-la]-si-i [83-1-18, 300.]

No. 209. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} ^{1}SAR . UR [u] ^{mul} ^{2}SAR . GAZ ša zi-ḳit ^{mul} aḳrabi (2) it-ta-na-an-bi-ṭu ^{iṣu} kakku ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} tibû(ú) (3) ^{mu} Dil-bat ina lib ^{mul} PA . BIL . SAG in-na-mar-ma (4) Ana ^{ilu} Ištar ^{3}agû ^{ilu} Sin ap-rat ^{4}mu-nik-si-sá (5) ú-ru-ba-a-ti ibaššu ^{pl} (6) ú-ru-ba-a-ti bi-ka-a-ti (7) ^{mul} LU . BAD . GUD . UD ina írib Šamšu . . (8) . . . . ina ^{mul} Dil-bat iz-za-az . . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . . . ^{mul} Dil-bat ^{3}agû ^{5}ṣalmu ap-[rat] (2) . . . . ^{6}ulâda . . . . (3) ^{mul} LU . BAD it-ti ^{mul} . . . . (4) lum-nu šá nišî ^{pl} ^{mâtu} . . . . (5) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ina ^{arḫu} Kisilimi . . . (6) ḫušaḫḫu šî-am u tibni . . . (7) [ša ^{m} ^{ilu} Nabû]-aḫî ^{pl}-íriba . . . . [81-2-4, 86.]

No. 210. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Kisilimi ultu ûmi I ^{kám} adi ûmi XXX ^{kám} (2) ^{ilu} Dil-bat ina ṣît Šamši it-bal (3) ḫušaḫḫu šî-im u tibni ina mâti ibašši(ši) (4) bíl šarrâni ^{pl} i-ḳab-bi um-ma-a (5) mi-nam-ma arḫi ul . . ti (6) ù damiḳti u limutti taš-[pu]-ra (7) rub šar-ru-ti i-na-ṭi-iš *Rev.* (1) ul iš-šim-mi bíl šarrâni ^{pl} (2) ûmu(mu) ša pa-ni-šu maḫ-ru (3) ri-ša-a liš-si-ma lu-up-ru-us-ma (4) a-na šarri bi-ili-ia lu-uḳ-bi (5) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du [80-7-19, 58.]

No. 211. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat] ina ^{arḫu} Šabâṭi innamir(ir) (2) [íbûr] mâti iššir (3) ana . . . . ? (4) rîmu u šulmu(mu) ina mâti ibašši(ši) (5) ^{mul} Dil-bat ina lib ^{mul} A-nu-ni-tum izzaz-ma (6) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ina lib ^{mul} Dil-gan innamir(ir) (7) zunni ^{pl} ina šamí(í) míli ^{pl} ina [irṣiti] *Rev.* (1) íbûr ^{mâtu} Aḫarrî ^{ki} iššir (2) na-mu-ú šumḳutu ^{pl} KU ^{pl} . . . (3) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat manzaza(za) [ukin] (4) ûmí ^{pl} rubi arkûti $^{[pl]}$ (5) kit-tu ina mâti ibašši(ši) (6) ša ^{m} Apla-a mâr Bar-sib ^{ki} . . . [K. 758.]

No. 211A. *Obv.* (1) . . . UMUN . PA . UD . DU ík-šú-dam-ma (2) . . . iḳ-rib-ma izziz bi-ib-lum mâti ub-bal (3) . . . DU ik-šú-dam-ma ib-ši mílu gab-šu illak (4) . . iṭḫi šar Aḫarrî ^{ki} NAM . KÍL . . . (5) . . . KÚR KÚR KUR ana MAN aḫû aḫî inakkar . . .

[1] ŠÁR . UR, *glossed* ša-ar-ur.
[2] SÁR . GAZ, *glossed* ṣar-gaz.
[3] MIR, *glossed* a-gu-u.
[4] mu-nik-si-sá, *glossed* mu-ni-ik-si-sa.
[5] MI, *glossed* ṣa-al-mu.
[6] Ù . TU *glossed* ú-la-a-[da].

(6) . . . di ^{mâtu} Mí-si ultu (?) pân . . . (7) . . . sa-dir zunni u míli ^{pl} ra-a . . . (8) . . . í-šu (9) . . . šamû izanun(nun) ^{ilu} TIR . AN . NA. . (10) . . . in ru . . (11) . . . a šar du (*Remainder of obverse and top of reverse broken. Rev.* (1) . . . kak a . . . (2) . . . ni . . . (3) . . . lál du . . . (4) [taš-mu]-ú u Salimu(mu) ina mâti kalâmi . . . (5) . . BAT ^{pl} . . . . . ^{pl} ina mâti (?) . . . (6) . . . ra-šu Šumḳut(ut) ummâni ^{pl} . . (7) . . [ûmu] XXX ^{kám} ḫul pat . . (8) . . . a (?) . . (9) . . . (10) . . . bí-na . . [K. 12176.]

No. 211B. *Obv.* (1) . . . innamir(ir) (2) . . . iššir (3) . . tum du šal lat (4) . . . sa-li-mu ina mâti ibašši(ši) (5) . . . ina lib ^{mul} A-nu-ni-tum (6) . . . . ma *Rev.* (*Destroyed.*) [K. 8407.]

No. 211C. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ^{mul} Dil-bat ina ^{arḫu} . . . (2) ú-ru-ba-a-tum . . . (3) [Ana] ^{mul} Dil-bat ina lib ^{mul} . . . (4) zunnu ina šamí(í) mílu . . . (5) [íbûr] ^{mâtu} Aḫarri . . . (*Remainder destroyed.*) [K. 1955.]

No. 211D. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} Dilbat ina ^{arḫu} . . . . (2) íbûr mâti . . . (3) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat ina ^{arḫu} . . . (4) nišî ^{pl} ^{mâtu} . . . (*Remainder destroyed.*) [83-1-18, 319.]

No. 211E. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Dil-bat ina ^{arḫu} . . . (2) . . ri(?)ga . . . (3) . . mu ina . . . (4) Ana . . . (*Remainder destroyed.*) [83-1-18, 834.]

No. 211F. *Obv.* (1) . . . ŠÍ u IN . NU (2) . . . ši (3) . . . kit kakkabu du . . . (4) . . . ^{mâtu} Akkadu ti-bu-u (5) . . . [^{mul} PA . BIL . SAG (*Remainder destroyed; traces of one character on reverse.*) [K. 12250.]

No. 212. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{1}mul ^{2}UZA míš-ḫa ^{3}im-šuḫ (2) ilâni ^{pl} ana mâti BUL . . . (3) ana mâti ^{4}rîmu [iraššu] (4) mu-šú an-ni-ú . . . (5) míš-ḫu im-[šuḫ] . . . (6) [Ana] ^{mul} LU . BAD . GUD . UD . . . (7) ultu pân a-ḫi-í-iš . . . (8) í . . . ḳu du . . . *Rev.* (1) šá $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-aḫí ^{pl}-íriba [83-1-18, 204.]

No. 212A. *Obv.* (*Top wanting.*) (1) A . . . (2) šá . . . *Rev.* (1) iṣ . . . (2) ma-a . . . (3) ^{ilu} Dil-bat ^{mul} . . . (4) an-ni-u [pišir-šu] (5)

[1] MUL, *glossed* MU-UL. [2] UZA, *glossed* U-ZA.
[3] im-šuh, *glossed* im-šú-[uḫ]. [4] rîmu, *glossed* ri-í-mu.

Ana ^{mul} UZA . . . (6) taš-mu-ú u DI . . . (7) ilâni ^{pl} rîmu ana mâti . . . (8) DIR ^{pl} . . . (9) marṣu . . . (10) ^{sal} írâti (?) . . . (11) ilu . . . (*Left-hand edge*) (1) a-na ḫa-ba-li la ta . . . (2) i-lu-um-ma ina ina íli mí-i-ni . . . [K. 13170.]

No. 213. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ^{mul} Aḳrabu (2) ana pân Sin iṭḫi-ma izziz(iz) (3) pâl šarri írik(ik) (4) ^{am} nakru itibba-am-ma (5) šumḳuta (ta)-šu išakan(an) *Rev.* (1) ^{ilu} Aššur ^{ilu} Šamšu u ^{ilu} Marduk (2) ^{iṣu} kussi ša ki-na-a-ti (3) a-na da-riš a-na ûmí ^{pl} (4) arkûti ^{pl} a-na šarri (5) [bíl]-ia id-dan-nu (6) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-iḳ-bi. [82–5–22, 51.]

No. 214. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} Aḳrabu ana pân Sin iṭḫi-ma (2) pal-í šarri arkûti ^{pl} (3) ^{am} nakru tibû-ma šumḳuta(ta)-šu (4) išakan (an) *Rev.* (1) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Bíl-naṣir(ir). [81–2–4, 81.]

No. 214A. *Obv.* (*Top broken*) (1) Ana ^{mul} Aḳrabu . . . (2) taš-mu-ú . . . (3) ^{ilu} LU . BAD . . . (4) izza-[az] . . . (5) Ana ^{ilu} LU . [BAD] . . . *Rev.* (1) u a . . . (2) Ana ^{ilu} Sin ûmu XIV . . . (3) in-nam-mar . . . (*Remainder broken off.*) [S. 1327.]

No. 215. *Obv.* (1) ^{ilu} GUD . UD ul . . . (2) ^{ilu} Sin ^{ilu} Šamšu ul . . . . tú (3) ina pân ^{ilu} Šamši ir-ti-bi (4) ^{mul} Ziḳit-aḳrabi ša ina ḳarni imitti Sin (5) iz-zi-zu a-na ^{ilu} Šamši (?) (6) ul iṭaḫḫi mîmma ul i-lap-pat (7) Ana ^{mul} Aḳrabi ina tarbaṣ Sin (8) it-ta-ši-iz Ana zunni u míli *Rev.* (1) itti-šu šarru i-ta-mar (2) ^{ilu} Rammanu i-ra-ḫi-iṣ (3) Ana ina $^{ar\underline{ḫ}u}$ Âiri ûmu XV ^{kám} Ana ^{ilu} Í-a . . ḳi (4) ša maṣ-ṣarti bar-ir šal-mu-šu (5) ana ta-na-da-a-ti išakan(an) (6) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-šuma iškun(un). [K. 19.]

No. 215A. *Obv.* (1) ^{mul} LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ . . . (2) a-na III-šú ina iz-da . . . (3) Ana Šamšu íli-nu ^{ilu} [Sin] . . . (4) iz-zi-iz . . . (5) iz-za-az . . . . (6) kit-ti . . . (7) a-ša-an . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Šamšu . . . (2) šar mâti išid ^{iṣu} GU . [ZA] . . . (3) ^{mul} LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ . . . (4) damiḳti ša šarri bíl-ia . . . (5) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-ikiša(ša) mâr Bar-[sab ^{ki}]. [D.T. 304.]

No. 216. *Obv.* (1) ^{mul} LU . BAD . SAG . [UŠ ina] lib (?)-bi (?) . . . (2) ša ^{mul} UR . GU . LA it-ṭan-mar (3) Ana ^{mul} UR . GU . LA

a-dir (4) III šanâti ^{pl} [UR.] MAḪ. ^{pl} (5) u UR. BAR. RA $^{[pl]}$ . . . u niší dîku (6) alkat mâti . . . . su ipparasu *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{mul} LU. BAD ina ^{arḫu} Abi (2) ippuḫa(ḫa) (3) ma'al ḳu-ra-du irappiš (4) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du maḫrû(ú). [K. 861.]

No. 216A. *Obv.* (1) . . . ^{ilu} LU. BAD. SAG. UŠ na ḫi (?) . . . (2) . . . GIR. TAB ḳarnâti ^{pl}-ša zu-ú . . . . (3) . . . ZI-ma ina ^{iṣu} kakki šumḳut(ut) (4) . . . * SAG (?). MÍ (?). GAR ša-ru-ri na-ša-a (*Remainder broken off.*) [K. 1347.]

No. 216B. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} LU. BAD . . . (2) šar kiššutam (tam) . . . (3) Ana Šamšu ina it . . . (*Remainder of obv. and top of rev. broken off.*) *Rev.* (1) . . ^{mul} SIB. ZI. [AN. NA.] . . . . (2) . . ^{mul} LU. BAD. SAG. UŠ . . . (3) i-da-a-ti ša . . . (4) a-na šarri bí-li . . . (5) ša-at . . . (6) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du . . . [83-1-18, 313.]

No. 216C. *Obv.* (1) [^{mul} LU.] BAD. GUD. UD (2) it-tan-mar (3) Ana ^{mul} LU. BAD. ina arḫi in-nam-ru (4) mílu ù zunnu (5) [^{mul} LU.] BAD. DIR (6) [nuḫuš] nišî ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [K. 783.]

No. 217. *Obv.* (1) ^{ilu} GUD. UD ina ṣît Šamši innammar (2) Ana ^{ilu} LU. BAD arḫi innamir (3) zunnu u A.[DAN] (4) Ana ^{ilu} LU. BAD šum-ma[ina] ^{arḫu} Aîri (5) šum-ma ina ^{arḫu} Simâni innamir (6) mílu illak-ma íḳla ugara i-ma-gir (7) Ana ^{ilu} LU. BAD ina ^{šâru} šadi izziz (8) tibut(ut) Subarti ^{ki} (9) ù kaš-ši-i ana mâti *Rev.* (1) si-mí-in dul-li šú-u (2) a-na ^{alu} Ninâ la al-lik (3) ^{am} A. BA ^{pl} a-na (?) ša-*da-ri (4) ina bîti . . . šá id (?) (5) mi-i-nu šá [šarru ? bí ?]-ili . . . (6) ina gab-si ^{alu} Ninâ li-í-pu-uš (7) is-su-ri la ú-ša-ru-ni la í-rab (8) un-ḳu li-di-nu-ni (9) šá $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-mu-ší-ṣi. [82-5-22, 78.]

No. 218. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Aîri ^{ilu} LU. BAD innamir(ir) (2) mílu illak-ma iḳla ugara i-ma-gir (3) Ana $^{mul\,ilu}$ Marduk MUL. MUL ikšud(ud) (4) ^{ilu} Rammânu iraḫiṣ(iṣ) *Rev.* (1) ûmu XIV ^{kám} Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš (2) ul in-nam-ma-ru (3) ûmu XV ^{kám} ilu itti ili in-nam-ma-ru (4) šar Subarti ^{ki} maḫira (5) la irašši(ši) (6) . . i abî-ia ší-ma-a-ku (7) [ša ^{m}] ^{ilu} Bíl-aḫî ^{pl}-íri-ba [81-2-4, 84.]

No. 218A. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} LU . BAD . GUD . UD . . . . (2) i-na lib-bi ^{mul} . . . . (3) Ana ^{ilu} LU . BAD a-na ^{mul} . . . (4) ^{ilu} Rammânu [iraḫiṣ] (5) Ana ^{ilu} LU . BAD ina ^{arḫu} Aîri . . (6) lu-ú ina ^{arḫu} Simâni [innamir] (7) mílu illak-ma A . [LIB ugara] (8) i-ma-gir . . *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} Irašši(ši)-ilu mâr . . . (2) šarru ú-ra-ši . . . (3) ištín (ín) ^{am} ikkaru ša šarri . . . (4) V arḫâni ^{pl} a . . . (5) dul . . . (6) . . . (7) bí-ili-iá . . . (8) zu (?) man . . ba-u . . .

[82–5–22, 74.]

No. 219. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ^{mul}] LU . BAD ina ^{arḫu} Du'ûzi ippuḫa(ḫa) (2) pâgrâni ^{pl} ibaššu ^{pl} (3) Ana ^{mul} UR . GU . LA ṣalmu (4) lib mâti la iṭâb(ab) (5) bíl šarrâni ^{pl} lu-da-ri (6) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du. [82–5–22, 56.]

No. 220. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} LU . BAD ina ^{arḫu} Ululi ippuḫ (2) šâ-ḳi-í maḫiri (3) na-pa-aš ^{ilu} Nisaba (4) bíl šarrâni ^{pl} lu-da-ri *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du (2) ḳa-aṭ-nu. [83–1–18, 178.]

No. 221. *Obv.* (1) ^{mul} LU . BAD . GUD . UD ina ṣît Šamši (2) ina ḳaḳ-ḳar ^{mul} AB . SIN (3) it-tan-mar pi-šir-šu (4) Ana ^{mul} Nunu a-na ^{mul} PAN iṭḫi (5) íbûr mâti iššir bûlu ina ṣíri irappaš(aš) (6) šarru idannin-ma nakrûti ^{pl}-šu LAL . . . šamaššammu u saluppu išširu ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{mul} LU . BAD ina ^{arḫu} Ululi ippuḫa(ḫa) (2) ša-ki-í na-pa-aš ^{ilu} Nisaba (3) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Ululi ^{mul} DAḪ innamir (ir) (4) . . âlu ŠÍ iššir (5) ^{mul} DAḪ ^{ilu} LU . BAD . GUD . UD (6) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du mâr ^{m} Dam-ḳa (7) ardu ša šarri. [81–2–4, 132.]

No. 222. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} LU . BAD ina ^{arḫu} Ululi innamir (ir) (2) ša-ḳi-í maḫiri (?) na-pa-aš ni-is-sa-bu (8) Ana ^{mul} UR . MAḪ kakkabâni ^{pl}-šu ul-tap-pu-ú (4) šarru a-šar il-la-ku (5) li-is-su . . (6) Anâ ^{mul} UR . GU . LA a . . . (7) níšî ^{pl} u âḫî $^{[pl]}$ . . . *Rev.* (1) in-nam-da-ru-ma (2) a-lak-ti ^{mâtu} Aḫarrî ^{ki} (3) ša ^{m} Ṭa-bi-ia.

[83–1–18, 181.]

No. 223. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Araḫšamna ^{mul} LU . BAD ippuḫa(ḫa) (2) íbûr mâti iššir (3) Ana ^{mul} Aḳrabi ṣalmu ina lib-bi taš-mu-ú ina mâti ibašši (4) ^{ilu} GUD . UD . ina lib ^{mul} Aḳrabi izzaz-ma (5) Ana ^{mul} Aḳrabu ^{ilu} Iš-ḫa-ra ina la'ab urri-ša (6) irat-ṣa

nam-rat zibbat-ṣa í-ṭa-at (7) ḳarnât ^{pl}-ṣa nin-mu-ra (8) zunnu u mílu ina mâti i-ḫar-ru-bu *Rev.* (1) aribi itibbû-ma mâta ikkalu (2) šumḳutim(tim) alpi ^{pl} u gu-ub-ri (3) . . . ik-kaš-šad (4) . . . Aḳrabu (*Remainder broken.*) [81–2–4, 88.]

No. 223A. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{ilu} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina libbi-[šu izziz] (2) šumḳutim(tim) bu-lim u na-maš-ší-í ša [ṣíri] (3) mí-ri-šu la iššir šar-ru iṣaḫir(*ir) (4) Ana kakkabu ina tarbaṣ Sin izziz šarru u ummânu . . . (5) ú-ta-ṣa-ru ^{ilu} Muštabarrû-mûtanu(a-nu) ^{mul} . . . . (6) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma MUL . MUL ina libbi-šu izziz (7) ina arḫi šuâti ^{sal} írâti ^{pl} zakkari ^{pl} ul-la-da (8) šar kiššuti mât-su inakar-šu-ma(ba ?) i . . (9) MUL . MUL . ^{ilu} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) (10) ša ^{ilu} NI . BAT-a . . . . . *Rev.* (1) MUL . MUL . . . . (2) Ana Sin tarbaṣu ilmi-ma ^{ilu} . . . . (3) ina libbi-šu izziz šarru . . . . . (4) Ana ina ^{arḫu} kisilimi ^{mul} GIR . TAB ^{*ilu*} Iš-ḫa-ra (5) ina tamarti-šu ḳarnâti ^{pl}-šu nin-gu-la (6) : nin-bu-ṭa irat-ṣa nam-rat (7) zibbat-ṣa í-ṭa-ti zunnu u mílu (8) NIM ^{pl}-ni šumḳutim(tim) alpi ^{pl} u gub-[ri] (9) aribi itbu-A ^{iṣu} kakku IL . LA-ma (10) mât nakri ik-kaš-šad (11) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-šuma-iškun(un). (*Left-hand edge*) (1) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-šuma-iškun(*un). [80–7–19, 55.]

No. 224. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} . . . . (2) it-tan-mar (3) Ana ^{mul} LU . BAD ina ^{arḫu} kisilimi innamir(ir) (4) ḫab-ba-a-ti ina mâti ibaššu ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [83–1–18, 208.]

No. 225. *Obv.* (*Top broken*) (1) . . . ana ^{sal} damiḳti imalliku ^{pl} (2) [zunni] ^{pl} ù míli ^{pl} ibaššu ^{pl} (3) $^{[mul]}$ LU . BAD . GUD . UD ina lib ^{mul} SIM . MAḪ izzaz-ma (4) [Ana] ^{mul} LU . BAD a-na ^{mul} Nâr-Idiḳlat iṭḫi (5) zunni ^{pl} ù míli ^{pl} ibaššu . . (6) ^{mul} LU . BAD GUD . UD ina ṣît Šamši it-tan-[mar] *Rev.* (*Top broken*) (1) . . atal subarti $^{[ki]}$ . . . (2) Ana Sin ki-i ina ^{arḫu} DIR . ŠÍ ûmu I ^{kám} [innamir] (3) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb(ab) (4) . . *a-na ina ^{arḫu} DIR . ŠÍ *ûmu *I ^{kám} Sin in-nam-mar (5) . . . Subarti ^{ki} sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb (6) [ša $^{m\ ilu}$] Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [K. 972.]

No. 226. *Obv.* (1) [^{mul} LU .] BAD . GUD . UD ina írib Šamši (2) itti MUL . MUL it-tan-mar (3) a-na lib-bi ^{mul} ŠÚ . GI

(4) iš-ta-naḳ-ḳa-a (5) zunnu u mílu (6) . . $^{mul\ ilu}$ Marduk [ina] riš šatti . . . (7) šattu šiâtu šašurri-šu . . . (8) ša ^{m} Na-di-nu.

[81–2–4, 89.]

No. 227. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ^{ilu} AN . TA .] SUR . RA kakkabâni ^{pl}-šu (2) . . . . a-dir (3) . . . . ana mâti illakam(kâm) (4) . . . Ana ^{ilu} AN . TA . SUR . RA (5) . . . . *mi-ši-iḫ ^{ilu} PA . BIL . SAG (6). . . . GUD . UD ina lib ^{mul} PA . BIL . SAG (7) . . . . izzaz-ma (8) . . . . pâl ûmí ^{pl} arkûti ^{pl} (9) . . . . lu ša-lam šar kiššuti *Rev.* (1) $^{[mul]}$ LU . BAD . GUD . UD ina ṣitaš (2) . . . a-dan-šu ul it-ti-iḳ (3) . . . šu šú pi (4) [lib šarri] bí-ili-ia lu-ṭa-a-bi (5) . . . [a]-na šarri mâr šarri (6) [u] íkalli ^{pl}-u (7) [ša ^{m} Irašši] (ši)-ilu ardu ša šarri maḫrû(u). [83–1–18, 230.]

No. 228. *Obv.* (1) ^{mul} GUD . UD ina lib ^{mul} UR . GU . LA (2) it-ti-ti-zi (3) Ana ^{mul} UR . GU . LA ṣalmu (4) lib-bi mâti la iṭâb (5) Ana ^{mul} Šarru ṣalmu (6) mu-'-ir-ru íkalli imât (7) šá $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-mu-ší-ṣi. [K. 704.]

No. 229. *Obv.* (1) . . . ^{1}í | ^{2}tappallas . . . (2) ^{3}šamû(û) | ^{4}kakkaru | ^{5}kaš-du-ú . . (3) ^{6}tib | ^{7}šâri . . . ^{8}dup-šum | ibašši (4) [^{mul} LU . BAD .] GUD . UD man-za-as-su . . (5) . . . in-na-mar . . (6) . . . ṣu-ur . . (7) . . . ^{mul} . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . . (2) . . . ti . . . (3) . . . . ^{m} . . . [81–2–4, 287.]

No. 229A. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} LU . BAD ina . . . (2) Ana ^{mul} LU . BAD ina du (?) . . . (3) ša-ni-iš bat . . . . (4) Ana ^{mul} LU . BAD ina lib . . . . (5) zunni ^{pl} . . . (6) . . . . *Rev.* (1) ^{mul} . . . . (2) damiḳti ša . . . . (3) ^{ilu} Sin UD . . . . (4) šá . . . . (5) ina ^{arḫu} kisilimi . . . . (6) kan . . . . (7) ^{m} Ṭa-bi-[ia] . . . . (8) ^{m} Za-kir . . . [80–7–19, 155.]

No. 229B. *Obv.* (1) . . . LU . BAD TÍ (?) . . (2) . . . ina pân mâti ḪA . A (3) . . . tí-šu bûl mâti ḪA . A . (4) . . . SI . DI (*Remainder of obv. and top of rev. wanting.*) *Rev.* (1) . . . . ší (?)

[1] . . . í *glossed* . . . úr.
[2] ŠI . BAR *glossed* tap-pal-la-as.
[3] ANA-ú *glossed* ša-mu-u.
[4] KI *glossed* ḳaḳ-ḳa-ru.
[5] kaš-du-ú *glossed* ka-aš-du-[ú].
[6] ZI *glossed* [ti]-ib.
[7] IM *glossed* ša-a-ri.
[8] dup-šum *glossed* dup-šu.

ḫi (?) . . . (2) . . . mul LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ (3) . . . ana mul LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ iṭaḫḫi ma (4) [ša] m Bu-ul-lu-ṭi. [K. 1375.]

No. 230. *Obv.* (1) Ana mul PAN ina tarbaṣ Sin izziz . . (2) aštûti pl in-na-da-ru-ma (3) ḫu-ub-tum ina mâti ibašši (4) a-na limutti ul i-lap-pat (5) tarbaṣu ša mul AB . SIN (6) a-na zunni u míli *Rev.* (1) ina ÍN . TÍ . NA i-lap-pat (2) Ana ina arḫu Nisanni ûmu XIII kám (3) PAT . ḪI . A-su ana Sin u ilu Šamši (4) liš-? ilu Sin u ilu Šamšu KA (?) pl šu (5) ša m ilu Nabû-šuma-iškun(un).

[82–5–22, 59.]

No. 231. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ina arḫu Du'ûzi ilu Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) innamir(ir) (2) ma'al ḳu-ra-du irappiš(iš) (3) [Ana] ilu LU . BAD . ina šâru iltani izziz(iz) (4) pagrâni pl ibaššu pl tibû(bu) šar Akkadi ki ana mât nakri (5) Ana mul Šanamma(ma) ana mul MAŠ . TAB . BA iṭḫi(ḫi) (6) šarru imât-ma sal nukurtu ibašši(ši) (7) Ana ilu NI . BAT . . . . (8) . . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana ilu Muštabarrû-mûtânu (a-nu) . . . . (2) ina šatti šiâti šar Ílama [ma ki] (3) bíl šarrâni pl luda-ru (4) ša m A-ša-ri-du ḳa-aṭ-nu. [K. 735.]

No. 232. *Obv.* (1) [ilu NI . BAT]-a-nu ina arḫu Du'ûzi it-tamar un-nu-ut (2) [Ana ilu NI . BAT-a-nu] ina arḫu Du'ûzi innamir ma'al ḳu-ra-di irappiš (3) . . . . a-na mu-ta-ni ḳa-bi (4) [Ana ilu NI . BAT]-a-nu ina šâru šadi izziz(iz) tibut(ut) Subarti ki (5) ù Kaš-ši-i a-na mâti (6) [Ana ilu] Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) um-mu-liš ippuḫama šaruri pl-šu iṣrup (7) šar Ílama(ma) ki imât (8) Ana ilu Nírgal ina ribi-šu ina zu-ḫar-u-tú šakin(in) (9) ki-ma kakkabâni pl šamí(í) ma-'-diš um-mul (10) a-na mâtu Akkadi ki rîmu irašši(ši) (11) id ummâni-ia illak-ma ummân am nakri idâk (12) mâtu (ú) ṣar-ra-mu ikašad(ád) (13) ummâni(ni) am nakri ina pân ummâni(ni)-ia la illaku (14) bûl mâtu Akkadi ki ina ṣíri par-ga-niš irabbiṣu pl (15) šamaššammu saluppu išširu pl *Rev.* (1) Ana mul LU . BAD ana mul ilu ZU is-nik imíru sisi pl imâtu pl (2) la is-nik ina muḫ-ḫi la ḳur-bu (3) Ana ilu Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ú-ta-na-at-ma damiḳtu ib-il-ma a-ḫi-tú (4) Ana ilu Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) arkî ilu UMUN . PA . UD . DU illak(ak) šattu šiâtu dam-ḳat (5) šá m Bu-lu-ṭu.

[83–1–18, 198.]

No. 233. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Ululi ^{ilu} Muštabarrû-mûtânu (a-nu) innamir . . (2) íbûr mâti iššir (3) lib-bi mâti iṭâb(ab) (4) Ana ^{mul} LU . BAD DIR . . (5) nu-ḫu-uš nišî . . *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina ribi . . . (2) ša-ru-ru inaši-ma . . . (3) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-iḳ-bí [699.]

No. 234. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ana pân Sin iṭḫi-ma izziz(iz) (2) Sin mâta limutta(ta) ušíšib(ib) (3) Ana ^{mul} LU . BAD ina ḳarni šumíli Sin izziz šarru kiššutam(tam) ipuš(uš) (4) Ana kakkabu ina pân Sin sumíli izziz šarru kiššutam(tam) ípuš (uš) (5) Ana kakkabu ina arki Sin šumíli izziz šar Akkadi ^{ki} (6) kiššutam(tam) ípuš(uš) (7) Ana ^{mul} DIL . GAN . ina ḳarni šumíli-šu izziz(iz) ina šatti šiâti (8) mí-riš ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} iššir (9) Ana ^{mul} DIL . GAN ina maš-ḳa-šu izziz ina šatti šiâti íbûr mâti (10) iššir *Rev.* (1) Ana kakkabu ina ḳarni šumíli Sin izziz mât nakri limutta [immar] (2) Ana kakkabu ina ḳarni šumíli-šu izziz atal * šar Aḫarrî (?) $^{ki\,(?)}$ (3) GAN . BA mâti šiâti iṣaḫir : ^{ilu} Rammânu iraḫiṣ (4) Ana kakkabu ina ḳarni šumíli-šu izziz atal šar MAR išakan (5) Ana ina ḳarni šumíli-šu kakkabu ^{ilu} Rammânu ina mât nakri ikkal (6) : atalû išakan : atal šar Aḫarri ^{ki} (7) mât-su iṣaḫir(ir) (8) ša ^{m} Za-kîr. [82–5–22, 46.]

No. 234A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ^{mul} NI .] BAT-a-nu ina . . . (2) iṭâb(ab) in . . . . (3) [Ana ^{mul}] Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina lib ^{mul} . . . . (4) Šumḳûtim(tim) bûli (5) Ana ^{mul} Rab-bu a-na ri (?) . . ut . . . (6) ^{mul} Rab-bu ^{mul} UR . . . (7) ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu (a-nu) ina lib ^{mul} . . . . (8) izzaz-ma *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{mul} LU . BAD ina ^{šâru} šadi [izziz] (1) tibut(ut) Subarti ^{ki} . . (3) Ana ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) . . (4) . . ^{mul} UR . GU . LA izziz . . (5) [ša] ^{m} Ba-la-[si-i]. [K. 855.]

No. 235. *Obv.* (1) ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ^{mul} AL . LUL ik-ta-[sad-ma] (2) ina libbi-šu í-ta-rab ma-ṣar-tu at-ta-[ṣar] (3) la in-ni-mid la i-zi-iz šapli-ta il-[lak?] (4) il-lak ú-ṣu-um-ma ri-í-ḫi a-na a . . (5) ki-ma it-tu-ṣi pi-šir-šu ana šarri bíl-iá a-[sap-ra] (6) is-su-ri mí-mí-í-ni ana šarri bíl-iá i-sap-[ra] (7) ma-a ana ^{mul} Šanamma(ma) ana ^{mul} AL . LUL iṭḫi rubu . . (8) ki-ma it-tí-mid it-ti-ti-iz šú-u-tú . . . (9) lum-nu šá ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} šú-ú (10) is-su-ri mí-mí-í-ni ana šarri

bíl-iá i-sap-[ra] (11) ma-a ana ^{ilu} LU . BAD ina ḳabal ti-ib ša-a-ri i . . . *Rev.* (1) šar Subarti ^{ki} ba . . . (2) šú-mu an-ni-u si-li-a-tí šú-u . . (3) šarru bí-ili ina íli libbi-šu la i-šak-[kan] (4) mu-šú an-ni-u ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu it-ti-*di (5) Ana ^{arḫu} Abu ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu iddi ûmu irûb(ub) šamû izanun(nun) (6) birḳu ib-riḳ míli ^{pl} ina naḳbi iššapak (7) Ana ina ûmí(mí) la ir-pi ^{ilu} Rammânu is-si (8) da-um-ma-tú : ḫušaḫḫu ina mâti ibašši(ši) (9) šá ^{m} Ak-kul-la-ni.

[K. 747.]

No. 235A. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) VII arḫâni ^{pl} ina lib ^{mul} MAŠ . TAB . BA . GAL . GAL (2) . . . it-ta-lak u (?) . . . . ru (3) . . . nu . . . . (*Two lines broken out.*) (6) . . . ku-nu (7) . . . bu-ub (8) . . . ina lib-bi it-ti-iḳ (9) . . . šarru (?) šarru a-ki ša i-li-'-u li-[pu-uš] (10) u . . . . III-šu a-na šarri al-tap-ra . . (11) *um *ma ina (?) pi (?) i (?) dib-bi an-nu-tú ana ḳa-bi-í . . . (12) ardu-ka ša ṭabta-ka i-na-ṣa-ru u i-ra-mu . . (13) lib-ba-a ana muḫ-ḫi-ka i-kab-bab-an-[ni?] *Rev.* (1) dib(?)-ba . . ù (?) du (?) . . ma pi-is-sa . . . (2) ù ki (?) . . ul-tí(?)-tí(?)-iz ina lib . . . (3) ri-i . . ina maḫ-ru-ti ša i . . . (4) KÚR ul il-li-kam-ma mâtu ul . . . (5) ittu ina lib-bi pi-is-sa-ti . . . (6) Atalû ša Sin ša ina ^{arḫu} Araḫ-šamna iš-ku-nu . . . (7) ul-tir-ri ù ša ^{mâtu} SU . ZIN mi-nu . . . (8) arki-šu ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR III-šu ana lib Sin i-tí . . . (9) mi-nu-u in-ni-pu-uš-ma ḪUL-šu i-ti-[iḳ] (10) ina tamarti(?)-šu III-šu Sin û ma XVI ^{kám} itti ^{ilu} Šamši it-tan-mar (11) ^{arḫu} Tašrîtu ^{arḫu} Araḫšamna ^{arḫu} Kisilimu Sin ina ta-mar-ti-šu (12) *kal ûmu I ^{kám} ki-ma ša la in-nam-ru ga-mir (*Left-hand edge*) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Bíl . šuma-iškun(un) ^{am} UŠ . . KU.

[83-1-18, 232.]

No. 236. *Obv.* (1) [^{mul} NI .] BAT-a-nu iḳil ^{mul} AL . LUL (2) i-ru-bu a-na it-tum (3) ul iṣ-ṣab-bat (4) ina lib-bi ul iz-za-zi (5) ul in-ni-im-mi-du (6) *ù ul i-*ka-ši (7) ár-ḫiš uṣ-ṣi *Rev.* (1) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Bíl-naṣir(ir).

[K. 808.]

No. 236A. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} AL . [LUL] . . . (2) GIS . PIN mâti ina . . . (3) šur-du-ut mâti . . . (4) ina ḳaḳ-ḳa-ri i . . . (5) sapaḫ(aḫ) Ílama(ma) ^{ki} u . . . (6) Ana ^{mul} Šanamma(ma) ana ^{mul} AL . [LUL] . . . (7) rubu . . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{mul} Muštabarru-

mûtânu(a-nu) ana ^{mul} . . . (2) alu . . . . . (3) ša ^{m} Aḫî ^{pl}-ša-a ^{am} * Uruk-[a-a]. [83–1–18, 233.]

No. 236B. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mutânu(a-nu) ina ^{ilu} . . . (2) ina šumíl ^{mul} Dil-bat . . . . (3) ub-bu-tu ina ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} . . . (4) tarbaṣ ^{imiru} sisi ^{pl} . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{mul} UTU . KA . GAB-A ŠI . . . . (2) ta-az-zi-im-ti an-ni . . . (3) (*blank, but for two diagonal wedges*) (4) ^{mul} LU . BAD ^{pl} ina lib-bi ^{mul} (5) izzazu ^{pl} . . . (6) limuttu šú-ú a-na . . . . (7) man-ma la ú-ta . . . (8) ša ^{m} Irašši (ši)-ilu . . . . [K. 875.]

No. 236C. *Obv.* (? *Top broken*) (1) . . . pa . . . (2) . . . . NI . BAT-a-[nu] . . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . sap la šíí . . . (2) . . . XV ša ^{mul} ŠÚ . . . . (3) . . . za-az . . . . (4) . . . . libbi-šu la í-ru . . . (5) . . . . ka ṣi ri šu . . . (6) . . a . . (7) . . . arḫâni ^{pl} . . . . [Bu. 91–5–9, 58.]

No. 235D. *Obv.* (1) . . . [1]šumíli ^{ilu} Sin ina (?) . . . . (2) . . . . ^{am} nakra ikkal . . . ra . . . (3) . . . šumíli ^{ilu} Sin . . . (*Remainder of obv. and top of rev. broken off.*) *Rev.* (1) . . . . . (2) . . . . Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) . . . . (3) . . . irappiš (?) ^{ilu} NI . . . (4) ú-pa . . . (5) [ša ^{m}] ^{ilu} Nabû-aḫî ^{pl}-íriba. [K. 2327.]

No. 236E. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ^{ilu}] Muštabarru-mûtânu(a-nu) ḳaḳ-ḳar ša . . . . (2) . . . i ú-gam-mi-ra it . . . . (3) . . ta lu ki šu un-di-iṭ-ṭu (4) . . a-di V ûmu(mu) am . . . (5) . . . šar . . . . (*Remainder of obv. and top of rev. broken off.*) *Rev.* (1) . . . . (2) [ša] ^{m} Za-kir. [82–5–22, 67.]

No. 236F. *Obv.* (*Top broken*) (1) *^{mul} . . . (2) tir (?) . . . (3) Ana ^{mul} . . . (4) tir . . . . tir (?) . . (5) Ana kakkabu *a (?)- dir riu-ḫuš . . . (6) Ana ^{ilu} . . ma ina nipiḫ-ša ud-da-ṣa kíma (?) im . . . (7) Ana ^{mul} Dil-bat (?) ina nipiḫ-ša ÍN . BAT ^{arḫu} Abi ḫi . . . . (8) Ana ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ša-ru-ru un . . . (9) a-di II-šu du-un-ḳu ša . . . (10) šarru li (?) -zi (?) tú su ki an ni . . . (*Two lines illegible.*) *Rev.* (1) . . . ul ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} lum- . . . (?) . . . lum-ma SI . DI GAR (?) an mí : . . . . (3) . . . mar ^{m} ṣab-ba (?)-a a tú . . . (4) . . . ḫa-a-a ^{m} Di-

[1] GUBU (?), *glossed* šú-mí-li.

lu (?)-ú . . . (5) . . . [am] A-ra-su ú . . . . (6) . . . -'- du išdu (?) . . . (7) . . . *gab-*bu . . . . (*Remainder broken off.*) [K. 8704.]

No. 236G. *Obv.* (1) [Ana [mul] SAR . UR u ?] [mul] ŠAR . GAZ[1] (2) [ša zi ḳit ? [mul]] Aḳrabi un-nu-ut (3) - . . . ki ma-aḳ-tú (4) [mul] Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina lib [mul] PA . BIL . SAG (5) izzaz-ma zi-ḳit [mul] Aḳrabi (6) a-na [mul] PA . BIL . SAG ḳa-a-bi (7) [mul] Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina lib (8) [mul] PA . BIL . SAG it-tí-mí-di *Rev.* (1) it-ti-ti-iz (2) i-da-a-ti ina [arḫu] Simâni i-sa-ḫu-ur (3) a-na pa *na (?) . . . . . lak (4) . . . . (*Remainder, except for traces of one character in l.* 5, *destroyed.*) [83–1–18, 236.]

No. 236H. *Obv.* (1) . . . [1]ikšud(ud) (2) bar-ru-ú . . . . (3) . . [mul] Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina šap . . . (4) [mul] LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ í-[ti]-it-îḳ (5) [[mul]] UR . BAR . RA [mul] Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) (6) . . . . [mul] LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ. (*Remainder of obv. and top of rev. wanting.*) *Rev.* (1) . . . . ilu (?) . . áš (2) . . . . ti-it-iḳ (3) . . . [[mul]] LU . BAD . SAG . UŠ (4) . . . . íriba. [82–5–22, 79.]

No. 237. *Obv.* (1) Ana [mul] UR . BAR . RA [mul] UR . MAḪ . . . (2) úmí(mí) | ru-ḳu-ú-ti | šú . . . (3) a-na ma-a-ti . . . . (4) [mul] UR . BAR . RA [mul] [NI . BAT-a-nu] (5) [mul] UR . MAḪ [mul] . . , . . (6) [mul] Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina lib [mul] . . . . (7) Ana [1]kakkabu | [2]išrur-ma ina lib [3] . . . (8) [4]írub(ub) [5]bartu [6] . . . *Rev.* (1) ša [m ilu] Nabû-aḫî [pl]-íriba. [Bu. 91–5–9, 102.]

No. 237A. (*Obverse broken off.*) *Rev.* (1) . . . ma . . . . (2) MI . DAN MI (?) . . . . (3) di . . . (4) . . [mul] ŠU . DUN ina UD . DU-šu ana [ilu] Šamši . . . . MAR . TU . . . (5) . . . . [šâru] šûtu IZ . ḪAR ina [arḫu] Ululi UD . . ina pú na . . . (6) . . . ŠU . DUN ina UD . DU-šu ana [ilu] Šamši TU . TU . ina (?) šu ša nu ši . - . (7) . . . ši-ma (?) . . . ? sir (?) . . . ik . . [Rm. 2, 254.]

[1] GAZ, *glossed above* GA . AZ.
[1] MUL, *glossed* ka-ak-ka-bu.
[3] . . . *glossed* mu (?) . . .
[5] ḪI . GAR, *glossed* ba-ar-tú.
[1] KUR-ud, *glossed* ik-šú-ud.
[2] SUR-ma, *glossed* iṣ-ru-ur-ma.
[4] TU-ub, *glossed* í-ru-ub.
[6] . . . *glossed* ib-ba (?) . . .

No. 238. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} [1] ŠUDUN ina [2] aṣi-šu šu . . . (2) . . . ub-bu-ul-ma | da-'-ḫi . . . . (3) . . . . ub-bu-tú il-la-ka (4) . . . ^{mul} LU . BAD . GUD . UD (5) . . . . un-nu-ut (6) . . . í-ṣu- . . *Rev.* (1) . . . [3] ḪA Ana [4] ^{mul} [5] UGA (2) . . . bat [6] nûni ^{pl} | [7] iṣṣuri ^{pl} | ú-diš-šú-u (3) . . ^{mul} LU . BAD . GUD . UD ina lib ^{mul} SÚḪ . TIG . . . (4) in-na-mar-ma (5) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-aḫi ^{pl}-íriba. [K. 868.]

No. 239. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} APIN ana ^{mul} GIR . [TAB iṭḫi] (2) rubu ina zi-ḳit aḳrabi [imât] (3) arki-šu mâru-šu kušša [isabbat] (4) šubat mât šarri tanîḫ mâtu bílu šanumma(ma) . . . (5) ku-dur mâti la kini(i) ^{ilu} Šamšu . . . (6) ^{ilu} Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) a-na ^{mul} . . . [82-5-22, 54.]

No. 240. *Obv.* (1) Ana MUL . MUL ana ili Sin ibrum-ma izziz(iz) (2) šarru kiššutam(tam) ípuš(uš) mât-su irappiš (3) Ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-ikiša(ša) mâr Barsab ^{ki} (4) ^{ilu} Bíl u ^{ilu} Nabû ûmí ^{pl} arkûti ^{pl} (5) ù ṭu-ub lib-bi a-na šar mâtâti (6) bí-ili-ia lid-di-nu (7) ina (?) . . šarru za-ku-ta ni-il-ta-kan (8) ín-na a-du-ú it-ti aḫî ^{pl}-í-a (9) ina íkalli ma-sa-ar-ti bît ḳatâ ^{II} *Rev.* (1) ip-pu-uš ù mar šip-ra ša ana(?)-ku (?) (2) it-ti-šu-nu šarru ú-ša-aṣ-bi-tan-ni (3) ^{am} ik-ka-ra-a id-du-ku ù ia-a-ši (4) ú-sa-am-mu-'-in-ni um-ma il-ku (5) it-ti-ni a-lik it-ti aḫî ^{pl}-í-iá (6) u šu-lum ip-pu-uš ù ma-aṣ-ṣar-ti (7) ša šarri bí-ili-iá a-nam-ṣar am-mí-ni a-ta (8) . . . . ti ip-pu-uš ^{ilu} Bíl u ^{ilu} Nabû (9) . . . ru-bu šarru di-na-a (10) . . . . um-mi-i-iṣ (?) (11) . . . . ma (?)-at. [81-2-4, 104.]

No. 241. *Obv.* (1) Ana MUL . MUL ana íli Sin ibrum-ma (2) izziz(iz) šar kiššutam(tam) ípuš(uš) (3) mât-su irappiš(iš) (4) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu MUL . MUL ina idi-šu (5) izzizu ^{pl} šarru kiššutam(tam) ípuš(uš) (6) mât-su . . . su (7) [Ana] MUL . MUL [ana lib Sin iribu-ma ultu ?] Sin-[ma ?] *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{šâru} iltani UD . [DU ^{pl}] . . . (2) lib ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} iṭâb(ab) (3) šar Akkadi ^{ki} idannin-ma (4) maḫira la irašši(ši) (5) Ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-aḫî ^{pl}-íri-ba mar ^{m} La-a-ba-ši-ili. [K. 902.]

[1] ŠUDUN, *glossed* ŠU . DU . UN. [2] UD . DU-šu, *glossed* a-ṣi-šu.
[3] . . ḪA, *glossed* . . u. [4] MUL, *glossed* MU . UL.
[5] Ú . NAG . [GA . ḪU], *glossed* Ú . GA. [6] *Traces of a gloss.*
[7] ḪU ^{pl}, *glossed* iṣ-ṣu-ri.

No. 242. *Obv.* (1) Ana MUL . MUL Ana lib [Sin írub?] (2) mâtu ana šarri ḪA . A ^{arḫu} . . . . (3) Ílama(ma) $^{ki\ am}$ nakru (4) Ana MUL . MUL ana lib Sin írubu [^{pl}-ma] (5) ana ^{šâru} iltani uṣû ^{pl}-ni (6) lib ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} iṭâb(ab) šar Akkadi $^{[ki]}$ (7) idannin-ma maḫira la irassi(ši) (8) ^{šâru} iltanu illak-ma (9) ul-tu Sin ana lib MUL . MUL *Rev.* (1) i-ru-bu ^{šâru} iltanu illak(ak) (2) maṣṣartu saddurru ^{mâtu} Ílama(ma) ^{ki} (3) limuttu ša ^{am} nakri šú-ú (4) Ana MUL . MUL ša ti iḫ (5) iḳla-a-am ina bilti inaši (6) ina šit-ḳul-ti Sin i . . (7) bíl šarrâni ^{pl} lu-ú-da-[ri] (8) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-[du ḳaṭnu].

[81–2–4, 135.]

No. 243. *Obv.* (1) MUL . MUL a-na UD . BIL . MAL . UD (?) BIL . MAL . . . (2) ^{mul} Dil-bat ina MUL . MUL izzaz . . (3) [Ana] ^{ilu} Ištar agû kaspi ap-rat . . li li . . . . (4) . . . . li-li mílu gab-[šu] . . (5) $^{[mul]}$ Dil-bat ina ^{mul} DU . GAN . NA izzaz [az-ma] (6) . . . . zunni ^{pl} gab-šú-tu ana šarri bí-ili-ia il . . . . (7) . . . . ^{ilu} Rammânu zunnu a-na za-na-[ni] . . (8) . . . ú li-pu-šú ù ŠÚ . IL . LA la . . . (9) . . . . la i-ba-aš-šu-ú it-ti . . . . (10) . . bu . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . ma-ši-'a GAB ^{pl}-ŠU bi (?)-li-ú . . . . (2) a-na ḳu-du-mi-šu lil-lik šum-ma ma . . . . (3) ni-ḳu-ú ina ši-ri-í-ti im-ba-ru li . . . . (4) iḳlu ki-i sar-ra-ḳu-tu-ma a-mu-liš . . . . (5) ki-i zu-un-nu ina ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} i-tí-ki-ru AN . NA a . . . . (6) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Bíl-li' mâr ^{m} Í-gi-bi ^{am} Mašmašu. [K. 761.]

No. 243A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] MUL . MUL ana lib Sin írubu ^{pl}-ma (2) ana ^{šâru} iltani uṣû ^{pl} (3) lib-bi ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} i-ṭa-ab (4) šar Akkadi ^{ki} i-dan-nin-ma (5) maḫira la irašši(ši) *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} Ṭa-bi-ia. [K. 1392.]

No. 243B. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} . . . . (2) niši ^{pl} . . . (3) Ana Šamšu ina nipiḫ-šu im . . im ḫar šu (4) nu-ḫuš mâtâti *Rev.* (1) Ana ina riš šatti MUL . MUL . (2) ina na-šu ^{mul} Dil-bat izziz (3) ^{am} nakru : mílu íbur ú-mar-rum (4) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir).

[83–1–18, 172.]

No. 243C. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ina tamarti-šu MUL . MUL ina . . . (2) šarru kiššutam(tam) ípuš(uš) mâtu . . (3) Ana MUL . MUL ana íli Sin . . . (4) šarru kiššuta ipuš(uš) (5) Ana MUL . MUL . ina libbi-šú izziz (6) ^{ilu} IMINA . BI mâta . . . *Rev.* (*top broken*)

(1) . . . ûmí(mí)-ma . . . . (2) . . . si mar-ṣa-ku . . . (3) . . . šarru bíl-iá . . . (4) . . . di-ia . . . [81–2–4, 142.]

No. 244. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} ŠÚ . GI ana íli Sin (2) ibrum-ma izziz ana lib Sin írub (3) šarru ina li-i-ti izzaz(az) (4) i-ša-ab-ma mât-su [urappaš] (5) íli mâti-šu iṭab . . . . (6) kittu u mi-ša-[ru] (7) ina mâti ibašši . . *Rev.* (1) šá ^{m} Ištar-šuma-íríš(iš). [K. 728.]

No. 244A. *Obv.* (1) $^{[mul]}$ ŠÚ . GI kur-kur-ru-šu i-nam-bu-uṭ (2) . . bît bíli-šu barta ípuš(uš) (3) . . . ki NÍR ^{mul} ŠÚ . GI izzaz-ma (4) $^{[ilu]}$ Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) (5) . . . . $^{[mul]}$ AL . LUL ik-ta-šad *Rev.* (1) [šarru lu]-ú-i-di (2) . . lu la-ti-iḳ (3) a-di uṣ-ṣu-ú (4) [ša] ^{m} Irašši(ši)-ilu ardu ša šarri (5) maḫ-ru-u. [K. 851.]

No. 244B. *Obv.* (*Top broken*) (1) . . . ^{1} . . . (2) Ana ^{mul} Zi-ba-ni-tum ana pân ^{ilu} Sin . . (3) pâl šarri írik . . . (4) Ana ^{mul} SIB . ZI . AN . NA ana pân . . . (5) . . ^{pl} pâl šarri írik . . . - *Rev.* (1) [Ana] mi-ši-ih Kakkabi ana ^{ilu} Šamši . . . (2) . . šar MAR ^{ki} . . . (3) . . . šamí(í) za . . . (4) . . . SAG . UŠ . . . (*Remainder broken off.*) [K. 1314.]

No. 244C. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} Zi-ba-ni-tum | . . . . (2) taš-mu-ú sa-li-[mu] . . . . (3) ^{mul} Zi-ba-ni-tum . . . . (4) ^{2}manzaṣ-ṣa ^{3}kîni . . . . (5) ina lib ^{mul} AL . LUL . . . (6) Ana ^{mul} LU . BAD ina IM . SI . [DI] . . . (7) ^{4}tibut(ut) ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} . . . (8) $^{[mul]}$ LU . SAG . BAD . UŠ ina . . . . *Rev.* (1) [iz]-za-az . . . . (2) [Ana] ^{ilu} Sîn u ^{ilu} Ša-maš i . . . . (3) na-an-dur níšî [^{pl} u âḫî ^{pl}] (4) . . ûmu XV ^{kám} in-nam-[ma-ru] (5) ta-mar-tú ša ^{mul} LU . BAD . . . . (6) šá šarri bíl-ia šú-u . . . (7) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-aḫî ^{pl}-iriba. [81–2–4, 109.]

No. 244D. *Obv.* (1) . . . $^{mul\ am}$ KU . MAL ik-ta-šad (2) . . . un-nu-ut (3) . . . i-dir-tú ŠI . LAL (4) . . . la-aš-šu a-ḫi-ú šú-ú (5) . . . un-nu-tú-ni (6) . . . u-ni i-na-sa-ḫa *Rev.* (1) . . . dir ba-il (2) . . . *ka (?) i-ka-aš-ša-ad (3) . . . šu ru íbûr mâti iššir (4) . . . ma'al ḳu-ra-di irappiš(iš) (5) [ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû]-mu-ší-ṣi. [81–2–4, 380.]

No. 245. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} KIL . BA ina lib Sin izziz (2) atal Subarti išakan(an) (3) Ana ^{mul} PAN ana íli Sin ibrum-ma (4)

^{1} *Traces of four characters.* ^{2} KI . GUB . BA-ṣa, *glossed* man-za-as-sa.
^{3} GI . NA, *glossed* ki-í-ni. ^{4} ZI-ut, *glossed* [ti]-bu-ut.

ana lib Sin írub ûmí ^{pl} rubi labirûti ^{pl} (5) ^{ilu} Sin ana šatti I ^{kám} írik (6) šarru lu-i-di lu-la-ti-iḳ *Rev.* (1) ma-ṣar-ti ša ra-ma-ni-šu (2) li-iṣ-ṣur ina ûmi *la ṭa-a-bi (3) šarru a-na šu-ú-ḳu la uṣ-ṣa-a (4) *a-di a-dan-šu ša it-ti (5) it-ti-ḳu (6) it-ti ša kakkabi a-di araḫ ûmí ^{pl} (7) ša ^{m} Irašši(ši)-ilu ardu ša šarri maḫ-ru-ú. [K. 963.]

No. 246. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ^{mul}] ŠÚ . GI Ana íli Sin ibrum ma izziz (2) [šarru ina] li-ti izzazu(zu) (3) [i ?]-šam-ma mât-su urappaš (aš) (4) [Ana ^{mul}] ŠÚ . GI ana íli Sin ibrum-ma izziz (5) . . šar mâti . . . . šarru íli mâti-šu iṭâb-ma (6) [kit]-ti u i-šar-ti (7) [ina] mâti-šu ibašši(ši) *Rev.* (1) [ša] ^{m} Irašši(ši)-ilu mâr ^{m} Nu-úr-za-nu. [K. 811.]

No. 246A. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} KAK . [SI . DI] . . . (2) mâtu ḫa-ru-[bi-iš] . . . (3) ^{mul} KAK . SI . [DI] . . . (4) ḫa-ru-bi-iš . . . . (5) ^{1}ṣît-su . . ^{2} . (6) ina na-mu-ri-šu . . . (7) šamaššammu i (?) . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{mul} AN . TA . [SUR-ra] . . . (2) ^{3}kakkabu ša pân . . . . (3) ina arḫi šuâti . . . (4) ^{mul} LU . BAD . *GUD . . . (5) in-na . . . (6) ša ^{m} ^{ilu} . . . [83–1–18, 317.]

No. 246B. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{4mul} ^{5}SIM . MAH . . . . (2) míš-ḫa [imšuḫ ?] (3) ^{6}tibût(ut) ^{7}ummâni(ni) . . . (4) mu-šú an-ni-*ú . . . (5) ultu lib ^{mul} . . . . (6) ina ^{8}ḫarrâni-šu ina . . . *Rev.* (1) lum-nu ša ^{mâtu} . . . (2) ^{ilu} Sin ina pân . . . (3) šá tarbaṣi ina . . . (4) . . ik-ṣur . . . (5) . . lib-bi . . . (6) ša . . . . [Bu. 91–5–9, 34.]

No. 246C. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} ÍN . MÍ . SAR . [RA] . . . (2) kakkabi-šu ma-'-diš . . . (3) mílu uṣ-ṣa . . . . . (4) . . ^{ilu} LU . BAD . GUD . UD . . . . (*Remainder of obv. and top of rev broken.*) *Rev.* (1) mâru itti . . . . (2) Ana ^{mul} AL . LUL . . . (3) šar Akkadi ^{ki} balaṭa ur-[rak]. [83–1–18, 322.]

No. 246D. (*Obv. and top of rev. broken.*) *Rev.* (1) . . um šú . . . . (2) ínuma(ma) IM . . . . (3) Ana ^{mul} UR . GU . LA ṣalmu lib . . . . (4) Ana kakkabu ṣalmu ^{ilu} LU . . . (5) šá ^{m} Šú-ma-[a-a]. [83–1–18, 298.]

^{1} UD . DA-su, *glossed* ṣi-is-su.
^{2} . . ., *glossed* ú (?) . . .
^{3} MUL . ša ŠI, *glossed* ka-ka-bu ša pa-ni.
^{4} MUL, *glossed* MU . UL.
^{5} SIM . MAḪ, *glossed* ši-im-maḫ
^{6} ZI-ut, *glossed* ti-bu-ut.
^{7} ṢAB-ni, *glossed* um-ma[ni].
^{8} KASKAL-šu, *glossed* ḫar-ra-ni-šu.

No. 246E. *Obv.* (*Top broken*) (1) a-na írib Šamši . . . . (2) ummân nakri ina mi . . . . (3) Ana kakkabu im-šú-uḫ im-*šú-[uḫ] . . . (4) iš-kun iš-kun . . . (5) is-sa-pi . . . (6) rubu ina dul . . . (*Remainder broken off*). [K. 6182.]

No. 246F. *Obv.* (1) Ana kakkabu ina pân Sin šuméli izziz (2) šarru kiš-šú-tam ípuš(uš) (3) Ana ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu (a-nu) ana pân Sin iṭḫi-ma izziz(iz) (4) ^{ilu} Sin mâta šul-pu-ut-ti ú-šiš-šib (5) Ana kakkabu ina šumíl ^{ilu} Sin izziz(iz) (6) mât nakri šal-pu-ut-ti immar(mar?) *Rev.* (1) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-íriba(ba). [K. 732.]

No. 246G. *Obv.* (1) . . . a-na ^{ilu} Sin [1]iṭḫu-ma (2) . . . a-ṣu-u-ni (3) . . . kiš-šu-tam ipuš(uš) (4) . . . a-na ^{ilu} Sin i-ṭa-aḫ-ḫu-ma (5) . . . un-ḳi (6) . . . *is-sap-ra (7) . . . . Muštabarrû-mûtanu(a-nu) (8) . . . ti it ú (9) . . . ḳu *Rev.* (1) . . . šá ^{arḫu} Simânu (2) . . ta-mar . . (3) . . . GUD . UD ûmu XVI ^{kám} (4) . . . Simânu it-ta-mar (5) . . . lib šá *šarri *bíl-ni (6) . . . u-ni (7) . . . *a-dan-niš (8) . . . aḫi ^{pl}-íriba. [83–1–18, 297.]

No. 247. *Obv.* (1) Mi-i-nu ra-'-a-mu an-ni-u (2) ša ^{ilu} Ištar a-na šarri bíl-ia (3) *ta-ra-'-a-mu-u-ni (4) . . . šá a-dan-niš a-na šarri bíl-iá (5) . . . ra-an-ni (6) . . . a sa tu sa-lim (7) . . . ár-ḫiš ta-at-ta-*mar (8) . . . pal-šu *Rev.* (1) . . . man-za-sa ur-ri-ik (2) [ûmí ^{pl}] šarri arkûti ^{pl} (3) Ana . . . kakkabu ša-ah-ru-um-ma innamir(ir) (4) šar mâti balaṭa ur-rak (5) šá ^{m} Ištar-šuma-íríš. [82–5–22, 55.]

No. 247A. *Obv.* (1) . . . ina lib ^{mul} Zi-ba-ni-tum (2) . . . TAB û-zu-us-su (3) . . . ba-ni-tum (4) . . . . GIR . TAB il-lak (5) . . . limutti šú-ú (6) . . . bí-ili-ia al-tap-ra (7) . . . bi (?) u UD ḪUL . IK (8) . . . *tum (?) u ši-ib-ṭu (9) . . . la uṣ-ṣu (10) . . . ša ra-ma-ni-šu (11) . . . u ba-ar-ti li . . (12) . . . ul-tu lib ^{mul} . . . (13) . . . uṣ-ṣu . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . maḫ-ru pi-ši . . . (2) . . . *u (?) a-na šarri lu . . . (3) . . . ú lu uš-tik-kak-ma . . . (4) . . . . la . . . . (5) . . . a-na šarri bí-ili-ia lik-ru-[bu] (6) . . . *al-lid-an-ni (7) . . . . ti ina íli ^{iṣu} BANŠUR-ia (8) . . . . ul az-zi-iz (9) . . . *ti (?) ki-nu a-na-ku (10) . . . ga-a ú-zu-za-ku-ma (11) . . . [šarru bí]-ili-ia a-nâ za-ri (12) . . . [ardu ša] šarri maḫrû(u). [K. 87–1.]

[1] TÍ-ma, *glossed* iṭ-ḫu-ma.

XI. Omens from Clouds.

No. 248. *Obv.* (1) Ana urpatu | [1]sâmu ina šamí(í) (2) [2]it-tanaskan [3]šâru tibû *Rev.* (1) ša [m ilu] Nabû-aḫî-[pl] íriba.

[K. 748.]

XII. Omens from the Moon's disappearance.

No. 249. *Obv.* (1) . . . ḪI . A [ilu] Dil-bat minâti [pl]-šu ibašši (ši) (2) . . . pú tim Gu-ti-i išakan(an) (3) . . ûmu XXVII [kam] Sin BUL . . (4) Ana ûm bubbuli ina arḫi III-šu . . . (5) atalû išakan-ma ilâni [pl] ki (?) . . . . (6) III ûmu(mu) ina šamí(í) . . . . (7) Ana Sin ina [arḫu] ululi ûmu XXX [[kam] innamir] (8) sapaḫ(aḫ) [mâtu] . . . . (9) ûmu XXX [kam] a-*ga-*a . . . . . *Rev.* (1) bíl šarrani [pl] i-ḳab-bi um-[ma ittu?] (2) la la-pi-it ûmu XXVII [kam] Sin it-ta-[mar] (3) ûmu XXVIII [kam] ûmu XXIX [kam] ina šamí(í) bu-u-ud (4) ù ûmu XXX [kam] it-tan-mar (5) im-ma-tim-ma li-in-na-mir (6) ba-ab-ti IV ûmî(mi-i) ina šamí(í) li-b id (7) im-ma-tim-ma IV ûmu(mu) ul i-bid (8) šar mâtâti lu-da-ri (9) ša [m] A-ša-ri-du. [K. 768.]

XIII. Omens from Storms.

No. 249. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina [arḫu] Šabaṭi imbaru iḳ-*tur (2) atal kaš-ši-i (3) ša [m ilu] Nabû-iḳ-bi (4) mâr kuti [ki].

[83–1–18, 188.]

No. 250. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ina mâti imbaru ibašši(ši) (2) ibûru ina-pu-uš maḫiru kînu (3) [Ana] ina mâti imbaru sa-dir (4) pal mâti kiššutam(tam) ibíl(íl) (5) [Ana ina] [arḫu] Šabâṭi imbaru iḳ-tur (6) atal kaš-ši-i *Rev.* (1) [ša] [m] A-ša-ri-du maḫrû(ú) (2) ardu ša šarri. [Bu. 89–4–26, 18.]

No. 250A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ina [arḫu]] Šabâṭi imbaru iḳ-[tur] (2) atal kaš-ši-[i] (3) . . imbaru šú ru . . . . (4) a-na míli kiš-ša-tum . . . .

[1] DIR, *glossed* sa-a-mu.
[2] GAR . GAR . NU, *glossed* it-ta-na-aš-kan.
[3] IM, *glossed* ša-a-ru.

(5) KAN . IK . ši (?) . . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana imbaru . . . . (2) a-na zunni . . . . (3) [ša] ^{m} Irašši(ši)-ilu ardu ša [šarri] (4) pa-nu-[u].

[K. 1310.]

No. 251. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Šabâṭi imbaru iḳ-tur (2) atal ^{mâtu} kaš-ši-i (3) Ana ina mâti imbaru ibašši(ši) nu-ḫuš nišî ^{pl} (4) Ana ina mâti imbaru sa-dir pâl mâti kiš-šu-tam ibíl(íl) (5) Ana ina ûm AN . ZU imbaru iḳ-tur la ša-ṭi-ir (6) imbaru damḳu šú-u a-na limutti la uk-ta-la (7) i-na mu-ši an-ni-i-í kak-ka-bu (8) [ina] kakkadi šá ^{mul} Aḳrabi *Rev.* (1) ina pân Sin it-ti-ti-iz (2) ittu-šu la i-lap-pa-[at] . . . (3) la aš-šu la in-na-sa-[ḫa] (4) šum-ma ^{mul} Ṣur-ru ^{mul} BIL . TAR šá . . . . (5) šá ^{mul} . . . . . *iz-za-zu . . (6) ina pân ^{ilu} Sin . . . . ti(?)-ti . . . . (7) šú-u ittu ka-a-a-ma-nu (8) arḫa (?) lit-ru-ru kakkab šamí(í) gab-bu (9) it-ta-al (?) ku u ina limutti ^{arḫu} kisilimi (10) lu la it-ti-iḳ lit-ru-ru. [K. 760.]

No. 251A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ina ^{arḫu} Šabâṭi imbaru] iḳ-tur atal [kaššî] (2) [Ana ina mâti imbaru ibašši] nu-ḫuš nišî ^{pl} (3) [Ana ina mâti imbaru sadir] pâl mâti kiš-šu-tam i-kaš-šad (4) . . . . mît (?) ḫar-ra-an-šu ul ka ši (?) . . . . (5) . . . . * id-bu-ub di-in-šu ul SI . DI (6) . . . . ša ú-šî-ib-ru di-in-šu ul . . . (7) . . . . pu-uš ín-ni-id ili (8) . . . . *it ḫu (?) ud nap-lu-us . . . . (9) . . . . mí (?) *Rev.* (*Top broken.*) (1) . . . bíl . . . (2) . . . . an alu . . . (3 ?) . . . iš-lu . . . (4 ?) . . . . ru-u . . . (5 ?) . . . šu li-iḫ . . . (*some lines wanting.*) *End of rev.* (6) . . . . si (?) . . . (7) [ša ^{m}] za-kir. [81–2–4, 143.]

No. 252. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Addâri imbaru iḳ-tur (2) . . mâtu * ub-bu-tu illak(ak) (3) ^{ilu} TIR . AN . NA ul-tu ^{ilu} Nabû (4) Ana ^{ilu} ÚR KÍL ^{ilu} Rammânu la iraḫiṣ(iṣ) (5) Ana ^{ilu} TIR . AN . NA íli ali KÍL (6) alu šarru u rubi ^{pl}-šu šal-mu *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} Aḫî ^{pl}-ša-a ^{am} uruk ^{ki}-a-a. [K. 1389.]

No. 252A. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Addâri IM . MI (*sic*) ibašši . . . (2) mâtu * ub-bu-tú illak . . (3) Ana Šamšu ḫarrana-šu KÚR ma Šamšu UD-ma . . . (4) šar mât-su RU-di . . . (5) Ana íli ma-a-ti i-rab . . . . (6) ûmí ^{pl} ad-ru-ti ina . . . . (7) ma-'-du ^{ilu} Šamšu . . . . (8) ul ú-šú-uz *Rev.* (1) bíl šarrâni ^{pl} II ûmu(mu) . . . . (2) i-na ali

ša pa-ni . . . (3) lu-ši-ib-ši-ma ana ma (?) . . . (4) i-na ṣíri lu-u (?) . . . . . (5) bíl šarrâni ^{pl} lu-da-[a-ri] (6) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du . . .

[K. 873.]

No. 252B. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina mâti imbaru ibašši nu-ḫuš nišî ^{p} (2) Ana ina mâti imbaru sa-dir pal-í mâti (3) kiš-šu-tam ibíl(íl) (4) Ana ina mâti imbaru ú-sa-dir (5) maḫiru ina-pu-[uš] (6) Ana ina ûmi ir-bi imbaru iḳ-tur (7) ma-ḳat Ílama(ma) ^{ki} *Rev.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Addari imbaru iḳ-tur (2) mâtu ub-bu-*tu illak(ak) (3) ša dan(?) . . . . imbaru (?) (4) ina SAG (?) šú . . di (?) ba (?) ina ^{arḫu} Addâri (5) i-šú-uz (?)-su (?) bît (?) ú ù (6) . . . . . šu imbaru bit (?) ú (7) . . . . (8) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du. [83–1–18, 176.]

No. 252C. *Obv.* (1) . . . . ? ú (?) nu-ḫuš nišî ^{pl} (2) . . . nu-ḫuš nišî $^{[pl]}$ (3) . . . . nin (?)-šu . . . . . (4) . . . ri (?) . . *Rev.* (*Top broken off*) (1) . . . di UD-mu bal-ṭu . . . (2) . . . í ul i-zak-ku . . (3) . . . ul a-da-mad . . (4) . . . a-na šarri a-ḳab-bi . . (5) [ša ^{m} ^{ilu}] Nírgal-iṭir(ir). [K. 8861.]

No. 252D. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina mâti [imbaru sa]-dir (2) pâl mâti [kiššutam] i-kaš-[šad] (3) Ana imbaru iḳ-tur-*ma im . . . (4) ilâni ^{pl} ana mâti rîmu TUK . . . (5) ma-ṣar-tú šá ^{ilu} Sin . . . . (6) ûmu XXIX ^{kám} IM . DIR [dannat ?] (7) a-na II-í ûmí(mí) | pa . . . (8) šá II ûmí ^{pl} šú . . . *Rev.* (1) ûmu V ^{kám} ûmu VI*^{kám} . . . . (2) is-sa-a-ḫi-í- . . . . (3) li-pu-u-[šu] (4) ša ^{m} ^{ilu} Nabû-aḫî-^{pl} [íriba]. [K. 1326.]

No. 252E. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina mâti imbaru [sadir] (2) pâl šar mâti kiššuta [ibíl] (3) Ana ina ûmí(mí) ir-pi (4) . . ma-ḳa-at *mâti . . . (5) . . ^{arḫu} DIR . ŠÍ . KIN . TAR . . . . (6) mâtu kar-mu-tam . . . . *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} Ištar-šuma-[íríš]. [K. 1321.]

No. 252F. *Obv.* (1) ša šarru bíl-ni iš-pur-an-na-[ši] (2) [um-ma] ra-aḫ-ṣa-tu-nu-ú (3) . . *riš ra-aḫ-ṣa-a-ni (4) . . . ma-'-du-tu ina lib (5) Ana (?) . . zu-un-ni-i ul ḫi (?) . . . *Rev.* (1) a-na . . . (2) lib SÍ SÍ . . . . (3) ša ^{m} ^{ilu} Marduk-šuma-uṣur u ^{m} Bit (?) . . .

[K. 1460.]

XIV. Omens from Thunder.

No. 253. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ûm bubbuli ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu iddi (2) íbûru iššir maḫiru kînu (3) Ana ina ûm bubbuli šamû (ú) iznun(nun) (4) íbûra inaši-ma maḫiru kînu (5) bíl šarrâni ^{pl} lu-da-ri *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} A-ša-ri-du. [S. 1232.]

No. 253A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ina] ûm bubbuli ^{ilu} Rammânu pi-*šu *iddi (2) KI . A iššir maḫiru kînu (3) Ana ina ûm bubbuli šamu iznun(nun) (4) íbûra i-na-aš-šam-ma (5) maḫiru kînu *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} Apla-a. [K. 1385.]

No. 253B. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ûm bubbuli [A . AN šamû iznun] (2) íbûra inaši-[ma] (3) maḫiru kînu (4) Ana ina ûm bubbuli ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu iddi(di) (5) KI . A iššir *Rev.* (1) maḫiru kînu (2) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Bíl-naṣir[ir]. [82–5–22, 1778.]

No. 253C. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] MI sa-am (?) mu (?) . . . . (2) IM irba(ba) . . . . (3) Ana mi ḫi ra . . . . (4) IM . ZI . . . . . (5) Ana ina ûm bubbuli zunnu [iznun] (6) íbûr mâti inaša . . . *Rev.* (1) *KI . [LAM] GI . [NA] *Rev.* (1) *ša ^{m} Za-kir. [D.T. 53.]

No. 254. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ûm bubbuli ^{ilu} [Rammânu pî-šu iddi] (2) RU . DI . IB . TÚ (?) . . . . (3) Ana ina ûm bubbuli šamu-u [iznun] (4) maḫiru kînu RU . DI . IB (?) (5) ^{ilu} Rammânu ina ḳabal ^{ilu} Šamši pî-[šu iddi] (6) ri-í-mu ina mâti ibašši(ší) (7) ina ḳabal ^{ilu} Šamši ša iḳ-bu-u *Rev.* (1) ^{ilu} Šamšu ina na-pa-ḫi-šu ^{ilu} Rammânu (2) ina pu-ut ^{ilu} Šamši na-pa-ḫi iḳ-rib- (?)-šu (3) ina ší-í-ri-*i iḳ-di-bi (4) ša ^{m} Ba-la-si-[i]. [K. 786.]

No. 255. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ûm bubbuli ^{ilu} Rammânu is-si (2) KI . A iššir maḫiru kînu (3) Ana ina ûm *bubbuli zunnu iznun(nun) (4) nu-[ḫuš?] nišî ^{pl} (5) Ana ina ûmi [la irpi] ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu iddi (6) da-'-um-ma-tú ina mâti ibašši(ši) *Rev.* (1) šá ^{m} Ištar-šuma-íríš(ís). [K. 765.]

No. 256. *Obv.* (1) Ina íli dul-li šá šarri bí-ili (2) iḳ-bu-ú-ni (3) mu-šú an-ni-ú ša ûmi XXII ^{kám} (4) ina pa-an ^{mul} Dil-bat (5) ina

pa-an ^{mul} KAK . SI . DI (6) A-ni-in-nu ni-ip-pa-aš (7) ^{am} ka-li-í í-pa-šu-ma. *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Rammânu ina ṣabal ^{mul} ^{iṣu} Li-í (2) pî-šu iddi(di) šarru (3) mâtu la šú-a-tum ṣat-su ikašad.

[83–1–18, 209.]

No. 256A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ûmu I] ^{kám} innamir KA . [GI . NA lib mâti itâb] (2) [Ana ûmu] a-na minâti ^{pl}-šu [írik] (3) pâl ûmí ^{pl} arkûti $^{[pl]}$ (4) an-ni-ú ta-mar-tú šá ûmu I $^{[kam]}$ (5) Ana ^{ilu} Rammânu ina abul Sin pî-šu iddi(di) (6) šumḳutim(tim) ummân Ílama (ma) ^{ki} ina ^{iṣu} kakki ibašši(ši) (7) GAR . ŠÚ mâti-šu ana mâti ša-ni-ti-im-ma ippaḫḫar(ḫar) (8) an-ni-ú ša ki-i Sin in-na-mar-u-ni (9) ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu i-na-du-u-ni *Rev.* (1) šá ^{m} Bu-lu-ṭu.

[K. 787.]

No. 256B. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ina ^{arḫu}] Abi ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-[šu iddi] (2) [úmu ?] i-ru-ub ša-[mu-u ? iznun ?] (3) [íbûr] mâti la iššir . . . (4) Ana ina ûmi la ir-pi . . . IM . . . . . (5) ḫušaḫḫu . . . . . ibašši (6) Ana ina ûmi la ir-pi* birku ib-*ri-[iḳ] (7) ^{ilu} Rammânu RA . . (8) ûmu(mu) la[ir]-pu ^{arḫu} Abu (9) ^{ilu}*Rammânu [RA ?]-iṣ ša iḳ-bu-u-ni . . (10) ^{ilu} . . . iṣ a-na ṣu-ur . . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana mí-ḫi-[í] *šâru Šûti it-[bu-u] (2) Šumḳutim(tim) ^{mâtu} *MAR . TU ^{ki}] (3) [Ana] ^{mul} Muštabarrû-mûtânu (a . .) ina lib ^{mul} AL . [LUL izziz] (4) . . šu úkal . . sit up tú (?) (5) Ša ^{m} Ba-[la-si-i]

[K. 1323 + 1327.]

No. 256C. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Abi ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-[šu iddi] (2) ub-bu-ṭu ina . . . (3) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Abi ^{ilu} Rammânu [pî-šu iddi-ma] (4) ûmu irûb Šamû iznun(nun) birḳu ib-[rik] (5) mí ^{pl} ina naḳbi LAL . . *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} Arad ^{ilu} [í-a] [K. 853.]

No. 257. (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Abi ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu iddi-ma (2) ûmu irûb šamu iznun(nun) birḳu ib-riḳ (3) mí ^{pl} ina naḳbi iššapiku ^{pl} (4) Ana ina ûmu la ir-bi ^{ilu} Rammânu is-si (5) da-um-ma-tu . . . ḫušaḫḫu ina mâti ibbašši (6) ina íli la ṭu-ub šíri an-ni-i (7) šarru bí-ili ultu lib-bi-šu la i-da-bu-ub (8) mur-ṣu šattu šú-ú (9) nišî ^{pl} am-mar mar-ṣu-u-ni (10) gab-bu šul-mu (11) tu-ra-ma šarru bí-ili (12) šá pa-laḫ ilâni ^{pl} šú-tu-u-ni (13 ûmu(mu) ù mu-šu ilâni ^{pl} ú-ṣal-lu-u-ni *Rev.* (1) Kit-tu-ú mí-mí-ni (2) a-na šarri bíl-ia

ù zir-šu il-la-ka (3) ì-lu-ut-tu a-šir-tú (4) di-í-i-ḳi i-ba-at-ti (5) šú-ú ki-i an-ni-i ḳa-a-bi (6) rabiš a-ší-ir ûmí ^{pl}-šu arkûti ^{pl} (7) iṃ-da-na-ra-aṣ ûmí ^{pl}-šu arkûti ^{pl} (8) šá $^{m\,ilu}$ Ištar-šuma-íríš(íš).

[81-7-27-, 19.]

No. 258. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Abi ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu iddima (2) ûmu irûb šamû iznun ^{ilu} TIR . AN . NA KÍL (3) birḳu ib-ri-ik zunni ina [1]naḳbi iššapiku (4) Ana ina [2] ûmi la irpi ^{ilu} Rammânu is-si (5) da-'-um-ma-tú ina mâti ibašši(ši) (6) ûmu(mu) la ir-pi ^{arḫu} Abu (7) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Abi šamû(ú) iznun(nun) (8) šumḳutim(tim) niši ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) Ana mí-ḫi-í ^{šâru} Aḫarrî itbi (2) šumḳutim(tim) ^{mâtu} Aḫarrî ^{ki} (3) Ana ^{ilu} Rammânu II-šu pî-šu iddi(di) (4) mâtu šâ [3]^{sal} nukurta [4]išpur-ka (5) [5]salîma [6]išappar-ka (6) šá $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-aḫî-^{pl}-íriba [S. 1043.]

No. 259. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Tašrîti ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu iddi(di) (2) ûmu irûb(ub) šamû iznun(nun) (3) ^{ilu} TIR . AN . NA KÍL (4) birḳu ib-riḳ (5) ilâni ^{pl} ana mâti (6) rîmu iraššu ^{pl} *Rev.* (1) šá ^{am} Rab-dup-šar [K. 715.]

No. 260. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Tašrîti ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu iddi(di) (2) nu-kur-tu ina mâti ibašši(ši) (3) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Tašrîti šamû(û) iznun(nun) (4) šumḳutím(tim) marṣûti ^{pl} (5) u alpi ^{pl} (6) : šumḳutim(tim) ^{am} nakri *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} Ṭa-bi-ia.

[83-1-18, 180.]

No. 261. *Obv.* (1) [Ana] ina ^{arḫu} Šabâṭi ^{ilu} Rammânu *pî-[šu iddi] (2) tibut(ut) aribi [pl] (3) Ana îna ^{arḫu} Šabâṭi ^{ilu} Rammânu pi-šu [iddi] (4) ina abni šamû izanun . . . (*A few traces on reverse*).

[80-7-19-343.]

No. 262. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ûm bubbuli ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu [iddi] (2) KI . A iššir maḫiru [kînu] (3) Ana ina ûm bubbuli ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu iddi . . (4) damiḳti íbûri . . . . (5) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Addâri ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu iddi(di) (6) ûmu irûb Šamû iznun birḳu ik-[riḳ] (7) mílu ma-'-du . . . . (8) íbûru . . . *Rev.* (1) šá . . . . .

[K. 854.]

[1] IDIM, *glossed* naḳ-bi.
[2] UD . NU . ŠU, *glossed* ú-mí la ir-pi.
[3] SAL . KÚR, *glossed* nu-kur-tí.
[4] ḲI . ka, *glossed* iš-pur-ka.
[5] DI-ma, *glossed* sa-li-i-mu.
[6] ḲI-ka, *glossed* i-šap-par-ka.

No. 262A. *Obv.* (1) . . . A . AN ^{ilu} (?) . . . (2) Šamí(í) ana íli . . . (3) . . . . arkûti ^{pl} u ṭu-ub . . . (4) . . . *IM KA-šu RU alu . . . (5) . . . rubu nišî ^{pl} mâti . . . (6) ša . . .

[83–1–18, 718.]

No. 262B. *Obv.* (1) . . . ZI . A (2) . . . MAR . TU ^{ki} (3) . . . TAR ^{pl} (4) . . . . ḫu (?) UD . ŠU-am (5) . . . tibut(ut) ^{šâru} Šutu (6) . . . im mir (7) . . . IM II (8) . . . IM . IV (9) . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . *GI . NA (2) . . . (3) . . . SAR (4) . . . . (5) . . . u Sin (6) . . . MIŠ [K. 12555.]

No. 262C. *Obv.* (1) . . . sad-dir-ma (2) . . . . íbûr mâti SI . DI (3) . . . . ṣu (4) . . . iṣ (5) . . . alu u . . . (*Remainder of obverse and top of reverse broken.*) *Rev.* (1) . . . (2) . . . kak (?) ir (3) . . . šarru (4) . . . [K. 1593.]

XV. Omens from Earthquakes.

No. 262D. *Obv.* (1) Ana irṣitim(tim) ina kâl ûmi [inuš] (2) sapaḫ mâti (3) Ana ú-sad-dir-ma i-[nu-uš] (4) ti-ib ^{am} [nakri] *Rev.* (1) ša ^{am} Ša-pi-ku mâr . . . [81–2–4, 344.]

No. 263. *Obv.* (1) [Ana irṣitim] tim ina ka-la (2) ûmi(mi) i-nu-uš (3) [sapaḫ] mâti (4) Ana sa-dir-ma î-nu-uš (5) ti-ib nakri *Rev.* (1) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nabû-iḳ-bi (2) mâr kûti ^{ki}. [K. 1380.]

No. 264. *Obv.* (1) Ina íli ri-i-bi ša šarri [bí-ili] (2) iš-pur-an-ni an-ni-u [pi-šir-šu] (3) Ana irṣitim(tim) ú-sa-dir-ma [inuš] (4) ti-ib [nakri] (5) Ana irṣitim(tim) ina muši inuš(uš) na-[zaḳ mâti] (6) ina íli ša ûmi V (?) ^{kám} i . . . (7) il-lik-an-ni mušu šá . . . . (8) i-ru-ub . . . . (9) ina muḫ-ḫi irṣitum(tum) ú-sa-[dir] (10) at-ta-as-[ḫa] *Rev.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Nisanni irṣitu irûb . . . (2) rubu mât-šu ibbalkat-[su] (3) lu-u la ^{arḫu} Addâri ú-šar-ri a . . . (4) a-kan-ni an-ni-u pišir-[šu] (5) ina íli šá ^{arḫu} Addâri ^{arḫu} Nisanni arki . . . (6) i-ru-ub-u-ni ina muḫ-ḫi ú-sa-*dir . . . (7) i-nu-uš zi . . . (8) lu-u arḫu ina bir-tu-šu-nu ip-tu . . . (9) a-kan-ni ^{arḫu} Nisannu ṭâbu-ma a-na na-sa . . . (10) ša ^{m} Ištar-šuma-íriš(íš) (*Left-hand edge*) (1) Lim-mu ^{m} La-ba-si (2) ^{am} Rab ka-a-ri. [83–1–18, 287.]

No. 265. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Nisanni irṣitu i-ru-ub (2) šarru mât-su ibbalkat-su . . (3) Ana irṣitim(tim) ina muši i-nu . . . (4) na-zaḳ mâti miḳtí(í) mâti *Rev.* (1) Ša ^{m} Apla-[a].

[82–5–22, 61.]

No. 265A. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XIV ^{kám} Sin u Šamšu itti a-ḫa-miš innamru . . (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib-bi mâti iṭâb(ab) (3) ilâni ^{pl} ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} ana damiḳtim(tim) i-ḫas-sa-[su] (4) ḫu-ud lib-bi ummâni (ni) lib-bi šarri iṭâb . . (5) bûl ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} par-ga-niš ina [ṣíri irabbiṣ] (6) Ana Sin Šamša ikšuda-ma it-tin-tu-ú ḳarnu [ḳarnu idir] (7) ina mâti kit-ti ibašši . . (8) mâru itti abî-šu kit-ti [itamu] *Rev.* (1) Ana irṣitim(tim) ina ka-la [ûmi irûb] (2) sapaḫ(aḫ) [nišî] (3) Ana irṣitim(tim) ina ^{arḫu} Du'uzi i-nu-[uš] (4) rubu ina mât nakri . . (5) i-rab- . . . (6) ša ^{m} Ša-pi-ku . . [K. 790.]

No. 265B. *Obv.* (1) Ana ri-i-bu . . . (2) šarru itti . . . (3) Ana ki ina ^{arḫu} Du'uzi . . . (4) : ina bît . . . . (5) Ana ki ina MI . . . (6) : RU . . . . (7) . . . . *Rev.* (*Top broken*) (1) . . . (2) ilu . . . (3) . . . . (4) damiḳti (5) i . . . [K. 12281.]

No. 265C. *Obv.* (1) [Ana rîbu] ina ^{arḫu} Tašrîti i-ru-ub (2) [íbûr mâti SI .] DI ^{šal} nukrâti ^{pl} ibaššu ^{pl} (3) . . . i-ru-ub ^{sal} nakurti ina mâti . . (4) . . . . i-nu-uš . . . . (5) . . . ša ûmi XI ^{kám} . . . . (6) . . ŠI A . . . . (7) . . . . mí bît bar (?) . . . . (8) . . . ta si (?) . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . ia i-ba-aš-ši (2) . . . lu-uḳ-bi (?) (3) . . . ša iṣ . . . (4) . . . a . . . (5) . . . ia liš . . . (6) . . . di II-šu a-na . . . . (7) . . . gi a-šap-pa-*ra . . . (8) [ša] ^{m} Ri-mu-* tu . . [82–5–22, 68.]

No. 266. *Obv.* (1) Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám} innamir (2) sanâḳu ša pî lib mâti iṭâb(ab) (3) Ana ûmu a-na minâti ^{pl}-šu í-ri-ik (4) pâl ûmí ^{pl} arkûti ^{pl} (5) muša an-ni-ú (6) ri-i-bu ir-tu-bu (7) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Ṭíbîti ri-i-bu irub(ub) (8) šarru ina al nakri-šu uššab(ab) *Rev.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Ṭíbîti irṣitu irub(ub) (2) íkal rubi šumḳut-ma kar-mu-tam illak(ak) (3) Ana ina muši irṣitu i-ru-ub (4) na-zaḳ mâti . . . miḳtî(í) mâti (5) ša ^{am} Rab-A . BA. [K. 779.]

No. 266A. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ina ^{arḫu} Šabâṭi] ri-i-bu i-ru-ub (2) [širû] bilat-sa inaši . . . išaḳal (LAL . DA) (3) [gir-rit] nakri ibaššu

[pl] (4) . . . i-ru-ub ina íkalli rubu nakru KU-ab (5) . . . šu *i-gal-* lil (6) . . . . MI i-nu-uš na-zaḳ mâti (7) . . . miḳtí(í) mâti *Rev.* (1) . . . ri-i-bu ana na-bal-kat-ti (2) . . an uš ša Zi-ib nakri ši-i (3) . . . ÍN . NUN imitti u šumíli a-šar (4) . . . kir-bu li-í-tu (5) . . . kúr (?) *ib-*ba-aš-ši (6) . . . mâr Bar-sib [ki]. [K. 813.]

No. 266B. *Obv.* (*Top broken.*) (1) . . . kima . . . (2) . . . li-i . . . (3) . . . UR . GU . LA DU . . . (4) . . . šu i-nu-uš (5) . . . šarri arkûti [pl] (6) . . . šú (?) UD [ilu] ÍN . LIL ib-il-ma (7) . . . Akkadi [ki] i-na-ḫi-iš lib-ša ibaluṭ(uṭ) (8) . . . šar Akkadi [ki] DAN . GA-ma mí-li-ṣa (?) . . (9) [ša [m ilu] habû]-mu-ší-ṣi. [83-1-18, 310.]

No. 267. *Obv.* (1) Ana šamû(ú) is-su-ma irṣitim(tim) . . . (2) ilâni [pl] mâti . . . (3) kibrat irba(ba) ša . . . . (4) alâni [pl sal] nukurti . . . (5) marṣûti [pl] mâti šumḳutu [pl] . . . . . (6) Ana šamû(ú) is-su-ma irṣitim(tim) . . . (7) [ilu] ÍN . LIL ka-mar mâti . . . (8) Ana šamû(ú) is-su-ma irṣitim(tim) sa . . . (9) mí-riš mâti i-ma-ad-di šu du bu uk . . . . (10) Ana [ilu] Í-ri-iš-KI . GAL ik-kil-la-ša kima ur . . . tak (11) irṣitim(tim) mâta inadi(di) (12) Ana ina [arḫu] Šabâṭi ri-i-bu i-ru-ub širû bilat-ṣa (13) išaḳal gir-rit [am] nakri ibaššu [pl] (14) Ana ina [arḫu] Šabâṭi irṣitu i-ru-ub (15) ina íkalli rubu šanumma(ma) uššab(ab) *Rev.* (1) Ana irṣitu ina muši i-nu-uš (2) na-zaḳ mâti . . . [miḳtí mâti] (3) Ana šamû(ú) is (?)-su . . . . (4) Ana šamû . . . . (5) . . . . (6) ina mâti ilu . . . . (7) lu-u [ilu] SAG . MÍ . GAR lu-u [ilu] Dil-bat . . . . (8) ki-ma i-tab-bu-lu la . . . . (9) šum-ma [ilu] Rammânu pî-šu [iddi] (10) šum-ma AN ḫu-ú-du . . . (11) šum-ma ri-i-bu . . . . (12) an-ni-ú ina lib-bi šú-ú . . . (13) bi-it [ilu] Dil-bat it-bal-u-ni ù [ilu] Šamšu (?) (14) ḳaḳ-ḳu-ru bi-it ri-ik . . . (15) ša [m] Ištar-šuma-[íríš]. [K. 124.]

No. 267A. *Obv.* (1) Ana šamí(í) DIR ma-ḫi-iṣ duḫdu ina mâti ibašši(ši) (2) [m] Ṣil-la-a ina ḳatâ [II] [m] Šakin-šumi il-tap-ra (3) um-ma ana mi-tu-tu a-na-ad-di-ka (4) um-ma mi-nam-ma ta-ḳab-bi um-ma (5) [m] Ṣil-la-a nikasi-ia it-ta-ši (6) um-ma [m] Mun-na-bit-tum [am] mu-kin-ni-ka (7) u [ilu] Bíl (?) . . . [am] Bíl-di-ni-iá [am] mu-kin-nu (8) mi-nu-ú ina lib nikasi-iá ma-la *Rev.* (1) iš-šu-ú ki-i la-mí-du-ú (2) mim-(sal)-ma ma-la ina pa-an šarri ad-bu-bu (3) u i-ba-aš-ši ša a-na šarri la aḳ-bu-ú (4) gab-bu it-ta-ši ḳatâ [II]-a ina bît abî-iá (5) ul-tí-li

u ka-a-a-ma-nu ni-ík-la-a-tum (6) ú-nak-ka-la ana íli ^{am} ša-ti-iá (7) i-dib-bu-ub šarru bílu la ú-maš-šir-an-ni (8) ša ^{m} Za-kir.

[80–7–19, 19.]

XVI. Omens from Eclipses.

No. 268. *Obv.* (1) Dib-bi ša atalî ina pi-ia a-na šarri bí-ili-iá ul ú-ší-íš-mu (2) a-du-ú la al-ṭa-ru ku ú mu a-na šarri bí-ili-iá al-tap-ra (3) ša atalî limutti-šu a-na adi arḫi adi ûmu(mu) adi ma-aṣ-ṣar-tum adi ur-ri-tum (4) a-šar ú-šàr-ru ú . . ù a-šar ^{ilu} Sin atalû-šu i-šaḫ-ḫa-ṭu-ma i-na-*as-su-ku (5) limutti-šu an-nu-tum i-maḫ-ḫa-ru ^{arḫu} Simânu ^{mâtu} Aḫarrû ^{ki} ù (6) pu-ru-us-su a-na uri ^{ki} na-din limutti ša ûmi XIV ^{kám} ša ḳa-bu-ú (7) ûmu XIV ^{kam} ^{mâtu} Ílama(ma) ^{ki} ur-ri-tum a-šar ú-ší-ir-ru-ú ul ni-i-du (8) *mi-ni-tú atalî-šu a-na íli ^{šâru} šûti u ^{šâru} Aḫarrî il-ta-ḫa-aṭ (9) limutti ana ^{mâtu} Ílama(ma) ^{ki} u ^{mâtu} Aḫarri ^{ki} ul-tu ^{šâru} šadi u ^{šâru} iltani (10) ki (?) im-mir damiḳti ša su-bar-tum ^{ki} u Akkadi ^{ki} i-ḳab-bi-šu ša i-ri-mu (11) it-tum ša ma-ta-a-ti gab-[bi]-i (?) imitti ^{ilu} Sin Akkadi ^{ki} šumíli ^{ilu} Sin (12) ^{mâtu} Ílama(ma) ^{ki} í-la-a-ti ^{ilu} [Sin Aḫarrû] ^{ki} šap-la-a-ti ^{ilu} Sin ^{mâtu} Subartu ^{ki} (13) aš-šu ma-aṣ-ṣar-tum ša . . . . . ú-ṣa-a . . . . . (14) gab-bi-šu ša i-ri-mu . . . . . (15) u man-ma ka-la-mu la . . . . (16) ^{mâtu} Šìr-ra-pu i-kab . . . . . (17) nišî ^{pl} ma-a-ti la i-šìm . . . . . (18) ^{am} Rab-a-ši-pa a-ki ša i-li (?) . . . .

Rev. (1) ù ina rabûti ^{pl} ša ^{mâtu} ka-al-du lu-u ^{mâtu} *A-*ra-mu (?) *ana mâti . . . . (2) íštín(ín) rubu šarru lu-ší-ín-ni la-kip-ti-šu lu-pi-it-tu-šu *an-*nu . . . . (3) it-tum i-maḫ-ḫa-ru-ma lib-bi šarru bí-ili-iá i-ṭa-ab ina atalî . . . (4) ^{mul}SAG . MÍ . GAR izziz(iz) a-na šarri šu-lum ku-mi-šu kab-tu í-du-ú . . . . (5) ina íli šú-mu a-ga-a šarru ma-ᶜ-du lu-ú ra-ḫu-uṣ a-di man-nu šú-lum (6) a-na šarri i-ḳab-bu-ú ki-i šarru i-kip-pi šar ilâni ^{pl} ša šamí(í) u irṣitim(tim) (7) šú-lum a-na šarri bí-ili-iá il-tap-ra man-di-í-ma šarru i-ḳab-bi um-ma (8) šar ilâni ^{pl}-ma šú-lum il-tap-ra ša ^{mâtu} Šìr-ra-pu ù ša ru-bi-í (9) am-mí-ni-i taš-pu-ra a-na-ku-um-ma šarru í-li dul-li-šu lu-ú (10) í-ti-iḳ-ma í-li dul-li-šu lu-ú-ša-kin-ma lib-bi šarri bí-ili-iá li-ṭib (11) ^{ilu} Bíl u ^{ilu} Nabû ma-ta-a-ti gab-bi a-na pu-uḫ Šarri bí-ili-iá lid-di-nu (12) šarru ṭí-mu il-tak-na-an-ni um-ma maṣṣarta-a ú-ṣur u mimma(ma) ša ti-bi-ú (13) ḳi-ba-a ín-na mimma(ma) ša ina pa-ni-iá ba-nu-ú ù ša-lam ina íli šarri bí-ili-iá (14) ṭa-a-bu a-na šarri al-tap-ra II-šu III-šu ma . . . . . pa-*an šarri (?)

(15) lil-su-ma šarru a-na lib dib-bi li-*ru-*ub . . . šarru lu mi is su (?) (16) ša dib-bi ša kit-tum a-na šarri bí-ili-iá aš-pur *Left-hand edge* (1) ša-^{m} Mun-na-bi-tí. [K. 2085.]

No. 269. *Obv.* (1) . . . ^{šâru} Aḫarrû ḪU . BI . A i-ta-ḳil ḫušaḫḫa šar Aḫarrî (2) . . ú-kal . . (3) . . . DIR-ma ^{šâru} šûtu ra-kib aribi itabbu . . . (4) . . ^{arḫu} Aîri ûmu XXVIII ^{kám} Šamšu kupuru šarru ûmí ^{pl}-šu arkûti ^{pl} (5) . . mâtu maḫiru nap-ša ikkal (6) . . ^{arḫu} Aîri Šamšu kupuru iškun nap-ša ikkal ûmí ^{pl} šarri arkûti ^{pl} (7) Ana Šamšu ina nipiḫ-šu kima azkari-ma kima Sin agû a-pìr (8) šar mâti nakri-šu ikašad(ád) mâtu limutta-ša ḳaṭ-lim-ma damiḳta immar(mar) (9) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Aîri ûmu XXIX $^{kám\ ilu}$ Šamšu atalû iškun ina ^{šâru} iltani ušarri-ma (10) ina ^{šâru} šûti ikân ḳarnu šumíli-šu *id-da-at (11) ḳarnu imitti-šu írkat(at) ilâni ^{pl} kibrat irba(ba) LÚ ^{pl} (12) *LU . GAL ina pî *ili iḳabbi tibut(ut) šarri IM ZI (?) (13) . . TÍ ana šatti V ^{kám} ? ir bartu ina ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} ibašši(ši) *Rev.* (1) . . . mâru abî-šu idâk aḫu aḫî-šu idâk rubî ^{pl} imtaraṣu ^{pl} . . (2) . . . ^{pl} ûmí ^{pl} ina ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} ibašši šarru šuâtu LIK . KU in-na-bal (3) nakru alu zag-mu iṣabbat(bat) šarru šuâtu imât mâru ana ašabi ina bît ^{ilu} ÍN . LIL (4) ^{nam} pagrâni ^{pl} ûmu I ^{kám} ibaššû ^{pl} : šar Aḫarrî ^{ki} (5) íli . . . . . a-ḫa-miš itaḫḫu ^{pl} (6) ina írib Šamšu a . . . . *aṣ mat ti išakan(an) (7) ina ṣît Šamši . . . in-na-ḳa-ru (8) . . . MIŠ i . . . a alu SIS . TI . ilu buša-šu UD . DU (9) šar (?) Ílama (?) . . . . šar Šubarti ^{ki} imât šar Aḫarrî imât (10) ilâni ^{pl} zi-*nu . . . ana mâti SI ^{pl}-nim-ma (11) . . . an mat in (12) . . . ṣa-a-ti ana ^{mâtu} Ílama(ma) ^{ki} (13) [ša ^{m} Irašši]-ilu ardu ša šarri maḫrû(u) [K. 815.]

No. 270. *Obv.* (1) . . . . lum nakrûti ^{pl} (?) (2) . . . míli ^{pl} ina naḳbi ibaššu ^{pl} (3) . . . atal maṣṣarti barariti . . . . . atal šar Akkadi ^{ki} šarru rabû imât (4) [Ana] atalû iškun-ma ^{šâru} iltanu illik ilâni ^{pl} ana mâti rîmi iraššu ^{pl} (5) Ana Sin ad-riš uṣi a-di-ru iš-ti išakan(an) (6) Ana Sin ad-riš ṣitu-šú u id-ru (?) šaḫluḳti mâti kalami (7) Ana Sin ad-riš uṣi-ma kima ṭí-im šamí(í) iškun šarru mâtâti (8) ina abikti ú-šam-kat : ilâni ^{pl} mâtâti ina abikti ú-šam-ḳa-tu (9) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Simâni a-dir ^{ilu} Rammanu arki šatti íbûr mâti iraḫiṣ(iṣ) (10) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Simâni Atal maṣṣarti bararitì iškun tibut(ut) nuni u aribi (11) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Simâni ûmu XIV ^{kám} atalû iškun šarru gami-ru ša šatti îrašši imât-ma (12) mâru-šu ša ana šarrûti la zak-ru

kussa iṣabat-ma ^{sal} nukrâti ^{pl} ibaššu ^{pl} (13) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Simâni ultu ûmi I ^{kám} adi ûmi XXX ^{kám} atalû iškun atal šar Akkadi ^{ki} (14) . . . DAN kiš-ša-ti ibašši-ma ibûr mâti ^{ilu} Rammânu iraḫiṣ(iṣ) ummânu rabû (?) (15) [. . .] ummânu imḳut(ut) ínuma(ma) ana šulmu(mu) šarru âlu u nišî-šu ipuš-ma išallim (16) [la šur]-ri-í bu-bul-ti : ina šatti šiâti ibašši(ši) *Rev.* (1) . . . ^{kám} atalû iškun-ma ilu ina kupuri-šu (2) . . . BA adi maṣarti ḳabliti taḳ-tú (3) . . . ^{šâru} iltanu-ina ḳatâ ^{II}-ka írib(rib) (4) . . . ma u šar Uri ^{ki} purussu innadan Uru ^{ki} (5) hušaḫḫa immar pagrâni ^{pl} i-man-du Šar Uri ^{ki} mâru-šu (6) i-ḫab-bil-šu-ma mâru ḫa-bil abi-šu ^{ilu} šamšu ikašad-su-ma (7) ina KI . ḪUL abi-šu imât mâr šarri ša ana šarrûti la zak-ru (8) kussa iṣabat(bat) (9) Ana atal maṣṣarti bararitu a-na pagrâni ^{pl} (10) Ana ûmu na'ru maššarti bararitu a-na arḫi III ^{kám} ûmi X ^{kám} (11) ^{arḫu} Simânu ^{mâtu} Aḫarrû ûmu XIV $^{kám\ mâtu}$ Ílama maṣṣartu bararitu ^{mâtu} Akkadu ^{kí} (12) . . . ana šarri šulmu(mu) (13) . . . . . du. [K. 955.]

No. 271. *Obv.* (1) [Ana ina] ^{arḫu} Simâni ûmu XIV ^{kám} atalû iškun-ma ilu ina kupuri ID . IM III íli-ta kupuru-ma (2) . . ID . IM IV šapli-ta iz-ku IM . IÍ maṣṣartu bararitú itbi-ma (3) . . maṣṣartu ḳabliti tak-tú kupuri-šu innamir-ma IM II ina ḳata ^{II}-ka írib(rib) (4) ina lib Uri ^{ki} u šar Uri ^{ki} purussu innadin šar Uri ^{ki} ḫušaḫḫa im-mar (5) . . pagrâni ^{pl} i-man-du šar Uri ^{ki} mâru-šu i-ḫab-bíl-šu-ma (6) . . mâru ḫa-bíl abî-šu ^{ilu} Šamšu ikašad-su-ma ina KI . ḪUL abî-šu ^{ilu} imât (7) . . mâr šarri ša a-na šarruti la zak-ru ^{isu} Kuššа iṣabat(bat) (8) [Ana] kakkabu ina šaplit ^{mul} PA . BIL . SAG a-dir purus mut-ta-bal u Babili (9) Atal maššarti Šadurri ana murṣi ibašši-ma ûmu na'ri maṣṣarti šadurri ana arḫi X (?) ^{kám} (10) maṣ-ṣartu šadurru ^{mâtu} Ílama ^{ki} ûmu XIV $^{kám\ mâtu}$ Ílama $^{ki\ arḫu}$ Simânu ^{mâtu} MAR IM II ^{mâtu} Akkadu ^{ki} (11) ina ^{arḫu} Simâni ûmu V ^{kám} ^{ilu} SAG . MÍ . GAR ina lib . . . . . a-šar ^{ilu} Šamši ul-ta-pa-a izziz(iz) (12) ina ba-il zi-mu-šu DIR . . . . . mâtu (?) itti mâti . . šulmí(mí) (13) [zunni] ^{pl} daḫ-du-tú míli ^{pl} sad-ru-ti a-[na ^{mâtu} Ak-kadi ^{ki}] (14) [maḫiru] I ḲA $^{ta\text{-}a\text{-}an}$ a-na I GUR $^{ta\text{-}a\text{-}an}$ innadin(in) . . . (15) parakki ^{pl} -šu-nu daḫ-du immaru ^{pl} : ^{arḫu} Simânu ^{ilu} SAG . MÍ . GAR ba-il in . . . . (16) Ana ^{ilu} SAG . MÍ . GAR šarura [na]-ši šarru ša-lim lib mâti iṭâb(ab) . . . *Rev.* (1) atal maṣṣarti šaddurri . . . šum-ma mitḫariš innamir(ir) pagrâni ^{pl} ibaššu ^{pl} rubu imât

(2) . . atal maṣṣarti šadurri iškun-ma maššarta íg-mur ^{šâru} iltanu illik marṣûti balṭuti ina ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} ibaššu (3) . . atalû ina IM I ušarri-ma IM II izziz šumḳutim(tim) Ílama(ma) ^{ki} Gu-ti- ^{ki} Ana Akkadi ^{ki} la iṭaḫḫi (4) Ana atalû ina IM I ušarri-ma ma IM II immir(ir) Šumḳutim(tim) Ílama(ma) ^{ki} Ana Akkadi ^{ki} la iṭaḫḫi (5) Ana atalû iškun-ma IM II izziz ilâni ^{pl} Ana mâti rîmu iraššu ^{pl} (6) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Simâni a-dir arki šatti ^{ilu} Rammânu iraḫiṣ(iṣ) (7) Ana Sin ina ^{arḫu} Simâni atalû iškun mílu ibašši-ma bi-ib-lu mí ^{pl} mâti ub-bal (8) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Simâni atal maṣṣarti šadurri iškun íš-rit mâti šumḳutu ^{pl} ^{ilu} Šamšu i-maḫ-ḫa-ra (9) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Simâni ûmu XIV ^{kám} atalû iškun šarru ga-mí-ru šá šatti irašši u imât-ma (10) mâru-šu ša a-na šarrûti zak-ru ^{iṣu} Kussa iṣabat-ma nu-kúr-tu ibašši : pagrâni ^{pl} ibaššu ^{pl} 11 Ana ina ^{arḫu} Simani ultu ûmi I ^{kám} adi ûmi XXX ^{kám} Atalû iškun atal šarri Akkadi ^{ki} (12) mílu kiššati ibašši-ma íbûr mâti ^{ilu} Rammânu iraḫiṣ(iṣ) ummânu rabú šumḳut(ut) (13) Šum-ma ana Šulmí(mi) šar âli u niši-šu ípuš-ma išallimu(mu) la šur-ri-í bu-bul-ti ibašši (14) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Simâni ina la mi-na-ti-šu atalû iškun šar kiššati imât-ma ^{ilu} Rammânu iraḫiṣ(iṣ) (15) mílu illakam(kám) íbûr mâti ^{ilu} Rammânu ina-šar a-lik pân ummâni(ni) šumḳut(ut) *Left-hand edge.* (1) [Ana ^{ilu} SAG . MÍ . GAR] ší-ir-ti ik-tu-un (2) šarrâní ^{pl} nakrûti ^{pl} išallimu $^{[pl]}$ (3) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ . . . .

[K. 750.]

No. 271A. *Obv.* (1) $^{[ilu]}$ Sin ina ^{arḫu} Ululi ûmu XV ^{kám} (2) . . . ^{ilu} Ša-maš in-na-mar (3) [atalû] | ú-ší-taḳ (*Remainder much broken.*) *Rev.* (*Top broken.*) (1) . . . ultu ^{ilu} Ša-maš in . . . (2) . . . ú-ší-taḳ la i-ša-kan (3) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nabû-aḫî ^{pl}-íriba (4) ûmu XIII ^{kám}

[K. 839.]

No. 272. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Araḫšamni ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu iddi(di)-ma . . . . (2) ^{ilu} TIR . AN . NA KÍL birḳu . . . . (3) bíl šarrâni ^{pl} la i-ḳab-bi um-ma . . . . (4) tal-la-ka la taš-pu-ra . . . . (5) a-na ^{am} SAG. ^{pl} ki-i ad-di-nu u . . . . (6) ^{am} kap-tu í-du-ú ša iḳ-bu-ú ul (?) . . . . . a-na muḫ-ḫi man-ma ša- nam-ma (7) Ana ^{ilu} SAR . UR u ^{ilu} SAR . GAZ ša ^{mul} Zi-ḳit ^{mul} Aḳrabi it-tan-na-an-bi-ṭu (8) ^{iṣu} kakki ^{pl} ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} itabbu ^{pl} (9) Zi-ḳit ^{mul} Aḳrabi bílu rabû ^{mul} PA . BIL . SAG (10) ^{mul} Dil-bat ina lib ^{mul} PA . BIL . SAG izzaz-ma (11) Ana ^{ilu} Nírgâl ina lib ^{mul} Aḳrabi izziz(iz)

am nakru dan-nu mâta inaši(ši) ilu ÍN . LIL isu kakki pl-šu (12) Ana am nakri inadin(in) ummân am nakri mi-ṣu ummani(ni) pl-tim [1] idâk (13) Ana mul Aḳrabu a-dir šarrâni pl ša mâti kalâmi am (?) nakri išakanu pl . . . šarrâni pl ša mâti kalâmî iš (?)-tan-na-an (14) Ana mul Aḳrabu i-ṭa-tu iškun uk-ku-la nišî pl i-lam-mi-na ilu Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina libbi-šu izzaz-ma (15) [Ana] mul Zi-ba-ni-tum a-dir šattu III kám aribi itabbu-ma íbûr mâti ikkalu . . . aribi mâti ikkalu (16) . . íbûra im-di-i ikkal šattu III kám iṣ . . ka (17) mul Muštabarrû-mûtânu(a-nu) ina lib mul Aḳrabi izzaz-ma an-nu-ú pi-ši-ir-šu *Rev.* (1) Ana mul APIN ana mul Aḳrabu iṭḫi rubu ina zi-ḳit mul Aḳrabi imât . . . ina íkalli-šu (2) iṣṣabat(bat) . . . šu DIL . TÍ la iṣabat(bat)-ma šî . . ni . . bíl man-ma ip (?) ? ki ma mâtu la (?) kînu (3) i . . . . ilâni pl rabûti pl ana mâti : ilu muštabarrû-mûtânu (a-nu) ina lib mul . . . . . ma (4) Ana mul SAG . MÍ . GAR ik-šad-am-ma mul Šarru ítiḳ(iḳ)-ma ib-ni-šu arka-nu mul Šarru (5) ša mul SAG . MÍ . GAR ítiḳ-šu-ma ib-nu-šu [2] ikaššada-ma mul SAG . MÍ . GAR ítiḳ(iḳ)-ma ana ri-bi-šu il-lak (6) ur-nun-tu ibašši-ma a-a-ab itibbi-ma DIL . TÍ iṣabat(bat) šaniš(iš) mâtu ina-an-ziḳ (7) idâti pl ma-la il-li-ka-ni ša mâtu Akkadi ki ù am rubi pl-šu lim-na (8) mim (sal-ma ina lib lum-ni lim-na ana šarri bí-ili-iá ul iṭaḫḫi(ḫi) atal ilu Sin u ilu Šamši ša ina arḫu Simâni išakan(an) (9) idâti pl an-na-tu ša lumnu(nu) ša mâtu Akkadi ki ù šarrâni pl mâtu Aḫarri ki ša mâtu Akkadi ki (10) lim-na ù a-du-ú ina arḫu kisilimi a-ga-a atalû iš-sak-kan arḫu (?) lib (?) arḫu (?) KI MÍ (11) ù mul SAG . MÍ . GAR ina atali-ša izzaz(az) ana šarri bí-ili-ia šul-mu (12) an-nu-ú mim(sal)-m a ša m ilu Bíl-ú-šî-zib a-na šarri bí-ili-šu i-šap-pa-ru šarru li-pu-šu (13) ù pu-ú-tu šarri bí-ili-ia na-ša-ku am rubi pl ša mâtu Akkadi ki ša šarri a-bu-ka (14) iš-ku-nu TIN . TIR ki iḫ-tí-pu-ú ù bu-šî-í ša TIN . TIR ki it-ta-šu-ú (15) a-na muḫ-ḫi idâti pl an-na-tu ša lum-nu il-li-ka-ni í-mu-ḳa ša šarri (16) lil-lik-ma ina íkalli am . . ḳatâ (?) ṣab-bit-šu-nu-tu ù ša-nu-ti-ma (17) a-na šú-mi-šu-nu liš-kun ki-i šarru ḫa-an-ṭiš la i-pu-ú (?)-šu am nakru (?) . . (18) il-la-kám-ma ú-ša-an-ni-šu-nu-tu . . . (19) za-ka-ku . . . [K. 8713.]

No. 272A. *Obv.* (1) Ana atal maṣṣarti sadurri ÍN immir(ir) uš-ta-ni-iḫ . . . . (2) . . atal maṣṣarti sadurri iškun-ma maṣṣarta ig-

[1] *glossed* ma-at-tu. [2] KUR-ma, *glossed* i-káš-ša-dam-ma.

mur u IM . DIR (?) . . . (3) GIG . AN TIL . LA ina ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} . . . (4) Ana atalû ina ^{šâru} sadi ušarri-ma u ^{šâru} iltani illik šattu III . . . (5) [Ana] atalû ina ^{šaru} šadi ušarri-ma ana ^{šâru} MAR i-lik atalû . . . . (6) Ana Sin atalû iškun-ma ^{šâru} iltani illik(ik) ilâni ^{pl} ana . . . . (7) Ana Sin atalû iškun-ma ga-du šípâ ^{II} ^{pl}-šu-nu LUḪ . MIŠ ir-bi *ti . . . (8) Ana Sin a-dir-ma ki-ma ṭi-im šamí(í) šakin(in) šarru mâtâti ina abikti [ušamḳat] (9) : ilâni ^{pl} mâtâti ina abikti ú-šam-[ḳa-tu] (10) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Tašrîti Sin a-dir šumḳutim(tim) ummâni rabî tibut nakri imât-ma tibut(ut) aribi ibašši (ši) . . (11) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Tašrîti Sin atalû iškun(un) ana šarri bartu šumḳutim(tim) ummâni(ni) . . . (12) . . . Tašrîti ûmu XXI ^{kám} atalû iškun-ma kupuru-šu-ma TU šarru a-gi-i ka-mu-su . . . (13) . . atal maṣṣarti sadurri la iškun(un) ra-kab : NÍR . ŠÚM . GA mu (?) *lu . . . . (14) . . . . ultu ûmi I ^{kám} adi ûmi XXX ^{kám} atalû iškun (un) RU . . . . (15) . . . . nišî ^{pl}-šu ḳat ikašad(ád) ínuma(ma?) ana DI . . . . . (16) . . . . míli ^{pl} . . . . (17) . . . . atalû iškun-ma . . . .

Rev. (*Top broken.*) (1) . . . ri (?) . . . (2) *ú lu . . . . (3) . . . maṣṣartu sadurru Ílama (4) . . . . sit . . ru šá mâti . . . . (5) . . . da . . . (6) . . . maṣṣartu sadurru . . . . (7) . . . . ? ga maṣṣartu sadurru (8) šá ^{m} Ak-kul-la-[nu]. [K. 1406.]

No. 272B. *Obv.* (1) Ina ^{arḫu} Addâri ûmu XIV ^{kám} atal Sin išakan(an) (2) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Addâri ûmu XIV ^{kám} atal maṣṣarti bartariti (3) atalû iškun-ma purussu-šu a-na šar KI . SAR . RA (4) Uri ^{ki} ù Aḫarrî ^{ki} i-nam-din (5) ina atal Sin ^{mul} SAG . MÍ . GAR u ^{mul} Dil-bat (?) . . . . ^{pl} (6) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Addâri atal Sin iškun šar Ílama (ma) ^{ki} . . . . (7) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Addâri atal maṣṣarti [bartariti] . . .

Rev. (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Addari ultu ûmi I ^{kám} *adi [ûmi XXX ^{kam}] . . . (2) pal šarri labiru ^{sal} nukurtu . . . . (3) šum-ma ana šulum šar âli u nišî ^{pl}-šu ipus-ma DI . . . (4) ina pan šatti mílu illak-ma A . MAḪ ^{pl} TAR ^{pl} (5) kima ^{ilu} Sin atalû iš-tak-nu šarru liš-pur-ma (6) a-na puḫi šarri A . MAḪ ^{pl} i-na ^{mâtu} Akkadi ^{ki} (7) . . mu ši lu-bat-ti-ik man-ma (8) [ul ?] i-šim-mi (9) ša ^{m} ^{ilu} Nírgal-íṭir(ir). [K. 702.]

No. 272C. *Obv.* (1) . . Sin ina ^{arḫu} Addâri ûmu XXX (?) ^{kám} innammar atalû išakan(an) (2) . . . . . arḫu zunna ú-kal (3) . . . . ŠI-ma (4) . . . . . ^{arḫu} Addâri maṣṣartu (5) . . . . a-na *šú-*tu-ḳu KI ru-ub (6) . . . . ḳab-bi um-ma (7) . . . . *a-*mat *la pa-ri-is-tum taš-

pur (8) . . . . ^{arḫu} Kisilimu a-di íli ín-na (9) . . . . *ip *pa dir ma Sin u kakkabâni ^{pl} . . *Rev.* (1) . . . . . pad-ru-ma (2) . . . . *ul KI ru-ub a-na (3) . . . . KI ru-ub (4) Ana IM . . . . . *ma il-li-ku (5) . . . . *al-tak-nu nišî ^{pl} bît-ṣa (6) . . . . la-a SAL ^{pl} ana ^{sal} Dam-ḳa-a (7) . . . . šu it-ta-din um-ma ki-rib (?) (8) . . . . . ina pa-ni-ki lim-ḫa-ṣa (9) . . . . . ú-ṣal-li it-ta-din (10) . . . . . ut ka li-pu-šu (11) ša ^{m} Za-kir. [K. 8391.]

No. 273. *Obv.* (1) ûmu XIV ^{kâm} Atal ^{ilu} Sin i-šak-kan (2) limutti ša ^{mâtu} Ílama(ma) ^{ki} (3) u ^{mâtu} Aḫarri ^{ki} (4) damiḳti ša šarri bí-ili-ia lib-bi sa šarri bí-ili-ia (6) lu-ú-ṭa-a-bi (7) ul-tu ^{mul} Dil-bat (8) in-nam-mar *Rev.* (1) a-na šarri bí-ili-ia (2) aḳ-ta-bi (3) um-ma atalû iš-šak-kan (4) ša ^{m} Irašši(ši)-ilu (5) ardu ša [šarri pa]-nu-ú. [S. 231.]

No. 274. *Obv.* (1) A-na Šarri mâtâti bí-ili-ia ardu-ka $^{m\,ilu}$ Bíl-ú-ṣur (?) (2) ^{ilu} Bíl ^{ilu} Nabû u ^{ilu} Šamšu a-na šarri bí-ili-iá lik-ru-ú-bu (3) Atalû iš-ša-kin-ma ina ^{alu} BAL-Í la in-na-mir (4) Atalû šuâtu i-tí-ti-iḳ ^{alu} BAL alu ša šarri (5) ina lib-bi aš-bu ín-na urpâti ^{pl} ka-la (?)-a-ma (6) ki-i atalû iš-ku-nu ù la iš-ku-nu (7) ul ni-di bíl šarrâni ^{pl} a-na BAL . BAT ^{KI} a-na ala ka-la-ma (8) a-*na TIN . TIR ^{KI} a-na ÍN-LIL ^{KI} a-na Uruk ^{ki} (9) ù Bar-sib ^{ki} liš pur man di-í-ma (10) ina lib-bi alâni ^{pl} an-nu-ti i-ta-mar . . (11) ka-a-a-ma-ni-ti šarru liš-mí *Rev.* (1) idâti (?) ^{pl} ma (?) . . it-tu ša atalî (2) ina lib-bi ^{arḫu} Addâri u ina ^{arḫu} Nisanni it-tal-ka . . (3) gab-bi a-na šarri bí-ili-ia al-tap-ra ù . . (4) NAM . BUL . BI ša atalî . . i-tí-ip-šu mi-nu-ú (5) ḫi-ṭu a-na í-pi-šu ṭa-a-bi šarru la ú maš-[šir-an-ni] (6) ilâni ^{pl} rabûti ^{pl} ša ina ali ša šarru bí-ili-iá aš-bu šamû(ú) (7) ú-ṣal-lil-ú-ma atalû la ú-kal-*li-mu (8) um-ma šarru lu-ú-i-di ki-i atalî a-ga-a (9) la ina íli šarri bí-ili-iá ù mâti-šu sú-ú šarru lu-u-*ḫa-di (10) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Nisanni ^{ilu} Rammânu pî-šu iddi(di) (11) ŠÍ . TAR . NU . iṣaḫir (ir) [K. 772.]

No. 274A. *Obv.* (1) Atalû it-ti-iḳ la išakan(an) (2) ki-i šarru i-ḳab-bu-ú um-ma (3) *mi-nu-ú i-da-tu ta-mur (4) [ilâni] ^{pl} a-ḫa-miš la innammaru ^{pl} (5) . . . . a-na mu-ši (6) . . . . . ma *Rev.* (1) . . . . it-ti-iḳ (2) . . . . ^{ilu} Šamšu in-nam-mar (3) ša ^{m} Mun-na-bi-tu [K. 921.]

No. 274B. *Obv.* (1) . . . *i ^{alu} Ḫarrânu ina ûmí(mí) an-ni i (2) . . . ma-a ûmu XXIX ^{kám} ^{ilu} Ša-maš (3) . . . i-sa-kan-ma-a ûmu (mu) an-ni . . (4) . . . . nu-ka-a-la (5) . . . an-ni-u nu-tar-ra . . (6) . . . . ri (?) . . . . (*perhaps two lines broken*) (9) . . . . u ana man-ni (?) . . . . *Rev.* (1) . . ^{am} Mar-šip-ri šá ina íli ^{m} ^{ilu} Marduk . . . . (2) il-lik-u-ni it-tal-ka iḳ-di-bi (3) ma-a ^{ilu} Šamšu la-a ní-mu-ur-ma-a urpata šú-u (4) šú-nu la í-mu-ru a-ni-nu la ni-í-mur-ma (5) . . ma-a-šu la-a nu-tar-ra. [K. 810.]

No. 274C. *Obv.* (1) A-na šarri bí-ili-ia ardu-ka ^{m} A-ša-[ri-du] (2) ḳa-aṭ-nu Sin atalû ul i-[šakan] (3) lib-bi ša šar mâtâti bí-ili-iá lu-ú-[ṭâbi] (4) ^{ilu} Bíl u ^{ilu} Nabû šanâti (?) ^{pl} ša ana a lu . . . (5) bíl-iá li-ki (?)-ši mim(sal)-ma ma . . . (6) id-di . . na-ši a-na man-ni . . . (7) lu-uḳ-bi šarru . . . (8) lid-di-nu-nu . . . (9) . . *šarru . . . (*Rev. blank*). [83–1–18, 210.]

No. 274D. (*Obv. remains of seven lines badly mutilated*) *Rev.* (1) . . . iṣ (?) . . (2) IM . KUR . RA . . . . . u . . (3) šul-mu a-*na . . . . (4) AN . MI šá . . . . (5) šá ^{mâtu} Subarti ^{ki} . . . A . AN u A . DAN . . . . (6) šá ^{m} Šú-ma-a-[a]. [K. 8960.]

No. 274E. *Obv.* (1) ^{ilu} Sin | ina ^{arḫu} Du'uzi ûmu(mu) ú-šal-[lam] (2) ûmu XIV ^{kám} ultu ^{ilu} Ša-maš in-*na-*mar . . (3) [1] atalû | ú-ší-taḳ | la i-ša-[kan] *Rev.* (1) . . . íriba. [K. 865.]

No. 274F. *Obv.* (1) . . . *šarri bí-ili-ia al-tap-ra (2) . . . atalû išakan(an) ín-na (3) [la i]-tí-it-tí-iḳ išakan(an) (4) i-na ša-ka-an atalî an-ni-i (5) a-na šarri bí-ili-ia šul-mu (6) ^{arḫu} Airu ^{mâtu} Ílama(ma) ^{ki} ûmu XIV ^{kám} (7) ^{mâtu} Ílama(ma) ^{ki} maṣṣartu UD . ṢAL . *LI . . . . *Rev.* (1) ^{arḫu} . . . (2) ša ^{mâtu} *Ílama . . . . (3) ad-riš . . . . *kaš-bi-ma (4) Ana [^{iiu} Dil?]bat it-bal . . . Aḫarrû ^{ki} (5) . . Aḫarrû ^{ki} it-ti Ílama ^{ki} la pi-it (6) . . Aḫarrû ^{ki} pal šu ḳa ti (7) ša ^{m} Na-di-nu. [K. 1384.]

No. 274G. *Obv.* (1) . . . . ša ^{ilu} Ša-maš (2) . . . ûmu XXIX ^{kám} (3) . . . ta-ṣar (4) ir-ti-i-bi (5) . . . us-si-it-iḳ (6) . . . ^{arḫu} kisilimu (7) . . . ú-tar-ra *Rev.* (1) [ša ^{m} ^{ilu}] Nabû-aḫî ^{pl}-íriba. [83–1–18, 320.]

[1] AN . MI *glossed* a-ta-lu-u.

No. 274H. *Obv.* (1) . . . XV ^{kám} (2) . . . ša-maš in-na-mar (3) . . ú-šî-taḳ (4) . . . sak-kan *Rev.* (1) šá ^{m} . . . . ^{pl} íriba.

[K. 984.]

No. 274I. *Obv.* (1) [Ana Sin ûmu I ^{kám}] innamir (2) [sanâḳu ša pí] lib mâti iṭâb (3) [Ana ûmu ana mi]-na-ti-šu [GID]-DA (4) [pâl ûmí] GID . [DA] ^{pl} (5) . . . . arḫi (6) . . . . ú-šal-lam-ma *Rev.* (1) . . . ÍN . NUN ša ^{ilu} Sin (2) . . . . ri . . . . šu (3) . . . . ú-*šî-*taḳ (4) . . . [i]-šak-kan (5) [ša ^{m} Ba]-la-si-i

[83–1–18 207.]

No. 274K. *Obv.* (*Top broken.*) (1) . . . [ÍN .] NUN šimítan ušarri-ma nu . . . . (2) . . . . šar Akkadi šarru . . . (3) . . . . IM . SI . DI ušarri-ma . . . . (4) . . . . šumḳutim(tim) Akkadi ^{ki} ana . . . . (5) . . [AN .] *MI ina IM . SI . DI ušarri-ma . . . . (6) . . . . . ^{ilu} Rammânu ri-iḫ-[ṣi] (7) . . . [IM .] SI . DI ušarri-ma *IM . . . . (8) . . . ri-ir . . . (9) . . . pa (?) . . . (*Remainder lost.*)

[K. 12004 + 12006.]

No. 274L. *Obv.* (*Top broken.*) (1) . . . . MU III ^{kám} . . . . (2) . . . . SI . DI ^{ilu} Rammânu ŠÍ . TAR . NU (3) . . . ša ḳa ^{mâtu} ZÍ-am-ma (4) . . . šu (?) ḪA . A-ma (5) . . . . gur (6) . . . . *Subarti ^{ki} (*Remainder lost.*) *Rev.* (*End of one line*) . . . . ra

[K. 12369.]

No. 274M. (*Obv.*) (1) . . . pagrâni ^{pl} ina mâti SAG . UŠ (2) . . . . mati ibaššu ^{pl} (3) . . . . ÍN . UD . SAL . LI (4) . . . ra-šu a-na lib a (?) . . . (*Remainder broken off.*) [80–7–19, 364.]

No. 274N. *Obv.* (1) . . . . MI (2) . . . . na-mir (3) . . . . mâtu ú-šal-pa-tu (4) . . ḳabli kat mu (5) . . . nim-mi-du (6) . . . ibašši(ši) *Rev.* (1) . . . . ut at ti du (?) ti (2) . . . ma-ki iraššu ^{pl} (3) . . . . *tu ra-kib (4) . . . . mât-su im-bar-$^{?}$ (5) . . . . MI iškun (un) (*Remainder lost.*) [K. 12013.]

No. 274O. *Obv.* (*Top broken.*) (1) . . . . a . . . . (2) šum . . . kima GAR ^{pl} šarri . . . . . (3) . . . šú lib (?) a-di ^{ilu} Šamši la i . . . . (4) . . a . . si ut tu ku *mu . . . (5) . . . šarri bíl-ia as-sa-[ap-ra] (6) . . . . AN . MI ú-šî-[taḳ] (*Remainder lost.*) *Rev.* (*Top broken.*) (1) ša ^{m} Ba-la-si-[i] [K. 1333.]

No. 274P. *Obv.* (1) Ú-nu-ut ša atali . . . (2) li-in-tu-ḫu-ma lu šad rak (?) . . . (3) la aš-ša ÍN - NUN la tal . . . (4) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Bíl-naṣir . . . [82–5–22, 69.]

No. 274Q. *Obv.* (1) Mu-*ši *ša ûmi XIII maṣṣaru ia-'-nu (2) mâr šarri li-it-til (3) [muši] ša ûmi XIV ^{kám} maṣṣarti ia-'-nu (4) *mâr *šarri li-it-til (5) mu-[ši ša] ûmi XV ^{kám} maṣṣartu ia-'-nu (6) *mâr *šarri li-it-til (7) mu ši ša ûmi XVI ^{kám} maṣṣartu rab-ti (8) *atal ^{ilu} Sin ša . . . . MI šú-a-*ti (9) . . . . Sin . . . . . ma (*Reverse, some six lines, with remains of characters.*) *Rev.* (7) [ša ^{m}] ^{ilu} Nírgal-iṭir(ir) [Rm. 197.]

XVII. Omens from Akulutum.

No. 275. *Obv.* (1) Ana ina ^{arḫu} Simâni a-[ku-lu-tum] . . . . (2) ^{sal} nukurtu ina [mâti ibašši ?] (3) Ana a-ku-lu-tum . . . . . (4) ûmu(mu) . . . (5) Ana a-ku-lu-tum ina . . . . (6) mâtu i . . . . *Rev.* (1) ša ^{am}. [Rm. 211.]

XVIII. Omens from Births.

No. 276. *Obv.* (1) Ínuma IZ . BU zikaru u sinništu [iššak-kin ?] (2) íš-tú ^{sal} íllu AN . BA . . . (3) šá mâti i-bí-lum (4) mâtu šarri kar-tú illak . . (5) Ínuma IZ . BU zikaru u sinništu iššakkin-ma . . . la irši (6) mâr íkalli mâta ú-ma-ar (7) : šarru i-bar (*Rev. blank.*) [K. 766.]

No. 277. *Obv.* (1) Ínuma IZ . BU VIII šípî ^{pl}-šu (2) II zibbâti ^{pl}-šu (3) rubu šar-ru-ti (4) kiš-šu-ti i-ṣa-bat (5) ^{am} ma-ḫi-ṣu šu-ú (6) ^{m} Ud-da-nu šum-šu (7) i-ḳab-ba-a um-ma ^{sal} šaḫita-a (8) ki-i tu-li-du *Rev.* (1) VIII šípî ^{pl} u II zibbâti ^{pl}-šu (2) um-ma i-na ṭabti an-di-di-il-šu (3) ù i-na bîti al-ta-kan (4) ša $^{m\,ilu}$ Nírgal iṭir(ir). [K. 749.]

XIX. Miscellaneous Fragments.

No. 277A. *Rev.* (*a*) ^{mul} . . . . (*b*) ša ^{m} ša-pi-[ku]. [K. 6184, b.]

No. 277B. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{mul} . . . . (2) mâru . . . . (3) ḪI . GAR ana . . . . (4) mâru . . . . (5) bîtâti ^{pl} . . . . (6) . . . ka . . . (7) Í . KUR (?) . . . (8) Ana ^{mul} LU . . . . (9) Ana ^{mul} PA (?) . . . . (10) mí-ri . . . . (11) $^{mul\ (?)}$ . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana ^{mul} Ú . . . . (2) ^{ilu} LU . BAD . . . . (3) it-ti . . . . . (4) ḪUL-šu a . . . . (5) ittu . . . . . (6) a-di arḫi . . . . (7) ša ^{m} Irašši [ši-ilu]. [K. 1594.]

No. 277C. *Obv.* (1) . . . . nam-ru (2) . . . ba-aš-ši (3) . . . . *sa-li-mu ir-šu-ú (4) . . . . lu-mur (5) . . . pa ri ma tú (?) (6) . . . . -'-nu (7) . . . i (8) . . . (9) . . . it-ti-iḳ *Rev.* (1) . . . šú (2) . . . . ú (3) . . . . di (4) . . . ta-šu-ú-šu (5) . . . . ḫi (?) ul in-nam-ru (6) . . . . ilâni (?) ^{pl}-šu iš-šú-ú (7) . . . da ab u ru (?) (8) . . . . in-nam-ma-ru. [K. 1557.]

No. 277D. *Obv.* (1) Ina ^{arḫu} Šaḇâṭi ûmu . . . . (2) ina íkalli . . . . (3) MU . AN . NA ga (?) . . . (4) šar-ra bu (?) . . . . (5) ina ^{arḫu} Addâri ûmu III . . . . (6) a-na a-ki . . . . (7) ù ^{ilu} Nabû (?) . . . . (8) ina lib . . . . *Rev.* (1) šarru liš-pur (?) . . . . (2) ûmu III ^{kám} . . . . (3) ^{iṣu} kakku a-na . . . . (4) u ^{ilu} Nabû (?) . . . . (5) . . ḫi alpu . . . . (6) ša ^{m} . . . . . [K. 1336.]

No. 277E. *Obv.* (1) . . . . ana pân Sin iṭḫi-ma izziz(iz) (2) . . . . ummâni (?) ^{pl} (3) . . . tim šu isakan(an) (4) . . . . a mâr ^{m} Kudurri. [K. 1328.]

No. 277F. *Obv.* (1) . . . . MUL DU (2) . . . . iš-tí-niš išakan (an) (3) . . . . ru it-ti-mí-du (4) . . . . ad-da-nu (5) . . . . miš ša tí (6) . . . . mâti ibašši (*five lines with fragmentary characters*) *Rev.* (1) . . . BAT-a-nu iṭ-ṭi-ḫu-u (2) . . . . pi-[ší]-ir-šu (3) . . . . mâti ši-i (4) . . . . ú-ḫi-in ? ? (5) . . . tal-li-kan-ni zi-it-ti-ni (6) . . . . ší-ti-iḳ (7) . . . . a i-ba-aš-ši (8) . . . . a-na šarri ú-šaḫ-kam (9) . . . . ûmu (mu) (10) . . . . lu-šaḫ-ki-im (11) [ša ^{m} Ba-la]-si-i. [K. 1301.]

No. 277G. *Obv.* (1) . . . í-ri tarbaṣu ilmi (2) . . . $^{[ilu]}$ Rammânu ìraḫiṣ(iṣ) (3) . . . . SI . DI (4) . . . . ru (5) . . . . ba bat (6) . . . bu-u (7) . . . . kúr *Rev.* (1) . . . bu u . . . (2) . . . . mâtu i- . . . (3) . . . . ^{arḫu} Simânu . . . . [K. 1535.]

No. 277H. *Obv.* (1) . . . . raš tí (?) (2) . . . GIR . TAB . . . . (3) . . . SI (?) . . . (4) . . . mâtu . . . (5) . . . gi . . . (6) . . . ti pal (?) . . (7) . . ana (8) . . . lib mul . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . mi (?) mu (?) nu (?) . . . (2) mí (3) . . . . ^{mul} GIR . TAB DU (4) . . . . tum ina šuḳi (5) . . . . inadi(di) (6) . . . pa-nu ša-ṭir (7) . . . míli ^{pl} ibaššu ^{pl} (8) . . . ûmu XIII ^{kám} ša arḫi a-ga-a (9) . . . . uṣ (?)-ṣu (10) . . . u (11) . . . ku šú a . . . . [K. 1300.]

No. 277I. *Obv.* (1) Ana . . . (2) . . . (3) . . . im (4) . . . tum (5) . . . NI . BAT-a-nu (6) . . . bu-lim (7) . . . šú (8) NU . SI . DI ^{pl} : ^{mâtu} MAR ^{ki} . . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . ^{pl} ina tarbaṣ Sin izzizu ^{pl} (2) . . . ^{pl} GID . . . (3) . . . kúr . . . [K. 967.]

No. 277K. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} Nírgal ^{pl} it-ti . . . (2) . . . UTU . KA . GAB-a ^{ilu} Nírgal ša . . . (3) . . . bi (?) Ílama(ma) ^{ki} . . . . (4) . . . . iḫ mat . . . (5) . . . ^{ilu} Nírgal . . . (6) . . . . lal TUR *SAL . . . (7) . . . ba di . . . (8) . . . tab zi (?) . . . *Rev.* (*broken*) (1) . . . mi (?) an (?) . . u . . . . (2) . . ^{arḫu} Kisilimi imbaru . . . (3) . . iš (?) na an í-ri-ia . . . (4) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Nírgal-íṭir(ir) [K. 1302.]

No. 277L. *Obv.* (*Top broken*) (1) . . . . išakan(an) (2) ittu ṣît Šamšu (3) šá ^{mâtu} Ílama(ma) ^{ki} (4) ša ^{m} Ištar-šuma-íríš . . [K. 966]

No. 277M. *Obv.* (1) . . UD ŠU A šar Akkadi ^{ki} . . *Remainder broken* *Rev.* (1) . . . ŠI-ir (2) . . . NU IK-ši (3) . . . írib Šamši (4) . . . damiḳti ša ^{mâtu} Akkadí ^{ki} (5) . . . a mâr Bar-Sib ^{ki} [K. 1236.]

No. 277N. *Obv.* (1) . . . ina su ša šarri . . . (2) . . . ti lib-bi . . . (3) . . . man ni ma la ina (4) . . . šarru . . . (5) . . ?? tu . . (*Remainder broken*) *Rev.* (1) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Bíl . . . [K. 13012.]

No. 277O. *Obv.* (1) . . . alu (2) . . . ma-ḫi-*iṣ (3) . . . uššab(ab) (4) . . . iraššu ^{pl} (5) ša ^{m} Apla (?)-a . . . [81–2–4, 140.]

No. 277P. *Obv.* (*Top broken*) (1) . . . ina ṣît Šamši it ti (?) ri (?) . . *Rev.* (1) ^{ilu} TIR . AN . Na it-tab-ḫa (?) (2) . . . ^{arḫu} (?) KAN ultu ^{ilu} Šamšu (3) . . . na mar [81–7–27, 215.]

No. 277Q. (*a*) . . . im ù . . . (*b*) . . . tamarti-šu ŠI . ŠI tum . . . (*c*) . . . ti išdu tak-rib . . (*d*) . . . mâtât . . . (*e*) . . . ir . . . (*Reverse, traces of three lines.*) [82–3–23, 112].

No. 277R. *Obv.* (1) Ana ûmu XXVIII kám II + BAR kas[bu] . . . . . (2) ina IM . MAR . TU ki . . . . (3) is-si-niš í-tí-ri (?) . . . . (4) II ŠÚ . SI a-na IM . . . . (5) is-sa-kan IM . KUR . RA . . . . (6) IM . SI . DI it-ta . . . (7) Ana UD ID IM . MAR . TU ú . . . . (8) Ana UD ID IM . TAR . BA ú . . . . (9) Ana UD a-dir-ma IM . SI . DI . . . (10) Ana ina arḫu Nisanni ûmu XXVIII kám . . . . (11) ki mu šu TUR SAL šarri . . . . (12) ina mâti šiâti . . . . . (13) mâtu ir-ru . . . *Rev.* (1) ina mâti ša . . . (2) Ana ina arḫu Nisanni AN . MI . . . . (3) Ana šarri šulmu(mu) . . . . (4) Ana ultu ûmi I kám adi ûmi XXX kám . . . . (5) Ana ina arḫu Nisanni ûmu XXIX kám an . . . (6) RU-ti Ílama(ma) . . . . (7) šar Ílama(ma) . . . (8) lu-u ûmu XXVIII [kám] lu-u XXIX . . . (9) šá . . . . [82–5–22, 87.]

No. 277S. *Obv.* (1) . . šu í-tu-ú šarru . . . (2) . . . il-lap . . . (3) . . ? šar mâti . . . (4) . . . i . . . *Rev.* (*Top broken*) (1) . . . bat . . . (2) . . . UD ina pi-i . . . (3) . . . ra šarri li (?) . . . (4) [ša m ilu Nírgal]-iṭir(ir). [83–1–18, 301.]

No. 277T. *Obv.* (1) . . . a . . . (2) . . . tí-ib-ba . . . (3) . . . LAL-šu ḫi-il-lu (4) . . . ilu šu ma (5) . . . Sin mul GIR . TAB (6) . . . ki KI . LAM *iṣaḫir (7) . . . i-za-za *Rev.* (1) . . [ni?]-mí-il-šu i-ma-ad-*di (2) . . . šá SAG DU mul GIR . TAB (3) . . . šu a-na ṣi-ḫi-ir ma-ḫi-ri (4) . . . bar a-na šarri bíl-ia (5) . . . BAD . GUD . UD ma-a íbûru damḳu (6) . . .*ilu Rammânu iraḫiṣ . . . (7) . . . uṣ (?) . . . [83–1–18, 309.]

No. 277U. *Rev.* (*a*) . . . ul-tú ša . . . (*b*) íbûru ṣi-iḫ-ru . . . (*c*) arḫu ŠÍ . SA íbûru . . . . (*d*) arḫu Simânu . . . . [83–1–18, 318.]

No. 277V. (*a*) . . . nab-ṭi-í Sin u Šamši . . . (*b*) . . . ša du-ú ša-ḳu ki ia . . . (*c*) . . . ru a-na šarri . . . (*d*) . . . *ra-a (?) [83–1–18, 774.]

No. 277W. *Obv.* (*a*) ûmu IV kám . . . (*b*) a-na an-nu . . . (*c*) gan (?) gu . . . . (*d*) ana sal . . . . (*e*) ša ûmi IV kám . . . . (*f*) ana Sin u . . . . *Rev.* (1) Ana ilu . . . . [83–1–18, 884.]

No. 277x. *Obv.* (*ll.* 1–5 *almost illegible*) (6) . . šarri bí-ili-ia . . . . . *Rev.* (1) . . . ^{arḫu} (?) ŠÍ a-ga[a] . . . (2) . . ilu ul il-lak . . . (3) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ Bíl-ú-šal-[lam] . . . . [K. 6149.]

No. 277y. (*a*) . . . GU . ZA ša ki-na . . . (*b*) . . . ti ri . . . (*c*) . . . da . . . (*d*) . . .*riš a-*na . . . (*e*) na . . . na *šarri . . . [83–1–18, 883.]

No. 277z. *Obv.* (1) Ana ^{ilu} . . . (2) pal . . . (3) kúr zi . . . (4) Ana MUL ana . . . (5) ^{am} MAR . TU KI . . . . (6) . . . . . *Rev.* (1) ša ^{m} . . . (2) ûmu XIV ^{kám} . . . (3) ûmu XV ^{kám} . . . (4) ilâni ^{pl} . . . (5) mâti . . . . [Bu. 91–5–9, 29.]

No. 277aa. *Obv.* (1) Ana . . . (2) Ana MUL . . . (3) šar Akkadi . . . (4) ša $^{m\ ilu}$ nabu-aḫî . . . [83–1–18, 303.]

No. 277ab. *Obv.* (1) . . ta ḫi is-sa-kin (2) . . . ina pan ^{ilu} PA . BIL . SAG DU-az-ma (3) . . . ^{mul} GIR . TAB DU-iz (4) . . . tum ina mâti IK-ši (5) . . . ^{mul} PA . BIL . SAG (*Remainder lost*) *Rev.* (1) . . . KU-ab (2) . . . it tú ší-mu-u (3) . . . ina (?) i-tap-pa-lu. [80–7–19, 355.]

No. 277ac. *Obv.* (*a*) ina íli | išdu (?) ḫarrani ina . . . (*b*) it-tu-bil ina ^{arḫu} . . . [S. 508.]

No. 277ad. *Obv.* (1) . . . tab ûmu XV ^{kám} (2) . . . UD UD . DU . A ^{pl} lik-ki (3) . . . mi (?) liḳ-ru-ub (4) . . . ni nu UD DU (5) . . . u (?) tak ši-i (6) . . . ši *Rev.* (1) . . . ^{ilu} Šamšu (2) . . . ^{ilu} Šamšu šarru ḳaḳ-ḳar (3) . . . lik (?) (4) [ša $^{m\ ilu}$] Nabu-šuma-iškun (un) [Bu. 89–4–26, 19.]

No. 277ae. *Obv.* (1) [Ana šarrî bíl-ia ardu-ka ? ^{ilu}] *Bíl-ú-ší-zib (2) . . . liḳ-ru-bu (3) . . . Sin iṭḫi(ḫi) (4) . . . šarru ina li-it-ti DU-ak (5) . . . mât-su irappíš(íš) (6) . . uk-tap-pad (7) . . . . mur (8) . . . (9) . . . tum (*Remainder of obv. and top of rev. broken*) *Rev.* (1) . . uz-zu (2) . . ú-maš-ša-ram . . (3) . . ma ana ^{ilu} Sin um-ma (4) . . . ša ^{m} Nadina(na)-aḫi bíl-ḫi-ṭu (5) . . . bi ù a-na šarri ina muḫ-ḫi-šu (6) . . . i-mur-šam-ma man-ma (7) . . . na-an-ni pa-ni-šu a-na (8) . . . su šarri la it-ta-šu-u (9) . . . il-lak (10) . . . šu it-ta . . . (11) . . . su *pu-*ut iš . . . (12) . . . a-na ^{m} Ṣil-la-a (13) . . . lu-ú-bil (?) [K. 13191.]

VOCABULARY.

*An asterisk * indicates that every occurrence of the word is quoted.*

a, *ia*, my.

u, and.

**aîbu*, enemy, 49, 3 : 272, *r.* 6 :

**uiltu*, despatch, 168B, *r.* 4 : 188, *r.* 4 :

**ianu*, '(there is) not,' 67, *r.* 1 : 85A, *r.* 10 : 274Q, 1, 3, 5 :

Aîru, month Iyyar.

**iâši*, me, 240, *r.* 3 :

Abu, month Ab.

abu, father, 90, 4, 11 : 124, 2 : 134, 2 : 136, 8 : 154, *r.* 2 : 174, 3 : 180, 3 :

**am A.BA*, magician, 109, *r.* 4, 6 : 217, *r.* 3 :

**abâku*, bring, I, 1, *ps.* ibbaka, 90, *r.* 17 : *pc.* libuk, 124, *r.* 9 : libukam, 124, *r.* 11 : libukniš-šumma, 183, *r.* 7 : libukunu, 124, *r.* 3 :

**abiktu*, defeat, 94, *r.* 7 : 270, 8 : 272A, 8 :

**abkallu*, governor, 170, 4.

ibîlu, bring I, 1, *ps.* ubbal 194A, 5 : 211A, 2 : ubbala, 70, 6 : ubbalu, 59, 6 : *pt.* ubil, 85, 2 : III, 1, luširbi[la], 34, *r.* 10 :

**biltu*, weight, 199, 5 : 242, *r.* 5 :

abullu, city gate, 156, 3 : 157A, 3 : pl. 157D, 5 :

**abnu*, stone, hail, 20, 5 : 261, 4 :

**ubanu*, a measure of length, 88, 8 :

îbûru, crops, 10, 6 : 11, 6 : 12, 6 : 26, 4 : 35, 2 :

aburriš, securely, 10, *r.* 1 : 11A, 5 : 12, 6 : 24A, 2 : 32, 2 : 41, 3 : 42, 3 : 43, 2 :

ubbutu, blasting, 91, 3 : 236B, 3 : 252A, 2 :

agû, crown, (*esp.*) full moon, 7, 5 : 9, 4 : 10, 5 : 17, 1 : 26, 3 : 41, 1 : 269, 7 : 272B, 12 :

agâ, that, 90, *r.* 7 : 272, *r.* 10 :

agannu, that, 124, *r.* 3 : 264, *r.* 4, 9 : f. pl. 82, *r.* 6 :

**ugaru*, meadows, 217, 6 : 218, 2 :

adi, up to, as far as.

**adu*, ago, 207, 6 :

adû now, yet, 145, *r.* 6 :

**adu*, agreement, 70, *r.* 7 : 90, *r.* 17 : 205A, *r.* 4 :

**idu*, side, forces, 22, 7 : 241, 4 :

idû, to know, I, 1, idi, 124, *r.* 4 : *nidi*, 274, 7 : *nîdu*, 268, 7 : *lu-idi*, 85, *r.* 5 : 90E, 2, 3 : 245, 6 :

**idû*, unique, 86, 4 : 268, *r.* 4 :

uddatu, light, 82, 7 : 133, *r.* 5 : 142, 8 : 181, 3 : 236F, 6 :

**ídîdu*, be sharp, I, 1, *inf.* [ídi]du, 34, 8 : ídidu, 36, *r.* 1 : 36A, 2 : *pm.* iddit, 69, 6 : iddat, 269, 10 : idda, 29, 2 : 32, 4 : 34, 3 : 35, 8 : 38, 3 : II, 1, udduda 26, *r.* 1 : 34, 5 : 35, 6 : 36, 4 : 37, 2 : 44, 5 : udu . . 31, 6 :

idlutu, power, 115E, 3 :

udina (particle), 112, *r* 5 :

adannu, time, 245, *r.* 4 : (*adv.*, 31, *r.* 7 : 76, *r.* 4 :

Addâru, month Adar.

adâru, be dark, I, 1, DIR [pl] 29, *r.* 5 : idir, 124, 1, 12 : 127, 1 : DIR, 69, 5 : dir-at (?) 43, 5, *r.* 1 :

adru, dark, 32, *r.* 4 : (*adv.*) 204, *r.* 1 : 270, 6 :

adiru, darkening, 270, 5 :

**ídišu*, alone, 67, 5 :

**ídîšu*, be new, II, 2 : utaddaša, 207, *r.* 7 :

**udîššu*, 238, 2 :

ittu, sign, ITI, 16, *r.* 2 : ittum, 108, 6 : ittu, 57, 6 : 74, *r.* 2 : itti, 57, *r.* 4 : idât, 31, *r.* 8 : 84, 4 : idâti 55, *r.* 1 :

ízu, stand, I, 1 : ízi, 153, 7 : I, 2, ittitzi, 96, 3 : 106, 7 : 180, 8 : 228, 2 : ittitiz, 235, 8 : 236G, *r.* 1 : 251, *r.* 1 :

**IZ . BU .*, young one, 276, 1, 5 : 277, 1 :

**ízîzu*, be angry, I, 1, ŠUR, 29, *r.* 4, iz-ziz, 183, 3 :

**azkaru*, crescent, 269, 7 : pl. 86, 1 : 86A, 2.

uznu, ear, 125, *r.* 4 : 135A, 6 : 145, 6 : PI [II], 132, *r.* 3 : PI [pl] 57, 2 : IZ . KU . PI ., 155A, *r.* 2 :

aḫû, unpropitious, aḫiu, 94, *r.* 8 : *f.* BAR-tum, 62, 3 : aḫitum, 78, 3 : aḫitu, 77, 3 :

aḫu, brother, 52, *r.* 6 : 115 F, *r.* 4 : *pl.* 240, 8 : (*adv.*) aḫîš, 70, 7 : aḫamiš, 15, 6 : 46, 5 : 52, 3 : 157D, 2 :

**aḫâzu*, seize, III, 1, ušaḫaz, 91, *r.* 4 :

**aḫâru*, delay, I, 1, iḫḫiramma, 82, 1 : iḫḫirama, 88, 1 : iḫ . ., 89, 4 :

Aḫarrû, west.

**íṭu*, be dark, I, 1. *pm.* íṭat, 223, 6 : íṭati, 223A, *r.* 7 :

aki, how, 90, *r.* 13 : 112, *r.* 4, 7 :

**akka'*, how? 155, *r.* 2 :

ukkû, want, 37, *r.* 4 : 47, 7 :

akâlu, eat, I, 1. KU, 25, 2 : 28, 5 : 47A, 2 : *ikkal*, 69A, 3 : 91, *r.* 2 :

**akalu*, food, 85A, *r.* 6 : 189, 2 :

**akulutum*, ? 275, 1, 3, 5 :

ikîlu, darken, I, 1, ikil, 193, 4 : I, 2, itakil, 269, 1 :

**ikkillu*, mourning, 267, 10.

íkallu, palace, 55, 7 : 82, *r.* 2 :

**ikîru*, I, 2, itíkiru, 243, *r.* 5 :

**ikkaru*, 115F, *r.* 3 : 218A *r.* 3 : 240, *r.* 3 :

ul, not.

íli, over.

ílû, go up, II, 2 : ultíli, 267A, *r.* 5 :

ílinu, upper, 136U, 3 :

ílitu, upper, íli-ta, 271, 1 : í-la-a-ti (*top*), 268, 12 : íli-ta-nu, 176, 3 :

ilu, god.

âlu, city.

**íllu*, pure, 276, 2 :

**alla*, (particle) 124, *r.* 7 :

alâdu, bear, I, 1, Ù . TU [pl], 97, 4 : Ù . TU, 100, 6 : ullada, 98, *r.* 3 : 112A, 6 : tulidu, 277, 8 :

**talittu*, offspring, 103, 11 :

alâku, go, I, 1, *ps.* DU-ak, 7, 6 : DU . BU, 32, 3 : DU-kám, 60, *r.* 3 : illak, 23, 4 : 139, 9 : illaka, 66, *r.* 5 : tallaka, 22, *r.* 4 : illaku, 112, 8 : illakuni, 70, *r.* 1, 7 : NI.NI (?) 104, 2 : DU ^{pl} 82, *r.* 4 : DU-ku, 29, 3 : *pt.* DU-ik, 20, 5 : ilik, 272C, 5 : illikanni, 264, 7 : allik, 217, *r.* 2 : illuku, 109, 3 : *pc.* lillik, 8, *r.* 6 : *inf.* alaku, 139, *r.* 1 : alaki, 84, 1 :

I, 2 : ittalak, 201, 1 : ittalka, 274, *r.* 2 : tattalka, 181, *r.* 1 : ittalku, 55, *r.* 2 :

* *ilku*, edict, 240, *r.* 4 :

alaktu, traffic, A . DU ., 82, 6 : 94, *r.* 4 : alakti, 24, 5 : 120, 3 : *pl.* 143, *r.* 1 :

Ululu, month Elul.

**alpu*, ox, 151, *r.* 8 : *pl.* 101, 8 : 103, 11 : 105, 5 :

**ilippu*, ship, 159, *r.* 2 (?).

**iluttu*, calf (?), 257, *r.* 3 :

ultu, from.

iltanu, north.

íma=ašar, 'where,' 29, 3, 4 : 31, 7 :

**amtu*, handmaid, 183, *r.* 5 :

**amatu*, word, 52, *r.* 3 : 272C, 7 :

ûmu, day.

*UD-mu-us-sa, 'daily, 84, 5 : UD-mu-us-su, 73, *r.* 1 :

umâ, now, 31, *r.* 6 : 112, *r.* 4 :

umma, thus, 73, *r.* 4 :

**ammiu*, that, 152, *r.* 1 : 34, 9 :

imbaru, storm, 111, *r.* 1, 2, 4 : 243, *r.* 3 :

**imîdu*, stand, IV, 1, innimid, 235, 3 : innimída, 68, *r.* 3 : innimmidu, 236, 5 : IV, 2. ittímid, 235, 8 : ittímidi, 236G, 8 :

**imdu*, standing (of crops), im-di-i, 272, 16 :

**A . MAḪ*, ^{pl} 'great waters,' 272C, *r.* 4, 6 :

**imîlu*, II, 1, grow indistinct (?), ummul, 232, 9 :

*ummuliš, dimly (?), 232, 6 :

amílutu, human beings, 86, *r.* 4 :

**umamu*, beasts, ú-ma-am, 182, 4 :

ummânu, troops, people, 91, 2 : *pl.* 28, *r.* 5 : 35, 8 :

imittu, right, 30, 5 : 41, 5 : 43, *r* 1 : i-mit-ti, 43, 6 : 70, 9 : 145, *r.* 4 :

**imuḳu*, army, 22, 5 : 272, *r.* 15 :

amâru, see I, 1, ŠI-mar 31, 5 : 123, 6 : nimaruni, 70, *r.* 7 : ímura, 272, *r.* 15 : amur, 155, *r.* 3 : amurûni, 188, 10 : nimur, 76, *r.* 2 : ni-í-mur, 21, 7 : 274B, *r.* 4 : limur, 18, *r.* 6 :

I, 2 : itamru, 144D, 2 : nitamar, 76, *r.* 3 : 170, *r.* 6 :

IV, 1, *ps.* ŠI 17, 3 : 144, 7 : 151, 3 : ŠI-mar, 124, 3 : innamar, 43, *r.* 9 : 45, *r.* 2 : 62, *r.* 2 : 86, 6 : innammar, 69, *r.* 6 : 85, *r.* 4 : 145, 8 : innamaru, 22B, 6 : 45, 5 : 126, 4 : ŠI ^{pl} 15, 6 : ŠI-ru 82, 4 : *pt.* ŠI 4, 1 : 7, 1 : 9, 1 : 13, 1 : 17, *r.* 1 : 29, 1 : 63, 1 : 68, 1 : 77, 1 : 151, 11 : 172, 1 : ŠI . LAL I, 1 : 16, 1 : 21, 1 : 23, 1 : 24, 1 : 25, 1 : 47, 1 : 61, 1 : ŠI-ir, 2, 1 : 3, 1 : 12, 1 : 14, 1 : 15, 1 : 18, 1 : 19, 1 : 20, 1 : 26, 1 : 30, 1 : 59, 1 : 60, 3 : 184, 1 : innamir, 22A, 1 : 43, *r.* 3 : innamru, 22B,

5 : innamıruni, 180, 7 : ŠI ^{pl} 46, 5 : 52, 2 : 120, 1 : 125, 1 : 127, 4 : 128, 6 : 144, 1 : 155, 3 : ŠI LAL ^{pl} 123, 1 : 135, 2 : linnamir, 249, *r.* 5 :

IV, 2 : ittanmar, 48, 5 : ittammarma, 22A, *r.* 5 : ittanmaru, 136B, *r.* 3 : 151, 6 :

tamartu, appearance, ŠI. LAL, 7, 5 : 10, 5 : 11, 6 : tamartu, 244B, *r.*, 5 : tamarti, 22A, 4, *r.* 4 : 89, 1 : (? 36, A, 3 :). *pl.* tamarâti, 82, *r.* 6 :

**ammar*, whoever, 257, 9 :

**amašu*, II, 2, go, uttamiš, 68, *r.* 1 : 70, *r.* 3 :

ina, in.

**ínu*, eye, 124, *r.* 6 :

ana, to, for : (= ínuma).

annu, this, *pl.* annuti.

ínna, now, 73, *r.* 3 : 85A, *r.* 3 : 90, *r.*, 11 :

íntu, princess, 94, *r.* 3 : 108, 2 : 143, 8 :

**inbu*, fruit, 23A, 6 : 123, 7 :

**undiṭṭu*, 236E, 3 :

anaku, I.

aninu, we, 62, 4 : aninnu, 256, 6 :

**unninu*, prayer, 162, *r.* 3 :

**unḳu*, ring, sealed document, 152, *r.* 8 : 217, *r.* 8 :

**ínîšu*, II, 1, ravage, unnaš, 29, 5 : 34, 6 : 35, 7 : 36, 6 : 48, 2 :

ínîtu, become dim, I, 2 : ittintu (*see index*), ittíni . . 133, *r.* 1 : ittintum, 138A, 4 ; II, 1 : unnut, 60, 1 : 167, *r.* 10 : 181, *r.* 5 : 232, 1 : 236G, 2 : 238, 5 : 244D, 2 : unnutuni, 244C, 5 : unut, 274P, 1 :

*II, 2 : utanatma, 232, *r.* 3 :

**asu*, physician, 18, v. 5 :

isiru, enclose, II, 2, utasar, 82, 3 : 92, 3 : 94, 4 : 95, 2 : utassar, 93, 3 : 101, 6 :

**usurtu*, halo, IZ . ḪAR, 112, 4, 6 : 237A, 5 : usurtu, 91, 4 :

issi, with, is-sa-a-a-ḫi-í . ., 252D, *r.* 2 :

issuri, when, 21, *r.* 1 : 217, *r.* 7 : 235, 6, 10 :

**ípû*, III, 2, shine, ultapâ, 185, 4 : 271, 11 : ultappû, 222, 3 : šutappû, 189, 4 :

apâru, put on, I, 1, *ps.* ippir, 43, 4 : *pm.* apir, 7, 5 : 9, 4 : 10, 5 : 18, 5 : 26, 3 : 34, 1 : 41, 1 : 43, 1 : aprat, 209, 4 : 243, 3 :

ípîšu, make, I, 1, ippuš, 86, *r.* 8 : 240, *r.* 1 : KAK-uš, 38, 8 : KAK, 94, *r.* 7 : nippaš, 256, 6 : ípašuma, 256, 7 : ni-í-pu-šu, 34, *r.* 4 : *pc.* lipuš, 82, *r.* 9 : li-í-pu-uš, 217, *r.* 6 : lipušu, 272, *r.* 12 : li-pu-u-šú, 96, 4 : *inf.* ípišu, 274, *r.* 5 :

I, 2, itipšu, 274, *r.* 4 :

aṣû, go forth, I, 1, uṣṣi, 236, 7 : uṣṣû, 33, *r.* 4 : 70, *r.* 6 : uṣa, 21A, 4 : uṣumma, 235, 4 : UD . DU ^{pl}-ni 242, 5 : *pm.* aṣi, 182, 5 : *inf.* aṣûšu, 155, *r.* 3 : aṣí, 33, 5 :

I, 2, ittaṣâ, 155, *r.* 4 : ittuṣi, 235, 5 :

**ṣâtu*, exit, ṣâsu, 55, 7 :

ṣîtu, exit, 140, 8 : *ṣit Šamši*, sunrise.

**iṣu*, half, 155, *r.* 4 :

iṣu, tree, wood.

**aṣâru*, enclose, *I, 1, íṣiruni, 152, *r.* 9 : liṣiru, 152, *r.* 7 : II, 2, utaṣaru, 105, *r.* 4 :

**iṣṣuru*, bird, 238, *r.* 2 :

iḳlu, field, 85A, *r.* 7 : iḳlâ, 124, *r.* 4 : iḳlâm, 242, *r.* 5 :

**aḳâru*, be valuable, I, 1, iḳḳir, 88, 4 :

*aḳrabu, scorpion, 200, 2 : 239, 2 .

íratu, pregnant, pl. 98, 2 :

**urru*, light, 116, 3 : 200, 1 :

**urritum*, point of light, 268, 3 :

írîbu, enter, I, 1, *ps.* írab, 217, *r.* 7 : *pt.* írubu, 205A, *r.* 4 : 236, 2 :

I, 2 : *ps.* ítarab, 103, 2 : 175, 7 : 235, 2 : *pt.* itírub, 90, *r.* 15 :

III, 1. lušíribûni, 152, *r.* 3 :

III, 2, ultíribu, 22, 9 :

írib Šamši, sunset.

irbu, four, ir-bi, 88, 8 : irba, 269, 11 :

**aribu*, locust, 223, *r.* 1 : 261, 2 : 269, 3 :

urubatu, desolation, *pl.* 203, 3 : 204, 3 : 205, *r.* 1 : 209, 6 :

ardu, slave, 15, *r.* 1, 2 : 26, *r.* 5 : *pl.* 22, 10 :

arâdu, go down, I, 1, *ps.* urradu, 187, 2 : *inf.* arad, 27, *r.* 3 : 48, 7 : 128A, *r.* 1 : *pt.* (?) . . *ridu*, 184, *r.* 3 :

arḫu, month, *arhussu*, monthly, 82, 10 : 134, 7 :

**arḫiš*, quickly, 70, *r.* 5 : 235, 7 : 247, 7 :

arâku, belong, I, 1, *pt.* GID . DA, 1, 4 : 2, 3 : 3, 3 : 16, 3 : 41, 5, *r.* 3 : GID . DA-ik, 10, 3 : 12, 3 : 20, 3 : GID, 17, 4 : írik, 7, 3 : *inf.* arak, 151, 5 : araku, 15, *r.* 5 : GID . DA, 16, *r.* 3 :

II, 1, *ps.* urrak, 90, 7 : 111, 4 : *pt.* urrik, 247, *r.* 1 : *inf.* urruku, 15, *r.* 6 :

arku, long, GID . DA ^{pl}, 1, 5 : 2, 4 : 3, 4 : 10, 4 : 18, 4 : 30, *r.* 4 : 35, *r.* 7 : GID ^{pl}, 7, 4 : 17, 5 :

arki, after.

**arkanu*, back part, 272, *r.* 4 :

**urnuntu*, war, 272, *r.* 6.

**arasu*, 236F, *r.* 5 :

**irpu*, cloudy, ŠU . ŠU . RU, 87, 3, 5, 6 : irpi, 47A, *r.* 1 : 87, 5, 6 : 235, *r.* 7 : irbi, 252B, 6 :

urpatu, cloud, DÍR ^{pl}, 35, 4 : IM . DIR, 76, *r.* 1 : IM . DIR ^{pl} (*gl.* urpâti), 98, 2 : 139, 6 :

**irtu*, breast, 223, 6 : 223A, *r.* 6 :

AŠ . A . AN, corn, 181, *r.* 2 :

**išu*, be, I, 1, la aššu, 21, *r.* 4 : 89, *r.* 5 : la ašša, 274P, 3 :

**aššu*, now, so, 108, 7 :

ašabu, dwell, I, 1, *ps.* KU-ab, 10, *r.* 1 : 12, 6 : KU, 32, 2 : uššab, 42, 3 : išabma, 244, 4 : išamma, 246, 3 : KU ^{pl} : *pm.* ašbaku, 183, *r.* 6 : ašbu, 274, 5, *r.* 6.

III, 1 : ušiššib, 246E, *r.* 4 :

šubtu, seat.

išdu, foundation.

**išdiḫu*, 144B, 7 :

**ašlu*, 159, *r.* 2 :

**iššikku*, *pl.* 207, *r.* 3 :

íšîru, prosper, I, 1 : SI . DI, 10, 6 : 11, 6 : 12, 6 : 26, 4 : 41, 2 : SI . DI . ^{pl} 88, *r.* 5 : iššir, 49, 2 : 103, *r.* 1 : ašir, 257, *r.* 6 :

II, 1, uššaru, 207, *r.* 6 :

**išartu*, justice, 246, 6 :

**mišaru*, justice, 49, *r.* 3 :

**miširtu*, justice, 121, 4 :

ašar, where.

**aširtu*, sanctuary, ašrat, 207, *r.* 6 :

ašaridutu, pre-eminence.

**iširtu*, temple, 199A, *r.* 4 : 271, *r.* 8 :

ištínu, one, I-ín, 218, *r.* 3 : 268, *r.* 2 :

**ištu*, trouble, 137, *r.* 4 : 276, 2 : pl. 186, *r.* 3 : 187, 8, *r.* 5 :

**ištu*, 270, *r.* 6 :
**ata*, now, 240, *r.* 7 :
itti, with.
**atû*, III, 2, be invisible, šutatû (*see index*, *under moon and sun*). uštatâ, 147, *r.* 7 : 148, *r.* 4 :
**atta*, thou, 170, *r.* 3 :
**utukku*, demon, 163, 7 :
atalû, eclipse.
*ittimali, yesterday, 55, 6 :
atmû, speech, 127, *r.* 1 : 128, 2 :
**atinnu*, 181, *r.* 5 :
ítíḳu, pass. I, 1, *ps.* ittiḳ, 251, *r.* 10 : 227, *r.* 2 : lu-la-ti-iḳ, 243A, *r.* 2 : 245, 6 : *pt.* LU-iḳ, 29, *r.* 2 : 272, *r.* 4 : ítiḳ, 187, 1 : 194, 2 : lu-ítiḳ, 103, *r.* 3 :
I, 2, itítiḳ, 274, 4 : itíttiḳ, 274F, 3 :
III, 2, *ps.* ušittiḳ, 64A, *r.* 3 : *pt.* ušítaḳ, 271B, 3, *r.* 2 :
**mitíḳu*, journey, 151, *r.* 6 :
**ba'âdu* (separate), I, 1, *ibid.*, 249, *r.* 6 : libid, 249, *r.* 6 :
**ba'âlu*, grow bright, I, 1, *ps.* ibail, 172, *r.* 5 : iba'il, 186, 7 : *pt.* ib-il, 232, *r.* 3 : 266B, 6 : *pm.* bail, 84, *r.* 3 : 244D, *r.* 1 : ba'il, 167 : *r.* 7, 186, 5 : *inf.* ba'il, 185, 5 : 196, 3, *r.* 2 : ba-il, 271, 11 :
I, 2, ibtail, 30, *r.* 1 : ibta'il, 69, *r.* 3 :
**bâbu*, gate, *esp.* opening in a halo, 179, 2 :
**bâru*, capture, I, 1, i-bar, 276, 7 :
bibbu, planet, LU . BAD ^{pl} 112, *r.* 7 :
**bubutu*, hunger, 85A, *r.* 6 : 73, *r.* 2 :
bubbulu, Moon's disappearance (*see index*).
**biblu*, 194A, 5 : 211A, 2 : 271, 7 :
**bubultu*, produce, 270, 16 : 271, *r.* 13 :
**babtu*, uncovered space, 249, *r.* 6 :
**bikitu*, weeping, *pl.* 205, *r.* 1 : 209, 6 :
bîlu, rule, I, 1, ÍN-il, 29, 3 : ibíl, 26, *r.* 3 : 38, 5 : ? i-bí-lum, 276, 3 : (or i-til-lum).
bílu, lord.
**bíl damí*, murderer, 90, *r.* 11 : bíl-dini, 267A, 7 :
**bílutu*, lordship, 85A, 8 :
bûlu, cattle, 86, *r.* 5 : 88, *r.* 4 : 98, 6 : 101A, 3 : 103, *r.* 4 : 105, *r.* 2 : *pl.* 129, 5 :
**balû*, finish, wear out, I, 1, balat, 123, *r.* 2 :
balâṭu, live, I, 1, ibaluṭ(uṭ), 35, *r.* 2 : 31, 4 :
balaṭu, life, ba-[la]-ṭi 85A, 7 : ba-la-ṭu, 111, 4 : ba-la .., 105, *r.* 6 : TIN, 90, 7 : TIL . LA, 93, 6 :
balṭu, alive, *pl.* 207, *r.* 4 :
**balkatu*, revolt, IV, 1, 264, *r.* 2 : 265, 2 :
**banû*, build, I, 1, banû, 268, *r.* 13 :
**banû*, make shine, I, 1, ibni, 272, *r.* 4 : ibnu, 272, *r.* 5 :
**bínnu*, 200, 4 :
**barû*, revolt, I, 1, ḪI . GAR, 192, 7 : ibaru, 193, 3 :
**bartu*, revolt, ḪI . GAR, 43, 7 (*gl.* bar-ti) : 168, 5, 181, 3 : 237, 8 : 244A, 2 : 269, 13 : 272A, 11 : ba-ar-ti, 247A, 11 :
**barû*, III, 2 : satiate, uštabarri, 187, *r.* 1 : uštabarru, 186, *r.* 6 : 193, *r.* 3 (?)
**barrû*, 191A, 4 :

birtu, fortress, *pl.* 27, *r.* 2 : 48, 6 : 130A, *r.* 1 : 136R, *r.* 3 :
birtu, between, 264, *r.* 8 :
barâmu, be coloured, I, 1, TAR, 175, 4 : 244, 2 : 245, 3 : 246, 1, 4 :
barâḳu, lighten, I, 1, ibriḳ, 235, *r.* 6 : 256B, 6 : 256C, 4 : 257, 2 :
birḳu, lightning, 235, *r.* 6 :
bariru, evening, bar-ir, 215, *r.* 4 :
bararitu, evening, 271, 2 : 272B, 2 :
bašû, be, I, 1, *ps.* IK . . 25, 6 : IK-ši : IK, 88, *r.* 4 : ibaši, 21, *r.* 2 : ibašši, IK ^{pl}-a, 95, *r.* 2 : *inf.* bašû, 22, 8 :
*I, 2, ittabši, 22A, 5 :
*III, 1, lušibšima, 252A, *r.* 3 :
*IV, 1, ibbašši, 145, 2 : ibbaššû, 162, *r.* 3 :
bušu, property, 256A, 7 : 269, *r.* 8 : 272, *r.* 14 :
bîtu, house.
bit tamarti, 39, 7 :
bit ḳatâ II, 240, 9 :
bit, 89, *r.* 10 : 267, *r.* 1 : 267, B, 14 :
batû, cut in pieces ? I, 1, ibatti, 257, *r.* 4 :
bûtu, interval, 89, *r.* 8 : 152, *r.* 6 :
batâḳu, burst forth, II, 1, lubattiḳ, 272B, *r.* 7 :
gabbu, all.
gubru, man, gu-ub-ri, 223, *r.* 2 :
gabšu, plentiful, 170, 2 : 217, *r.* 6 :
gadu, 272A, 7 :
gamâru, complete, I, 1, *pt.* igmur, 271, *r.* 2 : 272A, 2 : *pm.* gamir, 185, 6 : 196, 4 :
II, 1, lugammîru, 270, 12.
gamiru, complete, 270, 12 : 271, *r.* 9 :
gamirutu, completion, 38, 7 :
*GAN . BA, plenty ? (in No. 69 *napša* seems to be a gloss to GAN . BA) 34, 3 : 69, 4 : 88, 5 :
*GUR, a measure, 185, 1 : 196, 8 : 271, 13.
gurru, 88, *r.* 4 : 185, 11 : 196, 8 : 271, 13 :
*GAR . ḪI . A, 207A, 6 :
girritu, expedition, 204, 5 :
da'ámu, be dark, I, 1, du-'-úmat, 82, 7 :
da'ummatu, darkness, 235, *r.* 8 : 255, 6 : 257, 5 :
Du'úzu, month Tammuz.
da'aḫu, da-'-ḫi, 238, 2.
dabâbu, speak, I, 1, *ps.* idibbub, 267A, 7 : idabub, 57, 5 : 257, 7 : *pt.* adbubu, 267, *r.* 2.
dibbu, word, 88, 7 : 137, 5 : 268, 1 :
duḫdu, plenty, 64, 2 : 65, 5 : 66, 2 :
daḫdutu, plenty, 185, 8 : 271, 12 :
dâku, kill, I, 1, *ps.* GAZ, 63, 3 : 269, *r.* 1 : *pt.* idduku, 240, *r.* 3 : *pc.* liduk, 146A, *r.* 4 : *pm.* dîku, 175, 6 : di-í-i-ḳi, 257, *r.* 4 :
dullu, service, 82, *r.* 8 : 268, *r.* 10 :
dalḫatu, trouble, 186, *r.* 3 : 187, 9 :
duluḫḫu, disturbance, 112, 5 :
dalâlu, be thin, I, 1, idlul, 111, 8 : 117, 7 : 144A, *r.* 6 :
damḳu, lucky, 8, *r.* 2 : da-anḳu, 89, edge 1 : f. 16, *r.* 2 : 126, 9 : *pl.* 123, *r.* 5 :
dimḳu, 56, 3 (?) ; 140, *r.* 5 :
dunḳu, propitious, 103, 10 : 139, 5 :

*dânu, judge, I, 1, *imp.*, dinâ, 240, *r.* 9 :
*dînu, judgment, 251A, 5, 6 :
danânu, be great, I, 1, *ps.* DAN. GA, 37, 3 : idannin, 82, *r.* 5 : 145, *r.* 3 : *pm.* dan[nat], 76, *r.* 1 : II, 1, udan[nin], 269, 2 :
dannu, strong, 90, 10 :
*duppu, tablet, *pl.* 160, 7 :
*dupšarru, scribe, am Rab-dup-šar, 160, *r.* 5 :
*diparu, torch, 202, 6 :
*dupšum, 229, 3.
*DIR . ŠÍ, intercalary Adar, 225, *r.* 4 : DIR . ŠÍ . KIN . TAR, 371, *r.* 5 :
*DIR, be dark, I, 1, *pm.* (?) di-rat, 43, 5, *r.* 1 :
dâru, be longlasting, I, 1, *pc.* ludari, 22B, *r.* 3 : 136D, *r.* 5 : *pm.* darat (= 'consecutive'). 70, 7 :
dariš, long, 15, *r.* 8 : 19, *r.* 6 : 20, *r.* 4 :
*diš, 186, *r.* 5 (bis) : 187, 10, *r.* 1 : 193, *r.* 2, 3 :
*dišpu, honey, 89, edge 3 :
zibbatu, tail, 200, 2 : 223, 6 : *du.* 277, 2, *r.* 1 :
*zagmu, 28, *r.* 4 : 199A, 6 : 269, *r.* 3 :
*zuḫarutu, 232, 8 :
*zakû, be clear, I, 1, *ps.* izakkâ, 186, *r.* 3 : 187, 9 : *pt.* izku, 271, 2 : *pm.* zakaku, 272, *r.* 19 :
*zakuta, purity, 240, 7 :
zakkaru, male, UŠ pl 94, *r.* 4 : zak-ka . . 98, *r.* 3 :
*zakaru, call, I, 1, *pm.* zakru, 270, 13, *r.* 7 : 271, 6, *r.* 10 :
*zallummû, brilliance, 183, 1 :
*zalpu, unrighteousness, 181, 1 :
*zimu, brightness, 185, 5 : 271, 11 :
*zinu, angry, 82, 8 : *pl.* 185, 7 :
zanânu, rain, I, 1 : SUR-nun, 60, 3 : izanun, 84, 9 : izzanun, 139, *r.* 3 :
zunnu, rain, A . AN, 37, 4 : *pl.* 70, 10 : zu-un-nu, 98, 2 : 139, *r.* 3 : zu-un-ni-i, 252F, 5.
*ziḳu, wind, 103, *r.* 3 :
*zaḳapu, overcome, I, 1, tazakip, 69, 7 :
*ziḳtu, sting, 95, *r.* 4 : 141, *r.* 1 : 209, 1 : 236G, 5 : 239, 2 : 272, *r.* 1 :
*ziru, seed, 257, *r.* 2 :
*zaru, 247A, *r.* 11.
*zirtu, *pl.* 190, 2 : 190A, 2 :
ḪU . BI . A, 269, 1 :
*ḫabâlu, destroy, I, 1, *p.* iḫabbil, 270, *r.* 6 : 271, 4 : *pm.* ḫabil, 270, *r.* 6 : 271, 5 :
*ḫabalu, 212A, edge 1.
*ḫablu, destructive, 163, 7 :
*ḫabâtu, spoil, I, 1, liḫbuti, 22, *r.* 2 :
I, 2, iḫtabtuni, 22, 7 :
IV, 1, iḫḫabbatanimma, 168, 4 :
*ḫabbatu, robber, 88, *r.* 2 : 103, 7 : 224, 4 :
*ḫubtu, spoil, 115E, 4 : 230, 3 :
*ḫubbutu, spoil, 22, 6, 9 : 118, 7 : 153, *r.* 5 :
*ḫadû, rejoice, I, 1, luḫa[di], 33, *r.* 3 : luḫâ[di], 50, *r.* 7 :
*ḫadû, joy, 48, *r.* 3 :
ḫudu, joy, 46, *r.* 3 :
*ḫidutu, joy, 19, *r.* 4 :
*ḫaṭu, III, 2, ultaḫṭuni, 158, *r.* 4.
*ḫiṭṭu, sin, 88, 10 : ḫitu, 274, *r.* 5 :
*ḫakâmu, III, 1, inform, ušaḫkam, 68, *r.* 5 :
*am ḪAL, magician, 18, *r.* 3 : 186, *r.* 9 : 187, *r.* 3 :

*ḫalâpu, be obscure, I, 1 : iḫallup, 43, *r.* 3 : *inf.* ḫalapu, 43, *r.* 4 :

*ḫalâḳu, perish, I, 1, *ps.* ḪA . A, 181, 1 : iḫalliḳ, 103, 10 :

I, 2, taḫtíliḳ, 183, *r.* 6 :

šaḫluḳtu, destruction, 88, *r.* 4 : 114, 7 :

*ḫanṭiš, swiftly, 48, *r.* 2 : 272, *r.* 17 :

*ḫannû, that, 112, *r.* 7 :

ḫasâsu, intend, understand, I, 1, *ps.* iḫassasu, 46, *r.* 2 : 133, 4 : iḫasasu, 117, 6 : iḫassu, 144A, 3 : *pm.* ḫassuma, 268, *r.* 15, *pm.* luḫasi[s], 164, *r.* 8 : lûḫasis, 160, *r.* 3 :

*ḫasisu, variant for *uznu*, 144D, *r.* 2 :

*ḫipû, spoil, I, 1, iḫpûni, 200, *r.* 5 :

I, 2, iḫtípû, 272, *r.* 14 :

*ḫarâbu, be dry, I, 1, iḫarrubu, 57, 6 : 223, 8 :

*ḫarbiš, fiercely, 59, 5 : 70, 5 :

*ḫarubiš, 246A, 2, 4 :

*ḫarrânu, road.

*ḫuraṣu, gold, 22, *r.* 3 : 85A, *r.* 1 :

ḫušaḫḫu, famine.

*ṭâbu, be good, I, 1, *ps.* DUG . GA, 3, 2 : 7, 2 : 14, 3 : DUG-ab, 1, 3 : 2, 2 : DUG, 27, 1 : 29, 1 : iṭâb, 12, 2 : iṭabi, 19, 2 : 22A, 3 : *pc.* liṭib, 268, *r.* 10 : luṭâbi, 33, *r.* 2 : 50, *r.* 6 : 85, *r.* 7 :

*II, 1, luṭibka, 187, *r.* 10 :

ṭâbu, good, 90, 13 : *f.* 120, 3 : *pl.* 112, 8 : *f. pl.* 201, 7 :

ṭûbu, goodness, 15, *r.* 4, 5 : 19, *r.* 3 : 19A, *r.* 4 :

*ṭabtu, salt, 235A, 12 : 277, *r.* 2 :

Ṭibîtu, month Tebet.

*ṭiḫû, approach, I, 1, *ps.* iṭaḫḫi, 89, *r.* 5 : 112, *r.* 6 : *pt.* TÍ-ḫi : iṭḫi, 88, 9 :

*III II, 2, uštaḫḫâ, 94, *r.* 3 : 108, 3 : uštaḫâ, 143, 8 :

IV, 1 (?), iṭṭiḫi 112, *r.* 3 :

*ṭímu, command, III, 2, nusaṭimuni, 109, *r.* 2.

*ṭímu, command, 34, 9 : 48, *r.* 2 : 268, *r.* 12 :

ṭimu, 270, 7 :

kî, for, kî pî, 'according to,' 22, 10.

-ka, thy.

kaîmanu, constant, SAG . UŠ, 9, 4 : ka-a-a-ma-nu, 34, *r.* 6 : 251, *r.* 7 : 267A, *r.* 5 : ka-a-a-ma-ni-ti, 274, 11 :

kibratu, region, 269, 11.

*kabtu, heavy, 86, *r.* 7 : 268 *r.* 4 : 272, 6 :

*KI . ḪUL, pain, 270, *r.* 7 271, 5 :

kakku, weapon.

kakkabu, star, 251, 7 : *pl* 56, 6 :

*kal, all, 262D, 1 : kala, 200, 3 : 263, 1 : *f.* 123, 7 : *adv.* 136L, 6 : 207A, *r.* 1 :

*kâlu, bring, II, 1, ukal, 98, 2 (*gl.* ukala) : ukallu, 111, 7 : nukâla, 274B, 4 :

II, 2 : uktala, 251, 6 :

*am *kalu*, magician, 256, 7 :

*kalbu, dog, 269, *r.* 2 :

*kalâlu, complete, III, 1, ušaklala, 207, *r.* 5 :

kalâmu, all, KAL . A . BI, 190, 3 : kalâma, 274, 5 (?), *r.* 7 : kalamu, 268, 15 :

*kalâmu, II, 1, shew, ukallimu, 274, *r.* 7 :

kima, like.

*kûmu, 268, 2, *r.* 4 :
*kamasu, I, 1, kamusu, 272A, 12 :
*kamar, 267, 7 :
kânu, be firm, I, 1, *ps.* ikan, 42, 5 : 127, *r.* 1 : 136C, 7 : ikana, 126, 1 : ikanu, 82A, 2, 7 : *pm.* kini, 24, 5 : kinu, 136, 5 :
*I, 2, iktun, 185, 1 : 186, 1 : 196, 11 : 271, edge 1 :
*II, 1, *ps.* ukanu, 199, *r.* 4 : *pt.* ukin, 206, 5 : *pm.* kunna, 25, *r.* 4 : *inf.* kunnu, 15, *r.* 7 : *part* mukinnu, 267A, 6, 7 :
*II, 2, uktinnu, 90, *r.* 11 :
kînu, firm.
kittu, truth, justice.
*kinunu, censer, 151, *r.* 10 :
*kinatu, servants, 90, *r.* 13 : 170, *r.* 7 :
kussu, throne.
Kisilimu, month Kislew.
*kasâsu, divide, IV, 1, munik-sisa, 209, 4 :
*kaspu, silver, 22, *r.* 3 : 90, *r.* 18 :
*kâpu, bend, I, 1, *pm.* kipat, 69, 6 : *ps.* ikippi, 268, *r.* 6 :
*kapâdu, II, 2, uktappad, 277AE, 6 :
*kupuru, covering, 269, 4, 6 : 270, *r.* 1 : 271, 1, 3 :
kuṣṣu, cold, 62, 7 : 84, *r.* 4 :
*kaṣâru, I, 1, be uninterrupted (of halos), *pm.* kaṣir, 95, 3 : kaṣru, 96, 5 : *pt.* ikṣur, 112, 3, 6 : II, 2, uktaṣara, 98, 3 : 124, 10 : 180, *r.* 2 : uktaṣṣara, 115A, *r.* 3 : 115D, *r.* 3 :
*kiṣru, 28, 2 (?) : 160, *r.* 6 :
*karû, be short, I, 1, *pt.* ikri, 41, 6 : ikru, 30, 6 :
*kiru, *garden*, 123, 7 :
*kirbu, 82, *r.* 8 :
*kurkurru, circle, 243A, 1 :
*karmutu, ruin, 252E, 6 : 266, *r.* 2 :
*karanu, wine, 123, 8 (?).
*kurusissu, worm (?), 98, 4 :
*kartu, want (?), 164, *r.* 3 : 276, 4 :
*kâšu, cease (?), I, 1, ikaši, 236, 6 :
*kašbu, two hours, 94, 8 : 155, *r.* 8 : 201, 1 :
kašâdu, conquer, reach, I, 1, *pt.* KUR-ud, 88, 5 : ikšud, 88, 9 : ikšudamma, 124, 1 : ikša-damma, 272, *r.* 4 : *ps.* KUR-ád, 41, *r.* 1 : ikaššad, 30, 7 : 31, 8 : 207, 6 : ikaššadu, 44, *r.* 10 : *pm.* kašdû, 229, 2 :
I, 2, iktašad, 235, 1 : 243A, 5 :
IV, 1, ikkaššad, 105, 7 : 223, *r.* 3 :
kiššatu, might, 73, 3 :
kiššutu, might, 56, 5 : 60, *r.* 3 : 85A, 8 :
*kutallu, back, 192, *r.* 3 :
*katâtu, III, 2, grow dim (?), uštaktitma, 208, 3 : 208A, 3 : uštaktima, 204, *r.* 1 :
la, not.
lû, or, lû-lû 82, 5, *r.* 7–8 : 166, 6 : lu-lu, 169, 1 :
*li'u, tablet, 152, *r.* 1, 4 : 160, 6 : 181A, *r.* 3 :
*la'abu, flame, 223, 5 :
libbu, heart.
*liblibbu, offspring, 207, *r.* 5 :
*labânu, make bricks, I, 1, libin, 73, *r.* 4.
*libittu, brick, 73, *r.* 3, 4 :
labâru, be old, II, 1, *ps.* BAD-bar, 127, *r.* 3 : ulabbar, 129, 10 : ulabar, 1360, 9 :
*labiru, old, *pl.* 245, 4 :

**labâšu*, clothe, IV, 1, illabiš, 151, *r.* 9 :

lamû, surround, I. 1, *pt.* KIL, 85, 5 : KIL-mi, 90, 8 : NIGIN, 49, *r.* 1 : ilmíšu, 141, *r.* 2 : ilmû, 85, *r.* 1 : *ps.* NIGIN-mi, 49, 6 : *inf.* lamu, 89, *r.* 7.

I, 2, ilti(mí), 141, *r.* 3 : iltami, 153, *r.* 1 :

**limmu*, eponymy, 264, edge 1 :

** lamânu*, be evil, I, 1, *ps.* ilammina) 272, 14 : *pm.* limna, 272, *r.* 7, 8, 10 :

**limnitu*, evil, 199, 1 :

lumnu, evil.

limuttu, evil.

**lapâtu*, turn, I, 1, *ps.* ilapat, 95, 4. ilappat, 215, 6 : 230, 4, *r.* 1 : 251, *r.* 2 : talapat, 108, 6 : *pm.* lapit, 249, *r.* 2 :

I, 2 : ilta[pat], 33, 6 :

II, 1, ulappat, 172, *r.* 3, 6 :

**šalputtu*, evil, 246E, *r.* 6 :

**šulputtu*, evil, 246E, *r.* 4 :

laḳû, take, I, 1, *ps.* TIL-ḳi, 120, 5 : iliḳḳi, 59, 4 : 66, *r* 1 :

lišânu, tongue, IMÍ, 62, 3 : 76, 3. lišânu, 76, 3 : lišânu, 76, 3 :

lîtu, valiance, 104, 6 : 244, 3 : 246, 2 :

-ma, and.

mâ, thus.

**ma'âdu*, be many, I, 1, *ps.* imaid, 185, 10 : 196, 7 : imandi, 60, 2 : imaddi, 267, 9 : imandu, 152, *r.* 5 : 271, 4 :

**ma'adu*, much, 18, *r.* 4 : 22A, *r.* 1 : 56, 3 : 117, *r.* 1 : *pl.* 34, *r.* 3 : 197, 2 : 199, 6 : *f. pl.* 19, *r.* 7 : *adv.* 33, *r.* 3 : 181. *r.* 4 :

**ma'alu*, bed, 216, *r.* 3 : 231, 2 : 232, 2 : 244C, *r.* 4 :

**ma'âru*, direct, I, 1, *pm.*, ma'ar, 22A, *r.* 2 :

II, 1, umâr, 276, 6 :

mu'irru, ruler, 199A, 1 : 228, 6 :

** magâru*, benefit, I, 1, imagar, 217, 6 : 218, 2 : 218A, 8.

III, 1, lušamgur, 70, *r.* 6 :

**maddagiš*, 195A, 3 :

muḫḫu, presence.

**míḫû*, storm, 258, *r.* 1 :

maḫâṣu, strike, I, 1, *ps.* imaḫḫaṣ, 23, 6 : 39, *r.* 2 : 47A, 6 : *pc.* limhaṣa 272C, *r.* 5 : *pm.* mahiṣ, 267A, 1 :

*IV, 1, immaḫḫaṣ, 151, *r.* 8 :

am *maḫiṣu*, 277, 5 :

taḫaṣu, battle, 181, 2 :

**maḫâru*, I, 1 (face), be hostile, pray = *ps.* imaḫḫara, 271, *r.* 8 : amaḫḫar, 73, *r.* 2 : imaḫḫaru, 186, *r.* 8 : 268, 5 : *pm.* maḫru, 187, *r.* 3 :

I, 2, *ps.* imdaḫḫaru, 99, *r.* 5 : imdahhar-ú-ma, 103, *r.* 7 : *pm.* miṯḫara, 26, 6 : 44, 7 : miṯḫaru, 195, 9 :

IV, 2, ittammíḫir, 57, *r.* 4 (?) : 180, 6 :

IV, 3, issanaḫḫar, 88, 4 : 103, *r.* 11 :

maḫrû, former, ŠI-u, 26, *r.* 6 : 33, *r.* 7 : 59, *r.* 5 : 60, *r.* 4 : 65, *r.* 2 : 66, *r.* 6 : 85, *r.* 8 : 96B, *r.* 3 : ŠI-ú, 27, *r.* 7 : 32, *r.* 6 : 87, *r.* 3 : maḫrî, 151A, 7 : *f.* 70, *r.* 5 : 159, *r.* 3.

miḫritu, 86, *r.* 2 :

maḫiru (1) rival, GAB . RI, 82, *r.* 5 : maḫiru, 36A, 5 : 88, 12 :

(2) market-tariff, KI . LAM, 20, *r.* 1 :

**miṯḫariš*, reciprocally, 39, 4 :

**muk*, 57, 2 : 111, 7 (?)

mílu, flood.

**mala*, all, 22, 8, *r.* 4 : 267A, 8, *r.* 2 : 272, *r.* 7 :

**malû*, be full, I, 1, imallu, 207, *r.* 4 :

**malâḫu*, II, 1, mulluḫ, 200, *r.* 7 :

malâku, counsel, I, 1, *ps.* 45, 4 : 82, 3 :

*I, 2, *pm.* mitluk, 195, 5 :

milku, counsel, 45, 4 : 82, 3 :

**mîlammu*, brilliance, 145, 1 :

**mîlišu* (?) 191, 2 :

mammu, anyone, 85A, *r.* 8 : 60, 2 :

**mimmu*, anything, 85A, *r.* 5, 7 : 215, 6, *r.* 4 : 267A, *r.* 21, 272, *r.* 8 :

**mîmîni* (indefinite interrog. particle), 21, *r.* 2 : 57, 4 : 89, 11 : 235, 6, 10 : 257, *r.* 1 :

mînu, what, 76, *r.* 6 : 124, *r.* 2, 5 : 210, 5 : ammíni, 170, *r.* 7 : 240, *r.* 7 : 268, *r.* 9 :

**mannu*, who, 124, *r.* 5 :

manû, count, I, 1, *ps.* imnû, 22, 5 : *pc.* limnû, 22, *r.* 2 :

minatu, number, 1, 4 : 2, 3 : 5, 3 : 11, 3 : 82, *r.* 2 : 119, 4 :

**minitu*, part (?) 268, 8 :

**mandîma*, anything, 90, *r.* 2 : 268, *r.* 7 : 274, 9 :

**manma*, any one, 236B, *r.* 7 :

**masû*, clean, II, 1, umassi, 181, *r.* 6.

**masartu*, siege, attack (?) masa-ar-ti, 240, 9 :

maḳâtu, smite, I, 1, *pm.* maḳtu, III, 1, ušamkat, 270, 9 : ušamḳatu, 270, 9 : 272A, 9 : *inf.* RU-ut, 44, *r.* b : 49, 2 : RU-ta, 119, 7 : 213, 5 : RU-tim, 86, *r.* 4 : 94, 6 :

**marû*, II, 1, spoil, umarri, 201A, 3 : 202, 3 : umarrum, 243B, *r.* 3 :

mâru, son, 10, *r.* 3 : 11, *r.* 3 : 124, *r.* 10.

mâr-šipri, messenger, 66, *r.* 4 :

**marâṣu*, be sick, I, 1, *pm.* marṣaku, 158, *r.* 5 : 243C, *r.* 2 : maruṣ, 18, *r.* 4 : murṣat (?) 81K, 7 : marṣûni, 257, 9 :

I, 2, GIG^{pl} 269, *r.* 1 :

I, 3, imdanaraṣ, 257, *r.* 7 :

marṣu, sick, *pl.*, 181B, 4 :

**murṣu*, sickness, 69A, 5 : 81G, 3 : 257, 8 : 271, 9 :

**mîrišu*, planting, 88, *r.* 5 : 99, *r.* 1 : 101, 2 : 234, 8 : 267, 9 :

mušu, night, 21A, 3 : 52, 4 : 94, 1 :

**mašâḫu*, I, 1, imšuḫ, 91, *r.* 1 : 164, *r.* 2 :

mišḫu, 91, *r.* 1 : 164, *r.* 1 : 190, 3, *r.* 2 : mišḫu mašaḫu = grow brilliant.

mašmašu, magician.

**mašâru*, leave, II, 1, *pt.* umašširanni, 73, 4, *r.* 5 : 158, *r.* 6 : 267A, *r.* 7 : umašširu, 90, *r.* 14 : *ps.* . . maš (?) šaršu, 136B, *r.* 4 :

**mîšru*, plenty, 200, 6 :

mâtu, land.

mâtu, die, I, 1. *ps.* amati, 73, *r.* 6 ; 158, *r.* 7 : BAD, 84, *r.* 8 : BAD^{pl}, 82, 6 :

**mati–*immatimma, 249, *r.* 5, 7 :

**matâḫu*, I, 1, *pm.* matiḫ, 76, *r.* 4 : *pc.* lintuḫu, 274P, 2 :

IV, 3 : ittantaḫa, 84, 6 : 188, *r.* 2 :

**mutânu*, plague, 232, 3 :

**mitutu*, death, 267A, 3 :

**na'alu*, put, *esp.* preserve, andidilšu, 277, *r.* 2 :

**nâru*, river, corona, 90, 8 : 91, 5 : 112A, 3 : 118, 1 : 153, *r.* 6 :

**na'ru*, bright, 270, *r* 10 : 271, 9 :

NU . BAD-tu, festival, 55, *r.* 1 :

nabâṭu, be brilliant, IV, 1, inambuṭ, 244A, 1 :

IV, 3, ittananbiṭu, 86, 6 : ittannanbiṭu, 272, 7 : *pm.* ninbuṭa, 223A, *r.* 6 :

**nabṭu*, brilliance, 277V, a.

**nibṭu*, brilliance, 86, 3 :

**nabâlu*, destroy, IV, 1, innabal, 269, *r.* 2 :

**nagâlu*, IV, 1, ningula, 223A, *r.* 5 :

nadû, place, I, 1, *pm.* nadi, 70, 9 : RU, 137, *r.* 3 : *ps.* inandu, 188, 7 : inadûni, 256A, 9 : anaddika, 267A, 3 : *pt.* RU, 253, 1 :

I, 2 : ittidi, 235, *r.* 4 :

**nidu*, parhelion, 29, *r.* 4 : 68, 7 : 70, 9 : 137, *r.* 3 : 182, 1, 3, 5, *r.* 1 : 183, 3 :

nadânu, give, I, 1, *ps.* inamdin, 182R, 2 : 272B, 4 : SÍ-in, 185, 11 : *pm.* nadin, 268, 6, *pt.* iddannu, 20, *r.* 6 : addinu, 272, 5 : *pc.* liddinu, 183, *r.* 7 : lidinu, 217, *r.* 8 : *inf.* nadanu, 90, *r.* 1 : nadan, 143A, *r.* 7 :

I, 2, ittadin, 272C, *r.* 4, 6 :

III, 2, uštaddanu, 195, 4, 5 : šutadunu, 195, 5 :

nadâru, rage, IV, 1, innadaru, 153, *r.* 4 : innandaru, 88, *r.* 2 : 103, 7 : innamdaru, 143, *r.* 1 : *inf.* nandur, 140, 2 : 153, 2 :

nazâzu, stand, I, 1, *ps.* DU, 86, *r.* 9 : DU-az, 27, *r.* 6 : izzaz, 39, *r.* 4 : izzazûni, 70, *r.* 8 : *pt.* DU-iz, 49, *r.* 2 : DU-zi, 29, *r.* 1 : izzizu, 103, *r.* 8 : azziz, 247A, *r.* 8 : *by-forms*, izuz, 170, 6 : uzuzaku, 247A, *r.* 10 : uzussu, 247A, 2 : ittašiz, 215, 8 :

manzazu, station, 27, *r.* 6 : 37, *r.* 3 : 87A, *r.* 3 : 91, *r.* 4 : 247, *r.* 1 :

**manzaltu*, station, 185, 12 :

**nazâku*, IV, 2 : ittazkinni, 73, *r.* 3 :

nazâḳu, injure, I, 1, *inf.* nazaḳ, 265, 4 : 266, *r.* 4 : 267, *r.* 2 :

IV, 1, inanzik, 272, *r.* 6 :

**niziḳtu*, harm, 59, 6 : 70, 6 :

nâḫu, rest, I, 1, *pm.* RU-iḫ, 56, 2 : niḫ, 142, *r.* 2 :

*III, 2, uštaniḫ, 272A, 1 :

**nîḫu*, restful, *f.* 26, 7 : 29, *r.* 3 : 44, 8 : 183, 7 : 187, 2, *r.* 2 :

**naḫâšu*, be abundant, I, 1, *ps.* inaḫiš, 187, 6 : 266B, 7 : KAN-aš (?), 37, 3 :

nuḫšu, plenty, 20, 6 : 31, 5 : 35, 3 : 233, 5 :

**naṭâšu*, leave, IV, 1, inaṭiš, 210, 7 :

**nakâlu*, be cunning, II, 1, unakkala, 267A, *r.* 6 :

**niklâtum*, cunning, 267A, *r.* 5.

**nikasu*, property, 267A, 5, 8 :

**nakapu*, overcome, I, 1, inakap (kip), 82, 8.

II, 1, unakkap, 32, 5 : 44, 6 : unakap, 26, *r.* 4 : 46, 3 :

**nakâru*, be hostile, I, 1, KUR-ir, 86, *r.* 4 :

II, 2, uttanakkar, 204, 4 :

nakru, foe, 28, *r.* 4 : 357 : 61, 3 :

nakurtu, hostility, 82, *r.* 2 : 260, 2 :

**namû*, ruin, 165, 6 : 211, *r.* 2 :

**NAM . BUL . BI*, 82, *r.* 7 : 88, 10 : 96, 4 : 195, *r.* 8 : 274, *r.* 4 :

namâru, be bright, I, 1, *pm.* namir, 200, 1 : namrat, 223, 6 : *pt.* ṢAB-ir, 31, 3, 4 : *ps.* inammira, 187, 8 :

*IV, 1, ninmura, 223, 7 : nanmur, 59, 5 : 70, 5 :

namru, bright, 28, 3 : *pl.* 35, *r.* 4 :

**namuru*, brightness, 246A, 6 :

nammašu, beast, 94, 6.

**nammaštu*, beast, 101A, 3 (?) : 105, 2 (?) : 200, 2, 10 :

nunu, fish, 270, 11 :

**nissabu*, cereals, 222, 2 : ^{ilu} Nisaba, 220, 3 : 221, *r.* 2 :

*nasâḫu, determine, I, 1, anassaḫa, 188, *r.* 4: inasaḫa, 244D, 6: I, 2, attaṣḫa, 88, 9 : 264, 10 : IV, 1, innasaḫa, 112, *r.* 4: 251, *r.* 3 :

**nasiku*, chief, 90, *r.* 8, 9, *f.* 90, *r.* 9 :

Nisannu, month Nisan.

napâḫu, culminate, I, 1, *pt.* KUR-ḫa, 29, *r.* 4 : KUR, 123, *r.* 4 : *inf.* napaḫi, 254, *r.* 1, 2 :

**niphu*, zenith, 68, 7 : 103, *r.* 9 : 181, 7 : 185, 6 : 269, 7 :

**napâlu*, IV, 1, become apparent, [in]-nap-pa-lu, 186, *r.* 10 : IV, 2, itanappal, 187, *r.* 4 :

**napašu*, be plentiful, I, 1, *pt.* inapuš, 111, *r.* 5 : 250, 2 : 252B, 5 : *inf.* napaš, 220, 3 : 221, *r.* 2 : 222, 2 :

**napšu*, abundance, 91, *r.* 2 : 269, 5, 6 :

**naṣu*, naṣ, 109, *r.* 8 :

**naṣâru*, guard, I, 1, *ps.* anamṣar, 240, *r.* 7 : *pt.* iṣṣarru, 202, *r.* 1 : *pc.* liṣṣur, 33, *r.* 6 : 245, *r.* 2 : *imp.* uṣur, 73, 3 : 268, *r.* 12 :

I, 2, atta[ṣar], 235, 2 : nitaṣar, 21, 6 : 76, *r.* 1, 3 :

maṣartu, watch, 33, *r.* 5 : 52, 5 : 85, 7, *r.* 3 : 108, 7 : *pl.* 27, *r.* 3 : 48, 7 : 147, *r.* 2 :

**niku*, niḳû, 243, *r.* 3 :

naḳbu, channel, 112, *r.* 1 : 235, *r.* 6 :

naḳâru, destroy, I, 1, inaḳar, 156, 3 : 157, 5 : 157B, 5 : 157D, 5 : inaḳḳar, 164, 4 :

IV, 1, innaḳaru, 269, *r.* 7 :

**niru*, yoke, 49, 2 :

našû, bring, raise, I, 1, *pm.* naši, 38, 6 : našâ, 216A, 4 : našaku, 272, *r.* 13 : našaka, 52, *r.* 1 : *ps.* inaššu . . 90, *r.* 19 : inaššâ, 164, 3 : inašâ, 157D, 4 : ÍL . LA ^{pl}, 111, 6 : *pt.* iššû, 267A, *r.* 1 : *pc.* lišši, 151, *r.* 5 : 210, *r.* 3 : *inf.* niš, 155B, *r.* 3, 7 : *I, 2, ittaši, 267A, 5, *r.* 4 : ittanši, 146, *r.* 3 : ittašû, 158, *r.* 5 : 272, *r.* 14 :

**našu*, 243B, *r.* 2 :

**nâšu*, quake, I, 1, inuš, 263, 2, 4 : 264, *r.* 7 : 265A, *r.* 3 : 265C, 4 : 266A, 6 : 266B, 4 : 267, *r.* 1 : inu . . 265, 3 : BUL-uš, 264, 5 :

nîšu, people.

nîšu, lion, UR . A ^{pl}, 82, 6 : UR . MAḪ ^{pl}, 94, *r.* 4 :

**natâlu*, sleep, I, 1, littil, 274Q, 2, 4, 6 :

**sâ'u*, overcome, I, 1, isi', 119, 6 :

**sadâru*, I, 1, isdiruni, 31, *r.* 9 :

**sadâru*, prevail, I, 1, *pm.* sadir, 111, *r.* 2 : 141, *r.* 6 : 250, 3 : 251, 4 : 252B, 2 : 252D, 1 : 263, 4 : sadrat, 123, 4 :

II, 1, usadir, 111, *r.* 4: 252B, 4: 264, 3, 9, *r.* 6 : usaddir, 262D, 3 :

**sadru*, copious, *pl.* 271, 12 :

**sidru*, copious, *pl.* 185, 8 : 196, 6 :

**saḫâru*, go round, I, 1, isâḫur,

236G, *r.* 2 : IV, 1, issuḫur, 70, *r.* 2 :

**sili'tu*, weakness, 235, *r.* 2 :

**sililitu* = Sebat, 49, 1, 4 :

salimu, goodwill, 27, *r.* 4 : 99, 9 : 100, 4 :

saluppu, dates, 29, 7 : 88, *r.* 5 :

**sâmu*, be dark, I, 1, isimu, 123, *r.* 4 :

**sâmu*, dark, 37, 4 : 248, 1 :

**simnu*, 217, *r.* 1 :

Simanu, month Siwan.

simanu, calculated time, 82, 1 : 88, 1 :

sanâḳu, draw near, I, 1, *pt.*, isniḳ, 232, *r.* 1, 2 : *inf.* sanâḳu, *passim.*

*II, 1, usanaḳu, 26, *r.* 4 : 44, 6 :

**sunḳu*, famine, 103, *r.* 5 : 192, 5 : 193, 2 :

sinništu, woman.

**sisu*, horse, *pl.* 232, *r.* 1 :

sapâḫu, destroy, I, 1, *inf.* BIR-aḫ, 32, *r.* 2 : BIR, 72, 2 : sapaḫ, 138, 5 :

**supuru*, fold, halo of 46° : 117, 1, 7 :

**sarâru*, I, 1, isarir, 89, *r.* 12 :

**sittu*, rest, remainder, 48, *r.* 1 :

pû, mouth.

pagru, corpse, *pl.* 146, *r.* 5 : 163, 5 :

**tapdu*, destruction, 200, 6 :

**puḫu*, presence, 268, *r.* 11 : 272B, *r.* 6 :

**paḫâru*, collect, IV, 1, 256A, 7 :

**paṭâru*, be interrupted (of halos), I, 1, *pt.* ipṭuru, 117, *r.* 2 : *inf.* paṭar, 27, *r.* 2 : 48, 6 : 130A, *r.* 1 :

palû, reign.

pâlu, be dark, I, 1, *pm.* pil, 37, 2 : pilu, 37, 4 :

**palâḫu*, fear, I, 1, *pm.* palḫaku, 34, *r.* 8 : *inf.* palaḫ, 257, 12 :

**naplusu*, see, IV, 1, tappallas, 229, 1 :

panû, face, former, *f.* panitu, *lapan*, before.

**paššuru*, dish, 247A, *r.* 7 :

**paḳâdu*, command, I, 1, *pc.* lipḳidu, 152, *r.* 8 :

parâgu, shine (?), I, 1, parig, 86, 4 :

parganiš, securely, par-ga-niš, 125, 8 : pár-ga-niš, 129, 6 : par-ga-ni-iš, 136, 0, 6.

**parakku*, shrine, *pl.* 157, 5 : 271, 14 :

**parâsu*, decide, I, 1, iprus, 179, 2 (*gl.*) : luprus, 210, *r.* 3 : *part, f.* paristum, 52, *r.* 3 : 272C, 7 :

**purussu*, decision, 268, 6 : 271, 7 : 272B, 3 :

**pâšu*, pass off, I, 2, iptušu, 55, *r.* 3 :

**paššâru*, interpret, IV, 1, ippaššir, 833 : IV, 2 : ittapšar, 170, *r.* 1 :

pišru, interpretation, 89, *r.* 9 : 111, 2 : 144D, 3 : *rab pi-*[*šir ?*], 158, *r.* 1, 5 :

**pûtu*, direction, 254, *r.* 2 : 272, *r.* 13 :

**patû*, leave an interval, I, 1, *ps.* ipatti, 88, *r.* 10 : 112, *r.* 6 : I, 2, *pm.* pa-a-tí, 88, 9 :

**patû*, open, I, 1, lipittu-šu, 268, *r.* 2 : ipittuni, 152, *r.* 8 : I, 2, aptíti, 89, *r.* 11 : iptíti, 112, *r.* 12 :

pitû, clear, open, 155, *r.* 7 :

**PAT . ḪI . A*, 230, *r.* 3 :

ṣabâtu, seize, I, 1, *ps.* i-iṣ-batu-ú, 90, *r.* 17 : iṣbatuš (*gl.*),

137, *r.* 4 : iṣabat, 277, 4 : LU-bat, 163, 7 : 272, *r.* 6 :

II, 1, ṣabbit (?), 272, *r.* 16 :

III, 1, ušaṣbitanni, 240, *r.* 2 : ušaṣ-ʔ-tu, 115, 7 :

IV, 1, iṣṣabat, 236, 3 : iṣṣab-tanni, 90, edge 2 :

**ṣibutu*, desire, 201, 6 :

ṣaḫâru, be small, I, 1, TUR, 88, 5 : TUR-ir, 103, 5 :

**ṣalû*, pray, II, 1, uṣalli, 272C, *r.* 6 : uṣallû, 124, *r.* 7 : uṣallûni, 257, 13 :

**ṣulû*, prayer, 162, *r.* 4 :

**ṣalâlu*, obscure, II, 1, uṣallil, 274, *r.* 7 :

ṣalmu, dark, 98, 1 : 124, 10 :

**ṣalmu*, image, 170, *r.* 2 :

ṣapâru, point, I, 1, ṣaparu, 34, 8 : 36, *r.* 1 :

ṣîru, field, 94, 6 :

**ṣiru*, snake, 146A, *r.* 4 :

**ṣarramu*, audacious, 232, 12 :

ṣararu, shine, I, 1, *pt.* SUR, 28, *r.* 2 : iṣrur, 89, *r.* 6 : *inf.* ṣarari-šu, 200, 2 : IV, 1, iṣṣarur, 201, 4 :

**ṣirru*, brilliance, 200, 1 :

**ṣarratu*, sedition, 204, 6 :

**ḲA*, a measure, 185, 11 : 196, 8 : 271, 13 :

**ḳû* (?), vegetables, 181, *r.* 3 :

ḳâ'u, wait for, II, 1, uḳi, 140, 1 :

ḳabû, speak, I, 1, *ps.* aḳabbi, 252C, *r.* 4 : taḳabbi, 267A, 4, iḳabbi, 21, *r.* 1 : 34, *r.* 9 : iḳabbû, 90, *r.* 11 : iḳabû . . 76, *r.* 7 : *pt.* aḳbû, 180, *r.* 2 : aḳbu, 181, *r.* 4 : iḳbâ, 124, *r.* 2 : iḳbû, 254, 7 : iḳbûni, 43, *r.* 2 : 256, 2 : *pc.* luḳbi, 22B, *r.* 2 : 210, *r.* 4 : 274C, 7 : liḳbi, 18, *r.* 5 : liḳbû, 15, *r.* 9 : *pm.* ḳabi, 232, 3 : ḳâbi, 236G, 6 : ḳabû, 268, 6 : *imp.* ḳibâ, 268, *r.* 13 :

I, 2, aḳtabi, 273, *r.* 2 : iḳdibi, 183A, 6 : 254, *r.* 3 :

**ḳabâlu*, fight, I, 1, iḳabbal, 174, 6 :

ḳablu, middle, 94, *r.* 1 : 235, 11 : 254, 5, 7 :

ḳablîtu, middle, 202, *r.* 2 : 271, 3 :

**ḳaṭâlu* (?), kill (?), ḳat-lim-ma, 269, 8 :

**ḳaṭnu*, less, 136D, *r.* 6 : 220, *r.* 2 : 274C, 2 :

**ḳudumu*, 243, *r.* 2 :

**ḳalû*, ^{iṣu}ḳa-lu-a-tí, 89, *r.* 10 :

**ḳallu*, magician, 85A, *r.* 9 : 134, *r.* 7 :

**niḳilpû*, go, IV, 1, *inf.* niḳilpû, 139, *r.* 1 : iḳilippu (*gl.* to DIR-pu), 139, 8 :

**ḳapâšu*, weigh down (?), II, 2, uḳdappašamma, 86, *r.* 7 :

**ḳaṣaru*, be joined, uninterrupted (of halos), I, 1, *pm.* kaṣir, 95, 3 : kaṣru, 96, 5 : *pt.* iḳṣur, 112, 3, 6 :

II, 2, uḳtaṣara, 98, 3 : uḳtaṣ-ṣara, 115D, *r.* 3 :

**ḳaḳḳaru*, ground, 221, 2 : 236A, 4 : 236E, 1 :

**ḳaḳḳuru*, ground, 267, *r.* 14 :

**ḳarû*, call, I, 2, iḳdiri, 55, 8 :

**ḳarâbu*, approach, I, 1, *ps.* iḳarrib, 112, *r.* 5 : *pt.* iḳrub, 67, 6 : iḳrib, 112, *r.* 11 : *pc.* liḳ-rûbu, 90, 2 : 274 2 : *pm.* ḳurbu, 232, *r.* 2 :

I, 2, iḳdirib, 112, *r.* 5 : 176, *r.* 3 : 188, *r.* 3 :

II, 1, uḳarrib, 185, 3 : 196, 1 :

iḳribu, prayer, 186, *r.* 8 :

**ḳuradu*, warrior, 216, *r.* 3 : 231, 2 : 232, 2 : 244C, 4 :

ḳarnu, horn, 30, 5 : 36, *r.* 1 : 43, 6 :

**ḳašratu*, conspiracy, 204, 6 :

ḳatû, hand.

ḳâtâru, burst, I, 1, iḳtur, 249A, 1 : 250, 5 : 250A, 1 : 251, 1, 5 :

**ra'âbu*, be angry, I, 1, tar'ubu, 170, *r.* 4 :

**ru'ubtu*, anger, 170, *r.* 4 :

**râbu*, quake, I, 1, *pt.* irub, 264, 8 : 265, 1 : 265C, 1, 3 : 266, *r.* 3 : 266A, 1, 4 : 267, 12, 14 : ŠU-ub, 266, 7, *r.* 1 : ŠU, 264, *r.* 1 : irubûni, 264, *r.* 6 : *pm.* rub, 272C, 5, *r.* 2, 3 :

I, 2, irtubu, 266, 6 :

**rîbu*, earthquake, 264, 1 : 265B, 1 : 266, 6, 7 : 266A, 1 : 267, 12, *r.* 11 :

rabû, be great, I, 1, *ps.* irabbi, 90, *r.* 12 : *pt.* GAL, 30, 8 : *inf.* rabû, 117, 9 :

rabû, great, *pl.* 56, *r.* 1 : **adv.* MA . GAL 30, 8, *r.* 1 : 69, *r.* 3 : **officials* Rab-A . BA, 74, *r.* 5 : 109, *r.* 9 : 266, *r.* 5 : Rab-ašipa, 268, 18 : Rab-dupšar, 81, *r.* 1 : 259, *r.* 1 : Rab-kâri, 264, edge, 2 : Rab-SAG, 90, *r.* 10, 12, 14 : Rab Ḳisir pl 90, *r.* 16 :

rubû, prince, 37, 3 : *pl.* 268, *r.* 8 : 272, *r.* 7 :

rabû, disappear, be invisible, I, 2, *ps.* irabbi, 88, 3 : *pt.* irbi, 140, 1 : 204, *r.* 1 : BUL, 208, 1, 6, irbû 205, 4 : irbûni, 21, *r.* 3 : *inf.* (?) rûbi, 109, 3 :

I, 2, irtibi, 21, 8, 205, 1 :

**rîbu*, disappearance, 272, *r.* 5 :

rabâṣu, lie down, I, 1, *ps.* NÁ-iṣ, 127, *r.* 4 : irabbiṣ, 129, 6 : irabbiṣu, 134, *r.* 6 : irabiṣu 124, 9 :

tarbaṣu, halo of 22°, 49, 6 :

**raggu*, violence, 200, 5 :

rigmu, clamour, 59, 2 : 65, 3 : 68, 4 : 88, 6 :

**rîḫu*, breeze, 235, 4 :

rahâṣu, inundate, I, 1, *ps.* RA 69, 7 : RA-iṣ, 24, 1 : irahiṣ 215, *r.* 2 : *pc.* lû-rahuṣ, 268, *r.* 5 : *pm.* raḫṣâni, 252F, 3 : raḫṣatunû (*interrog.* -ú) 252F, 2 :

riḫṣu, inundation, 90, 8 : 112, *r.* 11 :

**riḫtu*, rest, 139, 5 : 178, *r.* 1 :

**rakâbu*, ride, I, 1, *pm.*, rakib, 49, 1 : 269, 3 :

**narkabtu*, chariot, 49, 1 :

rîmu, mercy, 130, 3 :

**râmu*, favour, I, 1, irimu, 268, 10, 14 : tara'amuni, 247, 3 :

II, 1, turama, 257, 11 :

**ra'amu*, favour, 247, 1 :

**ramânu*, self, ramnišu, 33, *r.* 5 : ramanišu, 245, *r.* 1 :

rapâšu, be wide, I, 1. DAGAL-íš, 117, 1 : DAGAL, 232, 2 : DAGAL pl 184, 7 :

II, 1, DAGAL-aš, 117, *r.* 4 : DAGAL-áš, 135A, 6 : urappaš, 126, 5 :

**raṣâṣu* (?) I, 1, iriṣiṣi, 89, edge, 2 :

ruḳû, distant, *f.* 60, *r.* 2 : 66, *r.* 3 : 77, 5. *m. pl.* 85A, 7 :

**rîḳu*, empty, *pl.* 207, *r.* 3 :

**riḳḳu*, spice, *pl.* 89, edge 3 :

rašû, have, I, 1, DUK-ši, 24, 6 : irašši, 88, 12 : DUK-ši-ú-ma, 195, 2 : iraššû, 162, *r.* 6 :

rišu, head, 16, 5, *r.* 1 : 55, 2 : 210, *r.* 3 :

rištu, joy, *pl.* 19, *r.* 4 : 19A, *r.* 5 :

ša, relative pronoun.

ša, poss. fem. pronoun.

šu, poss. masc. pron., with interrog-ú, 21, *r.* 2 : *pl.* šunu.
šu "times," 52, *r.* 1 :
šû, he, *pl.* šunu.
šî, she.
šuâtu, this.
*šî'u, corn, 88, 4 : 185, 10 : 209, *r.* 6 :
**šî'u*, pursue, I, 2, šutûni, 257, 12 :
**ša'âlu*, ask, I, 2, *pc.* lišal, 89, edge 4 : 90, *r.* 12 :
**tašlitu*, prayer, 187, *r.* 3 :
**šiâru*, morning, 68, *r.* 4 :
**šibṭu*, 247A, 8 :
šabâṭu, month Sebat.
**šaggaštu*, destruction, *pl.* 190, 4 :
**šadû*, I, 1, išiddi, 194A, 4 :
II, 1, ušaddama, 208A, 5 :
**šîdu*, 159, *r.* 4 :
**šadâdu*, draw near, I, 2, niltadad, 170, *r.* 5 :
**šadâḫu* = *alâku* I, 1, šadaḫišu, 83, 1 :
šadurru, morning, watch, 242, *r.* 2 :
**šaḫitu*, sow, 277, 7 :
šaḫâṭu, draw, off, I, 2, iltaḫaṭ, 268, 9 :
**šaḫâru*, go round, I, 1, šaḫrumma, 247, *r.* 3 :
šuṭ, in *ḫarran šuṭ Ani*, *etc.* 183, 1 :
**šâṭu*, despise, I, 1, išaṭu, 82, *r.* 7 :
**šaṭâru*, write, I, 1, *ps.* alṭaru, 268, 2 : *pt.* išturuni, 152, *r.* 2 : *pm.* šaṭir, 251, 5 : 277H, 6 : *inf.* šaṭari, 217, *r.* 3 :
**šakâku*, III, 2, luštikkak, 247A, *r.* 3 :
šakânu, place, I, 1, *ps.* GAR-an, 30, 9 : išakan 129, 9 : išakkan, 273, 1 : išakkamma, 181, *r.* 5 : *pm.* GAR-nu, 26, *r.* 2 : šaknu, 34, *r.* 6 : GAR ^{pl} 82, 9 : GAR-in, 145, *r.* 1 : *pt.* iškun, 246E, 4 : iškunu, 272, *r.* 14, *pc.* liškun, 272, *r.* 7 : lû-šakin, 268, *r.* 10 :
I, 2, *ps.* altaknu, 272C, *r.* 5 : ištaknu, 272B, *r.* 5 : iltaknanni, 268, *r.* 12 : niltakan, 240, 7 :
II, 1, ušakan, 188, *r.* 5 :
IV, 1, *ps.* iššakkan, 52, *r.* 2 : iššakin, 274, 3 :
IV, 3, ittanaškan (gl.), 248, 2 :
šalṭaniš, triumphantly, 82, *r.* 4 : 89, 9 : 166, 5 : 167, 4 : 168B, 10 :
šalâmu, prosper. I, 1, *pt.* išallim, 151, *r.* 6 : *ps.* DI ^{pl} 35, *r.* 5 : 39, 4 : *pm.* šalim, 49, *r.* 2 : šalmu, 123, 6 : *inf.* šalamu, 25, *r.* 2 : 87A, *r.* 2 :
II, 1, ušallam, 5, 3 : 8, 6 : 11, 3 : ušalama, 42, 4 : ušallimu, 205, 3 : *ptc.* mušallim, 159, *r.* 4 :
**šalmu*, health, 90, *r.* 12 : 148, *r.* 2 (?) :
šulmu, peace, 39, *r.* 1, 128, 3 : 240, *r.* 6 :
**šulummu*, peace, 170, *r.* 6 :
šalšu, three, 21, 5 : 145, *r.* 7 :
šamû, heaven.
**šamû*, hear, I, 1, *ps.* išimmi, 272B, *r.* 8 : išimmu, 48, *r.* 3 : 162, *r.* 5 : išimmû, 186, *r.* 9, *pm.* šimaku, 90, *r.* 7 : šimâku, 218, *r.* 6 : šimû, 187, *r.* 3 : *pc.* lišmí, 90, *r.* 12 : 274, 11 :
I, 2, iltímí, 90, *r.* 8 :
II, 2, usammu'inni, 240, *r.* 4 :
III, 1, ušíšmu, 268, 1 :
IV, 1, iššimmi, 22B, 7 : 210, *r.* 1 :

tašmû, obedience, 25, 5 : 27, *r.* 3 : 48, 8 :

**šumu*, name, 235, *r.* 2 : 268, *r.* 5 : 272, *r.* 17 : 277, 6 :

šumma, if, 57, 4 : 84, *r.* 3, 4 : 217, 4, 5 :

šumílu, left, 29, 6 : 30, 6 : 41, 6 : 145, *r.* 4, 5, 6, 7 :

**šamnu*, oil, *pl.* 89, edge, 3.

**šamaru*, rage, I, 1, *pm.* šamru, 146, *r.* 5 :

šamaššammu, sesame, 28, 5 : 100, *r.* 2 : 185, 10 :

**šanû*, II, 1, change, *ps.* ušanni, 272, *r.* 18 : *pc.* lušínni, 268, *r.* 2 :

šanû, two, 21, 5 : 70, 7 : *pl.* 272, *r.* 16 : *f.* 188, *r.* 4 : 256A, 7 : *adv.* 88, 6 : 272, *r.* 6 :

šattu, year, 16, 5, *r.* 1 : 19, *r.* 3 : 150, *r.* 3 : *pl.* 19A, *r.* 7 : 22, *r.* 9 : 31, 6 :

šanânu, I, 2. ištannan (?) 272, 13 :

šasu, speak, I, 1, issi, 235, *r.* 7 : issu, 267, 1, 6, 8 :

šípu, foot, 82, *r.* 3 : *du*, 56A, 3 :

**šapâlu*, be low, I, 1, šapil, 77, 4 :

III, 1, ušappil, 66, *r.* 2 :

III, 2, uštappil, 60, *r.* 1 : 66, 6 :

**šupalu*, lower part, 90, *r.* 14 :

**šupiltu*, submission, 66, *r.* 3 :

šupultu, submission, 60, *r.* 2 : 77, 5 :

šaplitu, lower part, 235, 3 : 271, 2 : *pl.* 268, 12 : šaplitanu, 176, 3 : 177, 2 :

**šapâku*, pour, I, 1, DUB-ik, 139, *r.* 2 :

**šapiktu*, pouring (*f. part.*), 139, *r.* 4 :

šapâru, send, I, 1, *ps.* ašappara, 265C, *r.* 7 : [iš]-parûni, 19, *r.* 3 : [i]-šapparuni, 57, 7 : išapparu, 272, *r.* 12 : ḲI, 82, *r.* 2 : 258, 5 : *pt.* išpu[ra], 34, 10 : išpuranni, 55, 5 : tašpur, 272C, 7 : ašpura, 108, 8 : ašpur, 57, 1 : ḲI, 258, 4 : *pc.* lišpur, 272B, *r.* 5 : lišpuraššumma, 124, *r.* 8 :

I, 2, iltapra, 19, 7 : altapra, 52, *r.* 4 : 151A, 8 : isapra, 16, *r.* 5 : assapra, 89, *r.* 9 : 188, *r.* 1 :

**šipru*, mission, 201, *r.* 1 :

**šaḳu*, be high, I, 1, *ps.* išaḳamma, 91, *r.* 5 : išaḳḳama, 94, 8 : *pm.* šaḳu, 59, 3 : šaḳî, 20: *r.* 1 : 220, 2 : 221, *r.* 2, 222, 2 :

I, 3, ištanaḳḳâ, 226, 4 :

**mašḳu*, top, 234, 9 :

**suḳu*, street, 245, *r.* 3 :

šaḳâlu, balance, I, 2, šitkulu, 127, *r.* 1 : 128, 1 : 136, 5 (?) : šitḳulu, 127, 7 : 131, 1 : 135A, 7 : 139, 1 : šitḳullu, 136F, 4 : 136G, *r.* 4 : 136M, *r.* 1 : 137, 5 : šitḳulum, 136B, *r.* 5 : šitḳulim, 136I, *r.* 4 :

**šitḳultu*, balancing, 242, *r.* 6 :

šâru, wind, 235, 11 : *pl.* 112, 8 :

**šíru*, morning, 170, *r.* 1 : 178, 3 : 181, 6 :

**šírtu*, morning, 23, 7 (?) : 185 : 1 : 186, 1 : 196, 11 : 271, edge 1 : *pl.* 243, *r.* 3 :

šíru, flesh, 15, *r.* 5 : 19, *r.* 4 : 19A, *r.* 4 :

šarû, begin, I, 1, išarri, 200, 5 :

II, 1, uširri, 264, *r.* 3 : uširrû, 268, 4, 7 : ušarûni, 217, *r.* 7 : šurru (= *growth*), 88, *r.* 7 : šurrí, 270, 16 :

**míšrû*, growth, 200, 6 :

šurubbû, cold, 59, 1 : 60, 5 : 61, 2 : 62, 6, 7 : 68, 3 : 84, *r.* 6 :

**šurdutu*, 236A, 3 :

**šurinnu*, willow (?), 182, *r.* 2 :

šarru, king.

**šarrutu*, kingdom, 22, 8 : 187, *r.* 8 :

**šaruru*, brilliance, 33, *r.* 1 : 38, 6 : 167, *r.* 8, 10 : 181, 4 : 185, *r.* 1 : 216A, 4 : 271, 15 :

**šušanu*, 158, *r.* 2 :

šašurru, crops, 184, 2 : 226, 7 :

šûtu, south.

ŠÍ . TAR . NU, corn (?), 274, *r.* 11 :

tibû, come, I, 1, ZI, 28, 4 : 105, 5 : 137, *r.* 1 : tibû, 211F, 4 : tíbí, 82, 2 : *cf.* 88, 2 : tib, 235, 11.

tibutu, invasion, 91, 2 : 99, *r.* 6 :

**tabâlu*, diaappear, I, 1, *ps.* itabbal, 85, 4 : itabbulu, 267, *r.* 8 : *pt.* itbal, 85, 1, *r.* 2 : 203, 2 : 204, 2 : itbaluni, 267, *r.* 13 :

tibnu, straw, 209, *r.* 6 : 210, 3 :

tazzimtu, √nazâmu, 236B, *r.* 2 :

tamû, speak, I, 1, itamí, 100, 3 : 127, 2 : itami, 56, 4 : 90, 4 : itama, 135, *r.* 2 : itamamma, 83, 2 : itammí, 138A, 6 : itamû, 90, 3 : 99, 7 :

tanattu (√na'âdu), 271, 3 :

taḳtu (√ḳatû), end.

**tarû*, turn, II, 1, utarra, 53, 3, 4 : 62, *r.* 5 : nutarra, 274B, 5, *r.* 5 : uttirirra, 70, 7 : utirra (?), 62, *r.* 5 :

tarâku, rend asunder, I, 1, *inf.* taraku, 27, *r.* 5 : 87A, *r.* 1 : taraki, 25, *r.* 1 :

II, 1, turruka, 25, 3 : 27, *r.* 1 : 87A, 6 :

INDEX.

Ab=Akkad, 17, *r.* 4.

Ab-sin (Virgo), 221, 2: in moon's halo, 153, *r.* 1.

Achilles Tatius, XIII.

Aelian, XIII.

Aharrû, XV, XXIX, omens for, sent, 272, *r.* 9.

Ahisâ of Erech, writer of, 13, 125, 203, 236A, 252. Mentioned 124, *r.* 8.

A-idin (Spica), 95, 5: in halo, 153, *r.* 1, 7: reaches Mulmul, 112, *r.* 9: 205A, 3:

Akkad, XV, XXIX, omens for, sent, 272, *r.* 7, 9, 13: tablets, 152, *r.* 4.

Akkullanu. writer of, 34, 36, 87A, 89, 138A, 144?, 144B, 166, 235, 272A.

Akulutum, 275, 3, 5: in Siwan, 275, 1.

Allul (Cancer, XXXV), 21A, 4: 236A, 1: 244C, 5: 246C, *r.* 2: dark, 163, 6: in Moon's halo, 90, 6, 9: 93, 5: 105, *r.* 5: 110, 1: 111, 1, 3: 112, 1: 112A, 1: 112B, 1: 113, 4: 114, 4: 114A, 1: in halo of, 46°, 117, 3:

Anna, brilliant, 165, 5:

Anu-agû (*Anna-mir*), in Moon's halo, 49, *r.* 1: 104, *r.* 10: 106, 2:

Anunit, 211B, 5:

Apin=Mars.

Aplâ, of Borsippa, writer of, 46, 79A, 86A, 120, 132, 190A, 197, 211, 253A, 265.

Arad-Gula, 90, *r.* 6:

Arad-Ia, writer of, 72, 100, 256C:

Aramu (?), 268, *r.* 1:

Aratus, XXVI.

Asaridu, greater, writer of, 27, 29, 32, 87, 170, 172, 201, 202, 216, 250: son of Damka, 187, 221.

Asaridu, writer of, 22B, 48, 64A, ?81F, 116A, 133, 210, 216B, 219, 252B. The less, writer of, 136D, 220, 231, 242, 249, 252A, 253, 274C.

Assur city, 86, 5: astronomical station, 274, 3, 4, 7:

Assur-sar-a-ni, writer of, 16, 175.

Assyria, 124, *r.* 4:

Babylon, 271, 7: 272, *r.* 14: astronomical station, 274, 8:

Balasî, writer of, 8, 55, 68, 88, 91, 119, 136Q, 138, 140, 171, 218A, 234A, 254, 256B, 274K, 274Q.

Bamaî, writer of, 81B, 99?, 102, 127, 156, 161, 185.

bed of warriors wide, 244D, *r.* 4, explained by 'plague.'

Berossus, XIV.

Bil-ahi-iriba, writer of, 218.

Bil-ipus, mentioned, 18, *r.* 3:

Bil-li', son of Igibi the magician, writer of, 24, 83, 115F, 183, 243.

Bil-nasir, writer of, 18, 52, 155B, 157C, 214, 236, 253B, 274R.

Bil-riminû-ukarrad-Marduk, 170, 5.

Bil-suma-iskun, writer of, 24A, 134.

Bil-usur (?), writer of, 274.

Bil-usallim, writer of, 277X.

Bil-usizib, 90, 1 (?); 272, *r.* 12: 277AF, 1:

binnu, in the land, 200, 4:

Borsippa, astronomical station, 274, 9. See Nabû-ikisa and Sapiku.

Bullutu, writer of, 1, 3, 4, 76, 77, 114, 131, 196, 229B, 232, 256A.

clouds, 155, *r.* 2: dark cloud omen, 248, 1:

comet, reaches path of Sun, 88, 5:

Dah, 221, *r.* 3=Mercury 221, *r.* 5:

Damkâ, 272C, *r.* 3:

dated tablets, 136B, *r.* 9: 264, edge 1: 271A, *r.* 4.

day, proper length, XXXIII, 1, 4: 2, 3: 3, 3: 4, 2: 5, 1: 6, 3: 6A, 4: 7, 3: 8, 3: 10, 3: 11, 1: 11A, 7: 12, 3: 15, 3: 16, 3; 17, 4: 18, 3: 19, 3: 19A, 3: 20, 3: 21, 3: 21A, 1: 22, 2: 22B, 3: 28, 2: 30, *r.* 3: 31, *r.* 1: 31, *r.* 3 (pl.): 35, *r.* 6: 36, 1: 41, *r.* 3: 44, 3: 45, 6: 135, *r.* 3: 183, *r.* 3: 256A, 2: 274K, 3: completed, XXI, 5, 3: 8, 5: 17, 6: 30, *r.* 5: 35, *r.* 8: 36, 3: 41, *r.* 2: 42, 4: 45, *r.* 1: 51, 1: 52, 1: 52A, *r.* 2: 53, 1: 54, 1: 55, 1: 62, *r.* 3, 7: 88, *r.* 12: 140, *r.* 1: 144B, *r.* 1: 160, 4: 171, 6: 274D, 1: which are not completed, 205, 3: *utarra*, 53, 3, 4, 5 (?): *utirra*, 62, *r.* 5: *utirirra*, 70, 7: *day of Bel*, 152, *r.* 2: 160, *r.* 5: 195A, 7: 266B, 6: *scribe of*, 160, *r.* 5. *cloudless day*=Ab 258, 6: 14*th day*=Elam, 268, 7: 271, 9: 274F, 6: 15*th day*=Aharrû, 156, *r.* 2: 160B, *r.* 2: 16*th day*=Subarti, 89, 2:

Dilbat city, astronomical station, see Nabû-ahî-iddina.

Dilgan=*Ab-sin*=Virgo, XLI; 88, *r.* 8: in Moon's halo, 88, *r.* 6: on left horn of Moon, 234, 7: at its height, 234, 9.

Dilgan-after-which-is-Mulmul in halo, 101, 7:=*ku-mal*, XL, 101, *r.* 3:

Earthquake, 272D, 5, *r.* 2, 3: enquired about by king, 264, 1: all day, 262D, 1: 263, 1: in night, 264, 5: 265, 3: 267, *r.* 1: prevails, 262D, 3: 264, 3: 263, 4: *in Nisan*, 264, *r.* 1, 5: 265, 1: *in Sebat*, 267, 12, 14: *in Adar*, 264, *r.* 3, 5:

east=Subarti (and Guti?) 277A, *r.* 12:

eclipse, 52, 4: explained by 'disturbance,' 112, 5: predicted, 30, 9: 181, 4: of king of Akkad, 270, 4, 14: of king of Aharrû, 234, *r.* 2, 4, 6: of Elam, 30, *r.* 6: 85, 6: of Kašši, 249A, 2:

250, 6 : 250A, 2 : 251, 2. (For explanation of these partial eclipses, see XXVIII) : successfully predicted, 273, *r*, 1 : cf. 274F, 2 : unsuccessfully, 271A, 3, *r*. 2 : 274A, 1 : 274C, 2 : 274E, 3 : 274I, 3 : of Moon, 272A, 6, 7 : of Sun and Moon, 192, 2 : passing from IM . I to IM . II 271, *r*. 3, 4 : stands in IM . II, 271, *r*. 5 : passing from E. to N. 272A, 4 : E. to W. 272A, 5 : beginning in N. 274L, 5, 7 : *of evening watch*, 274L, 1 : *of morning watch*, 271, 8, *r*. 1, 2 : 272A, 1, 2 : of Moon, 14*th day*, 273, 1 : 29*th day*, 274H, 2 : *in Nisan*, 277R, *r*. 2 : 29*th*, 277R, *r*. 5 : 1*st to* 30*th*, 277R, *r*. 4 : *Iyyar*, Sun, 29*th*, 269, 9. *Siwan*, 14*th*, 270, 12 : 271, 1, *r*. 9 : 1*st to* 30*th*, 270, 14 : 271, *r*. 10 : *morning watch*, 271, *r*. 8 : ——watch, 270, 11 : unreckoned for, 271, *r*. 13 : Moon, 271, *r*. 7 : Sun and Moon, 272, *r*. 8 : *Tisri*, 21*st*, 272A, 12 : 1*st to* 30*th*, 272A, 14 : Moon, 272A, 11. *Kislew*, 272, 10 : *Adar*, 14*th*, *evening watch*, 272B, 2 : 30th (?), 272C, 1 : 1*st to* 30*th*, 272B, *r*. 1 : Moon, 272B, 1 :

Egypt, 22, *r*. 4 : 44, *r*. 9 :

Elul, intercalary, 149, *r*. 2–4 :

Eratosthenes, XXVI.

Erech, astronomical station, 274, 8 : see Ahisâ.

Gam, 185, *r*. 1 : 196, 4 :

Gemini, see, *Mastabbagalgal*.

Gilû (?) 236F, *r*. 4 :

Gu-anna = Aquarius ? 243, 5 :

Gud-anna = Taurus, in Moon's halo, 106, 4 :

hail, 20, 5 : 261, 4 :

Harran, 274B, 4 :

hermaphrodite, 276, 1, 5 :

Hurbî (?) 116A, *r*. 2 :

Iadi', 90, *r*. 9.

Iakimanu, 90, *r*. 10 :

Imbaru(-star), 84, *r*. 5 :

Imina-bi, 56, *r*. 1 : 243C, 6 :

Indubanna = Brilliance of Pabilsag, 190, *r*. 1 :

Inmisarra, 246C, 1.

Intinamassig, 200, *r*. 7 :

Irassi-ilu, writer of 46A, 101, 173, 236B : (the greater), 26, 33, 59, 60, 65, 66, 85, 147, 148, 164, 165A, 182, 227, 244A, 245 (or Ašaridu ?), 247A, 250A, 269, 273 : son of Nurzanu, 115E, 126, 130, 174A, 218A, 246.

Iriskigal, 267, 10.

Istar-šuma-iris, mentioned, 55, 6 : writer of 7, 21, 21A, 31, 93, 128, 1360, 136P, 157D, 159, 168, 198, 206, 244, 247, 252E, 255, 257, 264, 267.

Itu', tribe, 64B, 4.

Iyyar = Elam, 274F, 6 : 15*th* to Ia . . . 215, *r*. 3 :

Journey, directions for safe, 151, *r*. 5 :

Jupiter, *Marduk*, at beginning of year. 184, 1 : 226, 6 with, Mulmul, 218, 3 : Mercury, 91, *r*. 3 : brilliant, 91, *r*. 1 : explained 94, 7 :

— *Umunpauddu* in Moon's halo, 91, 1 : 94, *r*. 6 : with Moon, 193, 4 : explained, 193, 4 :— reaches *Umunp*, 211A, 1 :

— *Sagmigar*, 188, 5 : 191A, 3, *r.* 2 : 195A, 1 : omen, 178, 6 : with moon, 192, 1, 4, *r.* 1, 3 : 193, 1, in halo, 92, 1 : 93, 1 : 94, 2, 3 : 95, 1 : 96, 2 : 96A, 1 : 96B, 1 : 96C, 1 : with Sun, 185, 3 : 196, 1 : 271, 10 : with Venus, 162, *r.* 2 : 267, *r.* 7 : 272B, 6 : on right of Venus, 194, 1, 4 : 194A, 1 : with Mars, 195, 1 : 195, 3 : with *Allul*, 187, 3 : 188, *r.* 3 : in *Mišiḫ-Pabilsag*, 190, 3 : 190A, 3 : with *Indubanna*, 190, 5 : with Taurus, 103, 9, *r.* 2 : with a planet, 195, 8 : with — and stands where Sun shines, 196, 1 ; in eclipse, 268, *r.* 4 : 272, *r.* 11 : round Regulus, 272, *r.* 4 : bright (ba'il), 186, 5 : 196, *r.* 2 : in morning, 185, 1 : 186, 1 : 196, 11 : 196A, 5 : 271, edge 1 : brilliant, 186, 3 : 145, *r.* 1 : 196, 13 : 271, 15 : to sunset, 29, *r.* 2 : 183, 6 : 187, 1 : *in Iyyar*, 186, *r.* 1 : *Tammuz*, 188, 1 : *Elul*, 189, 1 : *Marcheswan*, 190, 1 : 190A, 1 : in . . . 191, 1 : in ecliptic, 185, *r.* 5 : 196, *r.* 5 : in tropic of Cancer, 187, 4 : 188, 3 ? : 191, 3 ? 191A, 1 ? :

— *Nibiru*, in halo, 94, 5 : culminates, 186, *r.* 2 : 187, 7 :

— *Rabû* = *Umunpauddu*, 195, *r.* 3 : from north to south, 200, 9 : 201, 1 : from sunrise to sunset, 201A, 1 : 202, 1 :

— *Ingisgalanna* = *Sagmigar*, 186, 9 : bright, 186, 7 :

Kaksidi, 246A, 1, 3 :

Kaldu, 268, *r.* 1 :

Kalzi, 109, 8 :

Kilba, occulted by Moon, 245, 1.

Kimmerians, 22, 11 :

Kumal (see *Dilgan*), 44, *r.* 6 : 244D, 1 : star of Aharrû, 101, *r.* 4 :

Kush, 22, 4 :

Kutha, astronomical station, see Nabû-ikbi.

Lightning on a cloudless day, 256B, 6 :

Mannaî, 22, 12 : 90, *r.* 10 :

Marcheswan = month of king, 183, *r.* 1 :

Marda (?) 116A, *r.* 3 :

Mardia, 90, *r.* 8, 13 :

Marduk . . . . 274B, *r.* 1 :

Marduk-suma-usur, writer of, 252F (with Bit ? . . .)

Mars, *Mustabarrû - mûtânu*, XXXV : 21, 5 : 223A, 5, 10 : 231, 7, *r.* 1 : 233, *r.* 1 : 234A, 1, 3, 7 : 236A, *r.* 1 : 236B, 1 : 236C, 2 : 236D, *r.* 2 : 236E, 1 : 272, *r.* 3 : 277F, *r.* 1 : Star of Aharrû, 101, *r.* 2 : 107, *r.* 5 : with Moon, 234, 1 : 246F, 3 : in halo, 88, *r.* 3 : 98, 5 : 99, 10 : 100, 7 : 101, 1 : 101A, 1 : 102, 1 : 103, 3 : 104, 3 : 105, *r.* 1 : 107, 7 : 167, 5 : 172, 8 : 223A, 1 : 277I, 5 : with Venus, 236B, 2 : Saturn, 103, *r.* 6 : 167, *r.* 4 : 172, *r.* 2 : 236H, 3 : Jupiter, 195, 6 : 232, *r.* 4 : *Lubad*, 88, 4 : 99, *r.* 5 : 103, *r.* 7 : *Allul*, 21A, 3 : 235, 1 : 236, 1 : 244A, 4 : 256B, *r.* 3 : Scorpio, 33, 3 : 68, *r.* 3 : 70, *r.* 3 : 272, 14, 17 : *Pabilsag*, 236G, 4, 7 : *Nunsami* (Pisces ?), 112, *r.* 10 : disappears,

88, 8 : bright (ba'il), 172, *r.* 5 : brilliant, 146, 3 : 236F, 8 ? : goes forward, 68, *r.* 1 : 70, *r.* 2 : dim, 232, *r.* 3 : culminates, 232, 6 : in East, 232, 4 : in Tammuz, 231, 1 : 232, 2 : Elul, 233, 1 : — *Sanamma* with *Sagmigar*, 195, *r.* 5 : *Allul*, 235, 7 : 236A, 6 : *Inmîsarra*, 184, 6 : *Gemini*, 84, *r.* 7 : 231, 5 :

Lula, 103, *r.* 9 :

Urbarra = Mars, 236H, 5 : [237, 4 :] in Urmaḫ, 237, 1 : Lubad-dir, 146, *r.* 4, 5 : 216C, 5 : 233, 4 : = Mars, 146, *r.* 6 : 195, *r.* 2 : with *Rabû*, 195, *r.* 1 :

Sudun, 238, 1 : with Sun, 237A, 6 : = Mars, in halo, 107, *r.* 1 :

Apin (= Mars) with Sun, 103, *r.* 4 : Scorpio, 239, 1 : 272, *r.* 1 :

Mulmul = *Mustabarrû-mûtânu*, 223A, 9 : see under Mulmul.

Mastabba-galgal (= Gemini), 231, 5 : in halo, 114, 1 :

Mazzaloth, XXVII, 185, 12 :

Mercury Lubad-gudud or *gudud*, 22A, *r.* 3 : 36A, *r.* 1 : 55, 4 : 105, 8 : 212, 6 : 215, 1 : 216C, 1 : 238, 4 : 246C, 4 : 277T, *r.* 5 : with Moon, 39. *r.* 3 : 151, *r.* 3 : *Mulmul* at sunset, thence rises to *Sugi*, 226, 1 : Venus (?) 209, 7 : *Kumal* 44, *r.* 6. *Suh-tig*, 238, *r.* 3 : *Pabilsag*, 227, 6 : *Urgula* (Leo), 228, 1 : *Gudanna* (Taurus), 184, *r.* 2 : goes down from Taurus to Sugi, 184, *r.* 2 : in . . . 210A, 1 : in Virgo, 221, 1 : in month 216C, 3 : Nisan, 184, 3 : Siwan, 246F, *r.* 3 : its position, 229, 4 : at sunrise, 217, 1 : 225, 6 : sunset, 146, *r.* 1 : ^{mul} *Dah* = Mercury, 221, *r.* 5 :

Meteor (*Antasurra*), 246A, *r.* 1 : 227, 1, 4 :

Monstrosity, 277, 1 ff. :

Moon, Appearance on 1st day, 1, 1 : 2, 1 : 3, 1 : 4, 1 : 5, 4 : 6, 1 : 6A, 1 : 7, 1 : 8, 1 : 9, 1 10, 1 : 11, 4 : 11A, 1 : 12, 1 : 13, 1 : 14, 1 : 15, 1 : 16, 1 : 17, 3, *r.* 1 : 18, 1 : 19, 1 : 19A, 1 : 20, 1 : 21, 1 : 22, 1 : 22A, 1 : 22B, 1 : 26, 1 : 27, 1 : 28, 1 : 29, 1 : 30, 1 : 31, 1 : 33, 1 : 35, 1 : 36A, *r.* 3 : 37, *r.* 1 : 38, 1 : 39, 1 : 40, 1 : 41, *r.* 5 : 42, 5, 7 : 43, *r.* 6 : 44, 1 : 45, 1 : 46A, 1 : 46B, 2 : 47, 1 : 56, 1 : 56A, 1 : 183, *r.* 2, 4 : 256A, 1 : 274K, 1 :

Of *Nisan*, 44, 3 : *Tammuz*, 23, 1 : *Kislew*, 48, 1 : intercalary month, 225, *r.* 2, 4 :

On the 12*th*, 119, *r.* 1 : 13*th*, 84, 3 : 14*th*, 144B, *r.* 7 : 151, 11 : 155, 8 : 16*th*, 88, 11 : 89, 1 : 166, *r.* 2 : 169, *r.* 3 ; 27*th*, 249, 3 : 28*th*, 57, 1 : 58, 1, 3 : 29*th*, 24, 3 : 30*th* (of ?), 25, 1 : 46B, *r.* 1, 3 : 59, 1 : 61, 1 : 62, 5 : 65, 1 : 66, 3 : 68, 3 : 70, 3 : 71, 3 : 72, 3 : 74, 1 : 81B, 2 :

On the 30*th of Nisan*, 62, 1 : 115D, *r.* 5 : *Iyyar*, 63, 1 : 64, 1 : 64A, 1 : 64B, 1 : 162, 4, 5 : *Siwan*, 65, 4 : 66, 1 : 67, 1 : 68, 1 : 69, 1 : 69A, 1 : 87A, 3 : *Tammuz*, 32, *r.* 1 : *Ab*, 70A, 1 : 71, 1 : 72, 1 : 73, 1 : 86, 6, 7 : *Elul*,

249, 7: *Kislew*, 74, 4: 75, 1: *Ṭebet*, 76, 1: 77, 1: 78, 1: 79, 1: 79A, 1: 80, 1: 80A, 1: *Sebat*, 81, 3: *Adar*, 115D, *r.* 4.

At beginning of year, 16, *r.* 1: fixed position, 37, *r.* 3: 45, 3: 47, 6: 81K, 4: 87, 1: 87A, 1, *r.* 2: low, 60, *r.* 1: 66, 6, *r.* 2: 77, 4: high, 59, 3: face to left, 29, 6: rests, 142, *r.* 2: stops, 161, 7: in its path . . . 83, 1: 84, 1: delays out of its time, 82, 1: 86, 1: 86A, 1: 88, 1: 89, 4: 161, 5: 164, 5: 165A, *r.* 1: 172, 3: seen out of its time, 119, 1: 140, 4: not seen, 23A, 2: 76, *r.* 2: 82, 3: *itbal*, 85, 1: *itabbal*, 85, 4, *r.* 2: *irabbi*, 88, 3: very great, 30, 8: duration of its disappearance three days in one month, 85, 2:

bright, 30, *r.* 1: 69, *r.* 1: fiercely bright, 59, 5: 70, 5: bright, 31, 3: 35, *r.* 2: 265B, 7: dim, 60, 1: goes forth dark, 270, 7, 8: 272A, 8: appearance dark, 68, 3: 271, *r.* 6: *Tisri*, 272A, 10.

North wind blows at its appearance, 29, 8: 68, 5:

Rides in a chariot, 49, 1:

Full Moon, XXXIV: 7, 5: 14, 4: 17, 1: 18, 5: 22, 3: 23, 3: 26, 3: 28, 7: 30, 3: 32, 1: 34, 1: 37, 5: 39, 3: 43, 1: 44, *r.* 1: 47A, 3: regularly, 9, 4: 10, 5: 11, 6 (?): 11A, 3: 12, 5: 13, 2: 24A, 1: 41, 1: 42, 1: 'dark crown' (*i.e.*, crescent with remainder of circle dimly visible), 23, 5: 32, *r.* 4: cloudy (?) crown, 23A, 4, full on a cloudy day, 87, 3:

Halos 22°, XXIV, 46°, XXIV. *Supuru* = great halo, 117, 9: dark halo, 98, 1: 115D, *r.* 1: 124, 10: 180, *r.* 1: not complete circle, 95, 3: 96, 5, 112, 3: *idlul* (= thin?), 111, 8: 116B, 3: 144A, *r.* 6: *supuru idlul*, 117, 8:

UD . KIL . UD, 115A, *r.* 1: *nâru* ('river'), 90, 8: 91, 5: 112A, 3: 118, 1: 153, *r.* 6: *usurtu*, 112, 4: 114, 6: not complete, 112, 6:

Crescents, 86, 1: 86A, 2:

Horns, dark, 124, 12: 136L, 6: 138, *r.* 2: 138A, 7: 142, 6: 151A, 5: 153, 4: right horn, 43, 5 (right horn = Aḫarru, 43, *r.* 5). *turruka*, 25, 3: 27, *r.* 1: 87A, 6: 136R, *r.* 2: 147, 8: 151, 7: 151A, *r.* 4: equal, 26, 6: 44, 7: 144B, 9: *udduda*, 26, *r.* 1: 31, 6: 34, 5: 35, 6: 36, 4: 44, 5: 46, 2: (*udduda* and *pilu*), 37, 1: *idda*, 29, 2: 32, 4: 34, 3: 38, 3: (*idda* and *namru*), 35, 8: equally bright, 35, *r.* 4: 39, 4: . . *KI innamru*, 47, 8: *mirra*, 24A, 4: 79, 5?: 'look at . .,' 59, *r.* 1: 27, 2?:

right horn long and left short, 30, 5: 41, 5: 47A. *r.* 2: 50, *r.* 1: left bent, right straight, 68, 5:

Divisions of the Moon for the purpose of determining eclipses:—right of moon = Akkad, left = Elam, top = Aḫarrû, bottom = Subartu, 268, 11–12.

Moon and Sun seen together on the 12*th*, 119, 2 : 13*th*, 83, 4 : 85A, 2, 3 : 120, 1 : 121, 1 : 122, 1 : 123, 1 : 123A, 1 : 14*th*, 8, *r.* 4 : 15, 5 : 43, 8 : 46, 4 : 48, 5 : 82, 9 (monthly) : 107, *r.* 9 : 124, 3, 5, 6, 12 : 125, 1 : 126, 3 : 127, 4 : 128, 6 : 129, 1 : 130, 4 : 130A, 1 : 131, 7 : 132, 1 : 133, 1 : 134, 4, 7 (monthly), *r.* 1 : 135, 1 : 135A, 1 : 136, 1 : 136A, 1 : 136B, 4, *r.* 1 : 136C, 4 : 136D, 1, *r.* 4 : 136E, 7 : 136F, 3, *r.* 2 : 136G, 1 : 136H, 1 : 136I, 1 : 136K, 7 : 136L, 1 : 136M, 1 : 136N, 1 : 136O, 1 : 136P, 1 : 136Q, 2 : 136T, 7 : 137, 1 : 138, 1 : 138A, *r.* 1, 2 : 140, 3 : 142, 1 : 143, 1 : 144, 1, 4, 9 : 144A, 1, 6 : 144B, 8, *r.* 2 : 144C, 1 : 144D, 1, 4 : 144E, 1 : 145, 7 : 146, 1 : 147, 1 : 148, 1 : 150, 5, *r*, 2, 5 : 151, 10 : 151A, 1 : 152, 1 : 153, 6 : 154, 3, *r.* 3 : 155, 3 : 155A, 1 : 155B, 1, *r.* 8 : 160, 5 : 193, 6 : at their rising, 142, 7 : 15*th*, 144D, *r.* 3 : 153, 8 : 156, 1 : 157, 1 : 157A, 1 : 157B, 1 : 157C, 1 : 157D, 1 : 158, 1 : 158A, 1 : 159, 1 : 160, 3 : 160B, 1 : 161, 1 : 162, 1 : 163, 1 : 164, 1, 7 : 165, 1 : 165A, 1, *r.* 2 : 171, 3 : 218, *r.* 3 : 244B, *r.* 2, 4 : 16*th*, 82, *r.* 1 : 88, 3 : 89, 7 : 166, 1 : 167, 1 : 167A, *r.* 1 : 168, 6 : 169, 4 : 18*th*, 168, *r.* 1 : 172, 5 :

On the 14*th of Tammuz*, 15, 5 : *Siwan*, 69, *r.* 5 : *Adar*, 37, *r.* 5 : ?62, *r.* 6 : 15*th Elul*, 271B, 1 (?) : 16*th Iyyar*, 162, 7 : *Ab*, 86, *r.* 1 :

Moon without the Sun. 14*th*, 218, *r.* 1 : *Iyyar*, 164, *r.* 5 : *Siwan*, 164, *r.* 5 : *Tammuz*, 164, *r.* 5 : 274E, 2 : *Ab*, 164, *r.* 5 : *Elul*, 164, *r.* 5 : *Ṭebet*, 62, *r.* 1 : *Sebat*, 62, *r.* 4 : *Adar*, 171, 4 :

15*th*, 160A, 5 : Elul, 271B, 1 : 14*th* or 15*th Nisan*, 168, 1 : *Tammuz*, 166, 6 : 169, 1 : *Elul*, 82, 4, 5 : *Sebat*, 170, 1 : *Adar*, 89, 5 : 172, 1 :

13th Nisan Pat.hi.a, 230, *r.* 2 :

Moon does not wait for the sun, 153, 1 : 140, 1 : 156, 4 : 157, 6 : 157A, 4 : 157D, 6 : 158A, 4 : 159, 5 : 160, 1 : 161, 9 : 171, 1 :

Moon and Sun balanced, 127, *r.* 1 : 128, 1 : 129, 7 : 131, 1 : 135A, 7 : 136, 5 : 136B, *r.* 5 : 136E, 3 : 136F, 4 : 136G, *r.* 4 : 136H, *r.* 1 : 136I, *r.* 4 : 136I, *r.* 1 : 136M, *r.* 1 : 136O, 7 : 136R, 4 : 136T, 3 : 136U, 1 : 137, 5 : 138, 8 : 139, 1 : 141, 1 : 144B, 4 : 144C, 3 : 144E, *r.* 1 : 145, 5 : 146, 5 : 146A, 3 : 149, 3 : 152, 6 : 155A, 8 :

Moon and Sun invisible, 126, 1 : 128, 4 : 130, 1 : 131, 5 : 132, 2 : 134, 5 : 135, *r.* 1, 135A, 6 : 136, *r.* 1 : 136B, 1 : 136C, 5 : 136E, 1 : 136F, 1 : 136G, *r.* 1 : 136H, *r.* 3 : 136I, *r.* 1 : 136K, 4 : 136L, *r.* 4 : 136M *r.* 3 : 136O, *r.* 1 : 136P, *r.* 1 : 136Q, 1 : 136R, 3 : 136S, 1 : 136T, 1 : 137, 4 : 138, 6 : 138A, 1 : 143, 4 : 144, 8 : 144A, 4 : 144D, *r.* 1 : 144E, *r.* 4 : 145, 1 : 146, 8 : 146A, 1 : 147, 6 :

148, 6: 149, 1: 150, 7: 151, 1: 154, *r.* 4: 155, 1: 155A, *r.* 1: 167A, 1: 176, 6: 193, *r.* 5

Moon reaches Sun and fades, 124, 1: 127, 1: 133, 1: 134, 1: 136, 7: 136D, *r.* 1: 136M, 6: 138A, 3: 144B, 1: 144E, 6: 150, 1: 151A, *r.* 1: 154, 7: 193, 7:

Occults Sun (Saturn), 175, 1: expl. 175, 7: their rising dark, 82, 7: in brilliance with the Suu, 86, 3: both out of time, 119, 4: Sun reaches zenith and Moon . . 144B, 6:

Mugallu, 64B, 5:

Mulmul, 115A, 1, 3: 223A, *r.* 1: 242, *r.* 4: 243, 1: at beginning of year, 243B, *r.* 1: with Moon, 240, 1: 241, 1, 4, 7: 242, 1, 4: 243A, 1: 243C, 1, 3, 5: 243D, 5: in halo, 115B, 1: 144A, 3: 206, *r.* 2: 223A, 6:

= Mars, 223A, 9.

Munnabitu, writer of, 38, 63, 82, 115C, 268, 274A.

Mustabarrû-mûtânu, see Mars.

Mutabal, 270A, 11: 271, 7:

Nabû (star), 232, *r.* 1:

Nabûa, XVIII.

Nabû-ahî-iddina, of Dilbat, writer of, 121, 143, 158A, 163.

Nabû-ahî-iriba, mentioned, 55, 8: writer of, 43, 51, 54, 62, 70, 75, 81D, 84, 96, 98, 106, 113, 139, 141, 179, 204, 209, 212, 236D, 237, 238, 241, 244C, 248, 252D, 258, 271A, 274H, ? 277AA:

Nabû-ikbi, of Kutha, writer of, 10, 19, 20, 22, 80A, 101A, 110, 112B, 136H, 136M, 177, 201A, 213, 233, 249A, 263.

Nabû-ikisa, of Borsippa, mentioned, 90, *r.* 7 (?): writer of, 5 11, 49, 64, 112A, 150, 153, 155, 189, 215A, 240.

Nabû-iriba, writer, 246E.

Nabû-itir-napsâti, mentioned, 124, *r.* 10:

Nabû-musisi, *Aba*, of the temple, 109, *r.* 6: writer of, 6A, 61, 94, 118, 136E, 136L, 157, 174, 200, 205, 206A, 217, 228, 244D, 266B.

Nabû-suma-iskun, writer of, 17 41, 81C, 95, 151, 190, 215, 223A, 230, 277AD.

Nadina-ahi, 277AE, *r.* 4.

Nadinu, writer of, 142D, 226, 274F.

Nebuchadnezzar I, 200, *r.* 5:

Nineveh, 22, 8: 217, *r.* 2, 6:

Nippur, astronomical station, 274, 8.

Nirgal, 232, 8: 277K, 1, 2, 5: in Scorpio, 272, 11:

Nirgal-Asaridu, 90, *r.* 15, 16.

Nirgal-itir, writer of, 14, 22A, 30, 35, 37, 39, 52A, 69, 78, 79, 81K, 86, 92, 97, 115D (Son of Ga ? su ? Tutu) 123, 136T, 137, 144A, 146, 146A, 149, 154, 157B, 162, 181A, 186, 195, 195A, 199, 199A, 207B, 208, 216C, 224, 225, 243B, 252C, 272C, 274S, 277.

Nunu, 221, 4:

Nun-sami, 112, *r.* 10.

Observatory, 39, 7:

Omens, chief interpreter (?), 158, *r.* 1, 5: explained, 199, 1:

duration of influence = a full month, 245, *r.* 6:

Pabilsag (Sagittarius), 227, 5: 272, 9:

Pan (Spica), 46A, *r.* 1 (?): with Moon, 245, 3: in halo, 118, 5: 153, *r.* 3: 230, 1:

Planet (or Mercury) LU.BAD. 167, *r.* 1: 209, *r.* 3: 214A, 3, 5: 216B, 1: 218A, 3: 229A, 1, 2, 4: 229B, 1: 244B, *r.* 5: 277B, *r.* 2: *Bi-ib-bu*, 184, 4: with the Moon, 175, 4, 5: in halo, 88, *r.* 1: 100, 1: 101, 5: 103, 6: on left horn, 234, 3: with *Regulus*, 199A, 5: *Nabû*, 232, *r.* 1: Li' 184, 4: *Simmah*, 225, 3: 'star of Tigris,' 225, 4:

Appears a month, 217, 2: *Iyyar*, 218, 1: *Iyyar*, or *Siwan*, 217, 4: 218A, 5: *Tammuz*, 163, 4: 200, *r.* 6 (= *Gudud* = Mercury): 219, 1: *Ab*, 216, *r.* 1: *Elul*, 220, 1: 221. *r.* 1: 222, 1: *Marcheswan*, 223, 1: *Kislew*, 224, 3: in North, 231, 3: 244C, 6: East, 217, 7: blast of wind, 235, 11: shines, 89, 6: changes stars of heaven, 172, *r.* 3.

Planets, 236B, *r.* 4: movement described by Assyrian as tronomer, 112, *r.* 7.

Rab-aba, chief astrologer, writer of, 74, 109, 266.

Rab-asu, chief physician, writer of, 58.

Rab-dupsar, chief scribe, writer of, 81, 259.

Rabbu = Ur..., 234A, 5, 6.

rain at Moon's appearance, 139, *r.* 2: on day of Moon's disappearance, 253, 3: 253A, 3: 253C, 5: 254, 3: 255, 3: in *Ab*, 258, 7: enquiry about, 252F, 2.

raising of hands, *i.e.*, prayer, 155B, 3–7.

Rammânu-suma-usur, writer of, 135, ? 136F.

Rimutu, writer of, 145, 265C.

Sabbâ (?), 236F, *r.* 3.

Sapiku, of Borsippa, writer of, 2, 117, 167, 262D, 265A.

Sarpanit, 162, *r.* 4.

Sarur and Sargaz (= tail stars of Scorpio), 272, 7: bright 95, *r.* 3: 209, 1: dim, 236G, 1:

Sarru (Regulus, XL), with Moon, 197, 1: 199, 4, 6: in halo, 96A, 5: 97, 1: 98, *r.* 1: 100, 5: 112A, 5: 114A, 6: in halo of 46°, 117, 5: with Jupiter, 145, *r*, 4: dark, 180, *r.* 3: 199A, 1: 228, 5: bright, 38, 6: 185, *r.* 3: 198, 1:

Saturn, Lubadsagus, 50, *r.* 4: 215A, 1, *r.* 3: 216B, *r.* 2: 229B, *r.* 2, 3: 236H, 6: 244C, 8: in halo, 90, 5: 98, 4: 101A, *r.* 1: 103, 8: 144, 3: 180, 5, 8: near Moon on 15th, 144, 9: approaches Moon, 176, *r.* 2: occulted by, 175, 7: = star of Sun, 176, *r.* 3: of Akkad (?), 107, *r.* 7: of Aharrû, 167, *r.* 9: does not approach Venus, 67, 4: in front of Regulus, 180, *r.* 6: in Scorpio (?), 216A, 1: in Leo, 216, 1: four degrees from Mars, 88, 8:

Scorpio, 214A, 1: 247A, 2, 4: 277H, 2, *r.* 3: 277T, *r.* 2: in halo, 94, 2, *r.* 2: 108, 1: 143,

7 : 215, 7 : halo round Moon in Scorpio, 109, 1 : approaches Moon, 213, 1 : 214, 1 : dark in centre, 151, *r.* 2 : dark, 223, 3 : 272, 13, 14 : Ishara, 223, 5 : 223A, *r.* 4 : breast of Scorpio, 112, *r.* 3 : sting, see Sarur.

Sebat=Aharrû, 160B, *r.* 1 :

Sibzianna, XLVIII, 216B, *r.* 1 : bright, 86, *r.* 6 : in halo, 203, 4, *r.* 1 : before moon, 244B, 4.

Sickness, apology, 158, *r.* 5 : 243B, *r.* 2 : letter about, 18 : 257, 6 :

Sillâ, 277AE, *r.* 12 :

Sirrapu, 268, 16, *r.* 8 :

Siwân=Aharrû, 67, 3 : 156, *r.* 1 : 268, 5 : 271, 9 :

Star goes round, 247, *r.* 3 : bright, 183, 1 : 246E, 3 : like torch, 202, 5 : with scorpion's tail, 200, 1 : like a knot (?), 28, *r.* 2 : shines from E. to W. 164, *r.* 1 : rises and enters . . 237, 7 : great star like fire, 187, *r.* 5 : at head of Scorpio, 251, 8 : to the Sun 244B, *r.* 1 : in Moon's halo, 105, *r.* 3 : 223A, 4 : on left of Moon, 234, 5 : 246F, 5 : on left horn of Moon, 234, *r.* 1, 2, 4, 5 : on left front of Moon, 234, 4 : in front of Moon, 246F, 1 : star dark, 236F, 5 (?) : 246D, *r.* 4.

Two stars in Moon's halo, 99, *r.* 3 : 101A, 5 : 102, 8 : 112A, 7 : 112B, 4 : 113, 1 : 115, 1 : 115A 6 : 115C, 6 : Two great stars one after the other, 202, *r.* 1 :

Storm in the land, 111, *r.* 1, 2, 4 : 250, 1 : 251A, 2, 3 : 252B, 1, 2, 4 : 252D, 1 : 252E, 1 : bursts, 252, 3 : in Sebat, 249A, 1 : 250, 5 : 250A, 1 : 251A, 1 : in Adar, 252, 1 : 252A, 1 : 252B, *r.* 1 : in intercalary Elul (?), 252E, 5 : on a cloudy day, 252B, 6 : on a dark day, 252E, 3 : on day of Zu (?), 251, 5 :

Strabo, XIII.

Subartu, XVIII.

Sudun=Mars, 107, *r.* 4 :

Sugi (Pleiades, LII), over Moon, 246, 1, 4 : over Moon and enters, 244, 1 : *cf.* 277AE : in Moon's halo, 206, *r.* 4 : bright, 244A, 1 : Moon in Sugi, 49, 5 :

Sumaî, writer of, 47, 80, 111, (scribe of Bel's day) 160, 169, 207, 246D, 274D.

Suma-iddina, writer of, 67.

Sun, 216B, 3 :=star of king, 176, *r.* 7 : at zenith like crescent and becomes full like Moon, 269, 7 : seen on 15th, 274, I, 1 : omen of sunrise=Elam, 277L, 2 : eastern Sun in Moon's halo, 174, 5 : Sun in Moon's halo (= Saturn), 90, 3 : 99, 6 : 101A, 4 : 102, 5 : 114A, 3 : 115C, 3 : 136S, 8 : 144, *r.* 1 : 174, 1 : 174A, 1 : 180, 2 : halo round Sun, 173, 1 : opening to South, 179, 1 : on day of Moon's disappearance, 85, 5, *r.* 1 : in Adar, 178, 3 : 183B, 1 :

Sun in Moon's position, 176, 1 : 177, 4 : over Moon, 215A, 3 : over or under Moon, 144E, *r.* 6 : 176, 3 : 177, 1 : reaches zenith and proceeds, 178, 1 : its path ——, 252A, 3 : at zenith, 243B, 3 : at zenith dark, 181, 1,

2 : at zenith bright, ... 181, 4 : 181A, 1 : at zenith its left . . . , 181A, 3 : parhelion (*nidu*) in path of Sun, 182, 1 : Sun reaches zenith in *nidu*, 29, 4 : 181B, *r.* 3 : 183, 3 : *at zenith*, a *nidu* in its path, 182, *r.* 1 : on right 68, 7 : *nidu* on left of Sun, 137, *r.* 3 : on right of Sun 68, 7 : four *nidu*, 182, 5 :

Tabia, writer of 12, 71, 73, 193, 222 (with Zakir ?), 229A, 243A, 260 :

Tâbu-sar-Bilti (?), 158, *r.* 1 :

Tabu-sil-Marduk, son of Bil-upahhir, writer of 11A, 15, 194, nephew of Bel-nasir, 52 :

Tammuz = Subartu, 36, *r.* 2 :

Tebet = Elam, 76, 4 :

Theophrastus, XXV, XXVI.

Thunder, 235, *r.* 4 : in Nisan, 274, *r.* 10 : in Iyyar, 181, *r.* 2 : in Ab, 235, *r.* 5 : 256B, 1 : 256C, 1 : in Tisri, 260, 1 : in Sebat, 261, 1 : (with hail), 261, 3 : on a cloudless day, 235, *r.* 7 : 257, 4 : 258, 4 : on day of Moon's disappearance, 253, 1 : 253A, 1 : 253B, 4 : 254, 1 : 255, 1 : 262, 1, 3 : Rammânu thunders in the midst of Li'i, 256, *r.* 1 : in gate of Moon (expl.), 256A, 8 : in midst of Sun (expl.), 254, 7 : double thunder clap, 258, *r.* 3 :

Thunderstorm, 267, 1, 6 : 267, 8 : in Ab, 256C, 3 : 257, 1 : 258, 1 : in Tisri, 259, 1 : 260, 3 : in Marcheswan, 272, 1 : in Adar, 262, 5 :

Tiranna (=rainbow, LXXIX), 211A, 9 : 252, 3, 5 : 258, 2 : 259, 3 : 272, 2 : 277P, *r.* 1 :

Urbarra = Mars, 237, 4 :

Urgula, 189, 7 : 199A, 4 : 234A, *r.* 4 : 266B, 3 : dark, 216, 3 : 219, 3 : 222, 6 : 228, 3 : 246D, *r.* 3 :

Urmah, 191, 6 : 237, 5 : its stars shine, 189, 3 : 222, 3 :

Usurti, in halo, and explained, 114, 6, 8 :

Utu-ka-gab-a, 236B, *r.* 1 : 277K, 2 :

Uza = Dilbat (Venus), 287, *r.* 7 :

Venus Istar, 247, 2 : puts on a crown, 209, 4 : 243, 3 : *Dilbat*, 236, 7 (?) : 249, 1 : 274F, *r.* 4 (?) disappears at sunset, 206, 1 : 208, 1 : at sunrise, 205, 1 : disappears in month . . . . 206, 2 : 211D, 1, 3 : In month . . . 211C, 1 : In month . . . from 1st to 30th disappears at sunset (?), 206A, 1 : *In Nisan*, 1st to 30th, disappears at sunrise, 174A, 7 : 203, 1 : 204, 1 : 205, 5 : *In Siwan*, 207, 3 : 207A, 1 : 208, 1 : *In Ab*, disappears at sunset, 208, 5 : 208A, 1 : dim, 208, 2 : 208A, 3 (in Ab ?) : *In Kislew*, disappears at sunrise from 1st to 30th, 209, *r.* 5 : 210, 1 : *In Sebat*, 211, 1 : uttanakkar, 204, 4 : in cold, 205A, 5 : 207A, 2 : 208, 2 (?) : fixed position, 206, 5 : 211, *r.* 3 : in 'Pith of Bel' (tropic of Cancer), 207, 4 : at sunset, 207, 1 : in 'Path of Ía' (tropic of Capricorn), 206, 8 : puts on a crown (see Istar)

209, *r.* 1: bright, 205, 2: high (?), 174A, *r.* 1: with Jupiter (Umunpauddu), 194A, 3: with Mars, 109, 3: in Gu-anna, 243, 5: in Mulmul, 205A, 4: 243, 2: in Pabilsag, 209, 3: 272, 10: in Dilgan, 211, 6: in Anunit, 211, 5: in Urgula at sunrise, 208, *r.* 2: in .... 211C, 3: 211E, 1: faces Scorpio, 112, 7: Irat-Akrabi ('breast of Scorpio'), 112, *r.* 3: before ———, 256, 4: faces Allul, 208, *r.* 6: reaches Allul, 207, 6: before Sibzianna, 86, *r.* 3, 9: eclipse away from Venus, 273, 7:

Uza, 212A, 5: hright, 212, 1: faces Allul, 207, *r.* 1:

Watch, none kept on 13th, 14th, 15th day, 274S, 1, 3, 5: none kept for Moon, 155B, 6: long watch on 16th, 274S, 7: watch for Moon on 29th, 252D, 5: morning watch = Elam, 242, *r.* 2: 271, 9.

Wind, South at Moon's appearance, 137, *r.* 1: 141, *r.* 5: at Moon's disappearance, 179, 4: storm of south wind, 256B, *r.* 1: North wind at Moon's appearance, 68, 5: halo and north wind, 111, 5: storm of west wind, 258, *r.* 1:

Zaddin (?), son of Hurbi (?), 116A, *r.* 1:

Zakir, writer of, 25, 28, 108, 114A, 122, 181, 183B, 229A (with Tabia?), 234, 236E, 251A, 253C, 272C.

Zibanit, Libra, 244C, 3: 247A, 1, 3: before Moon, 244B, 2: dark, 272, 15:

Zikit-Akrabi (Sting of Scopio) = Great lord Pabilsag, 272, 9: means Pabilsag, 236G, 5: on right horn of Moon, 215, 4:

Note:—The following tablets have traces of the sender's name left: 6, 19A, 23, 23A, 36A, 42, 44, 45, 46B, 47A, 50, 53, 56, 56A, 57, 64B, 69A, 70A, 81A, 81E, 81G, 81H, 811, 85A, 90, 96A, 103, 104, 105, 112, 115, 115A, 115B, 116, 116B, 118A, 123A, 130A, 136, 136A, 136C, 136G, 136K, 136N, 136R, 136S, 136U, 142, 142C, 151A, 155A, 157A, 158, 160A, 160B, 167, 180, 183A, 184, 188, 191, 205A, 207A, 211A, 211B, 211C, 211D, 211E, 212A, 214A, 216A, 223, 229, 236C, 236F, 236G, 236H, 237A, 239, 243D, 244A, 246A, 246B, 246C, 261, 262, 262A, 262B, 262C, 265B, 266A, 271, 272, 274, 274A, 274E, 274I, 274L, 274M, 274O, 274P, 275, 277Y, 277AB, 277AC.

Never signed :—9, 40, 124, 129, 135A, 136B, 136I, 152, 165, 176, 192, 251, 276.

LISTS.

K. 19, 215 : 86, 91 : 92, 127 : 119, 182 : 120A, 94 : 121, 207 : 124, 267 : 172, 46 : 178, 117 : 188, 183 : 692, 75 : 693, 58 : 694, 166 : 695, 169 : 696, 7 : 697, 128 : 698, 126 : 699, 233 : 700, 134 : 701, 14 : 702, 272C : 703, 119 : 704, 228 : 705, 43 : 706, 140 : 710, 200 : 711, 99 : 712, 88 : 713, 80 : 714, 132 : 715, 259 : 718, 161 : 719, 174 : 721, 130 : 722, 78 : 723, 197 : 725, 205 : 727, 165 : 728, 244 : 729, 37 : 730, 135 : 731, 206 : 732, 246F : 733, 168 : 734, 83 : 735, 231 : 736, 139 : 737, 133 : 739, 97 : 740, 106 : 741, 30 : 742, 196 : 744, 10 : 745, 177 : 747, 235 : 748, 248 : 749, 277 : 750, 271 : 752, 85 : 753, 22B : 754, 15 : 755, 158A, : 756, 11 : 758, 211 : 759, 184 : 760, 251 : 761, 243 : 763, 123, 765, 255 : 766, 276 : 767, 136E : 768, 249 : 769, 82 : 770, 25 : 772, 274 : 773, 1360 : 774, 68 : 775, 16 : 776, 63 : 779, 266 : 780, 178 : 781, 180 : 782, 204 : 783, 216C : 784, 8 : 785, 95 : 786, 254 : 787, 256A : 788, 31 : 789, 136M : 790, 265A : 791, 41 : 793, 153 : 794, 121 : 795, 138 : 799, 137 : 801, 118 : 803, 17 : 804, 40 : 805, 164 : 806, 187 : 807, 148 : 808, 236 : 809, 66 : 810, 274B : 811, 246 : 813, 266A : 815, 269 : 839, 271A : 840, 13 : 842, 146A : 843, 165A : 850, 147 : 851, 244A : 853, 256C : 854, 262 : 855, 234A : 856, 22A : 861, 216 : 864, 98 : 865, 274E : 866, 157 : 867, 191 : 868, 238 : 869, 136N : 870, 188 : 871, 185 : 873, 252A : 874, 27 : 875, 236B : 876, 136L : 877, 84 : 878, 130A : 900, 5 : 901, 81K : 902, 241 : 904, 46A : 907, 195A : 921, 274A : 933, 201A : 955, 270 : 960, *see note to* 1 : 963, 245 : 964, 207A : 966, 277L : 967, 277I : 972, 225 : 973, 151A : 984, 274H : 987, 190A : 994, 160A : 1007, 87A : 1236, 277M : 1300, 277H : 1301, 277F : 1302, 277K : 1304, 89 : 1305, 115C : 1306, 144A : 1307, 81H : 1308, 11A : 1309, 181A : 1310, 250A : 1311, 115B : 1312, 136D : 1314, 244B : 1316, 181B : 1317, 191A : 1318, 206A : 1320, 70A : 1321, 252E : 1322, 136T : 1323, 256B : 1324, 136C : 1326, 252D : 1327, 256B : 1328, 277E : 1329, 144E : 1330, 174A : 1331, 115E : 1332, 194 : 1333, 274O : 1334, 114 : 1335, 55 : 1336, 277D : 1338, 116A : 1339, 136K : 1340, 64A : 1341, 56 : 1342, 207B : 1443, 205A : 1344, 47A : 1346, 96B : 1347, 216A : 1369, 157B : 1373, 143 : 1375,

229B: 1380, 263: 1383, 72: 1384, 274F: 1385, 253A: 1388, 6: 1389, 252: 1392, 243A: 1393, 52: 1394, 187A: 1395, 59: 1398, 38: 1399, 24: 1405, 100: 1406, 272A: 1407, 79A: 1412, 141: 1460, 252F: 1508, 141: 1535, 277G: 1557, 277C: 1592, 116: 1593, 262C: 1594, 277B: 1606, 85A: 1921, 113: 1927, 64B: 1955, 211C: 2085, 268: 2327, 236D: 3488, 113: 3504, 198: 4708, 199: 5723, 56A: 6077, 114A: 6078, 155A: 6149, 277X: 6182, 246E: 6184B, 277A: 8391, 272C: 8393, 144D: 8407, 211B: 8432, 57: 8704, 236F: 8711, 247A: 8713, 272: 8861, 252C: 8960, 274D: 10298, 199: 11046, 136Q: 12004 + 12006, 274K: 12013, 274N: 12017, 157C: 12176, 211A: 12250, 211F: 12281, 265B: 12283, 23A: 12367, 24A: 12369, 274L: 12388, 32: 12469, 36A: 12555, 262B: 13012, 277N: 13087, 203: 13101, 32: 13170, 212A: 13175, 24A: 13191, 277AE: 14150, 167A:

S. 86, 29: 231, 273: 366, 167: 375, 103: 508, 277AC: 694, 115: 885, 136U: 1027, 171: 1043, 258: 1062, 39: 1073, 42: 1179, 136F: 1232, 253: 1327, 214A: 1664, 6A: 1974, 62:

D.T. 53, 253C: 148, 129: 249, 81E: 304, 215A:

Rm. 191, 146: 193, *see* 270A: 194, 86: 195, 157D: 196, 162: 197, 274Q: 198, 19: 200, 159: 201, 181: 203, 74: 204, 131: 207, 175: 208, 144B: 209, 183A: 211, 275: 212, 136P:

Rm. 2, 254, 237A: 345, 136S:

79–7–8, 100, 172. **80–7–19,** 19, 267A: 54, 61: 55, 223A: 56, 81: 57, 93: 58, 210: 59, 28: 61, 160: 62, 81F: 63, 44: 65, 23: 66, 81C: 154, 19A: 155, 229A: 176, 69A: 197, 81D: 335, 55: 343, 261: 355, 277AB: 364, 274M: 371, 167. **81–2–4,** 79, 70: 80, 176: 81, 214: 82, 120: 83, 101: 84, 218: 85, 12: 86, 209: 88, 223: 89, 226: 102, 151: 103, 35: 104, 240: 105, 201: 106, 173: 107, 189: 108, 136: 109, 244C: 132, 221: 133, 1: 134, 2: 135, 242: 136, 199A: 138, 52A: 140, 277O: 141, 112B: 142, 243C: 143, 251A: 144, 109: 145, 104: 273, 136H: 287, 229: 321, 46B: 344, 262D: 380, 244D: 483, 136A: 504, 118A. **81–7–27,** 19, 257: 23, 208: 58, 210: 215, 277P. **82–3–23,** 112, 277Q. **82–5–22,** 46, 234: 48, 195: 49, 69: 50, 65: 51, 213: 52, 96: 53, 60: 54, 239: 55, 247: 56, 219: 57, 186: 58, 125: 59, 230: 60, 9: 61, 265: 63, 170: 64, 142: 65, 105: 66, 53: 67, 236E: 68, 265C: 69, 274P: 72, 80A: 74, 218A: 78, 217: 79, 236H: 83, 4: 84, 96A: 85, 203: 87, 277R: 89, 124: 1778, 253B. **83–1–18,** 47, 90: 48, 155: 171, 154: 172, 243B: 173, 79: 174, 202: 175, 48: 176, 252B: 177, 87: 178, 220: 179, 193: 180, 260: 181, 222, 182, 71: 183, 76: 184, 77: 185, 3: 186, 150: 187, 49: 188,

249A: 189, 54: 190, 51: 191, 138A: 194, 67: 195, 18: 196, 183B: 197, 112: 198, 232: 200, 190: 202, 22: 203, 45: 204, 212: 205, 34: 207, 274I: 208, 224: 209, 256: 210, 274C: 212, 50: 214, 115A: 216, 47: 218, 194A: 219, 20: 220, 160B: 221, 92: 222, 111: 223, 152: 224, 21: 225, 158: 227, 179: 228, 144: 229, 136G: 230, 227: 232, 235A: 233, 236A: 236, 236G: 240, 1361: 241, 112A, 242, 26: 243, 33: 244, 163: 245, 145: 246, 102: 248, 122: 286, 136B: 287, 264: 290, 101A: 292, 157A: 296, 155B: 297, 246G: 298, 246D: 299, 64: 300, 208A: 301, 277S: 302, 149: 303, 277AA: 305, 22: 309, 277T: 310, 266B: 311, 96C: 312, 86A: 313. 216B: 314, 81G: 316, 144A: 317, 246A: 318, 277U: 319, 211D: 320, 274G: 322, 246C: 694, 272A: 718, 262A: 774, 277V: 775, 115F: 780, 143: 786, 196A: 834, 211E: 870, 144C: 881, 116B: 883, 277Y: 884, 277W: 885, 811. **Bu. 89–4–26,** 3, 192: 8, 108: 11, 73: 18, 250: 37, 81B: 61, 123A: 159, 36: 166, 107. **Bu. 91–5–9,** 7, 115D: 8, 156: 9, 110: 14, 21: 19, 277AD: 28, 136R: 29, 277Z: 34, 246B: 38, 81A: 58, 236C: 102, 237: 161, 135A.

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D'Arcy, W. E. D., 25
Ashpitel, F. W.; 26
Aston, W. G., 2

Bacon, Wisner, 21
Ball, C. J., 18
Beal, S., 19
Bemmelen, J. F. van, 9
Bennet, W. H., 18
Berrington, B. J., 9
Bevan, E. J., 25
Bezold, C., 3
Biesen, C. van den, 22
Birdwood, Sir G., 25
Black, C. E. D., 27
Blackden, M. W., 4
Blandford, W. F. H., 24
Brown, C. P., 27
Browne, Edward G., 9
Budde, K., 18
Budge, E. A. Wallis 4, 14, 15
Burgess, J., 24
Burnell, A. C., 25

Campbell, J. M., 24
Campbell, Sir G., 27
Cappeller, Carl, 5
Carter, P. J., 27
Chakrabarti J. C., 6
Chenery, J., 10
Cool, W., 6
Cordier, H., 20
Cornill, C. H., 18
Cowell, E. B., 2, 26
Cowper, B. H., 7
Cross, C. J., 25
Cunningham, J. M., 25
Cunningham, Sir A., 25
Cust, R. N., 7, 8

Das, Sarat Candra, 13
Driver, S. R., 18

Eastwick, E. B., 26
Edkins, J., 8
Eggeling, J., 25
Eitel, E. J., 8

Fausböll, V., 25
Fleet, J. F., 25
Forrest, G. W., 25, 26
Forster, W., 26
Frazer, G. W., 4
Führer, A., 24

Ghosha, P. C., 25
Gladstone (W. E.), 9
Goldstücker, J., 26
Gray, J., 4, 11
Gribble, J. D. B., 9
Grierson, G. A., 24
Griffith, R. J. H., 21
Guirandon, F. G. de, 10
Gurumurti, R., 27

Halcombe C. J. H., 10
Hall, F. 24
Hardy, R. S., 10
Harper, W. R., 1, 3, 11
Harper, R. F., 10
Haupt, P., 17.
Hertz, H. F., 25
Hirschfeld, H., 2
Hooyer, G. B., 6, 9
Hultzsch, E., 23, 26
Hunter, F. M., 23

Jacob, Max, 18
Jaeschke, H. A., 27
Jarrett, H. S., 23
Jastrow, M., 11
Johnson, F. E., 16
Johnston, C., 11, 12
Judson, A., 13

Kamphausen, A., 18
King, L. W., 12, 14
Kittel, F., 13
Kittel, R., 18

Lacouperie, T. de, 2
Land, J. P. N., 13
Leumann, E., 19
Levinsohn, J. B., 8
Loewe, L., 8, 13
Logan, W., 26
Loth, O., 25
Love, H. D., 26
Luzac, C. G., 3

Mackenzie, Sir A., 26
Macnaghten, (Sir W. Hay), 15
Mainwaring, G. P., 26
Margoliouth, D. S., 15
Mitra, R., 24, 25
Molesworth, J. T. 26
Monier-Williams, Sir M., 16, 25
Moore, G. F., 22
Morgan, E. Delmar, 21
Müller, F. Max, 16, 26

Navalkar, G. R., 26

Oldenberg, H., 25
Oudemans, A. C., 17

Poole, R. Lane, 13

Rea, A., 24.
Rehatsek, E., 15
Ridding, C. M., 2
Risley, H. H., 27
Robertson, A., 27
Rosen, F., 17
Rosthorn, A. de, 17
Ruben, P., 17

Samasrami, S. V., 21
Sankaranarayna, P., 18
Sauerwein, G., 18.
Sayce, A. H. 18
Schlegel, G., 20.
Schlich, W. , 27.
Seth, Mesrovb J., 19
Smith, E. W., 24
Sprenger, A., 25
Steele, R., 19
Stein, M. A., 19
Steingass, F., 10
Stoffel, C., 19
Swâmi Vivekânanda, 21

Taylor, E. J., 6, 20
Tawney, C. H., 19
Temple, G., 20
Temple, R. C., 11, 20
Thomas, F. W., 2
Tiele, C. P., 20
Trumpp, E., 23

Uhlenbeck, C. C., 21

Vambery, H., 17
Venis, A., 21
Vivekânanda Swâmi, 21
Voelcker, J. A., 23

Watson, F., 27
Watt, G. 25
Wellhausen, J., 18
West, Sir R., 21
Wildeboer, G., 21
Wilson, C. R., 27
Wilson, H. H., 15, 25, 26
Winckler, H., 22
Wright, W., 22
Wynkoop, J. D., 22

Yatawara, J. B., 22

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